

Tennessee Valley Authority, Post Office Box 2000, Decatur, Alabama 35609-2000

March 11, 2013

10 CFR 50.73

ATTN: Document Control Desk U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

> Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3 Facility Operating License No. DPR-68 NRC Docket No. 50-296

Subject: Licensee Event Report 50-296/2013-001-00

The enclosed Licensee Event Report provides details of degraded or failed blower bearings on the 3A, 3B and 3D emergency diesel generators. The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) is submitting this report in accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR) 50.73(a)(2)(i)(B), 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B), 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(vii).

Further analysis of this condition is ongoing. Upon completion of the analysis, the TVA will submit a supplement to this LER with the results of the additional analysis of safety consequences.

There are no new regulatory commitments contained in this letter. Should you have any questions concerning this submittal, please contact J. E. Emens, Jr., Nuclear Site Licensing Manager, at (256) 729-2636.

Respectfully,

he

K. J. Polson Vice President

Enclosure: Licensee Event Report 50-296/2013-001-00 – Inoperable Emergency Diesel Generators due to Failed or Degraded Electric Generator Casing Fan Bearings

cc: See Page 2



U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Page 2 March 11, 2013

cc (w/ Enclosure):

NRC Regional Administrator - Region II NRC Senior Resident Inspector - Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant

ENCLOSURE

Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Unit 3

Licensee Event Report 50-296/2013-001-00

Inoperable Emergency Diesel Generators due to Failed or Degraded Electric Generator Casing Fan Bearings

