

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

January 29, 2013

Mr. Mark E. Reddemann Chief Executive Officer Energy Northwest P.O. Box 968 (Mail Drop 1023) Richland, WA 99352-0968

SUBJECT: COLUMBIA GENERATING STATION - ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT RE:

LICENSE AMENDMENT REQUEST TO MAKE ADMINISTRATIVE AND

EDITORIAL CHANGES TO TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND OPERATING

LICENSE (TAC NO. ME7904)

Dear Mr. Reddemann:

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has issued the enclosed Amendment No. 225 to Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-21 for the Columbia Generating Station. The amendment consists of changes to the Technical Specifications (TSs) and Operating License in response to your application dated January 9, 2012, as supplemented by letters dated July 30 and November 14, 2012.

The amendment implements formatting changes to the Operating License and TSs resulting from a change in the word processing programs and the adoption of TSTF-GG-05-01, "Writers Guide for Plant-Specific Improved Technical Specifications," Revision 1. In addition to these administrative changes, the amendment implements editorial changes which do not result in any changes to the technical or operating requirements.

A copy of the related Safety Evaluation is also enclosed. The Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next biweekly *Federal Register* notice.

Sincerely,

Lauren K. Gibson, Project Manager

Plant Licensing Branch IV

Division of Operating Reactor Licensing Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Lauren Kate Gibsen

Docket No. 50-397

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 225 to NPF-21

2. Safety Evaluation

cc w/encls: Distribution via Listserv



UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

ENERGY NORTHWEST

DOCKET NO. 50-397

COLUMBIA GENERATING STATION

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 225 License No. NPF-21

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment by Energy Northwest (licensee), dated January 9, 2012, as supplemented by letters dated July 30 and November 14, 2012, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.

- 2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and Paragraph 2.C.(2) of Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-21 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - (2) <u>Technical Specifications and Environmental Protection Plan</u>

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 225 and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.

3. The license amendment is effective as of its date of issuance and shall be implemented within 30 days from the date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Michael T. Markley, Chief Plant Licensing Branch IV

Division of Operating Reactor Licensing Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Situla. Mandling

Attachment:
Changes to the Facility
Operating License No. NPF-21
and Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: January 29, 2013

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 225

RENEWED FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-21

DOCKET NO. 50-397

Replace the following pages of the Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-21 and Appendix A, Technical Specifications with the attached revised pages. The revised pages are identified by amendment number and contain vertical lines indicating the areas of change.

Facility Operating License

REMOVE	<u>INSERT</u>
1 – 10	1 – 10
Attachments 1-3	Attachments 1-3

Appendix A - Technical Specifications

REMOVE	INSERT	<u>REMOVE</u>	<u>INSERT</u>
i - iv	i - iv	3.3.8.2-1 - 3.3.8.2-3	3.3.8.2-1 - 3.3.8.2-3
1.1-1 - 1.1-8	1.1-1 - 1.1-7	3.4.1-1 - 3.4.8-2	3.4.1-1 - 3.4.8-2
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Appendix A - Technical Specifications (Continued)

<u>REMOVE</u>	INSERT	<u>REMOVE</u>	INSERT
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Appendix C

<u>REMOVE</u>	<u>INSERT</u>
1	1

ENERGY NORTHWEST

DOCKET NO. 50-397

COLUMBIA GENERATING STATION

RENEWED FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Renewed License No. NPF-21

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission or the NRC) has found that:
 - A. The application for renewed license filed by Energy Northwest (also the licensee), complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I, and all required notifications to other agencies or bodies have been duly made;
 - B. Construction of Energy Northwest, Columbia Generating Station (the facility) has been substantially completed in conformity with Construction Permit No. CPPR-93 and the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the regulations of the Commission;
 - C. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the regulations of the Commission (except as exempted from compliance in Section 2.D. below);
 - D. There is reasonable assurance: (i) that the activities authorized by this renewed operating license can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I (except as exempted from compliance in Section 2.D. below);
 - E. Energy Northwest is technically qualified to engage in the activities authorized by this renewed license in accordance with the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - F. Energy Northwest has satisfied the applicable provisions of 10 CFR Part 140, "Financial Protection Requirements and Indemnity Agreements", of the Commission's regulations;

- G. The issuance of this renewed license will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public;
- H. After weighing the environmental, economic, technical, and other benefits of the facility against environmental and other costs and considering available alternatives, the issuance of this Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-21, subject to the conditions for protection of the environment set forth in the Environmental Protection Plan attached as Appendix B, is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied; and
- I. The receipt, possession, and use of source, byproduct and special nuclear material as authorized by this renewed license will be in accordance with the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70.
- J. Actions have been identified and have been or will be taken with respect to (1) managing the effects of aging during the period of extended operation on the functionality of structures and components that have been identified to require review under 10 CFR 54.21 (a)(1), and (2) time-limited aging analyses that have been identified to require review under 10 CFR 54.21(c), such that there is reasonable assurance that the activities authorized by the renewed operating license will continue to be conducted in accordance with the current licensing basis, as defined in 10 CFR 54.3, for the facility, and that any changes made to the facility's current licensing basis in order to comply with 10 CFR 54.29(a) are in accordance with the Act and the Commission's regulations.
- 2. Based on the foregoing findings regarding this facility, Renewed Facility Operating License NPF-21 is hereby issued to Energy Northwest (the licensee) to read as follows:
 - A. This renewed operating license applies to Columbia Generating Station, a boiling water nuclear reactor and associated equipment, owned by Energy Northwest. The facility is located on Hanford Reservation in Benton County near Richland, Washington, and is described in the licensee's "Final Safety Analysis Report", as supplemented and amended, and in the licensee's Environmental Report, as supplemented and amended.
 - B. Subject to the conditions and requirements incorporated herein, the Commission hereby licenses Energy Northwest:
 - (1) Pursuant to Section 103 of the Act and 10 CFR Part 50, to possess, use, and operate the facility at the designated location on Hanford Reservation, Benton County, Washington, in accordance with the procedures and limitations set forth in this renewed license;

- (2) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Part 70, to receive, possess and use at any time special nuclear material as reactor fuel, in accordance with the limitations for storage and amounts required for reactor operation, as described in the Final Safety Analysis Report, as supplemented and amended;
- (3) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70, to receive, possess, and use at any time any byproduct, source and special nuclear material as sealed neutron sources for reactor startup, sealed sources for reactor instrumentation and radiation monitoring equipment calibration, and as fission detectors in amounts as required;
- (4) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70, to receive, possess, and use in amounts as required any byproduct, source of special nuclear material without restriction to chemical or physical form, for sample analysis or instrument calibration or associated with radioactive apparatus or components; and
- (5) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70, to possess, but not separate, such byproduct and special nuclear materials as may be produced by the operation of the facility.
- (6) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70, to store byproduct, source and special nuclear materials not intended for use at Columbia Generating Station. The materials shall be no more than 9 sealed neutron radiation sources designed for insertion into pressurized water reactors and no more than 40 sealed beta radiation sources designed for use in area radiation monitors. The total inventory shall not exceed 24 microcuries of strontium-90, 20 microcuries of uranium-235, 30 curies of plutonium-238, and 3 curies of americium-241.
- C. This renewed license shall be deemed to contain and is subject to the conditions specified in the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I and is subject to all applicable provisions of the Act and to the rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect; and is subject to the additional conditions specified or incorporated below:

(1) Maximum Power Level

The licensee is authorized to operate the facility at reactor core power levels not in excess of full power (3486 megawatts thermal).

(2) Technical Specifications and Environmental Protection Plan

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 225 and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, are hereby incorporated in the renewed license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.

a. For Surveillance Requirements (SRs) not previously performed by existing SRs or other plant tests, the requirement will be considered met on the implementation date and the next required test will be at the interval specified in the Technical Specifications as revised in Amendment No. 149.

	in the Technical Specifications as revised in Amendment No. 149.
(3)	Deleted.
(4)	Deleted.
(5)	Deleted.
(6)	Deleted.
(7)	Deleted.
(8)	Deleted.
(9)	Deleted.
(10)	Deleted.
(11)	Shield Wall Deferral (Section 12.3.2, SSER #4, License Amendment #7)
	The licensee shall complete construction of the deferred shield walls and window as identified in Attachment 3, as amended by this license amendment.
(12)	Deleted.

(13)

Deleted.

^{*}The parenthetical notation following the title of many license conditions denotes the section of the Safety Evaluation Report and/or its supplements wherein the license condition is discussed.

(14) Fire Protection Program (Generic Letter 86-10)

The licensee shall implement and maintain in effect all provisions of the approved fire protection program as described in Section 9.5.1 and Appendix F of the Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR) for the facility thru Amendment #39 and as described in subsequent letters to the staff through November 30, 1988, referenced in the May 22, 1989 safety evaluation and in other pertinent sections of the FSAR referenced in either Section 9.5.1 or Appendix F and as approved in the Safety Evaluation Report issued in March 1982 (NUREG 0892) and in Supplements 3, issued in May 1983, and 4, issued in December 1983, and in safety evaluations issued with letters dated November 11, 1987 and May 22, 1989 subject to the following provision:

The licensee may make changes to the approved fire protection program without prior approval of the Commission only if those changes would not adversely affect the ability to achieve and maintain safe shutdown in the event of a fire.

Deleted.
Deleted.

Deleted.

(28)

(29) Protection of the Environment (FES)

Before engaging in additional construction or operational activities which may result in a significant adverse environmental impact that was not evaluated or that is significantly greater than the evaluation in the Final Environmental Statement the licensee shall provide a written notification to the Director of the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation and receive written approval from that office before proceeding with such activities.

- (30) Deleted.
- (31) Mitigation Strategy License Condition

Develop and maintain strategies for addressing large fires and explosions and that include the following key areas:

- (a) Fire fighting response strategy with the following elements:
 - 1. Pre-defined coordinated fire response strategy and guidance
 - 2. Assessment of mutual aid fire fighting assets
 - 3. Designated staging areas for equipment and materials
 - 4. Command and control
 - 5. Training of response personnel
- (b) Operations to mitigate fuel damage considering the following:
 - 1. Protection and use of personnel assets
 - 2. Communications
 - 3. Minimizing fire spread
 - 4. Procedures for implementing integrated fire response strategy
 - 5. Identification of readily-available pre-staged equipment
 - 6. Training on integrated fire response strategy
 - 7. Spent fuel pool mitigation measures
- (c) Actions to minimize release to include consideration of:
 - 1. Water spray scrubbing
 - 2. Dose to onsite responders
- (32) The licensee shall implement and maintain all Actions required by Attachment 2 to NRC Order EA-06-137, issued June 20, 2006, except the last action that requires incorporation of the strategies into the site security plan, contingency plan, emergency plan and/or guard training and qualification plan, as appropriate.

(33) Control Room Envelope Habitability Program (CRE)

Upon implementation of Amendment No. 207 adopting TSTF-448, Revision 3, the determination of CRE unfiltered air inleakage as required by SR 3.7.3.4, in accordance with TS 5.5.14.c.(i), the assessment of CRE habitability as required by Specification 5.5.14.c.(ii), and the measurement of CRE pressure as required by Specification 5.5.14.d, shall be considered met. Following implementation:

- (a) The first performance of SR 3.7.3.4, in accordance with Specification 5.5.14.c.(i), shall be within the specified Frequency of 6 years, plus the 18-month allowance of SR 3.0.2, as measured from November 6, 2003, the date of the most recent successful tracer gas test, or within the next 18 months if the time period since the most recent successful tracer gas test is greater than 6 years.
- (b) The first performance of the periodic assessment of CRE habitability, Specification 5.5.14.c.(ii), shall be within 3 years, plus the 9-month allowance of SR 3.0.2, as measured from November 6, 2003, the date of the most recent successful tracer gas test, or within the next 9 months if the time period since the most recent successful tracer gas test is greater than 3 years.
- (c) The first performance of the periodic measurement of CRE pressure, Specification 5.5.14.d, shall be within 24 months, plus the 184 days allowed by SR 3.0.2, as measured from March 23, 2006, the date of the most recent successful pressure measurement test, or within 184 days if not performed previously.

- The information in the FSAR supplement, submitted pursuant to 10 CFR 54.21(d), as supplemented by Commitment Nos. 1, 5, 13, 14, 17, 18, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 32, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 49, 50, 53, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, and 70 of Appendix A of NUREG-2123, "Safety Evaluation Report Related to the License Renewal of Columbia Generating Station" dated May 2012, is henceforth part of the FSAR which will be updated in accordance with 10 CFR 50.71(e). As such, the licensee may make changes to the programs and activities described in the UFSAR supplement and Commitment Nos. 1, 5, 13, 14, 17, 18, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 32, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 49, 50, 53, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, and 70 of Appendix A of NUREG-2123 provided the licensee evaluates such changes pursuant to the criteria set forth in 10 CFR 50.59 and otherwise complies with the requirements in that section.
- (35) The licensee's FSAR supplement submitted pursuant to 10 CFR 54.21(d), as revised during the license renewal application review process, and as supplemented by Commitment Nos. 1, 5, 13, 14, 17, 18, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 32, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 49, 50, 53, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, and 70 of Appendix A of NUREG-2123, describes certain future programs and activities to be completed before the period of extended operation. Energy Northwest shall complete these activities no later than June 20, 2023, and shall notify the NRC in writing when implementation of these activities is complete.
- (36) To prevent lateral motion of the core plate, the licensee shall install core plate wedges around the periphery of the core plate within the shroud on or before December 20, 2021. Upon completion of the core plate wedge installation, the licensee shall submit a written report to the NRC staff summarizing the results of the installation. The licensee shall also submit a written report regarding any corrective action taken related to core plate rim hold-down bolts or core plate wedges and the results of extent of condition reviews on or before December 20, 2021.

- D. Exemptions from certain requirements of Appendices G, H and J to 10 CFR Part 50, are described in the Safety Evaluation Report. These exemptions are authorized by law and will not endanger life or property or the common defense and security and are otherwise in the public interest. Therefore, these exemptions are hereby granted pursuant to 10 CFR 50.12. With the granting of this exemption the facility will operate, to the extent authorized herein, in conformity with the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission.
- E. The licensee shall fully implement and maintain in effect all provisions of the Commission-approved physical security, training and qualification, and safeguards contingency plans including amendments made pursuant to provisions of the Miscellaneous Amendments and Search Requirements revisions to 10 CFR 73.55 (51 FR 27817 and 27822) and to the authority of 10 CFR 50.90 and 10 CFR 50.54(p). The plan, which contains Safeguards Information protected under 10 CFR 73.21, is entitled: "Columbia Generating Station Physical Security Plan, Training and Qualification Plan, Safeguards Contingency Plan, and Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Plan." Energy Northwest shall fully implement and maintain in effect all provisions of the Commission-approved cyber security plan (CSP), including changes made pursuant to the authority of 10 CFR 50.90 and 10 CFR 50.54(p). The Energy Northwest CSP was approved by License Amendment No. 222.

F. Deleted.

- G. The licensee shall notify the Commission, as soon as possible but not later than one hour, of any accident at this facility which could result in an unplanned release of quantities of fission products in excess of allowable limits for normal operation established by the Commission.
- H. The licensee shall have and maintain financial protection of such type and in such amounts as the Commission shall require in accordance with Section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, to cover public liability claims.

I. This renewed license is effective as of the date of issuance and shall expire at midnight on December 20, 2043.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

(Original Signed By)

Eric J. Leeds, Director Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Enclosures:

- 1. Appendix A Technical Specifications
- 2. Appendix B Environmental Protection Plan
- 3. Appendix C Additional Conditions

Date of Issuance: May 22, 2012

ATTACHMENT 1 TO OPERATING LICENSE NPF-21

Deleted

ATTACHMENT 2

Deleted

ATTACHMENT 3

LIST OF SHIELD WALLS

- 1. Deleted.
- Deleted.
- 3. Deleted.
- Deleted.
- **5. FSAR Figure 12.3-12, Zone G-9 The access blockout to duplicate centrifuge room.
- **6. <u>FSAR Figure 12.3-12, Zone F-9</u> Same as above for the duplicate centrifuge.
- **7. FSAR Figure 12.3-13, Zone J-5 The blockout for one of the two decon concentrators.
- **8. <u>FSAR Figure 12.3-11, Zone D-8</u> The two block walls at the north end of the truck loading bay.
- **9. <u>FSAR Figure 12.3-11, Zone E-8</u> The leaded glass viewing window in the radwaste area.

^{**} Shield walls and window identified in items 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 will be installed if the associated radiation levels at these locations exceed 2.5mR/hr as dictated by the ongoing ALARA reviews.

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1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.1 Definitions

The defined terms of this section appear in capitalized type and are applicable throughout these Technical Specifications and Bases.

Term

Definition

ACTIONS

ACTIONS shall be that part of a Specification that prescribes Required Actions to be taken under designated Conditions within specified Completion Times.

AVERAGE PLANAR LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (APLHGR)

The APLHGR shall be applicable to a specific planar height and is equal to the sum of the LHGRs for all the fuel rods in the specified bundle at the specified height divided by the number of fuel rods in the fuel bundle at the height.

CHANNEL CALIBRATION

A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds within the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter that the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass the entire channel, including the required sensor, alarm, display, and trip functions, and shall include the CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. Calibration of instrument channels with resistance temperature detector (RTD) or thermocouple sensors may consist of an inplace qualitative assessment of sensor behavior and normal calibration of the remaining adjustable devices in the channel. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps so that the entire channel is calibrated.

CHANNEL CHECK

A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment, by observation, of channel behavior during operation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and status to other indications or status derived from independent instrument channels measuring the same parameter.

CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST

A CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the channel as close to the sensor as practicable to verify OPERABILITY, including required alarm, interlock, display, and trip functions, and channel failure trips. The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps so that the entire channel is tested.

1.1 Definitions

CORE ALTERATION

CORE ALTERATION shall be the movement of any fuel, sources, or reactivity control components within the reactor vessel with the vessel head removed and fuel in the vessel. The following exceptions are not considered to be CORE ALTERATIONS:

- Movement of source range monitors, local power range monitors, intermediate range monitors, traversing incore probes, or special movable detectors (including undervessel replacement); and
- b. Control rod movement, provided there are no fuel assemblies in the associated core cell.

Suspension of CORE ALTERATIONS shall not preclude completion of movement of a component to a safe position.

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

The COLR is the unit specific document that provides cycle specific parameter limits for the current reload cycle. These cycle specific limits shall be determined for each reload cycle in accordance with Specification 5.6.3. Plant operation within these limits is addressed in individual Specifications.

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131 (microcuries/gram) that alone would produce the same Total Effective Dose Equivalent (TEDE) dose as the quantity and isotopic mixture of I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, and I-135 actually present. The dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in Federal Guidance Report (FGR) 11, "Limiting Values of Radionuclide Intake and Air Concentration and Dose Conversion Factors for Inhalation, Submersion, and Ingestion," 1988.

EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEM (ECCS) RESPONSE TIME

The ECCS RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its ECCS initiation setpoint at the channel sensor until the ECCS equipment is capable of performing its safety function (i.e., the valves travel to their required positions, pump discharge pressures reach their required values, etc.). Times shall include diesel generator starting and sequence loading delays, where applicable. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured.

1.1 Definitions

END OF CYCLE RECIRCULATION PUMP TRIP (EOC-RPT) SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME

The EOC-RPT SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from initial signal generation by the associated turbine throttle valve limit switch or from when the turbine governor valve hydraulic control oil pressure drops below the pressure switch setpoint to complete suppression of the electric arc between the fully open contacts of the recirculation pump circuit breaker. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured.

ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME

The ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its isolation initiation setpoint at the channel sensor until the isolation valves travel to their required positions. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured.

LEAKAGE

LEAKAGE shall be:

a. Identified LEAKAGE

- 1. LEAKAGE into the drywell such as that from pump seals or valve packing, that is captured and conducted to a sump or collecting tank; or
- LEAKAGE into the drywell atmosphere from sources that are both specifically located and known either not to interfere with the operation of leakage detection systems or not to be pressure boundary LEAKAGE;

b. Unidentified LEAKAGE

All LEAKAGE into the drywell that is not identified LEAKAGE;

c. Total LEAKAGE

Sum of the identified and unidentified LEAKAGE; and

d. Pressure Boundary LEAKAGE

LEAKAGE through a nonisolable fault in a Reactor Coolant System (RCS) component body, pipe wall, or vessel wall.

LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (LHGR)

The LHGR shall be the heat generation rate per unit length of fuel rod. It is the integral of the heat flux over the heat transfer area associated with the unit length.

LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST

A LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be a test of all required logic components (i.e., all required relays and contacts, trip units, solid state logic elements, etc.) of a logic circuit, from as close to the sensor as practicable up to, but not including, the actuated device, to verify OPERABILITY. The LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total system steps so that the entire logic system is tested.

MAXIMUM FRACTION OF LIMITING POWER DENSITY (MFLPD)

The MFLPD shall be the largest value of the fraction of limiting power density (FLPD) in the core. The FLPD shall be the LHGR existing at a given location divided by the specified LHGR limit for that bundle type.

MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)

The MCPR shall be the smallest critical power ratio (CPR) that exists in the core for each class of fuel. The CPR is that power in the assembly that is calculated by application of the appropriate correlation(s) to cause some point in the assembly to experience boiling transition, divided by the actual assembly operating power.

MODE

A MODE shall correspond to any one inclusive combination of mode switch position, average reactor coolant temperature, and reactor vessel head closure bolt tensioning specified in Table 1.1-1 with fuel in the reactor vessel.

OPERABLE - OPERABILITY

A system, subsystem, division, component, or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified safety function(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal or emergency electrical power, cooling and seal water, lubrication, and other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, division, component, or device to perform its specified safety function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

PHYSICS TESTS

PHYSICS TESTS shall be those tests performed to measure the fundamental nuclear characteristics of the reactor core and related instrumentation. These tests are:

- a. Described in Chapter 14, Initial Test Program of the FSAR;
- b. Authorized under the provisions of 10 CFR 50.59; or

PHYSICS TESTS (continued)

 Otherwise approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

RATED THERMAL POWER (RTP)

RTP shall be a total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant of 3486 MWt.

REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM (RPS) RESPONSE TIME

The RPS RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its RPS trip setpoint at the channel sensor until de-energization of the scram pilot valve solenoids. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured.

SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

SDM shall be the amount of reactivity by which the reactor is subcritical or would be subcritical assuming that:

- a. The reactor is xenon free;
- b. The moderator temperature is 68°F; and
- c. All control rods are fully inserted except for the single control rod of highest reactivity worth, which is assumed to be fully withdrawn. With control rods not capable of being fully inserted, the reactivity worth of these control rods must be accounted for in the determination of SDM.

STAGGERED TEST BASIS

A STAGGERED TEST BASIS shall consist of the testing of one of the systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components during the interval specified by the Surveillance Frequency, so that all systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components are tested during *n* Surveillance Frequency intervals, where *n* is the total number of systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components in the associated function.

THERMAL POWER

THERMAL POWER shall be the total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant.

1.1 Definitions

TURBINE BYPASS SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME

The TURBINE BYPASS SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME shall be the time from when the turbine bypass control unit generates a turbine bypass valve flow signal until 80% of the turbine bypass capacity is established.

The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured.

Table 1.1-1 (page 1 of 1) MODES

MODE	TITLE	REACTOR MODE SWITCH POSITION	AVERAGE REACTOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE (°F)
1	Power Operation	Run	NA
2	Startup	Refuel ^(a) or Startup/Hot Standby	NA
3	Hot Shutdown ^(a)	Shutdown	> 200
4	Cold Shutdown ^(a)	Shutdown	≤ 200
5	Refueling ^(b)	Shutdown or Refuel	NA

⁽a) All reactor vessel head closure bolts fully tensioned.

⁽b) One or more reactor vessel head closure bolts less than fully tensioned.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.2 Logical Connectors

PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to explain the meaning of logical connectors.

Logical connectors are used in Technical Specifications (TS) to discriminate between, and yet connect, discrete Conditions, Required Actions, Completion Times, Surveillances, and Frequencies. The only logical connectors that appear in TS are <u>AND</u> and <u>OR</u>. The physical arrangement of these connectors constitutes logical conventions with specific meanings.

BACKGROUND

Several levels of logic may be used to state Required Actions. These levels are identified by the placement (or nesting) of the logical connectors and by the number assigned to each Required Action. The first level of logic is identified by the first digit of the number assigned to a Required Action and the placement of the logical connector in the first level of nesting (i.e., left justified with the number of the Required Action). The successive levels of logic are identified by additional digits of the Required Action number and by successive indentions of the logical connectors.

When logical connectors are used to state a Condition, Completion Time, Surveillance, or Frequency, only the first level of logic is used, and the logical connector is left justified with the statement of the Condition, Completion Time, Surveillance, or Frequency.

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate the use of logical connectors.

1.2 Logical Connectors

EXAMPLE 1.2-1

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. LCO not met.	A.1 Verify	
	A.2 Restore	

In this example, the logical connector <u>AND</u> is used to indicate that, when in Condition A, both Required Actions A.1 and A.2 must be completed.

1.2 Logical Connectors

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.2-2

ACTIONS

CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION COMPLETION TIME A. LCO not met. A.1 Trip OR A.2.1 Verify AND A.2.2.1 Reduce OR A.2.2.2 Perform OR A.3 Align Align	70110110	A0110140		
OR A.2.1 Verify AND A.2.2.1 Reduce OR A.2.2.2 Perform OR	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
	A. LCO not met.	OR A.2.1 Verify AND A.2.2.1 Reduce OR A.2.2.2 Perform OR		

This example represents a more complicated use of logical connectors. Required Actions A.1, A.2, and A.3 are alternative choices, only one of which must be performed as indicated by the use of the logical connector <u>OR</u> and the left justified placement. Any one of these three Actions may be chosen. If A.2 is chosen, then both A.2.1 and A.2.2 must be performed as indicated by the logical connector <u>AND</u>. Required Action A.2.2 is met by performing A.2.2.1 or A.2.2.2. The indented position of the logical connector <u>OR</u> indicates that A.2.2.1 and A.2.2.2 are alternative choices, only one of which must be performed.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.3 Completion Times

PURPOSE The purpose of this section is to establish the Completion Time convention and to provide guidance for its use. BACKGROUND Limiting Conditions for Operation (LCOs) specify minimum requirements for ensuring safe operation of the unit. The ACTIONS associated with an LCO state Conditions that typically describe the ways in which the requirements of the LCO can fail to be met. Specified with each stated Condition are Required Action(s) and Completion Time(s). DESCRIPTION The Completion Time is the amount of time allowed for completing a Required Action. It is referenced to the time of discovery of a situation

The Completion Time is the amount of time allowed for completing a Required Action. It is referenced to the time of discovery of a situation (e.g., inoperable equipment or variable not within limits) that requires entering an ACTIONS Condition unless otherwise specified, providing the unit is in a MODE or specified condition stated in the Applicability of the LCO. Required Actions must be completed prior to the expiration of the specified Completion Time. An ACTIONS Condition remains in effect and the Required Actions apply until the Condition no longer exists or the unit is not within the LCO Applicability.

If situations are discovered that require entry into more than one Condition at a time within a single LCO (multiple Conditions), the Required Actions for each Condition must be performed within the associated Completion Time. When in multiple Conditions, separate Completion Times are tracked for each Condition starting from the time of discovery of the situation that required entry into the Condition.

Once a Condition has been entered, subsequent divisions, subsystems, components, or variables expressed in the Condition, discovered to be inoperable or not within limits, will <u>not</u> result in separate entry into the Condition unless specifically stated. The Required Actions of the Condition continue to apply to each additional failure, with Completion Times based on initial entry into the Condition. However, when a <u>subsequent</u> division, subsystem, component, or variable expressed in the Condition is discovered to be inoperable or not within limits, the Completion Time(s) may be extended. To apply this Completion Time extension, two criteria must first be met. The subsequent inoperability:

- a. Must exist concurrent with the first inoperability; and
- b. Must remain inoperable or not within limits after the first inoperability is resolved.

1.3 Completion Times

DESCRIPTION (continued)

The total Completion Time allowed for completing a Required Action to address the subsequent inoperability shall be limited to the more restrictive of either:

- a. The stated Completion Time, as measured from the initial entry into the Condition, plus an additional 24 hours; or
- b. The stated Completion Time as measured from discovery of the subsequent inoperability.

The above Completion Time extension does not apply to those Specifications that have exceptions that allow completely separate reentry into the Condition (for each division, subsystem, component, or variable expressed in the Condition) and separate tracking of Completion Times based on this re-entry. These exceptions are stated in individual Specifications.

The above Completion Time extension does not apply to a Completion Time with a modified "time zero." This modified "time zero" may be expressed as a repetitive time (i.e., "once per 8 hours," where the Completion Time is referenced from a previous completion of the Required Action versus the time of Condition entry) or as a time modified by the phrase "from discovery. . . " Example 1.3-3 illustrates one use of this type of Completion Time. The 10 day Completion Time specified for Conditions A and B in Example 1.3-3 may not be extended.

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate the use of Completion Times with different types of Conditions and changing Conditions.

EXAMPLE 1.3-1

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. Required Action and associated	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
Completion Time not met.	B.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

Condition B has two Required Actions. Each Required Action has its own separate Completion Time. Each Completion Time is referenced to the time that Condition B is entered.

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

The Required Actions of Condition B are to be in MODE 3 within 12 hours AND in MODE 4 within 36 hours. A total of 12 hours is allowed for reaching MODE 3 and a total of 36 hours (not 48 hours) is allowed for reaching MODE 4 from the time that Condition B was entered. If MODE 3 is reached within 6 hours, the time allowed for reaching MODE 4 is the next 30 hours because the total time allowed for reaching MODE 4 is 36 hours.

If Condition B is entered while in MODE 3, the time allowed for reaching MODE 4 is the next 36 hours.

EXAMPLE 1.3-2

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME		
A. One pump inoperable.	A.1 Restore pump to OPERABLE status.	7 days		
B. Required Action and associated	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND	12 hours		
Completion Time not met.	B.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours		

When a pump is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered. If the pump is not restored to OPERABLE status within 7 days, Condition B is also entered and the Completion Time clocks for Required Actions B.1 and B.2 start. If the inoperable pump is restored to OPERABLE status after Condition B is entered, Conditions A and B are exited, and therefore, the Required Actions of Condition B may be terminated.

When a second pump is declared inoperable while the first pump is still inoperable, Condition A is not re-entered for the second pump. LCO 3.0.3 is entered, since the ACTIONS do not include a Condition for more than one inoperable pump. The Completion Time clock for Condition A does not stop after LCO 3.0.3 is entered, but continues to be tracked from the time Condition A was initially entered.

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

While in LCO 3.0.3, if one of the inoperable pumps is restored to OPERABLE status and the Completion Time for Condition A has not expired, LCO 3.0.3 may be exited and operation continued in accordance with Condition A.

While in LCO 3.0.3, if one of the inoperable pumps is restored to OPERABLE status and the Completion Time for Condition A has expired, LCO 3.0.3 may be exited and operation continued in accordance with Condition B. The Completion Time for Condition B is tracked from the time the Condition A Completion Time expired.

On restoring one of the pumps to OPERABLE status, the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first pump was declared inoperable. This Completion Time may be extended if the pump restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable pump. A 24 hour extension to the stated 7 days is allowed, provided this does not result in the second pump being inoperable for > 7 days.

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-3

ACTIONS

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One Function X subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore Function X subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days AND 10 days from discovery of failure to meet the LCO
B. One Function Y subsystem inoperable.	B.1 Restore Function Y subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours AND 10 days from discovery of failure to meet the LCO
C. One Function X subsystem inoperable. AND One Function Y subsystem inoperable.	C.1 Restore Function X subsystem to OPERABLE status. OR C.2 Restore Function Y subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours 72 hours

When one Function X subsystem and one Function Y subsystem are inoperable, Condition A and Condition B are concurrently applicable. The Completion Times for Condition A and Condition B are tracked separately for each subsystem, starting from the time each subsystem was declared inoperable and the Condition was entered. A separate Completion Time is established for Condition C and tracked from the time the second subsystem was declared inoperable (i.e., the time the situation described in Condition C was discovered).

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

If Required Action C.2 is completed within the specified Completion Time, Conditions B and C are exited. If the Completion Time for Required Action A.1 has not expired, operation may continue in accordance with Condition A. The remaining Completion Time in Condition A is measured from the time the affected subsystem was declared inoperable (i.e., initial entry into Condition A).

The Completion Times of Conditions A and B are modified by a logical connector, with a separate 10 day Completion Time measured from the time it was discovered the LCO was not met. In this example, without the separate Completion Time, it would be possible to alternate between Conditions A, B, and C in such a manner that operation could continue indefinitely without ever restoring systems to meet the LCO. The separate Completion Time modified by the phrase "from discovery of failure to meet the LCO" is designed to prevent indefinite continued operation while not meeting the LCO. This Completion Time allows for an exception to the normal "time zero" for beginning the Completion Time "clock". In this instance, the Completion Time "time zero" is specified as commencing at the time the LCO was initially not met, instead of at the time the associated Condition was entered.

EXAMPLE 1.3-4

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more valves inoperable.	A.1 Restore valve(s) to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND B.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

A single Completion Time is used for any number of valves inoperable at the same time. The Completion Time associated with Condition A is based on the initial entry into Condition A and is not tracked on a per valve basis. Declaring subsequent valves inoperable, while Condition A is still in effect, does not trigger the tracking of separate Completion Times.

EXAMPLES (continued)

Once one of the valves has been restored to OPERABLE status, the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first valve was declared inoperable. The Completion Time may be extended if the valve restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable valve. The Condition A Completion Time may be extended for up to 4 hours provided this does not result in any subsequent valve being inoperable for > 4 hours.

If the Completion Time of 4 hours (plus the extension) expires while one or more valves are still inoperable, Condition B is entered.

EXAMPLE 1.3-5		
ACTIONS	NOTE	
	try is allowed for each inop	
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more valves inoperable.	A.1 Restore valve to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND	12 hours
Time not met.	B.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

The Note above the ACTIONS Table is a method of modifying how the Completion Time is tracked. If this method of modifying how the Completion Time is tracked was applicable only to a specific Condition, the Note would appear in that Condition rather than at the top of the ACTIONS Table.

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

The Note allows Condition A to be entered separately for each inoperable valve, and Completion Times tracked on a per valve basis. When a valve is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered and its Completion Time starts. If subsequent valves are declared inoperable, Condition A is entered for each valve and separate Completion Times start and are tracked for each valve.

If the Completion Time associated with a valve in Condition A expires, Condition B is entered for that valve. If the Completion Times associated with subsequent valves in Condition A expire, Condition B is entered separately for each valve and separate Completion Times start and are tracked for each valve. If a valve that caused entry into Condition B is restored to OPERABLE status, Condition B is exited for that valve.

Since the Note in this example allows multiple Condition entry and tracking of separate Completion Times, Completion Time extensions do not apply.

EXAMPLE 1.3-6

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One channel inoperable.	A.1 Perform SR 3.x.x.x. OR A.2 Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP.	Once per 8 hours 8 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

Entry into Condition A offers a choice between Required Action A.1 or A.2. Required Action A.1 has a "once per" Completion Time, which qualifies for the 25% extension, per SR 3.0.2, to each performance after the initial performance. The initial 8 hour interval of Required Action A.1 begins when Condition A is entered and the initial performance of Required Action A.1 must be completed within the first 8 hour interval. If Required Action A.1 is followed and the Required Action is not met within the Completion Time (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), Condition B is entered. If Required Action A.2 is followed and the Completion Time of 8 hours is not met, Condition B is entered.

If after entry into Condition B, Required Action A.1 or A.2 is met, Condition B is exited and operation may then continue in Condition A.

EXAMPLE 1.3-7

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Verify affected subsystem isolated.	1 hour AND Once per 8 hours thereafter
	AND A.2 Restore subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND B.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

EXAMPLES (continued)

Required Action A.1 has two Completion Times. The 1 hour Completion Time begins at the time the Condition is entered and each "Once per 8 hours thereafter" interval begins upon performance of Required Action A.1.

If after Condition A is entered, Required Action A.1 is not met within either the initial 1 hour or any subsequent 8 hour interval from the previous performance (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), Condition B is entered. The Completion Time clock for Condition A does not stop after Condition B is entered, but continues from the time Condition A was initially entered. If Required Action A.1 is met after Condition B is entered. Condition B is exited and operation may continue in accordance with Condition A, provided the Completion Time for Required Action A.2 has not expired.

IMMEDIATE

When "Immediately" is used as a Completion Time, the Required Action COMPLETION TIME should be pursued without delay and in a controlled manner.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.4 Frequency

PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to define the proper use and application of Frequency requirements.

DESCRIPTION

Each Surveillance Requirement (SR) has a specified Frequency in which the Surveillance must be met in order to meet the associated Limiting Conditions for Operation (LCO). An understanding of the correct application of the specified Frequency is necessary for compliance with the SR.

The "specified Frequency" is referred to throughout this section and each of the Specifications of Section 3.0, "Surveillance Requirement (SR) Applicability." The "specified Frequency" consists of the requirements of the Frequency column of each SR, as well as certain Notes in the Surveillance column that modify performance requirements.

Sometimes special situations dictate when the requirements of a Surveillance are to be met. They are "otherwise stated" conditions allowed by SR 3.0.1. They may be stated as clarifying Notes in the Surveillance, as part of the Surveillance, or both.

Situations where a Surveillance could be required (i.e., its Frequency could expire), but where it is not possible or not desired that it be performed until sometime after the associated LCO is within its Applicability, represent potential SR 3.0.4 conflicts. To avoid these conflicts, the SR (i.e., the Surveillance or the Frequency) is stated such that it is only "required" when it can be and should be performed. With an SR satisfied, SR 3.0.4 imposes no restriction.

The use of "met" or "performed" in these instances conveys specified meanings. A Surveillance is "met" only when the acceptance criteria are satisfied. Known failure of the requirements of a Surveillance, even without a Surveillance specifically being "performed," constitutes a Surveillance not "met." "Performance" refers only to the requirement to specifically determine the ability to meet the acceptance criteria. Some Surveillances contain notes that modify the Frequency of performance or the conditions during which the acceptance criteria must be satisfied. For these Surveillances, the MODE-entry restrictions of SR 3.0.4 may not apply. Such a Surveillance is not required to be performed prior to entering a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the associated LCO if any of the following three conditions are satisfied:

a. The Surveillance is not required to be met in the MODE or other specified condition to be entered; or

DESCRIPTION (continued)

- The Surveillance is required to be met in the MODE or other specified condition to be entered, but has been performed within the specified Frequency (i.e., it is current) and is known not to be failed; or
- c. The Surveillance is required to be met, but not performed, in the MODE or other specified condition to be entered, and is known not to be failed.

Examples 1.4-3, 1.4-4, 1.4-5, and 1.4-6 discusses these special situations.

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate the various ways that Frequencies are specified. In these examples, the Applicability of the LCO (LCO not shown) is MODES 1, 2, and 3.

EXAMPLE 1.4-1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

Example 1.4-1 contains the type of SR most often encountered in the Technical Specifications (TS). The Frequency specifies an interval (12 hours) during which the associated Surveillance must be performed at least one time. Performance of the Surveillance initiates the subsequent interval. Although the Frequency is stated as 12 hours, an extension of the time interval to 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency is allowed by SR 3.0.2 for operational flexibility. The measurement of this interval continues at all times, even when the SR is not required to be met per SR 3.0.1 (such as when the equipment is inoperable, a variable is outside specified limits, or the unit is outside the Applicability of the LCO). If the interval specified by SR 3.0.2 is exceeded while the unit is in a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the LCO, and the performance of the Surveillance is not otherwise modified (refer to Examples 1.4-3 and 1.4-4), then SR 3.0.3 becomes applicable.

EXAMPLES (continued)

If the interval as specified by SR 3.0.2 is exceeded while the unit is not in a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the LCO for which performance of the SR is required, then SR 3.0.4 becomes applicable. The Surveillance must be performed within the Frequency requirements of SR 3.0.2, as modified by SR 3.0.3, prior to entry into the MODE or other specified condition or the LCO is considered not met (in accordance with SR 3.0.1) and LCO 3.0.4 becomes applicable.

EXAMPLE 1.4-2

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
Verify flow is within limits.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP
	AND
	24 hours thereafter

Example 1.4-2 has two Frequencies. The first is a one time performance Frequency, and the second is of the type shown in Example 1.4-1. The logical connector "AND" indicates that both Frequency requirements must be met. Each time reactor power is increased from a power level < 25% RTP to \geq 25% RTP, the Surveillance must be performed within 12 hours.

The use of "once" indicates a single performance will satisfy the specified Frequency (assuming no other Frequencies are connected by "AND"). This type of Frequency does not qualify for the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2.

"Thereafter" indicates future performances must be established per SR 3.0.2, but only after a specified condition is first met (i.e., the "once" performance in this example). If reactor power decreases to < 25% RTP, the measurement of both intervals stops. New intervals start upon reactor power reaching 25% RTP.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-3

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
NOTENOTENOTE	
Perform channel adjustment.	7 days

The interval continues whether or not the unit operation is < 25% RTP between performances.

As the Note modifies the required <u>performance</u> of the Surveillance, it is construed to be part of the "specified Frequency." Should the 7 day interval be exceeded while operation is < 25% RTP, this Note allows 12 hours after power reaches \geq 25% RTP to perform the Surveillance. The Surveillance is still considered to be within the "specified Frequency." Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 7 day interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), but operation was < 25% RTP, it would not constitute a failure of the SR or failure to meet the LCO. Also, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 7 day Frequency not met, provided operation does not exceed 12 hours (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2) with power \geq 25% RTP.

Once the unit reaches 25% RTP, 12 hours would be allowed for completing the Surveillance. If the Surveillance were not performed within this 12 hour interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), there would then be a failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency, and the provisions of SR 3.0.3 would apply.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-4

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
Only required to be met in MODE 1.	
Verify leakage rates are within limits.	24 hours

Example 1.4-4 specifies that the requirements of this Surveillance do not have to be met until the unit is in MODE 1. The interval measurement for the Frequency of this Surveillance continues at all times, as described in Example 1.4-1. However, the Note constitutes an "otherwise stated" exception to the Applicability of this Surveillance. Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 24 hour interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), but the unit was not in MODE 1, there would be no failure of the SR nor failure to meet the LCO. Therefore, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 24 hour Frequency exceeded, provided the MODE change was not made into MODE 1. Prior to entering MODE 1 (assuming again that the 24 hour Frequency were not met), SR 3.0.4 would require satisfying the SR.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-5

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
Only required to be performed in MODE 1.	·
Perform complete cycle of the valve.	7 days

The interval continues, whether or not the unit operation is in MODE 1, 2, or 3 (the assumed Applicability of the associated LCO) between performances.

As the Note modifies the required performance of the Surveillance, the Note is construed to be part of the "specified Frequency." Should the 7 day interval be exceeded while operation is not in MODE 1, this Note allows entry into and operation in MODES 2 and 3 to perform the Surveillance. The Surveillance is still considered to be performed within the "specified Frequency" if completed prior to entering MODE 1.

Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 7 day (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2) interval, but operation was not in MODE 1, it would not constitute a failure of the SR or failure to meet the LCO. Also no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 7 day Frequency not met, provided operation does not result in entry into MODE 1.

Once the unit reaches MODE 1, the requirement for the Surveillance to be performed within its specified Frequency applies and would require that the Surveillance had been performed. If the Surveillance were not performed prior to entering MODE 1, there would then be a failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency, and the provisions of SR 3.0.3 would apply.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-6

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
Not required to be met in MODE 3.	
Verify parameter is within limits.	24 hours

Example 1.4-6 specifies that the requirements of this Surveillance do not have to be met while the unit is in MODE 3 (the assumed Applicability of the associated LCO is MODES 1, 2, and 3). The interval measurement for the Frequency of this Surveillance continues at all times, as described in Example 1.4-1. However, the Note constitutes an "otherwise stated" exception to the Applicability of this Surveillance. Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 24 hour interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), and the unit was in MODE 3, there would be no failure of the SR nor failure to meet the LCO. Therefore, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES to enter MODE 3, even with the 24 hour Frequency exceeded, provided the MODE change does not result in entry into MODE 2. Prior to entering MODE 2 (assuming again that the 24 hour Frequency were not met), SR 3.0.4 would require satisfying the SR.

2.0 SAFETY LIMITS (SLs)

2.1 SLs

2.1.1 Reactor Core SLs

2.1.1.1 With the reactor steam dome pressure < 785 psig or core flow < 10% rated core flow:

THERMAL POWER shall be $\leq 25\%$ RTP.

2.1.1.2 With the reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 785 psig and core flow ≥ 10% rated core flow:

The MCPR shall be ≥ 1.09 for two recirculation loop operation or ≥ 1.10 for single recirculation loop operation.

2.1.1.3 Reactor vessel water level shall be greater than the top of active irradiated fuel.

2.1.2 Reactor Coolant System Pressure SL

Reactor steam dome pressure shall be \leq 1325 psig.

2.2 SL Violations

With any SL violation, the following actions shall be completed within 2 hours:

- 2.2.1 Restore compliance with all SLs; and
- 2.2.2 Insert all insertable control rods.

3.0 LIMITING CO	ONDITION FOR OPERATION (LCO) APPLICABILITY		
LCO 3.0.1	LCOs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability, except as provided in LCO 3.0.2, LCO 3.0.7, and LCO 3.0.8.		
LCO 3.0.2	Upon discovery of a failure to meet an LCO, the Required Actions of the associated Conditions shall be met, except as provided in LCO 3.0.5 and LCO 3.0.6.		
	If the LCO is met or is no longer applicable prior to expiration of the specified Completion Time(s), completion of the Required Action(s) is not required, unless otherwise stated.		
LCO 3.0.3	When an LCO is not met and the associated ACTIONS are not met, an associated ACTION is not provided, or if directed by the associated ACTIONS, the unit shall be placed in a MODE or other specified condition in which the LCO is not applicable. Action shall be initiated within 1 hour to place the unit, as applicable, in:		
	a. MODE 2 within 7 hours;		
	b. MODE 3 within 13 hours; and		
	c. MODE 4 within 37 hours.		
	Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.		
	Where corrective measures are completed that permit operation in accordance with the LCO or ACTIONS, completion of the actions required by LCO 3.0.3 is not required.		
	LCO 3.0.3 is only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3.		
LCO 3.0.4	When an LCO is not met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall only be made:		
	 When the associated ACTIONS to be entered permit continued operation in the MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability for an unlimited period of time; 		
	b. After performance of a risk assessment addressing inoperable systems and components, consideration of the results, determination of the acceptability of entering the MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability, and establishment of risk management actions, if appropriate; exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications, or		

LCO Applicability

LCO 3.0.4 (continued)

c. When an allowance is stated in the individual value, parameter, or other Specification.

This Specification shall not prevent changes in MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with ACTIONS or that are part of a shutdown of the unit.

LCO 3.0.5

Equipment removed from service or declared inoperable to comply with ACTIONS may be returned to service under administrative control solely to perform testing required to demonstrate its OPERABILITY or the OPERABILITY of other equipment. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the system returned to service under administrative control to perform the testing required to demonstrate OPERABILITY.

LCO 3.0.6

When a supported system LCO is not met solely due to a support system LCO not being met, the Conditions and Required Actions associated with this supported system are not required to be entered. Only the support system LCO ACTIONS are required to be entered. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the supported system. In this event, additional evaluations and limitations may be required in accordance with Specification 5.5.11, "Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)." If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered.

When a support system's Required Action directs a supported system to be declared inoperable or directs entry into Conditions and Required Actions for a supported system, the applicable Conditions and Required Actions shall be entered in accordance with LCO 3.0.2.

LCO 3.0.7

Special Operations LCOs in Section 3.10 allow specified Technical Specifications (TS) requirements to be changed to permit performance of special tests and operations. Unless otherwise specified, all other TS requirements remain unchanged. Compliance with Special Operations LCOs is optional. When a Special Operations LCO is desired to be met but is not met, the ACTIONS of the Special Operations LCO shall be met. When a Special Operations LCO is not desired to be met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall only be made in accordance with the other applicable Specifications.

LCO Applicability

LCO 3.0.8

When one or more required snubbers are unable to perform their associated support function(s), any affected supported LCO(s) are not required to be declared not met solely for this reason if risk is assessed and managed, and:

- a. The snubbers not able to perform their associated support function(s) are associated with only one train or subsystem of a multiple train or subsystem supported system or are associated with a single train or subsystem supported system and are able to perform their associated support function within 72 hours; or
- b. The snubbers not able to perform their associated support function(s) are associated with more than one train or subsystem of a multiple train or subsystem supported system and are able to perform their associated support function within 12 hours.

At the end of the specified period the required snubbers must be able to perform their associated support function(s), or the affected supported system LCO(s) shall be declared not met.

3.0 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT (SR) APPLICABILITY

SR 3.0.1

SRs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability for individual LCOs, unless otherwise stated in the SR. Failure to meet a Surveillance, whether such failure is experienced during the performance of the Surveillance or between performances of the Surveillance, shall be failure to meet the LCO. Failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency shall be failure to meet the LCO except as provided in SR 3.0.3. Surveillances do not have to be performed on inoperable equipment or variables outside specified limits.

SR 3.0.2

The specified Frequency for each SR is met if the Surveillance is performed within 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency, as measured from the previous performance or as measured from the time a specified condition of the Frequency is met.

For Frequencies specified as "once," the above interval extension does not apply.

If a Completion Time requires periodic performance on a "once per . . ." basis, the above Frequency extension applies to each performance after the initial performance.

Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

SR 3.0.3

If it is discovered that a Surveillance was not performed within its specified Frequency, then compliance with the requirement to declare the LCO not met may be delayed, from the time of discovery, up to 24 hours or up to the limit of the specified Frequency, whichever is greater. This delay period is permitted to allow performance of the Surveillance. A risk evaluation shall be performed for any Surveillance delayed greater than 24 hours and the risk impact shall be managed.

If the Surveillance is not performed within the delay period, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered.

When the Surveillance is performed within the delay period and the Surveillance is not met, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered.

SR 3.0.4

Entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of an LCO shall only be made when the LCO's Surveillances have been met within their specified Frequency, except as provided by SR 3.0.3. When an LCO is not met due to Surveillances not having been met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall only be made in accordance with LCO 3.0.4.

SR Applicability

SR 3.0.4 (continued)

This provision shall not prevent entry into MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with ACTIONS or that are part of a shutdown of the unit.

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

LCO 3.1.1 SDM shall be:

- a. $\geq 0.38\%$ $\Delta k/k$, with the highest worth control rod analytically determined; or
- b. $\geq 0.28\% \Delta k/k$, with the highest worth control rod determined by test.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A. SDM not within limits in MODE 1 or 2.	A.1	Restore SDM to within limits.	6 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
C. SDM not within limits in MODE 3.	C.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.	Immediately
D. SDM not within limits in MODE 4.	D.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.	Immediately
	AND		
	D.2	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. (continued)	D.3	Initiate action to restore one standby gas treatment (SGT) subsystem to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		
	D.4	Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	1 hour
E. SDM not within limits in MODE 5.	E.1	Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS except for control rod insertion and fuel assembly removal.	Immediately
	AND		
	E.2	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	AND		
	E.3	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		
	E.4	Initiate action to restore one SGT subsystem to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. (continued)	E.5 Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	1 hour

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.1.1	 Verify SDM is: a. ≥ 0.38% Δk/k with the highest worth control roo analytically determined; or b. ≥ 0.28% Δk/k with the highest worth control roo determined by test. 	fuel loading sequence
		4 hours after criticality following fuel movement within the reactor pressure vessel or control rod replacement

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.2 Reactivity Anomalies

LCO 3.1.2

The reactivity difference between the monitored core k_{eff} and the

predicted core k_{eff} shall be within \pm 1% $\Delta k/k$.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Core reactivity difference not within limit.	A.1 Restore core reactivity difference to within limit.	72 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	REQUIREMENTS	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.2.1	Verify core reactivity difference between the monitored core k_{eff} and the predicted core k_{eff} is within \pm 1% $\Delta k/k$.	Once within 24 hours after reaching equilibrium conditions following startup after fuel movement within the reactor pressure vessel or control rod replacement AND 1000 MWD/T thereafter during operations in MODE 1

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.3 Control Rod OPERABILITY

LCO 3.1.3 Each control rod shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each control rod.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One withdrawn control rod stuck.	Rod Worth Minimizer (RWM) may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block Instrumentation," if required, to allow continued operation.	
	A.1 Verify stuck control rod separation criteria are met.	Immediately
	AND	
	A.2 Disarm the associated control rod drive (CRD).	2 hours
	AND	

ACTIONS			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.3	Perform SR 3.1.3.2 for each withdrawn OPERABLE control rod.	24 hours from discovery of Condition A concurrent with THERMAL POWER greater than the low power setpoint (LPSP) of the RWM
	AND		
	A.4	Perform SR 3.1.1.1.	72 hours
B. Two or more withdrawn control rods stuck.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
C. One or more control rods inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B.	C.1	RWM may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1, if required, to allow insertion of inoperable control rod and continued operation.	
		Fully insert inoperable control rod.	3 hours
	AND		
	C.2	Disarm the associated CRD.	4 hours

ACI	IONS	,		γ
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	NOTE Not applicable when THERMAL POWER > 10% RTP.	D.1 <u>OR</u>	Restore compliance with BPWS.	4 hours
	Two or more inoperable control rods not in compliance with banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS) and not separated by two or more OPERABLE control rods.	D.2	Restore control rod to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
Ε.	Not applicable when THERMAL POWER > 10% RTP. One or more groups with four or more inoperable	E.1	Restore the control rod to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
	control rods.			
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, C, D, or E not met.	F.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	<u>OR</u>	ANALYSIS STATEMENT OF THE STATEMENT OF T		
	Nine or more control rods inoperable.			

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.3.1	Determine the position of each control rod.	24 hours
SR 3.1.3.2	Not required to be performed until 31 days after the control rod is withdrawn and THERMAL POWER is greater than the LPSP of the RWM.	
	Insert each partially withdrawn control rod at least one notch.	31 days
SR 3.1.3.3	Verify each control rod scram time from fully withdrawn to notch position 5 is ≤ 7 seconds.	In accordance with SR 3.1.4.1, SR 3.1.4.2, SR 3.1.4.3, and SR 3.1.4.4
SR 3.1.3.4	Verify each control rod does not go to the withdrawn overtravel position.	Each time the control rod is withdrawn to "full out" position AND Prior to declaring control rod OPERABLE after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect coupling

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.4 Control Rod Scram Times

LCO 3.1.4

- a. No more than 13 OPERABLE control rods shall be "slow," in accordance with Table 3.1.4-1, and
- b. No more than 2 OPERABLE control rods that are "slow" shall occupy adjacent locations.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS -----NOTE------

During single control rod scram time Surveillances, the control rod drive (CRD) pumps shall be isolated from the associated scram accumulator.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.4.1	Verify each control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 800 psig.	Prior to exceeding 40% RTP after each reactor shutdown ≥ 120 days
SR 3.1.4.2	Verify, for a representative sample, each tested control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 800 psig.	200 days cumulative operation in MODE 1
SR 3.1.4.3	Verify each affected control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with any reactor steam dome pressure.	Prior to declaring control rod OPERABLE after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect scram time
SR 3.1.4.4	Verify each affected control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 800 psig.	Prior to exceeding 40% RTP after fuel movement within the affected core cell
		AND
		Prior to exceeding 40% RTP after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect scram time

Table 3.1.4-1 (page 1 of 1) Control Rod Scram Times

	NOTES
1.	OPERABLE control rods with scram times not within the limits of this Table are considered
	"slow."

2. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.1.3, "Control Rod OPERABILITY," for control rods with scram times > 7 seconds to notch position 5. These control rods are inoperable, in accordance with SR 3.1.3.3, and are not considered "slow."

NOTCH POSITION	SCRAM TIMES ^{(a)(b)} (seconds) WHEN REACTOR STEAM DOME PRESSURE ≥ 800 psig
45	0.528
39	0.866
25	1.917
5	3.437

- (a) Maximum scram time from fully withdrawn position, based on de-energization of scram pilot valve solenoids at time zero.
- (b) Scram times as a function of reactor steam dome pressure, when < 800 psig, are within established limits.

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.5 Control Rod Scram Accumulators

LCO 3.1.5 Each control rod scram accumulator shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS	
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each control rod scram accumulator.	

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One control rod scram accumulator inoperable with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 900 psig.	A.1NOTE Only applicable if the associated control rod scram time was within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 during the last scram time Surveillance. Declare the associated control rod scram time "slow."	8 hours
	OR	
	A.2 Declare the associated control rod inoperable.	8 hours
	control for inoperable.	

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B.	Two or more control rod scram accumulators inoperable with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 900 psig.	B.1	Restore charging water header pressure to ≥ 940 psig.	20 minutes from discovery of Condition B concurrent with charging water header pressure < 940 psig
		AND		
		B.2.1	Only applicable if the associated control rod scram time was within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 during the last scram time Surveillance.	
			Declare the associated control rod scram time "slow."	1 hour
			OR	
		B.2.2	Declare the associated control rod inoperable.	1 hour

ACTION

	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.1	Verify the associated control rod is fully inserted.	Immediately upon discovery of charging water header pressure < 940 psig
C.2	Declare the associated control rod inoperable.	1 hour
D.1	Not applicable if all inoperable control rod scram accumulators are associated with fully inserted control rods. Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown	Immediately
	AND C.2	C.1 Verify the associated control rod is fully inserted. AND C.2 Declare the associated control rod inoperable. D.1NOTENot applicable if all inoperable control rod scram accumulators are associated with fully inserted control rods. Place the reactor mode

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.5.1	Verify each control rod scram accumulator pressure is ≥ 940 psig.	7 days

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.6 Rod Pattern Control

LCO 3.1.6

OPERABLE control rods shall comply with the requirements of the

banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS).

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2 with THERMAL POWER ≤ 10% RTP.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more OPERABLE control rods not in compliance with BPWS.	A.1	Rod Worth Minimizer (RWM) may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block Instrumentation." Move associated control rod(s) to correct position.	8 hours
	OB	rod(s) to correct position.	
	<u>OR</u>		
	A.2	Declare associated control rod(s) inoperable.	8 hours
B. Nine or more OPERABLE control rods not in compliance with BPWS.	B.1	RWM may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1. Suspend withdrawal of central rods	Immediately
		control rods.	
	AND		

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B (continued)	B.2 Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.1.6.1	Verify all OPERABLE control rods comply with BPWS.	24 hours

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.7 Standby Liquid Control (SLC) System

LCO 3.1.7

Two SLC subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

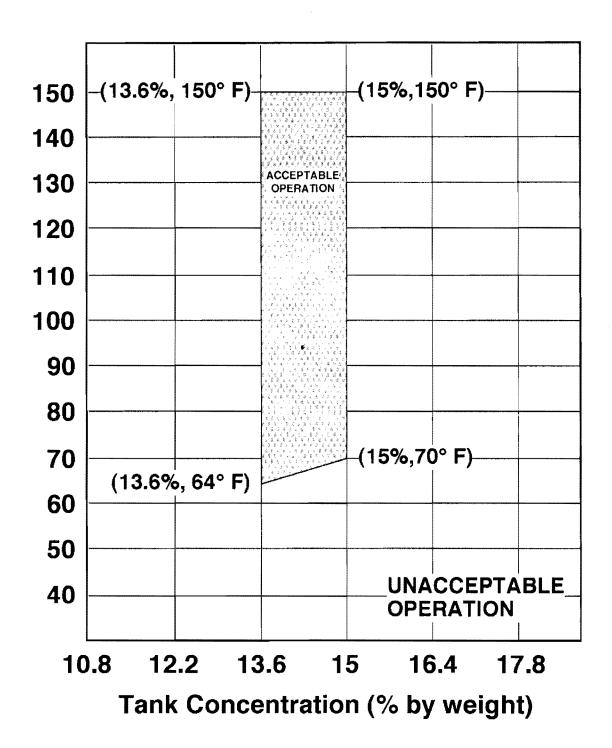
ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One SLC subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Restore SLC subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two SLC subsystems inoperable.	B.1	Restore one SLC subsystem to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	C.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.7.1	Verify available volume of sodium pentaborate solution is ≥ 4587 gallons.	24 hours
SR 3.1.7.2	Verify temperature of sodium pentaborate solution is within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-1.	24 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.7.3	Verify continuity of explosive charge.	31 days
SR 3.1.7.4	Verify the concentration of boron in solution is within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-1.	31 days AND Once within 24 hours after water or boron is added to solution AND Once within 24 hours after solution temperature is restored within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-1
SR 3.1.7.5	Verify each SLC subsystem manual and power operated valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position or can be aligned to the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.1.7.6	Verify each pump develops a flow rate ≥ 41.2 gpm at a discharge pressure ≥ 1220 psig.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.1.7.7	Verify flow through one SLC subsystem from pump into reactor pressure vessel.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.7.8	Verify all heat traced piping between storage tank and pump suction valve is unblocked.	24 months AND Once within 24 hours after solution temperature is restored within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-1
SR 3.1.7.9	Verify sodium pentaborate enrichment is ≥ 44.0 atom percent B-10.	Prior to addition to SLC Tank



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Figure 3.1.7-1 (page 1 of 1)
Sodium Pentaborate Solution Temperature/Concentration Requirements

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.8 Scram Discharge Volume (SDV) Vent and Drain Valves

LCO 3.1.8 Each SDV vent and drain valve shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

1. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each SDV vent and drain line.

2. An isolated line may be unisolated under administrative control to allow draining and venting of the SDV.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more SDV vent or drain lines with one valve inoperable.	A.1 Isolate the associated line.	7 days
B. One or more SDV vent or drain lines with both valves inoperable.	B.1 Isolate the associated line.	8 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.8.1	Not required to be met on vent and drain valves closed during performance of SR 3.1.8.2.	
	Verify each SDV vent and drain valve is open.	31 days
SR 3.1.8.2	Cycle each SDV vent and drain valve to the fully closed and fully open position.	92 days
SR 3.1.8.3	 Verify each SDV vent and drain valve: a. Closes in ≤ 30 seconds after receipt of an actual or simulated scram signal; and b. Opens when the actual or simulated scram signal is reset. 	24 months

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.1 AVERAGE PLANAR LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (APLHGR)

LCO 3.2.1 All APLHGRs shall be less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Any APLHGR not within limits.	A.1 Restore APLHGR(s) to within limits.	2 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.1.1	Verify all APLHGRs are less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP AND 24 hours thereafter

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.2 MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)

LCO 3.2.2

All MCPRs shall be greater than or equal to the MCPR operating limits

specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY:

THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Any MCPR not within limits.	A.1 Restore MCPR(s) to within limits.	2 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.2.1	Verify all MCPRs are greater than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP
		AND
		24 hours thereafter

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.2.2	Determine the MCPR limits.	Once within 72 hours after each completion of SR 3.1.4.1
		Once within 72 hours after each completion of SR 3.1.4.2
		AND
		Once within 72 hours after each completion of SR 3.1.4.4

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (LHGR) 3.2.3

LCO 3.2.3

All LHGRs shall be less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Any LHGR not within limits.	A.1 Restore LHGR(s) to within limits.	2 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.3.1	Verify all LHGRs are less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP AND 24 hours thereafter

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.4 Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) Gain and Setpoint

LCO 3.2.4

- a. MFLPD shall be less than or equal to Fraction of RTP (FRTP); or
- b. Each required APRM Flow Biased Simulated Thermal Power High Function Allowable Value shall be modified by greater than or equal to the ratio of FRTP and the MFLPD; or
- c. Each required APRM gain shall be adjusted such that the APRM readings are ≥ 100% times MFLPD.