See Enclosed

NRC FORM 3	66	U.S. NUCLEA		TORY C	OMMISS	SION	APPROVE	D BY OMB NO. 3	150-0104		EXPIRE	S 10/3	31/2013
(10-2010) Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection reque 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to FOIA/Privat Section (T-5 F53), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 2050 0001, or by internet e-mail to infocollects.resource@nrc.gov, and to the Desk Office Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202, (3150-0104), Office Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. If a means used to impose information collection does not display a currently valid OMB control number, t NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, t information collection.								on request: rocess and DIA/Privacy DC 20555- esk Officer,), Office of impose an umber, the ond to, the					
1. FACILITY	AME			<u> </u>			2. DOCKE	ET NUMBER		3. PAGE	4 - 6 /		
Browns F	erry Nucl	ear Plant, Unit :	3					05000296			1 01	1	
4. TITLE: In Fa	operable an Bearii	e Emergency [ngs	Diesel Ge	enerato	ors due	e to Fa	ailed or	Degraded	Electric	Generate	or Ca	sing	
5. EVENT	DATE	6. LER NUM	IBER	7. REPORT DATE		EA011 17	8. OT	HER FACI	LITIES INVC	LVED	CT NU		
MONTH DAY	YEAR	YEAR SEQUEN	TIAL REV ER NO.	MONTH	DAY	YEAR	N/A	Y NAME			DUC	050	00
01 09	2013	2013 - 001	- 00	03	11	2013	B N/A	Y NAME			DOCK	050	MBER 00
9. OPERATIN	G MODE	11. THIS RE	PORT IS S	UBMITT	ED PUR	SUANT	TO THE	REQUIREMEN	TS OF 10	CFR §: (Che	ck all th	nat ap	ply)
		20.2201(b)		20).2203(a)	(3)(i)		50.73(a)(2)	(i)(C)	⊠ 50	.73(a)	2)(vii)	
1		20.2201(d)).2203(a)	(3)(ii)		50.73(a)(2)	(ii)(A)).73(a)((2)(viii)(A)
		\square 20.2203(a)(1) Mi)).2203(a)).26(a)(1)	(4) (i)(A)		⊠ 50.73(a)(2)((II)(B) (III)).73(a)().73(a)((2)(VIII)(B) (A)
		$\square 20.2203(a)(2)$)(1))(ii)).30(C)(1)).36(c)(1)	(i)(A) (ii)(A)		$\Box 50.73(a)(2)($,))) (iv)(A)		73(a)	(2)(1X) (2)(1X)	(~)
10. POWER L	EVEL	20.2203(a)(2)(iii)).36(c)(2)		1	⊠ 50.73(a)(2)((v)(A)		.71(a)	(4)	
		20.2203(a)(2)(iv)	50	0.46(a)(3))(ii)		50.73(a)(2)	(v)(B)	7:	5.71(a)	(5)	
100)	20.2203(a)(2)(v)	50	0.73(a)(2)	(i)(A)		50.73(a)(2)	(v)(C)		THER		
		20.2203(a)(2)(vi)	⊠ 50).73(a)(2)	(i)(B)		⊠ 50.73(a)(2)	(v)(D)	Si F	ecify in Ab rm 366A	stract bel	ow or in NRC
			12	. LICEN	SEE CON	NTACT	FOR THIS	S LER					
FACILITY NAME Mark Acker	, Licensir	ng Engineer							TELE	256-7	(Include 29-75	Area (533	Code)
13. COMPLETE ONE LINE FOR EACH COMPONENT FAILURE DESCRIBED IN THIS REPORT													
CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANU- FACTURER	REP T	ORTABLE O EPIX		CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPON	ENT FACT	IU- JRER	REP T	ORTABLE O EPIX
E	EK	38	E147		Y								
	14	. SUPPLEMENTAL	. REPORT E	EXPECT	ED			15. EX	PECTED	MONTH	D	AY	YEAR
YES (If y	es, complete	e 15. EXPECTED S	UBMISSIO	N DATE)] NO		D/	ATE	05	1	0	2013
ABSTRACT (Li	mit to 1400 s	paces, i.e., approxima	tely 15 single-	spaced ty	pewritten	lines)							
On January 9, 2013, at 0400 Central Standard Time, an Auxiliary Unit Operator (AUO) performing rounds near the 3D Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG) discovered metal residue around the blower shaft. Inspection by Maintenance determined the blower bearing had failed. This condition rendered the 3D EDG inoperable. Further investigation into the extent of this condition revealed the lubrication of the 3A and 3B EDG blower bearings was in a degraded condition.													
The root causes of this condition are the shielded bearings in the EDG blowers were not adequately assessed on a component level to identify potential failure modes and impacts to EDG operability, and standard vibration data was ineffective in identifying the degradation of the lubrication in the shielded bearings of the BFN, Unit 3, EDG blowers due to the masking effect of the generators' vibrations.													
Immediate corrective actions included the inspection and replacement of all diesel blower bearings that have not been replaced since 2012. The corrective actions to prevent recurrence are to determine appropriate Preventive Maintenance strategies for the population of sealed or shielded bearings associated with EDGs and safety or quality related rotating equipment, and to add an additional vibration monitoring point to the EDG blower fan bearings and relocate two existing monitoring points to the drive end bearing housing.													
Fur Aut con	ther analy nority will sequence	vsis of this cond submit a supple es.	ition is on ement to t	going. his LEi	Upon o R with t	comple he res	etion of sults of t	the analysis, he additiona	the Ten I analysi	nessee Va s of safety	alley		

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION NRC FORM 366A (10-2010)LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) CONTINUATION SHEET DOCKET (2) LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3) FACILITY NAME (1) YFAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER NUMBER Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3 05000296 -- 00 2 of 11 2013 -- 001 NARRATIVE

I. PLANT CONDITION(S)

At the time of discovery, Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant (BFN), Unit 3, was in Mode 1 at 100 percent rated thermal power.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVENT

A. Event:

On January 9, 2013, at 0400 Central Standard Time (CST), an Auxiliary Unit Operator (AUO) performing rounds near the 3D Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG) [DG] noticed grease and metallic residue around the shaft leading from the EDG to the generator blower [BLO]. Investigation of this condition led to disassembly of the generator blower assembly where it was discovered that the blower bearing [38] had failed. Further investigation revealed that the blower bearing failed 18 days earlier, on December 22, 2012, during the Post-Maintenance Test (PMT), following the 12 year Preventive Maintenance (PM) task for the 3D EDG. A Past Operability Evaluation (POE) conservatively concluded that the 3D EDG would have been unable to meet its 7 day mission time from April 27, 2011, until January 10, 2013, when the blower bearings were replaced.