APPLICABILITY:

THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

	,	
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1 Satisfy the requirements of the LCO.	6 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.4.1	Not required to be met if SR 3.2.4.2 is satisfied for LCO 3.2.4.b or LCO 3.2.4.c requirements.	
	Verify MFLPD is within limits.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP AND 24 hours thereafter
SR 3.2.4.2	NOTE	12 hours

3.3.1.1 Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.1.1 The RPS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.1.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:	According to Table 3.3.1.1-1.
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ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1 Place channel in trip. OR	12 hours
	A.2 Place associated trip system in trip.	12 hours
B. One or more Functions with one or more required channels inoperable in both trip systems.	B.1 Place channel in one trip system in trip. OR	6 hours
	B.2 Place one trip system in trip.	6 hours
C. One or more Functions with RPS trip capability not maintained.	C.1 Restore RPS trip capability.	1 hour
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met.	D.1 Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately

ACTIONS

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CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
E.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	E.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 30% RTP.	4 hours	
F.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	F.1	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours	
G.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	G.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours	
H.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	H.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTES-----

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.1.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each RPS Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains RPS trip capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.1.2	NOTENOTE	
	Verify the absolute difference between the average power range monitor (APRM) channels and the calculated power ≤ 2% RTP plus any gain adjustment required by LCO 3.2.4, "Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) Gain and Setpoint," while operating at ≥ 25% RTP.	7 days
SR 3.3.1.1.3	Not required to be performed when entering MODE 2 from MODE 1 until 12 hours after entering MODE 2.	
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	7 days
SR 3.3.1.1.4	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	7 days
SR 3.3.1.1.5	Verify the source range monitor (SRM) and intermediate range monitor (IRM) channels overlap.	Prior to withdrawing SRMs from the fully inserted position
SR 3.3.1.1.6	Only required to be met during entry into MODE 2 from MODE 1.	
	Verify the IRM and APRM channels overlap.	7 days
SR 3.3.1.1.7	Calibrate the local power range monitors.	1130 MWD/T average core exposure

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.3.1.1.8	92 days	
SR 3.3.1.1.9	NOTES 1. Neutron detectors are excluded.	
	For Function 2.a, not required to be performed when entering MODE 2 from MODE 1 until 12 hours after entering MODE 2	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	184 days
SR 3.3.1.1.10	Neutron detectors are excluded. For Function 1, not required to be performed when entering MODE 2 from MODE 1 until 12 hours after entering MODE 2. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months for
		Functions 1 through 4, 6, 7, and 9 through 11 AND 24 months for Functions 5 and 8
SR 3.3.1.1.11	Verify the APRM Flow Biased Simulated Thermal Power - High Function time constant is ≤ 7 seconds.	18 months
SR 3.3.1.1.12	Verify Turbine Throttle Valve - Closure, and Turbine Governor Valve Fast Closure Trip Oil Pressure - Low Functions are not bypassed when THERMAL POWER is ≥ 30% RTP.	18 months
SR 3.3.1.1.13	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS					
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY			
SR 3.3.1.1.14	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months			
SR 3.3.1.1.15	 Neutron detectors are excluded. Channel sensors for Functions 3 and 4 are excluded. For Function 5, "n" equals 4 channels for the purpose of determining the STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency. 				
	Verify the RPS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS			

Table 3.3.1.1-1 (page 1 of 3)
Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.		rmediate Range nitors					
	a.	Neutron Flux - High	2	3	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.5 SR 3.3.1.1.6 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 122/125 divisions of full scale
			5 ^(a)	3	н	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 122/125 divisions of full scale
	b.	Inop	2	3	G	SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA
			5 ^(a)	3	н	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA
2.		erage Power Range nitors					
	a.	Neutron Flux - High, Setdown	2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.6 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 20% RTP
	b.	Flow Biased Simulated Thermal Power - High	1	2	F	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.2 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.11 SR 3.3.1.1.11	≤ 0.58 W + 62% RTP and ≤ 114.9% RTP
	C.	Fixed Neutron Flux - High	1	2	F	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.2 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 120% RTP
	d.	Inop	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA

⁽a) With any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

Table 3.3.1.1-1 (page 2 of 3)
Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
3.	Reactor Vessel Steam Dome Pressure - High	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 1079 psig
4.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low, Level 3	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≥ 9.5 inches
5.	Main Steam Isolation Valve - Closure	1	8	F	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 12.5% closed
6.	Primary Containment Pressure - High	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 1.88 psig
7.	Scram Discharge Volume Water Level - High					
	a. Transmitter/Trip Unit	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 529 ft 9 inches elevation
		5 ^(a)	2	н	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 529 ft 9 inches elevation
	b. Float Switch	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 529 ft 9 inches elevation
		5 ^(a)	2	н	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.14	≤ 529 ft 9 inches elevation
8.	Turbine Throttle Valve - Closure	≥ 30% RTP	4	E	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 7% closed

⁽a) With any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

Table 3.3.1.1-1 (page 3 of 3)
Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
9.	Turbine Governor Valve Fast Closure, Trip Oil Pressure - Low	≥ 30% RTP	_. 2	E	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≥ 1000 psig
10.	Reactor Mode Switch - Shutdown Position	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA
		5 ^(a)	2	н	SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA
11.	Manual Scram	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA
		5 ^(a)	2	Н	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.14	NA

⁽a) With any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

3.3.1.2 Source Range Monitor (SRM) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.1.2

The SRM instrumentation in Table 3.3.1.2-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

According to Table 3.3.1.2-1.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required SRMs inoperable in MODE 2 with intermediate range monitors (IRMs) on Range 2 or below.	A.1	Restore required SRMs to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
B. Three required SRMs inoperable in MODE 2 with IRMs on Range 2 or below.	B.1	Suspend control rod withdrawal.	Immediately
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
D. One or more required SRMs inoperable in MODE 3 or 4.	D.1	Fully insert all insertable control rods.	1 hour
	D.2	Place reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour

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CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
E. One or more required SRMs inoperable in MODE 5.	E.1	Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS except for control rod insertion.	Immediately
	AND		
	E.2	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately

-----NOTE------

Refer to Table 3.3.1.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each applicable MODE or other specified conditions.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

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	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.2.2	Only required to be met during CORE ALTERATIONS. One SRM may be used to satisfy more than one of the following.	
	 Verify an OPERABLE SRM detector is located in: a. The fueled region; b. The core quadrant where CORE ALTERATIONS are being performed when the associated SRM is included in the fueled region; and c. A core quadrant adjacent to where CORE ALTERATIONS are being performed, when the associated SRM is included in the fueled region. 	12 hours
SR 3.3.1.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	24 hours
SR 3.3.1.2.4	Not required to be met with less than or equal to four fuel assemblies adjacent to the SRM and no other fuel assemblies in the associated core quadrant. Verify count rate is: a. ≥ 3.0 cps with a signal to noise ratio ≥ 2:1 or b. ≥ 0.7 cps with a signal to noise ratio ≥ 20:1.	12 hours during CORE ALTERATIONS AND 24 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.2.5	The determination of signal to noise ratio is not required to be met with less than or equal to four fuel assemblies adjacent to the SRM and no other fuel assemblies in the associated core quadrant.	
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST and determination of signal to noise ratio.	7 days
SR 3.3.1.2.6	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after IRMs on Range 2 or below.	
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST and determination of signal to noise ratio.	31 days
SR 3.3.1.2.7	1. Neutron detectors are excluded.	
	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after IRMs on Range 2 or below	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months

Table 3.3.1.2-1 (page 1 of 1)
Source Range Monitor Instrumentation

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS
Source Range Monitor	2 ^(a)	3	SR 3.3.1.2.1 SR 3.3.1.2.4 SR 3.3.1.2.6 SR 3.3.1.2.7
	3, 4	2	SR 3.3.1.2.3 SR 3.3.1.2.4 SR 3.3.1.2.6 SR 3.3.1.2.7
		2(b), (c)	SR 3.3.1.2.1 SR 3.3.1.2.2 SR 3.3.1.2.4 SR 3.3.1.2.5 SR 3.3.1.2.7

⁽a) With IRMs on Range 2 or below.

⁽b) Only one SRM channel is required to be OPERABLE during spiral offload or reload when the fueled region includes only that SRM detector.

⁽c) Special movable detectors may be used in place of SRMs if connected to normal SRM circuits.

3.3.1.3 Oscillation Power Range Monitor (OPRM) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.1.3

Four channels of the OPRM instrumentation shall be OPERABLE within the limits as specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY:

THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	30 days
·	<u>OR</u>		
	A.2	Place associated RPS trip system in trip.	30 days
	<u>OR</u>		
	A.3	Initiate alternate method to detect and suppress thermal hydraulic instability oscillations.	30 days
OPRM trip capability not maintained.	B.1	Initiate alternate method to detect and suppress thermal hydraulic instability oscillations.	12 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER < 25% RTP.	4 hours

-----NOTE-----

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours, provided the OPRM System maintains trip capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.3.1	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	184 days
SR 3.3.1.3.2	Calibrate the local power range monitors.	1130 MWD/T average core exposure
SR 3.3.1.3.3	Neutron detectors are excluded.	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR 3.3.1.3.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months
SR 3.3.1.3.5	Verify OPRM is not bypassed when THERMAL POWER is ≥ 30% RTP and core flow ≤ 60% rated core flow.	24 months
SR 3.3.1.3.6	Neutron detectors are excluded.	
	Verify the RPS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3.2.1 Control Rod Block Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.2.1 The control rod block instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.2.1-1

shall be OPERABLE.

According to Table 3.3.2.1-1. APPLICABILITY:

ACTIONS

7.01.01.0			
CONDITION	REQUI	RED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One rod block monitor (RBM) channel inoperable.		e RBM channel to ABLE status.	24 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 Place of trip.	one RBM channel in	1 hour
<u>OR</u>			
Two RBM channels inoperable.			
C. Rod worth minimizer (RWM) inoperable during reactor startup.		nd control rod nent except by	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>		
	C.2.1.1 Verify	≥ 12 rods withdrawn.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>		
			I

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
C. (continued)	C.2.1.2 Verify by administrative methods that startup with RWM inoperable has not been performed in the last calendar year.	Immediately	
	<u>AND</u>		
	C.2.2 Verify movement of control rods is in compliance with banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS) by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.	During control rod movement	
D. RWM inoperable during reactor shutdown.	D.1 Verify movement of control rods is in compliance with BPWS by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.	During control rod movement	
E. One or more Reactor Mode Switch - Shutdown Position channels inoperable.	E.1 Suspend control rod withdrawal. AND	Immediately	
	E.2 Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately	

1 Pofor to Table 3 3 3 1 1 to determine which SPs apply for each Central Ped Block

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.2.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Control Rod Block Function.
- When an RBM channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains control rod block capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.2.1.1	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.2.1.2NOTENOTE Not required to be performed until 1 hour after any control rod is withdrawn at ≤ 10% RTP in MODE 2.		
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.2.1.3	NOTENOTENOTE	
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.2.1.4	Neutron detectors are excluded.	
	Verify the RBM is not bypassed: a. When THERMAL POWER is ≥ 30% RTP; and b. When a peripheral control rod is not selected.	92 days

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.2.1.5	NOTENoteNote	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days
SR 3.3.2.1.6	Verify the RWM is not bypassed when THERMAL POWER is ≤ 10% RTP.	24 months
SR 3.3.2.1.7	Not required to be performed until 1 hour after reactor mode switch is in the shutdown position.	
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months
SR 3.3.2.1.8	Verify control rod sequences input to the RWM are in conformance with BPWS.	Prior to declaring RWM OPERABLE following loading of sequence into RWM

Table 3.3.2.1-1 (page 1 of 1) Control Rod Block Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Rod Block Monitor				,
	a. Upscale	(a)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.1 SR 3.3.2.1.4 SR 3.3.2.1.5	≤ 0.58W + 51 % RTP
	b. Inop	(a)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.1 SR 3.3.2.1.4	NA
	c. Downscale	(a)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.1 SR 3.3.2.1.4 SR 3.3.2.1.5	≥ 3% RTP
2,	Rod Worth Minimizer	1 ^(b) , 2 ^(b)	1	SR 3.3.2.1.2 SR 3.3.2.1.3 SR 3.3.2.1.6 SR 3.3.2.1.8	NA
3.	Reactor Mode Switch - Shutdown Position	(c)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.7	NA

⁽a) THERMAL POWER ≥ 30% RTP and no peripheral control rod selected.

⁽b) With THERMAL POWER ≤ 10% RTP.

⁽c) Reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.

3.3.2.2 Feedwater and Main Turbine High Water Level Trip Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.2.2

Three channels of feedwater and main turbine high water level trip

instrumentation shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:	THERMAL	POWER ≥	25% RTP.
----------------	---------	---------	----------

ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One feedwater and main turbine high water level trip channel inoperable.	A.1 Place channel in trip.	7 days
B. Two or more feedwater and main turbine high water level trip channels inoperable.	B.1 Restore feedwater and main turbine high water level trip capability.	2 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

١	O	T	E	

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided feedwater and main turbine high water level trip capability is maintained.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.2.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	24 hours
SR 3.3.2.2.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.2.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Value shall be ≤ 56.0 inches.	24 months
SR 3.3.2.2.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST, including valve actuation.	24 months

3.3.3.1 Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.3.1 The PAM instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.3.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS	
NOTE	
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.	

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more Functions with one required channel inoperable.	A.1 Restore required channel to OPERABLE status.	30 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.4.	Immediately
C. One or more Functions with two or more required channels inoperable.	C.1 Restore all but one required channel to OPERABLE status.	7 days
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1 Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.3.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.3.1-1.	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
F. As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.3.1-1.	F.1	Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.4.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTES------NOTES------

- 1. These SRs apply to each Function in Table 3.3.3.1-1.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the other required channel(s) in the associated Function is OPERABLE.

SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY

SR 3.3.3.1.1 Perform CHANNEL CHECK. 31 days

SR 3.3.3.1.2 Deleted

SR 3.3.3.1.3 Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for Functions 1, 2, 4, 5, and 10.

SR 3.3.3.1.4 Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for Functions 3, 6, and 7.

Table 3.3.3.1-1 (page 1 of 1) Post Accident Monitoring Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1
1.	Reactor Vessel Pressure	2	E
2.	Reactor Vessel Water Level		
	a150 inches to +60 inches	2	Е
	b310 inches to -110 inches	2	E
3.	Suppression Pool Water Level		
	a25 inches to +25 inches	2	E
	b. 2 ft to 52 ft	2	E
4.	Suppression Chamber Pressure	2	Е
5.	Drywell Pressure		
	a5 psig to +3 psig	2	Е
	b. 0 psig to 25 psig	2	E
	c. 0 psig to 180 psig	2	E
6.	Primary Containment Area Radiation	2	F
7.	Penetration Flow Path PCIV Position	2 per penetration flow path ^{(a) (b)}	Е
8.	Deleted		
9.	Deleted		
10.	ECCS Pump Room Flood Level	5	E

⁽a) Not required for isolation valves whose associated penetration flow path is isolated by at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.

⁽b) Only one position indication channel is required for penetration flow paths with only one installed control room indication channel.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION						
3.3.3.2	3.3.3.2 Remote Shutdown System					
LCO 3.0	LCO 3.3.3.2 The Remote Shutdown System Functions shall be OPERABLE.					
APPLIC	ABILITY: MOD	ES 1 and 2	2.			
ACTION			NOTE			
Separate	e Condition entry is		NOTEr each Function.			
		20				
	CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION COMPLETION TIME					
A. One or more required Functions inoperable.		A.1	Restore required Function to OPERABLE status.	30 days		
ass	B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. B.1 Be in MODE 3. 12 hours					
SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTSNOTE						

SR 3.3.3.2.1

Perform CHANNEL CHECK for each required instrumentation channel that is normally energized.

SURVEILLANCE

FREQUENCY

31 days

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.3.2.2	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for each required instrumentation channel, except the suppression pool water level instrumentation channel.	18 months
SR 3.3.3.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for the suppression pool water level instrumentation channel.	24 months
SR 3.3.3.2.4	Verify each required control circuit and transfer switch is capable of performing the intended functions.	24 months

3.3.4.1 End of Cycle Recirculation Pump Trip (EOC-RPT) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.4.1

- a. Two channels per trip system for each EOC-RPT instrumentation Function listed below shall be OPERABLE:
 - 1. Turbine Throttle Valve (TTV) Closure; and
 - 2. Turbine Governor Valve (TGV) Fast Closure, Trip Oil Pressure Low.

<u>OR</u>

b. LCO 3.2.2, "MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)," limits for inoperable EOC-RPT as specified in the COLR are made applicable.

AP	PΙ	10	$\Delta \mathbf{R}$	ш	IT	\mathbf{v}
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THERMAL POWER ≥ 30% RTP.

ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	<u>OR</u>		
	A.2	Not applicable if inoperable channel is the result of an inoperable breaker.	
		Place channel in trip.	72 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. One or more Functions with EOC-RPT trip capability not maintained.	B.1 <u>OR</u>	Restore EOC-RPT trip capability.	2 hours
AND MCPR limit for inoperable EOC-RPT not made applicable.	B.2	Apply the MCPR limit for inoperable EOC-RPT as specified in the COLR.	2 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Remove the associated recirculation pump from service.	4 hours
	<u>OR</u>		
	C.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 30% RTP.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTE-----NOTE------

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains EOC-RPT trip capability.

SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY

SR 3.3.4.1.1 Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. 92 days

SURVEILLANCE	NEQUITEMENTS.	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.4.1.2.a	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Value shall be:	24 months
	TTV - Closure: ≤ 7% closed.	
SR 3.3.4.1.2.b	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Value shall be:	18 months
	TGV Fast Closure, Trip Oil Pressure - Low: ≥ 1000 psig.	
SR 3.3.4.1.3	Verify TTV – Closure and TGV Fast Closure, Trip Oil Pressure – Low Functions are not bypassed when THERMAL POWER is ≥ 30% RTP.	18 months
SR 3.3.4.1.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST, including breaker actuation.	24 months
SR 3.3.4.1.5	Breaker arc suppression time may be assumed from the most recent performance of SR 3.3.4.1.6.	
	Verify the EOC-RPT SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
SR 3.3.4.1.6	Determine RPT breaker arc suppression time.	60 months

3.3.4.2 Anticipated Transient Without Scram Recirculation Pump Trip (ATWS-RPT) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.4.2

Two channels per trip system for each ATWS-RPT instrumentation Function listed below shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Reactor Vessel Water Level Low Low, Level 2; and
- b. Reactor Vessel Steam Dome Pressure High.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1.

AC'	TIC	NC	IS
			_

NC)TE
Senarate Condition entry is allowed for each cha	annel

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more channels inoperable.	A.1 <u>OR</u>	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	7 days
	A.2	Not applicable if inoperable channel is the result of an inoperable breaker.	
		Place channel in trip.	7 days
B. One Function with ATWS-RPT trip capability not maintained.	B.1	Restore ATWS-RPT trip capability.	72 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. Both Functions with ATWS-RPT trip capability not maintained.	C.1	Restore ATWS-RPT trip capability for one Function.	1 hour
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Remove the associated recirculation pump from service.	6 hours
	<u>OR</u>		
	D.2	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTE-----

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains ATWS-RPT trip capability.

SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY SR 3.3.4.2.1 Perform CHANNEL CHECK for Reactor Vessel 12 hours Water Level - Low Low, Level 2 Function. SR 3.3.4.2.2 Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. 92 days SR 3.3.4.2.3 Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable 18 months Values shall be: a. Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2: ≥ -58 inches; and b. Reactor Vessel Steam Dome Pressure - High: \leq 1143 psig.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.4.2.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST, including breaker actuation.	24 months

3.3.5.1 Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.5.1 The ECCS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.5.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.5.1-1.

ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
A. One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately	
B. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	B.1	1. Only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3. 2. Only applicable for Functions 1.a, 1.b, 2.a, and 2.b. Declare supported feature(s) inoperable when its redundant feature ECCS initiation capability is inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for feature(s) in both divisions	

ACTIONS			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.2	 Only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3. Only applicable for Functions 3.a and 3.b. 	
		Declare High Pressure Core Spray (HPCS) System inoperable.	hour from discovery of loss of HPCS initiation capability
	AND		
	B.3	Place channel in trip.	24 hours
C. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	C.1	 Only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3. Only applicable for Functions 1.c, 1.d, 1.e, 1.f, 2.c, 2.d, 2.e, and 2.f. Declare supported feature(s) inoperable when its redundant feature ECCS initiation capability is 	1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for feature(s) in both
	VVID	inoperable.	divisions
	AND		
	C.2	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	24 hours

ACTION	S			
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Act refe	required by Required ion A.1 and erenced in ble 3.3.5.1-1.	D.1	Only applicable if HPCS pump suction is not aligned to the suppression pool.	
			Declare HPCS System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of HPCS initiation capability
		AND		
		D.2.1	Place channel in trip.	24 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		D.2.2	Align the HPCS pump suction to the suppression pool.	24 hours
Act refe	required by Required ion A.1 and erenced in ble 3.3.5.1-1.	E.1	 Only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3. Only applicable for Functions 1.g, 1.h, and 2.g. 	
			Declare supported feature(s) inoperable when its redundant feature ECCS initiation capability is inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for feature(s) in both divisions
		AND		
		E.2	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	7 days

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	F.1	Declare Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) valves inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of ADS initiation capability in both trip systems
	AND		
	F.2	Place channel in trip.	96 hours from discovery of inoperable channel concurrent with HPCS or reactor core isolation cooling (RCIC) inoperable
			AND
			8 days
G. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	G.1	Only applicable for Functions 4.b, 4.d, 4.e, 5.b, and 5.d.	
	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Declare ADS valves inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of ADS initiation capability in both trip systems
	AND		
	G.2	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	96 hours from discovery of inoperable channel concurrent with HPCS or RCIC inoperable
			AND
			8 days

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
H. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B, C, D, E, F, or G not met.	H.1 Declare associated supported feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTES------

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.5.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each ECCS Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed as follows: (a) for up to 6 hours for Functions 3.c, 3.f, and 3.g, and (b) for up to 6 hours for Functions other than 3.c, 3.f, and 3.g provided the associated Function or the redundant Function maintains ECCS initiation capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.5.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.5.1.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.5.1.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days
SR 3.3.5.1.4	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months
SR 3.3.5.1.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR 3.3.5.1.6	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 1 of 5)
Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Inje Lov Spi	v Pressure Coolant ection-A (LPCI) and v Pressure Core ray (LPCS) osystems					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low, Level 1	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	2 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ -142.3 inches
	b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 1.88 psig
	C.	LPCS Pump Start - LOCA Time Delay Relay	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 ^(e)	С	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 8.53 seconds and ≤ 10.64 seconds
	d.	LPCI Pump A Start - LOCA Time Delay Relay	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 ^(e)	С	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 17.24 seconds and ≤ 21.53 seconds
	e.	LPCI Pump A Start - LOCA/LOOP Time Delay Relay	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1	С	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 3.04 seconds and ≤ 6.00 seconds
	f.	Reactor Vessel Pressure - Low (Injection	1, 2, 3	1 per valve	С	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 448 psig and ≤ 492 psig
		Permissive)	4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 per valve	В	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 448 psig and ≤ 492 psig

⁽a) When associated subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE.

⁽b) Also required to initiate the associated diesel generator (DG).

⁽e) Also supports OPERABILITY of 230 kV offsite power circuit pursuant to LCO 3.8.1 and LCO 3.8.2.

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 2 of 5)
Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.		CI and LPCS bsystems					
	g.	LPCS Pump Discharge Flow - Low (Minimum Flow)	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1	E	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 668 gpm and ≤ 1067 gpm
	h.	LPCI Pump A Discharge Flow - Low (Minimum Flow)	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1	E	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 605 gpm and ≤ 984 gpm
	i.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	2	С	SR 3.3.5.1.6	NA
2.		CIB and LPCIC bsystems					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low, Level 1	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	2 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ -142.3 inches
	b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 1.88 psig
	c.	LPCI Pump B Start - LOCA Time Delay Relay	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 ^(e)	С	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 17.24 seconds and ≤ 21.53 seconds
	d.	LPCI Pump C Start - LOCA Time Delay Relay	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 ^(e)	С	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 8.53 seconds and ≤ 10.64 seconds
	e.	LPCI Pump B Start - LOCA/LOOP Time Delay Relay	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1	С	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 3.04 seconds and ≤ 6.00 seconds

⁽a) When associated subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE.

⁽b) Also required to initiate the associated DG.

⁽e) Also supports OPERABILITY of 230 kV offsite power circuit pursuant to LCO 3.8.1 and LCO 3.8.2.

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 3 of 5)
Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
2.		CI B and LPCI C bsystems			,		
	f.	Reactor Vessel Pressure - Low (Injection Permissive)	1, 2, 3,	1 per valve	С	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 448 psig and ≤ 492 psig
		, simssine,	4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 per valve	В	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 448 psig and ≤ 492 psig
	g.	LPCI Pumps B & C Discharge Flow - Low (Minimum flow)	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 per pump	E	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 605 gpm and ≤ 984 gpm
	ħ.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	2	С	SR 3.3.5.1.6	NA
3.		h Pressure Core ray (HPCS) System					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	4 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ -58 inches
	b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	4 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 1.88 psig
	c.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - High, Level 8	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	2	С	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 56.0 inches
	d.	Condensate Storage Tank Level - Low	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(c) , 5 ^(c)	2	D	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 448 ft 1 inch elevation

⁽a) When associated subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE.

⁽b) Also required to initiate the associated DG.

⁽c) When HPCS is OPERABLE for compliance with LCO 3.5.2, "ECCS - Shutdown," and aligned to the condensate storage tank while tank water level is not within the limit of SR 3.5.2.2.

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 4 of 5)
Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
3.	HP	CS System					
	e.	Suppression Pool Water Level - High	1, 2, 3	2	D	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 466 ft 11 inches elevation
	f.	HPCS System Flow Rate - Low (Minimum Flow)	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1	E	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 1200 gpm and ≤ 1512 gpm
	g.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	2	С	SR 3.3.5.1.6	NA
4.	De	tomatic pressurization System OS) Trip System A					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low, Level 1	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ -142.3 inches
	b.	ADS Initiation Timer	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	G	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 115.0 seconds
	C.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low, Level 3 (Permissive)	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 9.5 inches
	d.	LPCS Pump Discharge Pressure - High	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	G	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 119 psig and ≤ 171 psig
	e.	LPCI Pump A Discharge Pressure - High	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	G	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 116 psig and ≤ 134 psig

⁽a) When associated subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE.

⁽d) With reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 5 of 5)
Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
4.	AD	S Trip System A					
	f.	Accumulator Backup Compressed Gas System Pressure - Low	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	3	F	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 151.4 psig
	g.	Manual Initiation	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	4	G	SR 3.3.5.1.6	NA
5.	AD	S Trip System B					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low, Level 1	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ -142.3 inches
	b.	ADS Initiation Timer	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	G	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 115.0 seconds
	C.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low, Level 3 (Permissive)	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 9.5 inches
	d.	LPCI Pumps B & C Discharge Pressure - High	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2 per pump	G	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 116 psig and ≤ 134 psig
	e.	Accumulator Backup Compressed Gas System Pressure - Low	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	3	F	SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 151.4 psig
	f.	Manual Initiation	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	4	G	SR 3.3.5.1.6	NA

⁽d) With reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

3.3.5.2 Reactor Core Isolation Cooling (RCIC) System Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.5.2

The RCIC System instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.5.2-1

shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1,

MODES 2 and 3 with reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

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-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A. One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1 for the channel.	Immediately	
B. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Declare RCIC System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of RCIC initiation capability	
	B.2	Place channel in trip.	24 hours	
C. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1.	C.1	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	24 hours	

ACTIONS				
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
D. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1.	D.1NOTE Only applicable if RCIC pump suction is not aligned to the suppression pool.			
		Declare RCIC System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of RCIC initiation capability	
	AND			
	D.2.1	Place channel in trip.	24 hours	
	<u>OF</u>	<u>R</u>		
	D.2.2	Align RCIC pump suction to the suppression pool.	24 hours	
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B, C, or D not met.	E.1	Declare RCIC System inoperable.	Immediately	

-----NOTES-----

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.5.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each RCIC Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed as follows: (a) for up to 6 hours for Functions 2 and 4; and (b) for up to 6 hours for Functions 1 and 3 provided the associated Function maintains RCIC initiation capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.5.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.5.2.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.5.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months
SR 3.3.5.2.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

Table 3.3.5.2-1 (page 1 of 1)
Reactor Core Isolation Cooling System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2	4	В	SR 3.3.5.2.1 SR 3.3.5.2.2 SR 3.3.5.2.3 SR 3.3.5.2.4	≥ -58 inches
2.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - High, Level 8	2	С	SR 3.3.5.2.1 SR 3.3.5.2.2 SR 3.3.5.2.3 SR 3.3.5.2.4	≤ 56 inches
3.	Condensate Storage Tank Level - Low	2	D	SR 3.3.5.2.1 SR 3.3.5.2.2 SR 3.3.5.2.3 SR 3.3.5.2.4	≥ 447 ft 7 inches elevation
4.	Manual Initiation	2	С	SR 3.3.5.2.4	NA

3.3.6.1 Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.6.1

The primary containment isolation instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.6.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

According to Table 3.3.6.1-1.

ACTIONS

------NOTES------

- 1. Penetration flow paths may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1 Place channel in trip.	12 hours for Functions 2.a, 2.c, 5.d, 6.a, and 6.b AND 24 hours for Functions other than Functions 2.a, 2.c, 5.d, 6.a, and 6.b
B. One or more automatic Functions with isolation capability not maintained.	B.1 Restore isolation capability.	1 hour
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1 Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately

	IONS	ı		
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	D.1 <u>OR</u>	Isolate associated main steam line (MSL).	12 hours
			De la MODE 2	40 h
		D.2.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
		AN	<u>D</u>	
		D.2.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
Ε.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	E.1	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours
F.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	F.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path(s).	1 hour
G.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	G.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path(s).	24 hours
Н.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition F or G	H.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	not met.	H.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
	OR	11.2	DO IN MODE 4.	JO HOUIS
	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.			

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
I. As required by Require Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.		I.1 Declare associated standby liquid control (SLC) subsystem inoperable. OR		1 hour
		1.2	Isolate the Reactor Water Cleanup (RWCU) System.	1 hour
J.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	J.1 <u>OR</u>	Initiate action to restore channel to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
		J.2	Initiate action to isolate the Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling (SDC) System.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTES-----

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.6.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Primary Containment Isolation Function.
- When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains isolation capability.

SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY

SR 3.3.6.1.1 Perform CHANNEL CHECK. 12 hours

SR 3.3.6.1.2 Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. 92 days

CONVENERANCE	SOLVEILEANCE REGUINEMENTO							
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY						
SR 3.3.6.1.3	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	184 days						
SR 3.3.6.1.4	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months						
SR 3.3.6.1.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION	24 months						
SR 3.3.6.1.6	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months						
SR 3.3.6.1.7	Channel sensors for Functions 1.a, 1.b, and 1.c are excluded.							
	Verify the ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS						

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 1 of 6)
Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.		in Steam Line lation					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low Low Low, Level 1	1, 2, 3	2	D	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ -142.3 inches
	b.	Main Steam Line Pressure - Low	1	2	E	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 804 psig
	c.	Main Steam Line Flow - High	1, 2, 3	2 per MSL	D	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 124.4 psid
	d.	Condenser Vacuum - Low	1, 2 ^(a) , 3 ^(a)	2	D	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ 7.2 inches Hg vacuum
	e.	Main Steam Tunnel Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	2	D	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≲ 170°F
	f.	Main Steam Tunnel Differential Temperature - High	1,2,3	2	D	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 90°F
	g.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.6	NA
2.		mary Containment lation					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low, Level 3	1, 2, 3	2	F	SR 3.3,6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ 9.5 inches

⁽a) With any turbine throttle valve not closed.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 2 of 6)
Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
2.		mary Containment lation					
	b.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2	1, 2, 3	2 ^(e)	н	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ -58 inches
	C.	Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2 ^(e)	Н	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 1.88 psig
	d.	Reactor Building Vent Exhaust Plenum Radiation - High	1, 2, 3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 16.0 mR/hr
	e.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.6	NA
3.	Co	actor Core Isolation oling (RCIC) System lation					
	a.	RCIC Steam Line Flow - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 250 inches wg
	b.	RCIC Steam Line Flow - Time Delay	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 3.00 seconds
	C.	RCIC Steam Supply Pressure - Low	1, 2, 3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ 61 psig
	d.	RCIC Turbine Exhaust Diaphragm Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 20 psig

⁽e) Also required to initiate the associated LOCA Time Delay Relay Function pursuant to LCO 3.3.5.1.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 3 of 6)
Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
3.	RC	IC System Isolation					
	e.	RCIC Equipment Room Area Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 180°F
	f.	RCIC Equipment Room Area Differential Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 60°F
	g.	RWCU/RCIC Steam Line Routing Area Temperature – High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 180°F
	h.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3	1 ^(b)	G	SR 3.3.6.1.6	NA
4.	R۷	/CU System Isolation					
	a.	Differential Flow - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 67.4 gpm
	b.	Differential Flow - Time Delay	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 46.5 seconds
	C.	Blowdown Flow - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 271.7 gpm
	d.	Heat Exchanger Room Area Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 160°F

⁽b) RCIC Manual Initiation only inputs into one of the two trip systems.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 4 of 6)
Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
4.	R۷	VCU System Isolation					
	e.	Heat Exchanger Room Area Ventilation Differential Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 70°F
	f.	Pump Room Area Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 180°F
	g.	Pump Room Area Ventilation Differential Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 100°F
	h.	RWCU/RCIC Line Routing Area Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 180°F
	i.	RWCU Line Routing Area Temperature - High	1, 2, 3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	
		Room 409, 509 Areas					≤ 175°F
		Room 408, 511 Areas					≤ 180°F
	j.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2	1, 2, 3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ -58 inches
	k.	SLC System Initiation	1, 2, 3	2 ^(c)	1	SR 3.3.6.1.6	NA
	l.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3	2	G	SR 3.3.6.1.6	NA

⁽c) SLC System Initiation only inputs into one of the two trip systems.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 5 of 6)
Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
5.		IR SDC System lation					
	a.	Pump Room Area Temperature - High	3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 150°F
	b.	Pump Room Area Ventilation Differential Temperature - High	3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 70°F
	C.	Heat Exchanger Area Temperature - High	3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	
		Room 505 Area					≤ 140°F
		Room 507 Area					≤ 160°F
		Room 605 Area					≤ 150°F
		Room 606 Area					≤ 140°F
	d.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low, Level 3	3, 4, 5	2 ^(d)	J	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ 9.5 inches
	e.	Reactor Vessel Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 135 psig
	f.	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3	2	G	SR 3.3.6.1.6	NA

⁽d) Only one trip system required in MODES 4 and 5 with RHR Shutdown Cooling System integrity maintained.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 6 of 6)
Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
6.	Traversing Incore Probe Isolation						
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low, Low, Level 2	1, 2, 3	2	G	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≥ -58 inches
	b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2	G	SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 1.88 psig

3.3.6.2 Secondary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.6.2

The secondary containment isolation instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.6.2-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

According to Table 3.3.6.2-1.

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м	U	ı	ı	IN	-

-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A. One or more channels inoperable.	A.1 Place channel in trip.	12 hours for Function 2 AND 24 hours for Functions other than Function 2	
B. One or more automatic Functions with isolation capability not maintained.	B.1 Restore isolation capability.	1 hour	
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1.1 Isolate the associated penetration flow path(s). OR	1 hour	
	C.1.2 Declare associated secondary containment isolation valve(s) inoperable.	1 hour	
	AND		

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
C. (continued)	C.2.1 Place the associated standby gas treatment (SGT) subsystem in operation.	1 hour	
	<u>OR</u>		
	C.2.2 Declare associated SGT subsystem inoperable.	1 hour	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTES------

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.6.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Secondary Containment Isolation Function.
- When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains isolation capability.

SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY

SR 3.3.6.2.1 Perform CHANNEL CHECK. 12 hours

SR 3.3.6.2.2 Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. 92 days

SR 3.3.6.2.3 Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. 18 months

SR 3.3.6.2.4 Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST. 24 months

Table 3.3.6.2-1 (page 1 of 1)
Secondary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2	1, 2, 3, (a)	2 ^(c)	SR 3.3.6.2.2 SR 3.3.6.2.3 SR 3.3.6.2.4	≥ -58 inches
2. [Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2 ^(c)	SR 3.3.6.2.2 SR 3.3.6.2.3 SR 3.3.6.2.4	≤ 1.88 psig
	Reactor Building Vent Exhaust Plenum Radiation - High	1, 2, 3, (a)	2	SR 3.3.6.2.1 SR 3.3.6.2.2 SR 3.3.6.2.3 SR 3.3.6.2.4	≤ 16.0 mR/hr
4. 1	Manual Initiation	1, 2, 3, (a)	4	SR 3.3.6.2.4	NA

⁽a) During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.

⁽b) Deleted

⁽c) Also required to initiate the associated LOCA Time Delay Relay Function pursuant to LCO 3.3.5.1.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.7.1 Control Room Emergency Filtration (CREF) System Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.7.1 The CREF System instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.7.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.7.1-1.

Α	C	П	0	Ν	S

-----NOTE------

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION **COMPLETION TIME** A. One or more channels A.1 Enter the Condition **Immediately** referenced in inoperable. Table 3.3.7.1-1 for the channel. **B**.1 B. As required by Required Declare associated CREF 1 hour from discovery Action A.1 and subsystem inoperable. of loss of CREF referenced in initiation capability in Table 3.3.7.1-1. both trip systems **AND** B.2 Place channel in trip. 24 hours C. As required by Required C.1 Declare associated CREF 1 hour from discovery Action A.1 and of loss of CREF subsystem inoperable. referenced in initiation capability in Table 3.3.7.1-1. both trip systems AND C.2 Place channel in trip. 12 hours

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B or C not met.	D.1 Place associated CREF subsystem in the pressurization mode of operation.		1 hour
	<u>OR</u>		
	D.2	Declare associated CREF subsystem inoperable.	1 hour

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

------NOTES-----

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.7.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each CREF System Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains CREF initiation capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.7.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.7.1.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR 3.3.7.1.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months
SR 3.3.7.1.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

Table 3.3.7.1-1 (page 1 of 1)
Control Room Emergency Filtration System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	AŁLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low, Level 2	1, 2, 3, (a)	2	В	SR 3.3.7.1.1 SR 3.3.7.1.2 SR 3.3.7.1.3 SR 3.3.7.1.4	≥ -58 inches
2.	Drywell Pressure - High	1, 2, 3	2	С	SR 3.3.7.1.1 SR 3.3.7.1.2 SR 3.3.7.1.3 SR 3.3.7.1.4	≤ 1.88 psig
3.	Reactor Building Vent Exhaust Plenum Radiation - High	1, 2, 3, (a)	2	В	SR 3.3.7.1.1 SR 3.3.7.1.2 SR 3.3.7.1.3 SR 3.3.7.1.4	≤ 16.0 mR/hr

⁽a) During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.8.1 Loss of Power (LOP) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.8.1 The LOP instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.8.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

When the associated diesel generator (DG) is required to be OPERABLE

by LCO 3.8.2, "AC Sources - Shutdown."

ACTIONS
NOTENOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1 Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.8.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately
B. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8.1-1.	B.1 Declare associated DG inoperable. AND	1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for the associated DG
	B.2 Restore channel to	24 hours
	OPERABLE status.	2,
C. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8.1-1.	C.1 Place channel in trip.	1 hour

10 11 11 11		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B or C not met.	D.1 Declare associated DG inoperable. OR	Immediately
	Only applicable for Functions 1.c and 1.d.	
	D.2.1 Open offsite circuit supply breaker to associated 4.16 kV ESF bus.	Immediately
	AND	
	D.2.2 Declare associated offsite circuit inoperable.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTES------

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.8.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each LOP Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 2 hours provided the associated Function maintains initiation capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.8.1.1	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	31 days
SR 3.3.8.1.2	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months
SR 3.3.8.1.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION	24 months
SR 3.3.8.1.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

Table 3.3.8.1-1 (page 1 of 1) Loss of Power Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER DIVISION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.		isions 1 and 2 - 4.16 kV ergency Bus Undervoltage				
	a.	TR-S Loss of Voltage - 4.16 kV Basis	2	В	SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 2450 V and ≤ 3135 V
	b.	TR-S Loss of Voltage - Time Delay	2	В	SR 3.3.8.1.3 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 2.95 seconds and ≤ 7.1 seconds
	C.	TR-B Loss of Voltage - 4.16 kV Basis	1	С	SR 3.3.8.1.3 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 2450 V and ≤ 3135 V
	d.	TR-B Loss of Voltage - Time Delay	1	С	SR 3.3.8.1.3 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 3.06 seconds and ≤ 9.28 seconds
	e.	Degraded Voltage - 4.16 kV Basis	2 ^(a)	С	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 3685 V and ≤ 3755 V
	f.	Degraded Voltage - Primary Time Delay	2 ^(a)	С	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 5.0 seconds and ≤ 5.3 seconds
	g.	Degraded Voltage - Secondary Time Delay	1	С	SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 2.63 seconds and ≤ 3.39 seconds
2.		rision 3 - 4.16 kV Emergency s Undervoltage				
	a.	Los of Voltage - 4.16 kV Basis	2	В	SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 2450 V and ≤ 3135 V
	b.	Loss of voltage - Time Delay	2	В	SR 3.3.8.1.3 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 1.87 seconds and ≤ 3.73 seconds
	c.	Degraded Voltage - 4.16 kV Basis	2	С	SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 3685 V and ≤ 3755 V
	d.	Degraded Voltage - Time Delay	2	С	SR 3.3.8.1.2 SR 3.3.8.1.4	≥ 7.36 seconds and ≤ 8.34 seconds

⁽a) The Degraded Voltage - 4.16 kV Basis and - Primary Time Delay Functions must be associated with one another.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.8.2 Reactor Protection System (RPS) Electric Power Monitoring

LCO 3.3.8.2

Two RPS electric power monitoring assemblies shall be OPERABLE for each inservice RPS motor generator set or alternate power supply that supports equipment required to be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODES 4 and 5 with both residual heat removal (RHR) shutdown cooling

(SDC) suction isolation valves open,

MODE 5 with any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or

more fuel assemblies.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or both required inservice power supplies with one electric power monitoring assembly inoperable.	A.1 Remove associated inservice power supply(s) from service.	72 hours
B. One or both required inservice power supplies with both electric power monitoring assemblies inoperable.	B.1 Remove associated inservice power supply(s) from service.	1 hour
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	C.1 Be in MODE 3. AND C.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

ACTIONS				
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 4 or 5 with both RHR SDC suction isolation valves open.	D.1 OR	Initiate action to restore one electric power monitoring assembly to OPERABLE status for inservice power supply(s) supplying required instrumentation.	Immediately	
	D.2	Initiate action to isolate the RHR SDC System.	Immediately	
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 5 with any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.	E.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTE------

When an RPS electric power monitoring assembly is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into the associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the other RPS electric power monitoring assembly for the associated power supply maintains trip capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.8.2.2	 Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Values shall be: a. Overvoltage ≤ 133.8 V, with time delay ≤ 3.46 seconds; b. Undervoltage ≥ 110.8 V, with time delay ≤ 3.46 seconds; and c. Underfrequency ≥ 57 Hz, with time delay ≤ 3.46 seconds. 	24 months
SR 3.3.8.2.3	Perform a system functional test.	24 months

3.4.1 Recirculation Loops Operating

LCO 3.4.1 Two recirculation loops with matched flows shall be in operation.

<u>OR</u>

One recirculation loop shall be in operation provided that the following limits are applied when the associated LCO is applicable:

- a. LCO 3.2.1, "AVERAGE PLANAR LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (APLHGR)," single loop operation limits specified in the COLR; and
- b. LCO 3.2.2, "MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)," single loop operation limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

		22.1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	
CONDITION	I	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Recirculation loc mismatch not wi limits.		Declare the recirculation loop with lower flow to be "not in operation."	2 hours
B. Requirements of LCO not met for other than Cond	reasons	Satisfy the requirements of the LCO.	4 hours
C. Required Action associated Comparison Time of Condition not met.	pletion	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
<u>OR</u>			
No recirculation operation.	loops in		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.1.1	Not required to be performed until 24 hours after both recirculation loops are in operation.	
	Verify recirculation loop drive flow mismatch with both recirculation loops in operation is:	24 hours
	a. ≤ 10% of rated recirculation loop drive flow when operating at < 70% of rated core flow; and	
	b. \leq 5% of rated recirculation loop drive flow when operating at \geq 70% of rated core flow.	

3.4.2 Jet Pumps

LCO 3.4.2

All jet pumps shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more jet pumps inoperable.	A.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.2.1	 Not required to be performed until 4 hours after associated recirculation loop is in operation. Not required to be performed until 24 hours after > 25% RTP. Verify at least two of the following criteria (a, b, and c) are satisfied for each operating recirculation loop: a. Recirculation loop drive flow versus recirculation pump speed differs by ≤ 10% from established patterns. b. Recirculation loop drive flow versus total core flow differs by ≤ 10% from established patterns. 	24 hours
	c. Each jet pump diffuser to lower plenum differential pressure differs by ≤ 20% from established patterns, or each jet pump flow differs by ≤ 10% from established patterns.	

3.4.3 Safety/Relief Valves (SRVs) - ≥ 25% RTP

LCO 3.4.3 The safety function of 12 SRVs shall be OPERABLE, with two SRVs in

the lowest two lift setpoint groups OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required SRVs inoperable.	A.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

	SURVEI	LLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.3.1 Verify the safety function lift setpoints of the SRVs are as follows:		,	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
	Number of	Setpoint	,
	SRVs	(psig)	
	2	1165 ± 34.9	
	4	1175 ± 35.2	
	4	1185 ± 35.5	
	4	1195 ± 35.8	
	4	1205 ± 36.1	
SR 3.4.3.2	Verify each requ actuated.	ired SRV opens when manually	24 months

3.4.4 Safety/Relief Valves (SRVs) - < 25% RTP

LCO 3.4.4 The safety function of four SRVs shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with THERMAL POWER < 25% RTP,

MODES 2 and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more required SRVs inoperable.	A.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	AND		
	A.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVE	ILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.4.1	Verify the safety SRVs are as foll	function lift setpoints of the required ows:	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
	Number of	Setpoint	l coming thousand
	SRVs	(psig)	
	2	1165 ± 34.9	
	4	1175 ± 35.2	
	4	1185 ± 35.5	
	4	1195 ± 35.8	
	4	1205 ± 36.1	
		,	

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.4.2	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after reactor steam pressure and flow are adequate to perform the test.	
	Verify each required SRV opens when manually actuated.	24 months

3.4.5 RCS Operational LEAKAGE

LCO 3.4.5

RCS operational LEAKAGE shall be limited to:

- a. No pressure boundary LEAKAGE;
- b. ≤ 5 gpm unidentified LEAKAGE;
- c. ≤ 25 gpm total LEAKAGE averaged over the previous 24 hour period; and
- d. ≤ 2 gpm increase in unidentified LEAKAGE within the previous 24 hour period in MODE 1.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Unidentified LEAKAGE not within limit.	A.1	Reduce LEAKAGE to within limits.	4 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	Total LEAKAGE not within limit.			
B.	Unidentified LEAKAGE increase not within limit.	B.1	Reduced unidentified LEAKAGE increase to within limit.	4 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2	Verify source of unidentified LEAKAGE increase is not service sensitive type 304 or type 316 austenitic stainless steel.	4 hours

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met. OR	C.1 Be in MODE 3. AND C.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours
Pressure boundary LEAKAGE exists.		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.5.1	Verify RCS unidentified and total LEAKAGE and unidentified LEAKAGE increase are within limits.	12 hours

3.4.6 RCS Pressure Isolation Valve (PIV) Leakage

LCO 3.4.6 The leakage from each RCS PIV shall be within limit.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2,

MODE 3, except valves in the residual heat removal shutdown cooling flowpath when in, or during transition to or from, the shutdown cooling mode of operation.