Investigation into the extent of this condition revealed the lubrication of the 3A and 3B EDG blower bearings was in a degraded condition. It is unknown if the 3A and 3B EDGs could have met their 7 day mission time. The POEs conservatively concluded, based on information available at the time of the evaluations, that the 3A EDG was inoperable from April 27, 2011, until January 29, 2013, and 3B EDG was inoperable from January 18, 2009, until January 29, 2013. These dates were determined by adding up 7 days of EDG run time prior to blower bearing replacement and are provided as a conservative assumption for the extent of the past inoperability.

Further analysis of this condition is ongoing. Upon completion of the analysis, the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) will submit a supplement to this LER with the results of the additional analysis of safety consequences.

B. <u>Inoperable Structures, Components, or Systems that Contributed to the Event:</u> There were no inoperable structures, components, or systems that contributed to this event.

C. Dates and Approximate Times of Major Occurrences:

January 9, 2013, at 0400 CST	An AUO discovered metal residue around the 3D EDG blower shaft resulting from blower bearing failure.
January 10, 2013, at 1500 CST	The 3D EDG was declared operable after the blower bearings were replaced.
January 28, 2013, at 0044 CST	The 3A EDG was declared inoperable for the performance of its 12 year PM.

NRC	FORM	366A

(10-2010)

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

CON	NTINUATION	SHEET			
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)	PAGE (3)			
		YEAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER NUMBER			
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	3 of 11

NARRATIVE

January 29, 2013, at 1837 CST	The 3A EDG blower bearing lubricant was discovered to be in a degraded condition.
January 29, 2013, at 1837 CST	The A and 3B EDG were declared inoperable to evaluate for a common cause failure.
January 29, 2013	The 3A and 3B EDG blower bearings were replaced.
January 30, 2013, at 0030 CST	The 3B EDG was declared operable.
January 30, 2013, at 1915 CST	The A EDG was declared operable.
February 10, 2013, at 0655 CST	The 3A EDG was declared operable after the completion of its 12 year PM.

D. Other Systems or Secondary Functions Affected

The EDGs supply required loads for the safe shutdown and cool down of all three units in the event of loss of offsite power and a design basis event in any one unit. Any system that relies on emergency power from EDGs is potentially affected by this condition.

E. <u>Method of Discovery</u>

On January 9, 2013, at 0400 CST, an AUO performing rounds near the 3D EDG noticed grease and metallic residue around the shaft leading from the EDG to the generator blower. Further investigation concluded the blower bearing had failed.

On January 29, 2013, the 3A EDG blower bearings were replaced during the 3A EDG's 12 year PM. The blower bearings were inspected as part of the extent of condition evaluation from the 3D EDG bearing failure. On January 29, 2013, at 1837 CST, the inspection discovered the 3A EDG blower bearing lubricant to be in a degraded condition. The 3A and 3B EDGs were immediately declared inoperable. Inspection of the 3B EDG blower bearings discovered the blower bearing lubricant was also in a degraded condition.

F. Operator Actions

Operators declared 3D EDG inoperable, entered Technical Specifications (TS) 3.8.1 Actions for BFN, Unit 3, verified that there were no redundant inoperabilities, and walked down all other EDGs for immediate indications of common cause failures.

G. Safety System Responses

There were no safety system responses.

NRC FORM 366A (10-2010) U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

CON	NTINUATION	SHEET			
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2) LER NUMBER (6)			PAGE (3)	
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	4 of 11

NARRATIVE

III. CAUSE OF THE EVENT

A. Immediate Cause

The immediate cause was the absence of lubrication to the internal parts of the 3D EDG blower bearing due to age related breakdown of the grease.

B. <u>Root Causes</u>

This condition has two root causes. First, the shielded bearings in the EDG blowers were not adequately assessed on a component level to identify potential failure modes and impacts to EDG operability. Second, standard vibration data was ineffective in identifying the degradation of the lubrication in the shielded bearings of the BFN, Unit 3, EDG blowers due to the masking effect of the generators' vibrations.

C. <u>Contributing Factors</u>

Turnover by maintenance personnel was inadequately performed resulting in the night shift crew's failure to notify the day shift crew that two different vibration meters were used during the 3D EDG PMT. This event contributed to the bearing failure remaining unnoticed for 18 days.

IV. ANALYSIS OF THE EVENT

The analysis of this event is ongoing. Upon completion of the analysis, TVA will submit a supplement to this LER with the results of the additional analysis of safety consequences.

The TVA is submitting this report in accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR) 50.73(a)(2)(i)(B), as any operation or condition which was prohibited by the plant's Technical Specifications, 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B), as any event or condition that resulted in the nuclear power plant being in an unanalyzed condition that significantly degraded plant safety, 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(v)(A) and (D), as any event or condition that could have prevented the fulfillment of the safety function of structures or systems that are needed to shut down the reactor and maintain it in a safe shutdown condition or mitigate the consequences of an accident, and 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(vii), as any event where a single cause or condition caused at least one independent train or channel to become inoperable in multiple systems or two independent trains or channels to become inoperable in a single system designed to shut down the reactor and maintain it in a safe shutdown condition, remove residual heat, control the release of radioactive material, or mitigate the consequences of an accident.

During the first ten minutes of design basis events, only three of the BFN, Unit 1 and 2, EDGs, along with three of the BFN, Unit 3, EDGs are required to automatically start and come to a ready to load condition. The EDGs must be capable of accepting automatically sequenced plant safety loads. For the long term (greater than 10 minutes), three of the BFN, Unit 1 and 2, EDGs paralleled with three of the BFN, Unit 3, EDGs, are required to supply all required loads for the safe shutdown and cool down of all three

			U.S. NUCLEAF	REGULAT	ORY COMMISSION						
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)											
COI	CONTINUATION SHEET										
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)		ER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)						
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER							
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	5 of 11						
NARRATIVE											
units in the event of loss of offsite power and a design basis event in any one unit. The degraded blower bearings on the BFN, Unit 3, EDGs is an unanalyzed condition that could have prevented the fulfillment of the safety function of the EDGs which are required to shut down the reactor and maintain it in a safe shutdown condition and mitigate the consequences of an accident. The BFN, Unit 3, TS LCO 3.8.1, AC Sources - Operating, requires EDGs to be Operable, during Modes 1, 2, and 3. With one BFN. Unit 3. EDG inoperable. TS 3.8.1											
Required Action B.1 requires power verified in 1 hour and once per 8 hours the availability of both temporary di 12 hours thereafter. TS 3.8.1 Required supported by the inoperable BFN, redundant required feature(s) are in inoperable BFN, Unit 3, EDG concu- feature(s). TS 3.8.1 Required Action BFN, Unit 3, EDG(s) are inoperable Surveillance Requirement 3.8.1.1 ff Unit 3, EDGs inoperable, TS 3.8.1 EDGs be restored to Operable statts be restored to Operable statts in 2 Actions 1.1 and 1.2 require the unit for 36 hours.	r availability burs thereafted lesel generat uired Action I Unit 3, EDG, noperable with urrent with in on B.4 require due to a co or Operable Required Ac- us in 2 hours hours, while to be in Mode	from the er. TS 3.8 ors be ev 3.3 requir be decla thin 4 hor operabilit es Opera mmon ca BFN, Uni tion H.1 r b. If all bu in Mode e 3 in 12	offsite transr 3.1 Required valuated in 1 res the required inoperab urs from disc ty of redunda titions to dete ause failure of t 3, EDG(s). requires all b ut one BFN, 1 1, 2, or 3, T hours and in	nission ne Action B hour and red featur le when t covery of ant require rmine if C or perform With mu ut one BF Unit 3, EE S 3.8.1 R Mode 4 i	etwork be .2 requires once per re(s), the one ed Operable fliple BFN, FN, Unit 3, DG cannot equired in						
The BFN, Unit 3, TS LCO 3.8.2, AC Sources - Shutdown, requires two of four BFN, Unit 3, EDGs to be Operable, during Modes 4 and 5 and during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in secondary containment. With one or more required EDGs inoperable, TS 3.8.2 Required Action B.1 requires immediate suspension of core alterations, immediate suspension of irradiated fuel assembly movement in secondary containment, immediate suspension of Operations with the Potential to Drain the Reactor Vessel, and immediate initiation of actions to restore required EDGs to Operable status											
On January 29, 2013, at 1837 CST, BFN, Unit 3, entered TS 3.8.1 Required Action H.1 due to the concurrent inoperability of 3A and 3B EDGs for blower bearing replacement. BFN, Unit 3, then entered TS 3.8.1 Required Action I.1 after 2 hours. BFN did not make preparations to enter Mode 3 because it was known that the 3B EDG blower bearing replacement would not exceed TS 3.8.1 Required Action I.1. At 0030 CST on January 30, 2013, 3B EDG was declared operable and BFN exited TS 3.8.1 Required Action H.1 and I.1.											
As previously stated, the POEs con available at the time of the evaluat April 27, 2011, until January 29, 20 2009, until January 29, 2013.	nservatively o ion, that the 3 013, and 3B E	conclude BA EDG v EDG was	d, based on i was inoperat inoperable f	informatic ble from rom Janu	on ary 18,						
Based on the conservative assumption have operated with 3B EDG inoperated with the term of ter	otion in the P rable from Ja	OEs, the nuary 18	BFN, Unit 3, 2009, until	, was con April 27, :	sidered to 2011, at						