ACTIONS

-----NOTES-----

1. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each flow path.

2. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by PIVs.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A. One or more flow paths with leakage from one or more RCS PIVs not within limit.	Each check valve used to satisfy Required Action A.1 shall have been verified to meet SR 3.4.6.1 and be in the reactor coolant pressure boundary. A.1 Isolate the high pressure portion of the affected system from the low pressure portion by use of one closed manual, deactivated automatic, or check valve.	4 hours	

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	B.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.6.1	Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. Verify equivalent leakage of each RCS PIV is ≤ 0.5 gpm per nominal inch of valve size up to a maximum of 5 gpm, at an RCS pressure of 1035 psig. The actual test pressure shall be ≥ 935 psig.	In accordance with Inservice Testing Program

3.4.7 RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation

LCO 3.4.7

The following RCS leakage detection instrumentation shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Drywell floor drain sump flow monitoring system; and
- b. One channel of either drywell atmospheric particulate or atmospheric gaseous monitoring system.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A. Drywell floor drain sump flow monitoring system inoperable.	A.1	Restore drywell floor drain sump flow monitoring system to OPERABLE status.	30 days	
B. Required drywell atmospheric monitoring system inoperable.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Analyze grab samples of drywell atmosphere.	Once per 12 hours	
	B.2	Restore required drywell atmospheric monitoring system to OPERABLE status.	30 days	

ACTIONS			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Only applicable when the drywell atmospheric gaseous monitoring system	C.1	Analyze grab samples of the drywell atmosphere.	Once per 12 hours
is the only OPERABLE monitor.	C.2	Monitor RCS LEAKAGE by administrative means.	Once per 12 hours
C. Drywell floor drain sump	AND		
flow monitoring system inoperable.	C.3	Restore drywell floor drain sump flow monitoring system to OPERABLE status.	7 days
D. Required Action and	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
associated Completion Time of Condition A, B,	AND		
or C not met.	D.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
E. All required leakage detection systems inoperable.	E.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

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When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the other required leakage detection instrumentation is OPERABLE.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.7.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK of required drywell atmospheric monitoring system.	12 hours
SR 3.4.7.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST of required leakage detection instrumentation.	31 days
SR 3.4.7.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of required leakage detection instrumentation.	18 months

3.4.8 RCS Specific Activity

LCO 3.4.8 The specific activity of the reactor coolant shall be limited to DOSE

EQUIVALENT I-131 specific activity ≤ 0.2 μCi/gm.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1,

MODES 2 and 3 with any main steam line not isolated.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Reactor coolant specific activity > 0.2 μCi/gm and		NOTE 0.4.c is applicable.	
	≤ 4.0 μCi/gm DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	A.1	Determine DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	Once per 4 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Restore DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 to within limits.	48 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Determine DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	Once per 4 hours
	OR	B.2.1	Isolate all main steam lines.	12 hours
	Reactor coolant specific	<u>OR</u>		
	activity > 4.0 μCi/gm DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	B.2.2.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	EQUIVALENT I-131.		AND	
		B.2.2.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.8.1	Only required to be performed in MODE 1.	
	Verify reactor coolant DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 specific activity is $\leq 0.2~\mu\text{Ci/gm}.$	7 days

3.4.9 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling System - Hot Shutdown

LCO 3.4.9	Two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems shall be OPERABLE, and, with no recirculation pump in operation, at least one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem shall be in operation.
	NOTES

- Both RHR shutdown cooling subsystems and recirculation pumps may be removed from operation for up to 2 hours per 8 hour period.
- 2. One RHR shutdown cooling subsystem may be inoperable for up to 2 hours for performance of Surveillances.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 3 with reactor steam dome pressure less than 48 psig.

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Separate Condition entry is allowed for each PHP shutdown cooling subsystem

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
One or two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems inoperable.	A.1 Initiate action to restore RHR shutdown cooling subsystem to OPERABLE status.		Immediately	
	AND			
	A.2	Verify an alternate method of decay heat removal is available for each inoperable RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.	1 hour	
	AND			
	A.3	Be in MODE 4.	24 hours	

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
В.	No RHR shutdown cooling subsystem in operation. AND	B.1	Initiate action to restore one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem or one recirculation pump to operation.	Immediately
	No recirculation pump in	AND		
	operation.	B.2	Verify reactor coolant circulation by an alternate method.	1 hour from discovery of no reactor coolant circulation
				AND
				Once per 12 hours thereafter
		AND		
		B.3	Monitor reactor coolant temperature and pressure.	Once per hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.9.1	Not required to be met until 2 hours after reactor steam dome pressure is less than 48 psig.	
	Verify one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem or recirculation pump is operating.	12 hours

3.4 F	REAC	TOR	COOL	ANT S	YSTEM :	(RCS)
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3.4.10 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling System - Cold Shutdown

LCO	3.4.10	7

Two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems shall be OPERABLE, and, with no recirculation pump in operation, at least one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem shall be in operation.

-----NOTES-----

- Both RHR shutdown cooling subsystems and recirculation pumps may be removed from operation for up to 2 hours per 8 hour period.
- 2. One RHR shutdown cooling subsystem may be inoperable for up to 2 hours for the performance of Surveillances.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 4.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems inoperable.	A.1 Verify an alternate method of decay heat removal is available for each inoperable RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.	1 hour AND Once per 24 hours thereafter

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
В.	No RHR shutdown cooling subsystem in operation.	B.1	Verify reactor coolant circulating by an alternate method.	1 hour from discovery of no reactor coolant circulation
	AND			AND
	No recirculation pump in operation.			Once per 12 hours thereafter
		AND		
		B.2	Monitor reactor coolant temperature and pressure.	Once per hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.10.1	Verify one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem or recirculation pump is operating.	12 hours

3.4.11 RCS Pressure and Temperature (P/T) Limits

LCO 3.4.11

RCS pressure, RCS temperature, RCS heatup and cooldown rates, and the recirculation loop temperature requirements shall be maintained within limits.

APPLICABILITY:

At all times.

<u>ACTIONS</u>

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	Required Action A.2 shall be completed if this Condition is entered.	A.1 <u>AND</u>	Restore parameter(s) to within limits.	30 minutes
	Requirements of the LCO not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	A.2	Determine RCS is acceptable for continued operation.	72 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours
C.	Required Action C.2 shall be completed if this Condition is entered.	C.1	Initiate action to restore parameter(s) to within limits.	Immediately
	Requirements of the LCO not met in other than MODES 1, 2, and 3.	C.2	Determine RCS is acceptable for operation.	Prior to entering MODE 2 or 3

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.11.1	Only required to be performed during RCS heatup and cooldown operations, and RCS inservice leak and hydrostatic testing.	
	Verify: a. RCS pressure and RCS temperature are within	30 minutes
	the applicable limits specified in Figures 3.4.11-1, 3.4.11-2, and 3.4.11-3; b. RCS heatup and cooldown rates are ≤ 100°F in	
	 any 1 hour period; and c. RCS temperature change during inservice leak and hydrostatic testing is ≤ 20°F in any 1 hour period when the RCS pressure and RCS temperature are not within the limits of Figure 3.4.11-2. 	
SR 3.4.11.2	Verify RCS pressure and RCS temperature are within the criticality limits specified in Figure 3.4.11-3.	Once within 15 minutes prior to control rod withdrawal for the purpose of achieving criticality
SR 3.4.11.3	NOTE	
	Only required to be met in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 during recirculation pump startup.	
	Verify the difference between the bottom head coolant temperature and the reactor pressure vessel (RPV) coolant temperature is ≤ 145°F.	Once within 15 minutes prior to each startup of a recirculation pump

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.11.4	Only required to be met in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 during recirculation pump startup.	
	Verify the difference between the reactor coolant temperature in the recirculation loop to be started and the RPV coolant temperature is ≤ 50°F.	Once within 15 minutes prior to each startup of a recirculation pump
SR 3.4.11.5	Only required to be met in a single loop operation with THERMAL POWER ≤ 25% RTP or the operating recirculation loop flow ≤ 10% rated loop flow.	
	Verify the difference between the bottom head coolant temperature and the RPV coolant temperature is ≤ 145°F.	Once within 15 minutes prior to an increase in THERMAL POWER or an increase in loop flow
SR 3.4.11.6	Only required to be met in single loop operation when the idle recirculation loop is not isolated from the RPV, and with THERMAL POWER ≤ 25% RTP or the operating recirculation loop flow ≤ 10% rated loop flow.	
	Verify the difference between the reactor coolant temperature in the recirculation loop not in operation and the RPV coolant temperature is ≤ 50°F.	Once within 15 minutes prior to an increase in THERMAL POWER or an increase in loop flow

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.11.7	Only required to be performed when tensioning the reactor vessel head bolting studs.	
	Verify reactor vessel flange and head flange temperatures are ≥ 80°F.	30 minutes
SR 3.4.11.8	Not required to be performed until 30 minutes after RCS temperature ≤ 90°F in MODE 4.	
	Verify reactor vessel flange and head flange temperatures are ≥ 80°F.	30 minutes
SR 3.4.11.9	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after RCS temperature ≤ 100°F in MODE 4.	
	Verify reactor vessel flange and head flange temperatures are ≥ 80°F.	12 hours

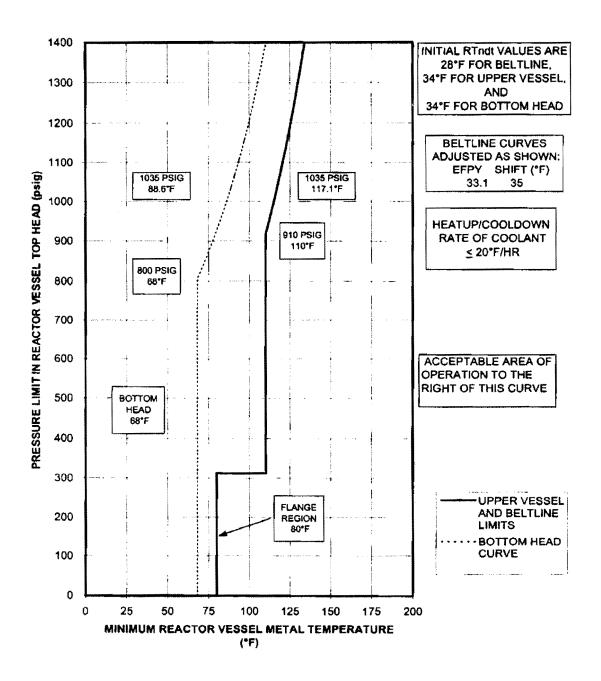


Figure 3.4.11-1 (page 1 of 1)
Inservice Leak and Hydrostatic Testing Curve

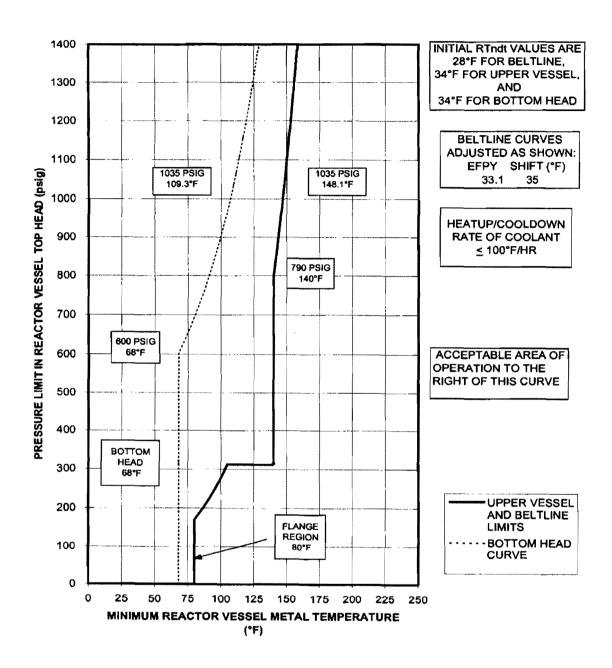


Figure 3.4.11-2 (page 1 of 1)
Non-Nuclear Heating and Cooldown Curve

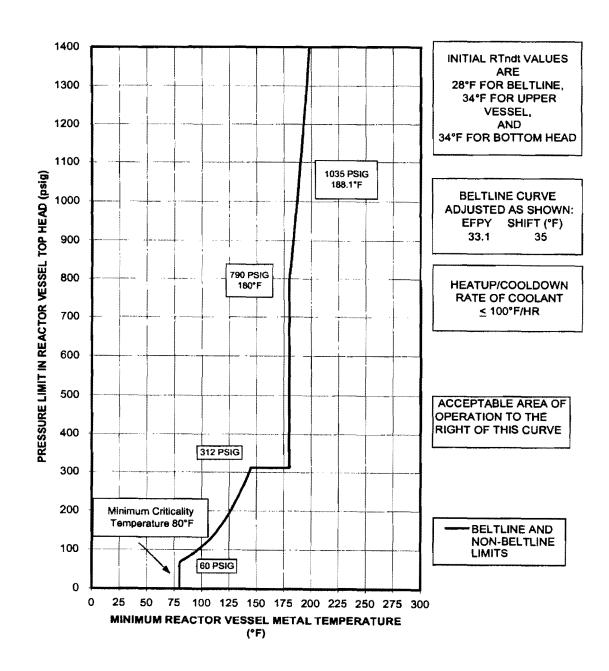


Figure 3.4.11-3 (page 1 of 1)
Nuclear Heating and Cooldown Curve

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.12 Reactor Steam Dome Pressure

LCO 3.4.12

The reactor steam dome pressure shall be \leq 1035 psig.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Reactor steam dome pressure not within limit.	A.1 Restore reactor steam dome pressure to within limit.	15 minutes
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	
SR 3.4.12.1	Verify reactor steam dome pressure is ≤ 1035 psig.	12 hours

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS) AND REACTOR CORE ISOLATION COOLING (RCIC) SYSTEM

3.5.1 ECCS - Operating

LCO 3.5.1

Each ECCS injection/spray subsystem and the Automatic

Depressurization System (ADS) function of six safety/relief valves shall

be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1,

MODES 2 and 3, except ADS valves are not required to be OPERABLE

with reactor steam dome pressure ≤ 150 psig.

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------NOTE-----

LCO 3.0.4.b is not applicable to HPCS.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One low pressure ECCS injection/spray subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Restore low pressure ECCS injection/spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
В	High Pressure Core Spray (HPCS) System inoperable.	B.1	Verify by administrative means RCIC System is OPERABLE when RCIC System is required to be OPERABLE.	Immediately
		AND		
		B.2	Restore HPCS System to OPERABLE status.	14 days

<u> </u>			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
wo ECCS injection absystems inoperable. R ne ECCS injection and ne ECCS spray absystem inoperable.	C.1	Restore ECCS injection/spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
equired Action and sociated Completion me of Condition A, B,	D.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	D.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
ne required ADS valve operable.	E.1	Restore ADS valve to OPERABLE status.	14 days
ne required ADS valve operable.	F.1	Restore ADS valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
ND ne low pressure ECCS jection/spray ubsystem inoperable.	<u>OR</u> F.2	Restore low pressure ECCS injection/spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
equired Action and esociated Completion me of Condition E or F ot met.	G.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
R wo or more required DS valves inoperable.	G.2	Reduce reactor steam dome pressure to ≤ 150 psig.	36 hours
	condition vo ECCS injection bsystems inoperable. Received Action and sociated Completion me of Condition A, B, C not met. The required ADS valve operable. The low pressure ECCS ection/spray bsystem inoperable. Required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of met.	CONDITION To ECCS injection bsystems inoperable. The ECCS injection and be ECCS spray bsystem inoperable. The ECCS injection and sociated Completion me of Condition A, B, C not met. The required ADS valve operable. The required ACT of the required operation of Condition E or F of Condition E or F of the required operation of Condition E or F	To ECCS injection by systems in operable. The ECCS injection and be ECCS injection and be ECCS spray by by system in operable. The ECCS injection and be ECCS spray by by system in operable. The ECCS injection and sociated Completion me of Condition A, B, C not met. The required ADS valve by perable. The required ADS valve operable. The low pressure ECCS ection/spray by system in operable. The low pressure ECCS ection/spray by system in operable. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion me of Condition E or F of the met. The required Action and sociated Completion meters the condition E or F of the meters the condition E or F o

ACTIONS			001151 57/01/7/145
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
H. HPCS and Low Pressure Core Spray (LPCS) Systems inoperable.	H.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately
<u>OR</u>			
Three or more ECCS injection/spray subsystems inoperable.			
<u>OR</u>			
HPCS System and one or more required ADS valves inoperable.			
OR			
Two or more ECCS injection/spray subsystems and one or more required ADS valves inoperable.			

	FREQUENCY		
SR 3.5.1.1	Verify, for each ECCS injection/spray subsystem, the piping is filled with water from the pump discharge valve to the injection valve.	31 days	

SURVEILLANCE	E REQUIREMENTS	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.1.2	Low pressure coolant injection (LPCI) subsystems may be considered OPERABLE during alignment and operation for decay heat removal with reactor steam dome pressure less than 48 psig in MODE 3, if capable of being manually realigned and not otherwise inoperable.	
	Verify each ECCS injection/spray subsystem manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.5.1.3	Verify ADS accumulator backup compressed gas system average pressure in the required bottles is ≥ 2200 psig.	31 days
SR 3.5.1.4	Verify each ECCS pump develops the specified flow rate with the specified differential pressure between reactor and suction source. DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
	BETWEEN REACTOR AND SYSTEM FLOW BATE SUICTION SOURCE	
	SYSTEMFLOW RATESUCTION SOURCELPCS $\geq 6350 \text{ gpm}$ $\geq 128 \text{ psid}$ LPCI $\geq 7450 \text{ gpm}$ $\geq 26 \text{ psig}$ HPCS $\geq 6350 \text{ gpm}$ $\geq 200 \text{ psig}$	
SR 3.5.1.5	VOTEVOTEVOTE	
	Verify each ECCS injection/spray subsystem actuates on an actual or simulated automatic initiation signal.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.1.6	NOTEValve actuation may be excluded.	
	Verify the ADS actuates on an actual or simulated automatic initiation signal.	24 months
SR 3.5.1.7	3.5.1.7 Not required to be performed until 12 hours after reactor steam pressure and flow are adequate to perform the test. Verify each required ADS valve opens when	
	manually actuated.	STAGGERED TEST BASIS for each valve solenoid
SR 3.5.1.8	ECCS actuation instrumentation is excluded.	
	Verify the ECCS RESPONSE TIME for each ECCS injection/spray subsystem is within limits.	24 months

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS) AND REACTOR CORE ISOLATION COOLING (RCIC) SYSTEM

3.5.2 ECCS - Shutdown

LCO 3.5.2 Two ECCS injection/spray subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4,

MODE 5 except with the spent fuel storage pool gates removed and water level ≥ 22 ft over the top of the reactor pressure vessel flange.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One required ECCS injection/spray subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Restore required ECCS injection/spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Initiate action to suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel (OPDRVs).	Immediately
C. Two required ECCS injection/spray subsystems inoperable.	C.1	Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately
	C.2	Restore one ECCS injection/spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	4 hours

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CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action C.2 and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AND		
	D.2	Initiate action to restore one standby gas treatment subsystem to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AND		
	D.3	Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	Immediately

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.5.2.1	Verify, for each required low pressure ECCS injection/spray subsystem, the suppression pool water level is ≥ 18 ft 6 inches.	12 hours
SR 3.5.2.2	Verify, for the required High Pressure Core Spray (HPCS) System, the:	12 hours
	 Suppression pool water level is ≥ 18 ft 6 inches; or 	
	 b. Condensate storage tank (CST) water level is ≥ 16.5 ft in a single CST or ≥ 10.5 ft in each CST. 	