NRC FORM 366A			U.S. NUCLEAR	REGULAT	ORY COMMISSION					
CONTINUATION SHEET										
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)		ER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)					
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER						
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	6 of 11					
NARRATIVE	L	L								
which time the 3A and 3D EDGs be recognized that 3B EDG was inope operated with one inoperable EDG	which time the 3A and 3D EDGs became inoperable as well. Since it was not recognized that 3B EDG was inoperable until the completion of the POE, BFN, Unit 3, operated with one inoperable EDG for longer than allowed by TS 3.8.1 Actions.									
Based on the conservative assumption in the POEs, the BFN, Unit 3, was considered to have operated with multiple EDGs inoperable from April 27, 2011, until January 30, 2013. Since it was not recognized that multiple EDGs were inoperable until the completion of the POEs, BFN, Unit 3, operated with multiple inoperable EDGs for longer than allowed by TS 3.8.1 Required Action H.1, and TS 3.8.2 Required Action B.1.										
Also, LCO 3.0.4 prohibits Mode changes when an LCO is not met except under certain conditions that were not applicable to this event. Since it was not recognized that one or more BFN, Unit 3, EDGs were inoperable from January 18, 2009, to January 30, 2013, until the POEs were completed, it is conservatively assumed that BFN changed Modes in violation of LCO 3.0.4 on multiple occasions.										
The BFN, Unit 3, EDG blower bearings were installed when the EDGs were manufactured in 1973. The lack of adequate preventive maintenance on the EDG blowers resulted in the 3D EDG blower bearings remaining in service until failure. On multiple occasions BFN had the opportunity to identify the need for periodic replacement PMs on the EDG blower bearings, but it was not until 2011 that PM change requests were initiated to include the bearings into the 12 year diesel generator PMs. Since the new PMs will not be added to the 12 year PM until the next time the 12 year PMs are performed, the blower bearings were replaced by corrective maintenance work orders. At the time of the 3D EDG blower bearing failure, blower bearings had been replaced on all BFN EDGs except A, 3A, 3B, and 3D EDG since 2012. The condition of the previously replaced blower bearings is unknown because they were not inspected before being discarded.										
Following the 3D EDG bearing failu sent to SKF Group for failure analy report from SKF identified the caus	Following the 3D EDG bearing failure, the two bearings from the 3D EDG blower were sent to SKF Group for failure analysis to identify the direct cause of the failure. The report from SKF identified the cause of failure as a lack of lubrication.									
In 1986, the bearings in A, B, C, and D EDG blowers were replaced due to a 1974 bulletin that advised upgrading the original roller bearings with deep groove ball bearings. During this same timeframe, vendor recommendations were incorporated to add both a 6 and 12 year inspection to the EDGs. These inspections were defined as PMs at that time; however, personnel failed to incorporate any lifespan for the shielded bearings installed in the blower. The Maintenance Instruction included a recommendation in the six year inspection to remove the main generator bearing cover, inspect and re-grease if needed.										
In 2009, self-assessment CRP-ENG the lack of EDG blower PMs. Corre for PMs on the blowers and determ the rubber inserts in the flex couplin operating experience (OE), vendor	G-08-009 ide ective Action nined that the ng. This con guidance, O	ntified a (CA) 164 only PM clusion w wners Gr	learning opp 1475-003 ad needed was ras based or roup recomn	ortunity r dressed s for repla n a lack o nendatior	egarding the need acement of f industry ns, and					