SURVEILL	ANCE RE	QUIREMENTS
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	8	SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.2.3	Verify, for each required ECCS injection/spray subsystem, the piping is filled with water from the pump discharge valve to the injection valve.		31 days	
SR 3.5.2.4	One low subsyste alignmen capable		njection (LPCI) red OPERABLE during r decay heat removal, if	
	subsyste valve in t	he flow path, that	injection/spray operated, and automatic is not locked, sealed, or on, is in the correct	31 days
SR 3.5.2.5	specified	flow rate with the	pump develops the specified differential and suction source.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
	SYSTEM	FLOW RATE	DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE BETWEEN REACTOR AND SUCTION SOURCE	
	LPCS LPCI HPCS	≥ 6350 gpm ≥ 7450 gpm ≥ 6350 gpm	≥ 128 psid ≥ 26 psig ≥ 200 psig	
SR 3.5.2.6		NO jection/spray may	TEbe excluded.	
	subsyste	ch required ECCS m actuates on an c initiation signal.	injection/spray actual or simulated	24 months

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS) AND REACTOR CORE ISOLATION COOLING (RCIC) SYSTEM

3.5.3 RCIC System

LCO 3.5.3

The RCIC System shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1,

MODES 2 and 3 with reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

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-----NOTE------

LCO 3.0.4.b is not applicable to RCIC.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. RCIC System inoperable.	A.1	Verify by administrative means High Pressure Core Spray System is OPERABLE.	Immediately
	AND		
	A.2	Restore RCIC System to OPERABLE status.	14 days
B. Required Action and	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
associated Completion Time not met.	AND		
	B.2	Reduce reactor steam dome pressure to ≤ 150 psig.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE	REQUIREMENTS	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.3.1	Verify the RCIC System piping is filled with water from the pump discharge valve to the injection valve.	31 days
SR 3.5.3.2	Verify each RCIC System manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.5.3.3	NOTE	
	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after reactor steam pressure and flow are adequate to perform the test.	
	Verify, with reactor pressure ≤ 1035 psig and ≥ 935 psig, the RCIC pump can develop a flow rate ≥ 600 gpm against a system head corresponding to reactor pressure.	92 days
SR 3.5.3.4	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after reactor steam pressure and flow are adequate to perform the test.	
	Verify, with reactor pressure ≤ 165 psig, the RCIC pump can develop a flow rate ≥ 600 gpm against a system head corresponding to reactor pressure.	24 months
SR 3.5.3.5	VOTEVOTEVessel injection may be excluded.	
	Verify the RCIC System actuates on an actual or simulated automatic initiation signal.	24 months

3.6.1.1 Primary Containment

LCO 3.6.1.1

Primary containment shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Primary containment inoperable.	A.1	Restore primary containment to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	B.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.1.1	Perform required visual examinations and leakage rate testing except for primary containment air lock testing, in accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.	In accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

SURVEILLAN	CE REQI	JIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.1.2	Verify drywell to suppression chamber bypass leakage is ≤ 10% of the acceptable A / √K design value of 0.050 ft² at an initial differential pressure of ≥ 1.5 psid.	AND 48 months following a test with bypass leakage greater than the bypass leakage limit AND 24 months following two consecutive tests with bypass leakage greater than the bypass leakage greater than the bypass leakage limit until two consecutive tests are less than or equal to the bypass leakage limit
SR 3.6.1.1.3	Performance of SR 3.6.1.1.2 satisfies this surveillance. Verify individual drywell to suppression chamber vacuum relief valve bypass pathway leakage is ≤ 1.2% of the acceptable A / √K design value of 0.050 ft² at an initial differential pressure of ≥ 1.5 psid.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.1.4	Performance of SR 3.6.1.1.2 satisfies this surveillance. Verify total drywell to suppression chamber vacuum relief valve bypass leakage is ≤ 3.0% of the acceptable A / √K design value of 0.050 ft² at an initial differential pressure of ≥ 1.5 psid.	24 months

3.6.1.2 Primary Containment Air Lock

LCO 3.6.1.2

The primary containment air lock shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

-----NOTES-----

- 1. Entry and exit is permissible to perform repairs of the air lock components.
- Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.1.1, "Primary Containment," when air lock leakage results in exceeding overall containment leakage rate acceptance criteria.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One primary containment air lock door inoperable.	 NOTES	
	A.1 Verify the OPERABLE door is closed. AND	1 hour
	A.2 Lock the OPERABLE door closed. AND	24 hours

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.3 Air lock doors in high radiation areas or areas with limited access due to inerting may be verified locked closed by administrative means.	
	Verify the OPERABLE door is locked closed.	Once per 31 days
B. Primary containment air lock interlock mechanism inoperable.	1. Required Actions B.1, B.2, and B.3 are not applicable if both doors in the air lock are inoperable and Condition C is entered. 2. Entry into and exit from primary containment is permissible under the control of a dedicated individual.	
	B.1 Verify an OPERABLE door is closed. AND	1 hour
	B.2 Lock an OPERABLE door closed. AND	24 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.3	Air lock doors in high radiation areas or areas with limited access due to inerting may be verified locked closed by administrative means.	
		Verify an OPERABLE door is locked closed.	Once per 31 days
C. Primary containment air lock inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B.	C.1	Initiate action to evaluate primary containment overall leakage rate per LCO 3.6.1.1, using current air lock test results.	Immediately
	AND		
	C.2	Verify a door is closed.	1 hour
	AND		
	C.3	Restore air lock to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	D.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE	REQUIREMENTS	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.2.1	An inoperable air lock door does not invalidate the previous successful performance of the overall air lock leakage test. Results shall be evaluated against acceptance criteria applicable to SR 3.6.1.1.1. Perform required primary containment air lock leakage rate testing in accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.	In accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program
SR 3.6.1.2.2	Verify only one door in the primary containment air lock can be opened at a time.	24 months

3.6.1.3 Primary Containment Isolation Valves (PCIVs)

LCO 3.6.1.3

Each PCIV, except reactor building-to-suppression chamber vacuum

breakers, shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

When associated instrumentation is required to be OPERABLE per LCO 3.3.6.1, "Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation."

ACTIONS

------NOTES------

- 1. Penetration flow paths may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each penetration flow path.
- 3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by PCIVs.
- 4. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.1.1, "Primary Containment," when PCIV leakage results in exceeding overall containment leakage rate acceptance criteria.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
ANOTE Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two PCIVs. One or more penetration flow paths with one PCIV inoperable for reasons other than Condition D.	A.1 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured. AND	4 hours except for main steam line AND 8 hours for main steam line

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	1. Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. 2. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by use of administrative means. Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.	Once per 31 days for isolation devices outside primary containment AND Prior to entering MODE 2 or 3 from MODE 4 if primary containment was deinerted while in MODE 4, if not performed within the previous 92 days, for isolation devices inside primary containment

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
BNOTE Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two PCIVs. One or more penetration flow paths with two PCIVs inoperable for reasons other than Condition D.	 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange.	1 hour
CNOTE Only applicable to penetration flow paths with only one PCIV. One or more penetration flow paths with one PCIV inoperable for reasons other than Condition D.	 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange.	4 hours except for excess flow check valves (EFCVs) AND 72 hours for EFCVs

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. (continued)	C.2 1. Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. 2. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by use of administrative means. Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.	Once per 31 days for isolation devices outside primary containment AND Prior to entering MODE 2 or 3 from MODE 4 if primary containment was deinerted while in MODE 4, if not performed within the previous 92 days, for isolation devices inside primary containment

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. One or more secondary containment bypass leakage rate, MSIV leakage rate, or hydrostatically tested lines leakage rate not within limit.	D.1	Restore leakage rate to within limit.	4 hours for hydrostatically tested line leakage not on a closed system AND 4 hours for secondary containment bypass leakage AND 8 hours for MSIV leakage AND 72 hours for hydrostatically tested line leakage on a closed system
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, or D not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	E.1 <u>AND</u> E.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours
F. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, or D not met for PCIV(s) required to be OPERABLE during MODE 4 or 5.	F.1	Initiate action to suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel (OPDRVs).	Immediately
	F.2	Initiate action to restore valve(s) to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.3.1	.6.1.3.1NOTENOTE	
	Verify each 24 inch and 30 inch primary containment purge valve is closed.	31 days
SR 3.6.1.3.2	Not required to be met for PCIVs that are open under administrative controls. Verify each primary containment isolation manual	31 days
	valve and blind flange that is located outside primary containment and not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and is required to be closed during accident conditions is closed.	

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.3.3	Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. Not required to be met for PCIVs that are open under administrative controls.	
	Verify each primary containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located inside primary containment and not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and is required to be closed during accident conditions is closed.	Prior to entering MODE 2 or 3 from MODE 4 if primary containment was de-inerted while in MODE 4, if not performed within the previous 92 days
SR 3.6.1.3.4	Verify continuity of the traversing incore probe (TIP) shear isolation valve explosive charge.	31 days
SR 3.6.1.3.5	Verify the isolation time of each power operated, automatic PCIV, except for MSIVs, is within limits.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.1.3.6	Verify the isolation time of each MSIV is ≥ 3 seconds and ≤ 5 seconds.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.1.3.7	Verify each automatic PCIV actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated isolation signal.	24 months
SR 3.6.1.3.8	Verify a representative sample of reactor instrument line EFCVs actuate to the isolation position on an actual or simulated instrument line break signal.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.3.9	Remove and test the explosive squib from each shear isolation valve of the TIP System.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
SR 3.6.1.3.10	Verify the combined leakage rate for all secondary containment bypass leakage paths is $\leq 0.04\%$ primary containment volume/day when pressurized to $\geq P_a$.	In accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program
SR 3.6.1.3.11	Verify leakage rate through each MSIV is ≤ 16.0 scfh when tested at ≥ 25.0 psig.	In accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program
SR 3.6.1.3.12	Verify combined leakage rate through hydrostatically tested lines that penetrate the primary containment is within limits.	In accordance with the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

3.6.1.4 Drywell Air Temperature

LCO 3.6.1.4

Drywell average air temperature shall be ≤ 135°F.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Drywell average air temperature not within limit.	A.1	Restore drywell average air temperature to within limit.	8 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	B.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.4.1	Verify drywell average air temperature is within limit.	24 hours

3.6.1.5 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Drywell Spray

LCO 3.6.1.5 Two RHR drywell spray subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One RHR drywell spray subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Restore RHR drywell spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two RHR drywell spray subsystems inoperable.	B.1	Restore one RHR drywell spray subsystem to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	C.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.5.1	Verify each RHR drywell spray subsystem manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position or can be aligned to the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.6.1.5.2	Verify each spray nozzle is unobstructed.	10 years

3.6.1.6 Reactor Building-to-Suppression Chamber Vacuum Breakers

LCO 3.6.1.6 Each reactor building-to-suppression chamber vacuum breaker shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

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-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each line.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more lines with one reactor building-to-suppression chamber vacuum breaker not closed.	A.1 Close the open vacuum breaker.	72 hours
B. One or more lines with two reactor building-to-suppression chamber vacuum breakers not closed.	B.1 Close one open vacuum breaker.	1 hour
C. One line with one or more reactor building-to-suppression chamber vacuum breakers inoperable for opening.	C.1 Restore the vacuum breaker(s) to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
D. Two or more lines with one or more reactor building-to-suppression chamber vacuum breakers inoperable for opening.	D.1 Restore all vacuum breakers in two lines to OPERABLE status.	1 hour

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	E.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.6.1.6.1	Not required to be met for vacuum breakers that are open during Surveillances. Not required to be met for vacuum breakers open when performing their intended function.	
	Verify each vacuum breaker is closed.	14 days
SR 3.6.1.6.2	Perform a functional test of each vacuum breaker.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.1.6.3	Verify the full open setpoint of each vacuum breaker is ≤ 0.5 psid.	24 months

3.6.1.7 Suppression Chamber-to-Drywell Vacuum Breakers

LCO 3.6.1.7

Seven suppression chamber-to-drywell vacuum breakers shall be OPERABLE for opening.

<u>AND</u>

Nine suppression chamber-to-drywell vacuum breakers shall be closed, except when performing their intended function.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required suppression chamber-to-drywell vacuum breaker inoperable for opening.	A.1 Restore one vacuum breaker to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
BNOTE Separate Condition entry is allowed for each suppression chamber-to-drywell vacuum breaker. One or more suppression chamber-to-drywell vacuum breakers with one disk not closed.	B.1 Close the open vacuum breaker disk.	72 hours
C. One or more suppression chamber-to-drywell vacuum breakers with two disks not closed.	C.1 Close one open vacuum breaker disk.	2 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	D.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.7.1	Not required to be met for vacuum breakers that are open during Surveillances.	
	Verify each vacuum breaker is closed.	14 days
SR 3.6.1.7.2	Perform a functional test of each required vacuum breaker.	31 days AND Within 12 hours after any discharge of steam to the suppression chamber from the safety/relief valves
SR 3.6.1.7.3	Verify the full open setpoint of each required vacuum breaker is ≤ 0.5 psid.	24 months

3.6.2.1 Suppression Pool Average Temperature

LCO 3.6.2.1 Suppression pool average temperature shall be:

- a. ≤ 90°F when THERMAL POWER is > 1% RTP and no testing that adds heat to the suppression pool is being performed;
- b. ≤ 105°F when THERMAL POWER is > 1% RTP and testing that adds heat to the suppression pool is being performed; and
- c. $\leq 110^{\circ}$ F when THERMAL POWER is $\leq 1\%$ RTP.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Suppression pool average temperature> 90°F but ≤ 110°F.	A.1	Verify suppression pool average temperature ≤ 110°F.	Once per hour
AND	AND		
THERMAL POWER > 1% RTP.	A.2	Restore suppression pool average temperature to	24 hours
AND		≤ 90°F.	
Not performing testing that adds heat to the suppression pool.			
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 1% RTP.	12 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Suppression pool average temperature > 105°F. AND THERMAL POWER > 1% RTP. AND Performing testing that adds heat to the suppression pool.	C.1	Suspend all testing that adds heat to the suppression pool.	Immediately
D.	Suppression pool average temperature > 110°F but ≤ 120°F.	D.1	Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	Immediately
		D.2	Verify suppression pool average temperature ≤ 120°F.	Once per 30 minutes
		AND		
		D.3	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
Ε.	Suppression pool average temperature > 120°F.	E.1	Depressurize the reactor vessel to < 200 psig.	12 hours
	> 120°F.	AND		
		E.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.2.1.1	Verify suppression pool average temperature is within the applicable limits.	24 hours AND 5 minutes when performing testing that adds heat to the suppression pool

3.6.2.2 Suppression Pool Water Level

LCO 3.6.2.2

Suppression pool water level shall be \geq 30 ft 9.75 inches and

 \leq 31 ft 1.75 inches.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Suppression pool water level not within limits.	A.1 Restore suppression pool water level to within limits.	2 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	AND	
	B.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.2.2.1	Verify suppression pool water level is within limits.	24 hours

3.6.2.3 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Suppression Pool Cooling

LCO 3.6.2.3 Two RHR suppression pool cooling subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One RHR suppression pool cooling subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Restore RHR suppression pool cooling subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
<u>OR</u>	B.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
Two RHR suppression pool cooling subsystems inoperable.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.2.3.1	Verify each RHR suppression pool cooling subsystem manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position or can be aligned to the correct position.	31 days

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.2.3.2	Verify each RHR pump develops a flow rate ≥ 7100 gpm through the associated heat exchanger while operating in the suppression pool cooling mode.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program

3.6.3.2 Primary Containment Atmosphere Mixing System

LCO 3.6.3.2 Two head area return fans shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One head area return fan inoperable.	A.1	Restore head area return fan to OPERABLE status.	30 days
B. Two head area return fans inoperable.	B.1	Verify by administrative means that the hydrogen and oxygen control function is maintained.	1 hour
	AND		
	B.2	Restore one head area return fan to OPERABLE status.	7 days
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.3.2.1	Operate each head area return fan for ≥ 15 minutes.	92 days

3.6.3.3 Primary Containment Oxygen Concentration

LCO 3.6.3.3

The primary containment oxygen concentration shall be < 3.5 volume percent.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1 during the time period:

- a. From 24 hours after THERMAL POWER is > 15% RTP following startup, to
- b. 24 hours prior to reducing THERMAL POWER to < 15% RTP prior to the next scheduled reactor shutdown.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Primary containment oxygen concentration not within limit.	A.1 Restore oxygen concentration to within limit.	24 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 15% RTP.	8 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.3.3.1	Verify primary containment oxygen concentration is within limits.	7 days

3.6.4.1 Secondary Containment

LCO 3.6.4.1 The secondary containment shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel

(OPDRVs).

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Secondary containment inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	A.1	Restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours
C. Secondary containment inoperable during OPDRVs.	C.1	Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS				
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY		
SR 3.6.4.1.1	Verify secondary containment vacuum is ≥ 0.25 inch of vacuum water gauge.	24 hours		
SR 3.6.4.1.2	Verify all secondary containment equipment hatches are closed and sealed.	31 days		
SR 3.6.4.1.3	Verify each secondary containment access inner door or each secondary containment access outer door in each access opening is closed.	31 days		
SR 3.6.4.1.4	Verify each standby gas treatment (SGT) subsystem will draw down the secondary containment to ≥ 0.25 inch of vacuum water gauge in ≤ 120 seconds.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS		
SR 3.6.4.1.5	Verify each SGT subsystem can maintain ≥ 0.25 inch of vacuum water gauge in the secondary containment for 1 hour at a flow rate ≤ 2240 cfm.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS		

3.6.4.2 Secondary Containment Isolation Valves (SCIVs)

LCO 3.6.4.2

Each SCIV shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel

(OPDRVs).

ACTIONS

- 1. Penetration flow paths may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each penetration flow path.
- 3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by SCIVs.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more penetration flow paths with one SCIV inoperable.	A.1 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange. AND	8 hours

ACTIONS	1		
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2	Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means.	
		 Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by use of administrative means. 	
		Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.	Once per 31 days
B. Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two isolation valves.	B.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange.	4 hours
One or more penetration flow paths with two SCIVs inoperable.			
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	C.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met during OPDRVs.	D.1	Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.4.2.1	NOTES 1. Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative controls.	
	Not required to be met for SCIVs that are open under administrative controls	
	Verify each secondary containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured, and is required to be closed during accident conditions is closed.	31 days
SR 3.6.4.2.2	Verify the isolation time of each power operated, automatic SCIV is within limits.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.4.2.3	Verify each automatic SCIV actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated automatic isolation signal.	24 months

3.6.4.3 Standby Gas Treatment (SGT) System

LCO 3.6.4.3

Two SGT subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel

(OPDRVs).

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One SGT subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore SGT subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND B.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during OPDRVs.	C.1 Place OPERABLE SGT subsystem in operation. OR C.2 Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately
D. Two SGT subsystems inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	D.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. Two SGT subsystems inoperable during OPDRVs.	E.1 Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.4.3.1	Operate each SGT subsystem for ≥ 10 continuous hours with heaters operating.	31 days
SR 3.6.4.3.2	Perform required SGT filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with the VFTP
SR 3.6.4.3.3	Verify each SGT subsystem actuates on an actual or simulated initiation signal.	24 months
SR 3.6.4.3.4	Verify each SGT filter cooling recirculation valve can be opened and the fan started.	24 months

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.1 Standby Service Water (SW) System and Ultimate Heat Sink (UHS)

LCO 3.7.1

Division 1 and 2 SW subsystems and UHS shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
 A. Average sediment depth in one or both spray ponds ≥ 0.5 ft and < 1.0 ft. 	A.1 Restore average sediment depth to within limits.	30 days
B. One SW subsystem inoperable.	 B.1NOTES	
	Restore SW subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

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	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	<u>OR</u>	C.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
	Both SW subsystems inoperable.			
	OR			
	UHS inoperable for reasons other than Condition A.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.1.1	Verify the water level of each UHS spray pond is ≥ 432 ft 9 inches mean sea level.	24 hours
SR 3.7.1.2	Verify the average water temperature of each UHS spray pond is \leq 77°F.	24 hours
SR 3.7.1.3	Isolation of flow to individual components does not render SW subsystem inoperable.	
	Verify each SW subsystem manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path servicing safety related systems or components, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.1.4	Verify average sediment depth in each UHS spray pond is < 0.5 ft.	92 days
SR 3.7.1.5	Verify each SW subsystem actuates on an actual or simulated initiation signal.	24 months

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.2 High Pressure Core Spray (HPCS) Service Water (SW) System

LCO 3.7.2

The HPCS SW System shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. HPCS SW System inoperable.	A.1 Declare HPCS System inoperable.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.2.1	Isolation of flow to individual components does not render HPCS SW System inoperable.	
	Verify each HPCS SW System manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.7.2.2	Verify the HPCS SW System actuates on an actual or simulated initiation signal.	24 months

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.3 Control Room Emergency Filtration (CREF) System

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel

(OPDRVs).

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One CREF subsystem inoperable for reasons other than Condition B.	A.1	Restore CREF subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. One or more CREF subsystems inoperable due to inoperable CRE boundary in MODE 1, 2, and 3.	B.1	Initiate action to implement mitigating actions.	Immediately
	B.2	Verify mitigating actions ensure CRE occupant exposures to radiological, chemical, and smoke hazards will not exceed limits.	24 hours
	AND B.3	Restore CRE boundary to OPERABLE status.	90 days

ACI	IONS			
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	C.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during OPDRVs.	D.1	Place OPERABLE CREF subsystem in pressurization mode.	Immediately
		<u>OR</u>		
		D.2	Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately
E.	Two CREF subsystems inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3 for reasons other than Condition B.	E.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately
F.	Two CREF subsystems inoperable during OPDRVs.	F.1	Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	One or more CREF subsystems inoperable due to inoperable CRE boundary during OPDRVs.			

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	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.3.1	Operate each CREF subsystem for ≥ 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating.	31 days
SR 3.7.3.2	Perform required CREF filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with the VFTP
SR 3.7.3.3	Verify each CREF subsystem actuates on an actual or simulated initiation signal.	24 months
SR 3.7.3.4	Perform required CRE unfiltered air inleakage testing in accordance with the Control Room Envelope Habitability Program.	In accordance with the Control Room Envelope Habitability Program

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.4 Control Room Air Conditioning (AC) System

LCO 3.7.4 Two control room AC subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel

(OPDRVs).

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
One control room AC subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore control room AC subsystem to OPERABLE status.	30 days	
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND	12 hours	
	B.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours	
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during OPDRVs.	C.1 Place OPERABLE control room AC subsystem in operation. OR	Immediately	
	C.2 Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately	
D. Two control room AC subsystems inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	D.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately	

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
E. Two control room AC subsystems inoperable during OPDRVs.	E.1 Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately	

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.4.1	Verify each control room AC subsystem has the capability to remove the assumed heat load.	24 months

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.5 Main Condenser Offgas

LCO 3.7.5

The gross gamma activity rate of the noble gases measured at the main condenser air ejector shall be \leq 332 mCi/second after decay of

30 minutes.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1,

MODES 2 and 3 with any main steam line not isolated and steam jet air

ejector (SJAE) in operation.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Gross gamma activity rate of the noble gases not within limit.	A.1	Restore gross gamma activity rate of the noble gases to within limit.	72 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion		Isolate all main steam lines.	12 hours
Time not met.	<u>OR</u>		
	B.2	Isolate SJAE.	12 hours
	<u>OR</u>		
	B.3.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	B.3.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.5.1	Not required to be performed until 31 days after any main steam line not isolated and SJAE in operation. Verify the gross gamma activity rate of the noble gases is ≤ 332 mCi/second after decay of 30 minutes.	31 days AND Once within 4 hours after a ≥ 50% increase in the nominal steady state fission gas release after factoring out increases due to
		changes in THERMAL POWER level

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.6 Main Turbine Bypass System

LCO 3.7.6

The Main Turbine Bypass System shall be OPERABLE.