NRC FORM 366A			U.S. NUCLEA	RREGULATOR	YCOMMISSION
(10-2010)	E EVENT R	EPORT	(LER)		
CC	NTINUATION	SHEET		<u> </u>	
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL	REVISION	PAGE (3)
Prevent Form Nuclear Direct Link 2			NUMBER	NUMBER	
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	7 of 11
NARRATIVE		B			
vendor manual recommendations. preventive maintenance on the EI	At the time, OG blowers.	BFN was	aligned with	n the industr	y for
On multiple occasions, BFN had the replacement of the EDG blower be 2011 because the shielded bearin assessed on a component level to operability. This is the root cause EDG, and the bearing failure of the	he opportunity earings. The gs in BFN ED identify poter of the bearing e 3D EDG.	v to identi need for G blower ntial failur g lubricar	ify the need PMs was no rs were not a re modes an nt degradatio	for periodic t identified u adequately d impacts to n on the 3A	ntil EDG and 3B
The failure of the 3D EDG bearing seen in the vibration data collected analysts determined that the histo degradation on any of the EDG bla indications of bearing problems wa December 22, 2012. Even then, s vibration meter. The reason that t blowers are located on top of the g induced vibrations. The vibration of the generator vibrations, thus the	was unexpect d monthly. A rical vibration owers. The o as when the 3 signs of bearing the data did no generators an of the bearing bearing degra	cted beca thorough data did nly time t D EDG b ng failure ot show b d see co s was not dation w	ause degrada review by in not show an that the vibra blower bearin did not trigg bearing issue nsiderable m t large enoug ent unnotice	ation had no adependent by signs of b ation data sh ng failed on er alarms or es is that the novement ar gh to show u d.	t been vibration earing lowed n the nd up over
Additionally, the industry standard data. No adverse trends have be (PdM) personnel's review of the vention noted after the failure by discoveri	for predictive en noted base elocity data.	vibratior d on the The only e in acce	n monitoring BFN Predic signs of bea eleration vibr	utilizes velo tive Mainten ring failure v ation data.	city ance vere
Standard vibration data was ineffe the shielded bearings of the 3D El This is the root cause of BFN's fai bearing before it failed. This is als degradation of the 3A and 3B ED0	ective in identi DG blower du lure to identify so the root cau G blower bear	fying the e to the r / the deg use of BF ings.	degradation nasking effe radation of 3 N's failure to	of the lubric ct of the ger D EDG blow o identify the	cation in nerator. ver e
After the failure of the 3D EDG blo determine if vibration data detected review. No anomalies were detected data. It was discovered that seve	ower bearing v ed any anoma ted, so PdM r ral of the data	was disco lies durin performeo points w	overed, PdM og the Decen d a point to p vere missing.	was contac nber 2012, d point review	ted to lata of the
Review into this missing data led t were used to collect data during th taken to the jobsite in case proble only requires one to be used in the meter to collect data on the 3D EL to confirm the data was valid, and used.	to the discove ne 3D EDG Pl ms arise with e collection of DG blower and not a malfund	ry that tw MT Non one, but data. Th d receive ctioning n	vo separate v mally two vib Technical In ne nightshift d a warning neter, the se	vibration me pration meter struction 0- ⁻ crew used c message. I cond meter	ters rs are TI-230V one n order was
The night shift crew turned the vib it was possible that a subsequent Later into the shift, the supervisor	ration meter o set of vibratio gained confin	over to a n reading mation th	supervisor o gs would nee nat additional	n day shift b ed to be colle I data collec	because ected. tion was

NRC FORM 366A			U.S. NUCLEA	R REGULATO	DRY COMMISSION				
CONTINUATION SHFET									
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)		LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)				
		YEAR							
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Unit 3	05000206	2012			8 of 11				
	00000290	2013	001	00	00111				
NARRATIVE		ļ		L					
unneeded. Qualified personnel we shift crew did not receive an adequ vibration meters had been used. T vibration meter.	ere tasked wit late turnover; his resulted i	h the do therefor n only do	wnload of th e they were ownloading	e data. Th unaware t data from o	ne day hat both one				
Turnover by maintenance personnel was inadequately performed resulting in the failure to relay that two vibration meters were used during the 3D EDG PMT. This is the contributing cause to BFN's failure to identify that the 3D EDG blower bearing had failed on December 22, 2012. This event will be addressed by briefing the Electrical Maintenance Group on the use of complete and accurate communication during shift turnovers. In addition, focused observations documenting the quality of shift turnovers will be conducted.									
The inadequate turnover was a cognitive human performance error because the procedure requires the data to be downloaded. Error precursors existed because a face to face turnover was not utilized and the event occurred immediately before the Christmas holiday.									
Extent of Condition The extent of condition covers equipment with vibrations that are substantially greater than the vibrations of the smaller attached components leading to the vulnerability of the individual component's vibrations being masked resulting in unidentified failures. This population includes the EDGs, Aggreko package units, the Security Diesel Generator, Diesel Fire Pumps, the EDG Room coolers, and the starting air compressors									
On January 28, 2013, the 3A EDG's blower bearings were inspected during its 12 year PM due to the failure on 3D EDG. The bearings were discovered to be in a degraded condition due to age related degradation of the bearing lubricant, and it was unknown if 3A EDG could have met its mission time. The A EDG and 3B EDG were the only remaining EDGs with blower bearings that had not been recently replaced since 2012. Both EDGs were immediately declared inoperable until their blower bearings could be replaced. Inspection of the bearing during replacement determined that the A EDG blower bearings were in satisfactory condition; however, 3B EDG blower bearings were in a degraded condition due to age related degradation of the bearing lubricant.									
The fuel oil transfer pumps and engine turbochargers located on the EDGs are also vulnerable to an unidentified failure due to the movement of the diesel engine and generator during the collection of vibration data. Based on multiple unpredicted EDG turbocharger failures, vibration data on the turbochargers has shown to be ineffective in identifying underlying degradation. The condition is being addressed by the installation of an additional oil system to provide pre-lubrication and post-lubrication to the turbochargers and by reevaluating the turbochargers maintenance strategy. The fuel oil transfer pump vibration data can also be masked by the diesel generator; therefore, PM change request will be submitted to require periodic replacement on all eight EDGs.									
All EDG turbochargers have recen inspected for degradation or signs operability concerns.	tly been repla of failure. It	aced and was dete	l the fuel oil ermined that	transfer pu there are	imps were no current				

		ι	J.S. NUCLEA	R REGULATOR	Y COMMISSION
1 10	CENSEE EVENT R	FPORT (I	ER)		
	CONTINUATION	SHEET	,		
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)	LE	R NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	9 of 11
NARRATIVE	<u> </u>	L		Ł	<u></u>
Extent of Cause					
The extent of cause for the on the diesel generators ar failure would result in BFN identify the population of so safety or quality related sys determine the potential fail of the associated system.	tailed blower bearing id other safety or qua 's inability to meet TS ealed or shielded bea stems at BFN. These ure modes and impac This analysis will be s equipment.	g includes a lity related b. An asses irings asso componer ct of each f used to def	sealed and rotating e ssment wi ciated with ts will be ailure mod termine th	d shielded be equipment wi Il be perform n EDGs and analyzed to de to the ope e appropriate	earings here ed to other erability e PM
chalogy for maintaining an	•••				

monitoring point will monitor for velocity and acceleration and high value alarms will be tied to both parameters.

V. ASSESSMENT OF SAFETY CONSEQUENCES

There are a total of eight EDG units which serve BFN, Units 1, 2, and 3. A set of four EDG units, designated as A, B, C, and D, are located in the BFN, Unit 1/2, EDG building. Another set of four EDG units, designated as 3A, 3B, 3C, and 3D, are located in the BFN, Unit 3, EDG building.

During the first ten minutes of design basis events, only three of the BFN, Unit 1 and 2, EDGs, along with three of the BFN, Unit 3, EDGs are required to automatically start and come to a ready to load condition. The EDGs must be capable of accepting automatically sequenced plant safety loads. For the long term (greater than 10 minutes), three of the BFN, Unit 1 and 2, EDGs paralleled with three of the BFN, Unit 3, EDGs, are required to supply all required loads for the safe shutdown and cool down of all three units in the event of loss of offsite power and a design basis event in any one unit.

The analysis of this event is ongoing. Upon completion of the analysis, TVA will submit a supplement to this LER with the results of the additional analysis of safety consequences.

VI. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS - The corrective actions are being managed by TVA's corrective action program.

A. Immediate Corrective Actions

- 1. Reviewed the vibration data for the A, B, C, D, 3A, 3B, and 3C EDG to ensure that there no signs of supply air blower fan bearing failure following discovery of the 3D EDG bearing failure. No signs of failure were found.
- 2. Walked down the A, B, C, D, 3A, 3B, and 3C EDG to ensure that there were no signs of supply air blower fan bearing failure following discovery of the 3D EDG bearing failure. No signs of failure were found.

NRC FORM 366A

(10-2010)

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

CON	NTINUATION	SHEET			
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET (2)	(2) LER NUMBER (6)			PAGE (3)
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	10 of 11

NARRATIVE

3. Replaced all blower bearings on remaining BFN EDGs.

B. <u>Corrective Actions to Prevent Recurrence</u>

- 1. The population of rotating equipment containing shielded or sealed bearings associated with the EDGs will be analyzed to determine the potential failure modes and impact of each failure mode to the operability of the EDGs. This analysis will be used to determine the appropriate PM strategy.
- Identify the population of sealed or shielded bearings associated with safety and/or quality related rotating equipment at BFN. These components will be analyzed to determine the potential failure modes and impact of each failure mode to the operability of the associated system. This analysis will be used to determine the appropriate PM strategy.
- 3. Two existing vibration monitoring points will be relocated to the drive end bearing housing and an additional vibration monitoring point will be added to the EDG blower fans on the drive end bearing housing on all EDGs. This point shall monitor for velocity and acceleration and high value alarms shall be tied to both parameters.

VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A. Failed Components

The failed components are Model 3312C deep groove, single row, double shielded ball bearings, manufactured by New Departure Hyatt (NDH), and installed while the EDG was being manufactured in 1973.

B. <u>Previous Similar Events</u>

A search of BFN LERs for Units 1, 2, and 3, for approximately the past five years did not identify any similar events.

A search was performed on the BFN corrective action program. Similar Problem Evaluation Reports (PERs) 164475, 369956, 488208, 667866, 675339, and 675952 were identified.

Corrective actions from PER 369956 created the corrective maintenance work orders to replace the blower bearings on all EDGs. The corrective actions did not prevent this event because the 3D EDG blower bearing failed before the work orders could be completed.

C. Additional Information

The corrective action document for this report is PER 665217.

D. Safety System Functional Failure Consideration:

In accordance with NEI 99-02, this issue is considered a safety system functional failure.

E. Scram With Complications Consideration:

This condition did not include a reactor scram.

NRC FORM 366A	·····	U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION				
(10-2010) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) CONTINUATION SHEET						
						FACILITY NAME (1)
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL	REVISION		
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Unit 3	05000296	2013	001	00	11 of 11	
NARRATIVE		<u> </u>				
VIII. COMMITMENTS						
There are no commitments.						