<u>OR</u>

LCO 3.2.2, "MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)," limits for an inoperable Main Turbine Bypass System, as specified in the COLR, are made applicable.

APPLICABILITY:

THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1 Satisfy the requirements of the LCO.	2 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

	SURVEILLANCE						
SR 3.7.6.1	Verify one complete cycle of each main turbine bypass valve.	31 days					
SR 3.7.6.2	Perform a system functional test.	24 months					
SR 3.7.6.3	Verify the TURBINE BYPASS SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months					

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.7 Spent Fuel Storage Pool Water Level

LCO 3.7.7 The spent fuel storage pool water level shall be ≥ 22 ft over the top of

irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the spent fuel storage pool racks.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the spent fuel storage pool.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION			
A. Spent fuel storage pool water level not within limit.	A.1NOTE LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable. Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the spent fuel storage pool.	Immediately		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.7.1	Verify the spent fuel storage pool water level is ≥ 22 ft over the top of irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the spent fuel storage pool racks.	7 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.1 AC Sources - Operating

LCO 3.8.1

The following AC electrical power sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Two qualified circuits between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC Electric Power Distribution System; and
- b. Three diesel generators (DGs).

APPLICABILITY	1:	ΙY		L	ı	31	4	Ú,	Į.	'L	۲	۲	А	
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MODES 1, 2, and 3.

NOTE
Division 3 AC electrical power sources are not required to be OPERABLE
when High Pressure Core Spray System is inoperable.

ACTIONS

LCO 3.0.4.b is not applicable to DGs.

------NOTE------

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One offsite circuit inoperable.	A.1 Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for OPERABLE offsite circuit.	1 hour AND Once per 8 hours thereafter
	AND	

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2	Declare required feature(s) with no offsite power available inoperable when the redundant required feature(s) are inoperable.	24 hours from discovery of no offsite power to one division concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s)
	AND		
	A.3	Restore offsite circuit to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
			AND
			6 days from discovery of failure to meet LCO when not associated with Required Action B.4.2.2
			AND
			17 days from discovery of failure to meet LCO
B. One required DG	B.1	Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for	1 hour
inoperable.		OPERABLE offsite circuit(s).	AND
			Once per 8 hours thereafter
	AND		
	B.2	Declare required feature(s), supported by the inoperable DG, inoperable when the redundant required feature(s) are inoperable.	4 hours from discovery of Condition B concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s)
	AND		

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.3.1 Determine OPERABLE DG(s) are not inoperable due to common cause failure.	24 hours
	<u>OR</u>	
	B.3.2 Perform SR 3.8.1.2 for OPERABLE DG(s).	24 hours if not performed within the past 24 hours
	AND	
	B.4.1 Restore required DG to OPERABLE status.	72 hours from discovery of an inoperable DG
1		AND
		6 days from discovery of failure to meet LCO
	<u>OR</u>	
	B.4.2.1 Establish risk management actions for the alternate AC sources.	72 hours
	AND	
	B.4.2.2 Restore required DG to OPERABLE status.	14 days
	OF LIMBLE SIGIUS.	AND
		17 days from discovery of failure to meet LCO

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. Two offsite circuits inoperable.	C.1 Declare required feature(s) inoperable when the redundant required feature(s) are inoperable.	12 hours from discovery of Condition C concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s)
	AND	
	C.2 Restore one offsite circuit to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
D. One offsite circuit inoperable. AND One required DG inoperable.	Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.7, "Distribution Systems - Operating," when Condition D is entered with no AC power source to any division.	
	D.1 Restore offsite circuit to OPERABLE status.	12 hours
	<u>OR</u>	
	D.2 Restore required DG to OPERABLE status.	12 hours
E. Two required DGs inoperable.	E.1 Restore one required DG to OPERABLE status.	2 hours OR 24 hours if Division 3 DG is inoperable

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
F. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B,	F.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
C, D, or E not met.	F.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
G. Three or more required AC sources inoperable.	G.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.1	Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power availability for each offsite circuit.	7 days
SR 3.8.1.2	 All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period and followed by a warmup period prior to loading. A modified DG start involving idling and gradual acceleration to synchronous speed may be used for this SR as recommended by the manufacturer. When modified start procedures are not used, the time, voltage, and frequency tolerances of SR 3.8.1.7 must be met. Verify each required DG starts from standby conditions and achieves steady state: a. Voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz for DG-1 and DG-2; and b. Voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz for DG-3. 	31 days

SURVEILLANCE !	REQUIREMENTS	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.3	 DG loadings may include gradual loading as recommended by the manufacturer. Momentary transients outside the load range do not invalidate this test. This Surveillance shall be conducted on only one DG at a time. This SR shall be preceded by, and immediately follow, without shutdown, a successful performance of SR 3.8.1.2 or SR 3.8.1.7. The endurance test of SR 3.8.1.14 may be performed in lieu of the load-run test in 	
	SR 3.8.1.3 provided the requirements, except the upper load limits, of SR 3.8.1.3 are met. Verify each required DG is synchronized and loaded and operates for ≥ 60 minutes at a load ≥ 4000 kW and ≤ 4400 kW for DG-1 and DG-2, and ≥ 2340 kW and ≤ 2600 kW for DG-3.	31 days
SR 3.8.1.4	Verify each required day tank contains fuel oil to support greater than or equal to one hour of operation at full load plus 10%.	31 days
SR 3.8.1.5	Check for and remove accumulated water from each required day tank.	31 days
SR 3.8.1.6	Verify each required fuel oil transfer subsystem operates to automatically transfer fuel oil from the storage tank to the day tank.	92 days

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.8.1.7	All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period.	
	Verify each required DG starts from standby condition and achieves:	184 days
	 a. For DG-1 and DG-2 in ≤ 15 seconds, voltage ≥ 3910 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz, and after steady state conditions are reached, maintains voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz; and 	
	 b. For DG-3, in ≤ 15 seconds, voltage ≥ 3910 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz, and after steady state conditions are reached, maintains voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz. 	
SR 3.8.1.8	The automatic transfer function of this Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, this Surveillance may be performed to re-establish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR.	
	Verify automatic and manual transfer of the power supply to safety related buses from the startup offsite circuit to the backup offsite circuit.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.9	1. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR.	
	 If performed with the DG synchronized with offsite power, it shall be performed at a power factor as close to the power factor of the single largest post-accident load as practicable. However, if grid conditions do not permit, the power factor limit is not required to be met. Under this condition, the power factor shall be maintained as close to the limit as practicable. 	
	Verify each required DG rejects a load greater than or equal to its associated single largest postaccident load, and following load rejection, the frequency is \leq 66.75 Hz.	24 months
SR 3.8.1.10	1. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR.	
	 If performed with the DG synchronized with offsite power, it shall be performed at a power factor of ≤ 0.9 for DG-1 and DG-2, and ≤ 0.91 for DG-3. However, if grid conditions do not permit, the power factor limit is not required to be met. Under this condition, the power factor shall be maintained as close to the limit as practicable. 	
	Verify each required DG does not trip and voltage is maintained \leq 4784 V during and following a load rejection of a load \geq 4400 kW for DG-1 and DG-2 and \geq 2600 kW for DG-3.	24 months

		S	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.11		All D	G starts may be preceded by an engine ube period.	
	2.	perfo DG-3 may OPE deter or er	Surveillance shall not normally be ormed in MODE 1, 2, or 3 (not applicable to 3). However, portions of the Surveillance be performed to re-establish RABILITY provided an assessment rmines the safety of the plant is maintained phanced. Credit may be taken for anned events that satisfy this SR.	
		rify on nal:	an actual or simulated loss of offsite power	24 months
	a.	De-e	energization of emergency buses;	
	b.		I shedding from emergency buses for sions 1 and 2; and	
	C.	DG a	auto-starts from standby condition and:	
		1.	energizes permanently connected loads in \leq 15 seconds for DG-1 and DG-2, and in \leq 18 seconds for DG-3,	
		2.	energizes auto-connected shutdown loads,	
		3.	maintains steady state voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V,	
		4.	maintains steady state frequency \geq 58.8 Hz and \leq 61.2 Hz, and	
		5.	supplies permanently connected and auto-connected shutdown loads for ≥ 5 minutes.	

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.12	 All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2 (not applicable to DG-3). However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to re-establish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR. 	
	 Verify on an actual or simulated Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) initiation signal each required DG auto-starts from standby condition and: a. For DG-1 and DG-2, in ≤ 15 seconds achieves voltage ≥ 3910 V, and after steady state conditions are reached, maintains voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and, for DG-3, in ≤ 15 seconds achieves voltage ≥ 3910 V, and after steady state conditions are reached, maintains voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V; 	24 months
	 In ≤ 15 seconds, achieves frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and after steady state conditions are achieved, maintains frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz; 	
	c. Operates for ≥ 5 minutes;	
	 Permanently connected loads remain energized from the offsite power system; and 	
	e. Emergency loads are auto-connected to the offsite power system.	

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.8.1.13		
	Verify each required DG's automatic trips are bypassed on an actual or simulated ECCS initiation signal except:	24 months
	a. Engine overspeed;	
	b. Generator differential current; and	
	c. Incomplete starting sequence.	
SR 3.8.1.14	 Momentary transients outside the load, excitation current, and power factor ranges do not invalidate this test. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR. If performed with the DG synchronized with offsite power, it shall be performed at a power factor of ≤ 0.9 for DG-1 and DG-2, and ≤ 0.91 for DG-3. However, if grid conditions do not permit, the power factor limit is not required to be met. Under this condition, the power factor shall be maintained as close to the limit as practicable. 	
	Verify each required DG operates for ≥ 24 hours: a. For ≥ 2 hours loaded ≥ 4650 kW for DG-1 and DG-2, and ≥ 2850 kW for DG-3; and	24 months
	 b. For the remaining hours of the test loaded ≥ 4400 kW for DG-1 and DG-2, and ≥ 2600 kW for DG-3. 	

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.15	1.	This Surveillance shall be performed within 5 minutes of shutting down the DG after the DG has operated ≥ 1 hour loaded ≥ 4000 kW for DG-1 and DG-2, and ≥ 2340 kW for DG-3. Momentary transients outside of load range do not invalidate this test. All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period.	
		rify each required DG starts and achieves: For DG-1 and DG-2, in ≤ 15 seconds, voltage ≥ 3910 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz, and after steady state conditions are reached, maintains voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz; and	24 months
	b.	For DG-3, in ≤ 15 seconds, voltage ≥ 3910 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz, and after steady state conditions are reached, maintains voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz.	

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.16	This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, or 3 (not applicable to DG-3). However, this Surveillance may be performed to re-establish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR. Verify each required DG: a. Synchronizes with offsite power source while loaded with emergency loads upon a simulated restoration of offsite power; b. Transfers loads to offsite power source; and c. Returns to ready-to-load operation.	24 months
SR 3.8.1.17	Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR. Verify, with a DG operating in test mode and connected to its bus, an actual or simulated ECCS initiation signal overrides the test mode by: a. Returning DG to ready-to-load operation; and b. Automatically energizing the emergency load from offsite power.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.18	This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, or 3. However, this Surveillance may be performed to re-establish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR.	
	Verify interval between each sequenced load block is within \pm 10% of design interval for each time delay relay.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.19	SURVEILLANCE NOTES 1. All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. 2. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, or 3 (not applicable to DG-3). However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to re-establish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. Credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR. Verify, on an actual or simulated loss of offsite power signal in conjunction with an actual or simulated ECCS initiation signal: a. De-energization of emergency buses; b. Load shedding from emergency buses for DG-1 and DG-2; and c. DG auto-starts from standby condition and: 1. energizes permanently connected loads in ≤ 15 seconds, 2. energizes auto-connected emergency loads, 3. maintains steady state voltage ≥ 3910 V and ≤ 4400 V, 4. maintains steady state frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz, and 5. supplies permanently connected and	FREQUENCY 24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.20	All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. Verify, when started simultaneously from standby condition, DG-1 and DG-2 achieves, in ≤ 15 seconds, voltage ≥ 3910 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz, and DG-3 achieves, in ≤ 15 seconds, voltage ≥ 3910 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz.	10 years

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.2 AC Sources - Shutdown

LCO 3.8.2

The following AC electrical power sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. One qualified circuit between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.8, "Distribution Systems Shutdown;"
- b. One diesel generator (DG) capable of supplying one division of the Division 1 or 2 onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.8; and
- c. The Division 3 DG capable of supplying the Division 3 onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem, when the Division 3 onsite Class 1E electrical power distribution subsystem is required by LCO 3.8.8.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 4 and 5.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Required offsite circuit inoperable.	Enter applicable Condition and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.8, when any required division is deenergized as a result of Condition A. A.1 Declare affected required feature(s) with no offsite power available inoperable. OR	Immediately

ACTIONS			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2.1	Initiate action to suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel (OPDRVs).	Immediately
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	A.2.2	Initiate action to restore required offsite power circuit to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
B. Division 1 or 2 required DG inoperable.	B.1	Initiate action to suspend OPDRVs.	Immediately
	AND		
	B.2	Initiate action to restore required DG to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
C. Required Division 3 DG inoperable.	C.1	Declare High Pressure Core Spray System inoperable.	72 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.2.1	The following SRs are not required to be performed: SR 3.8.1.3, SR 3.8.1.9 through SR 3.8.1.11, SR 3.8.1.13 through SR 3.8.1.16, SR 3.8.1.18, and SR 3.8.1.19.	
	For AC sources required to be OPERABLE, the SRs for Specification 3.8.1, except SR 3.8.1.8, SR 3.8.1.17, and SR 3.8.1.20, are applicable.	In accordance with applicable SRs

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.3 Diesel Fuel Oil, Lube Oil, and Starting Air

LCO 3.8.3

The stored diesel fuel oil, lube oil, and starting air subsystem shall be within limits for each required diesel generator (DG).

APPLICABILITY:

When associated DG is required to be OPERABLE.

ACTIONS	
	NOTE

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each DG.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
f 7	One or more DGs with fuel oil level less than a 7 day supply and greater than a 6 day supply.	A.1	Restore stored fuel oil level to within limit.	48 hours
1 1	One or more DGs with lube oil inventory less than a 7 day supply and greater than a 6 day supply.	B.1	Restore lube oil inventory to within limit.	48 hours
s	One or more DGs with stored fuel oil total particulates not within imit.	C.1	Restore stored fuel oil total particulates to within limit.	7 days
r	One or more DGs with new fuel oil properties not within limits.	D.1	Restore stored fuel oil properties to within limits.	30 days

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
 E. One or more DGs with required starting air receiver pressure: 1. For DG-1 and DG-2, < 230 psig and ≥ 150 psig; and 2. For DG-3, < 223 psig and ≥ 150 psig. 	E.1 Restore required starting air receiver pressure to within limit.	48 hours	
F. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, or E not met. OR One or more DGs with stored diesel fuel oil, lube oil, or starting air subsystem not within limits for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, D, or E.	F.1 Declare associated DG inoperable.	Immediately	

-	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.3.1	Verify each fuel oil storage subsystem contains greater than or equal to a seven day supply of fuel.	31 days
SR 3.8.3.2	Verify lube oil inventory is greater than or equal to a seven day supply.	31 days

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.3.3	Verify fuel oil properties of new and stored fuel oil are tested in accordance with, and maintained within the limits of, the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program.	In accordance with the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program
SR 3.8.3.4	Verify each required DG air start receiver pressure is:	31 days
	a. ≥ 230 psig for DG-1 and DG-2; and	
	b. ≥ 223 psig for DG-3.	
SR 3.8.3.5	Check for and remove accumulated water from each fuel oil storage tank.	92 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.4 DC Sources - Operating

LCO 3.8.4

The Division 1, Division 2, and Division 3 DC electrical power subsystems

shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

70110110			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One required Division 1 or 2 125 V DC battery charger inoperable.	A.1	Restore battery terminal voltage to greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage.	2 hours
	AND		
	A.2	Verify battery float current ≤ 2 amps.	Once per 12 hours
	AND		
	A.3	Restore required battery charger to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
B. One required Division 3 125 V DC battery charger inoperable.	B.1	Restore battery terminal voltage to greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage.	2 hours
	AND		
	B.2	Verify battery float current ≤ 2 amps.	Once per 12 hours
	AND		
	B.3	Restore required battery charger to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

<u>ACTI</u>	UNS	,		
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
	One required Division 1 250 V DC battery charger inoperable.	C.1	Restore battery terminal voltage to greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage.	2 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.2	Verify battery float current ≤ 2 amps.	Once per 12 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.3	Restore required battery charger to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	One required Division 1 or 2 125 V DC battery inoperable.	D.1	Restore battery to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
	One required Division 3 125 V DC battery inoperable.	E.1	Restore battery to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
	One required Division 1 250 V DC battery inoperable.	F.1	Restore battery to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
	Division 1 or 2 125 V DC electrical power subsystem inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or D.	G.1	Restore Division 1 and 2 125 V DC electrical power subsystems to OPERABLE status.	2 hours

<u> </u>	IONS	····		
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Н.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B or E not met.	H.1	Declare High Pressure Core Spray System inoperable.	Immediately
	OR			
	Division 3 DC electrical power subsystem inoperable for reasons other than Condition B or E.			
I.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C or F not met.	I.1	Declare associated supported features inoperable.	Immediately
	OR			
	Division 1 250 V DC electrical power subsystem inoperable for reasons other than Condition C or F.			
J.	Required Action and associated Completion	J.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	Time of Condition A or D not met.	AND		
	<u>OR</u>	J.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition G not met.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.4.1	Verify battery terminal voltage is greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage.	7 days
SR 3.8.4.2	Verify each required battery charger supplies the required load for ≥ 1.5 hours at:	24 months
	a. ≥ 126 V for the 125 V battery chargers; and	
	b. ≥ 252 V for the 250 V battery charger.	
SR 3.8.4.3	The modified performance discharge test in SR 3.8.6.6 may be performed in lieu of SR 3.8.4.3. This Surveillance shall not be performed in	
	MODE 1, 2, or 3 for the Division 1 and 2 125 V DC batteries. However, credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR.	
	Verify battery capacity is adequate to supply, and maintain in OPERABLE status, the required emergency loads for the design duty cycle when subjected to a battery service test.	24 months

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.5 DC Sources - Shutdown

LCO 3.8.5

DC electrical power subsystem(s) shall be OPERABLE to support the electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.8,

"Distribution Systems - Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 4 and 5.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required battery charger inoperable. AND	A.1	Restore battery terminal voltage to greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage.	2 hours
The redundant division battery and battery charger OPERABLE.	AND A.2	Verify battery float current ≤ 2 amps.	Once per 12 hours
	AND		
	A.3	Restore required battery charger to OPERABLE status.	7 days

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. One or more required DC electrical power subsystems inoperable, for reasons other than Condition A.	B.1 Declare affected required feature(s) inoperable. OR	Immediately
OR Required Action and Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.2.1 Initiate action to suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel. AND	Immediately
	B.2.2 Initiate action to restore required DC electrical power subsystems to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.5.1	The following SRs are not required to be performed: SR 3.8.4.2, and SR 3.8.4.3.	
	For DC electrical power subsystems required to be OPERABLE the following SRs are applicable: SR 3.8.4.1, SR 3.8.4.2, and SR 3.8.4.3.	In accordance with applicable SRs

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.6 Battery Parameters

LCO 3.8.6 Battery parameters for the Division 1, 2, and 3 batteries shall be within limits.

APPLICABILITY: When associated DC electrical power subsystems are required to be OPERABLE.

ACTIONS -----NOTE-----Separate Condition entry is allowed for each battery.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more batteries with one or more battery cells float voltage	A.1 <u>AND</u>	Perform SR 3.8.4.1.	2 hours
< 2.07 V.	A.2	Perform SR 3.8.6.1.	2 hours
	AND		
	A.3	Restore affected cell voltage ≥ 2.07 V.	24 hours
B. One or more batteries	B.1	Perform SR 3.8.4.1.	2 hours
with float current > 2 amps.	AND		
	B.2	Restore battery float current to ≤ 2 amps.	12 hours

CHONS			
CONDITION	:	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Required Action C.2 shall be completed if electrolyte level was below the top of plates.	Required Actions C.1 and C.2 are only applicable if electrolyte level was below the top of plates.		
C. One or more batteries with one or more cells electrolyte level less than minimum established design	C.1 <u>AND</u>	Restore electrolyte level to above top of plates.	8 hours
limits.	C.2	Verify no evidence of leakage.	12 hours
	AND		
	C.3	Restore electrolyte level to greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	31 days
D. One or more batteries with pilot cell electrolyte temperature less than minimum established.	D.1	Restore battery pilot cell temperature to greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	12 hours
E. Two or more redundant division batteries with battery parameters not within limits.	E.1	Restore battery parameters for affected battery in one division to within limits.	2 hours
	1		

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F. One or more batteries with a required battery parameter not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, D, or E.	F.1 Declare associated battery inoperable.	Immediately
<u>OR</u>		
Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, or E not met.		
<u>OR</u>		
One or more batteries with one or more battery cell(s) float voltage < 2.07 V and float current > 2 amps.		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.6.1	Not required to be met when battery terminal voltage is less than the minimum established float voltage of SR 3.8.4.1.	
	Verify each battery float current is ≤ 2 amps.	7 days
SR 3.8.6.2	Verify each battery pilot cell voltage is ≥ 2.07 V.	31 days

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.6.3	Verify each battery connected cell electrolyte level is greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	31 days
SR 3.8.6.4	Verify each battery pilot cell temperature is greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	31 days
SR 3.8.6.5	Verify each battery connected cell voltage is ≥ 2.07 V.	92 days
SR 3.8.6.6	This Surveillance shall not be performed in MODE 1, 2, or 3 for the Division 1 and 2 125 V DC batteries. However, credit may be taken for unplanned events that satisfy this SR. Verify battery capacity is ≥ 80% of the manufacturer's rating for the 125 V batteries and ≥ 83.4% of the manufacturer's rating for the 250 V battery, when subjected to a performance discharge test or a modified performance discharge test.	60 months AND 12 months when battery shows degradation or has reached 85% of expected life with capacity < 100% of manufacturer's rating AND 24 months when battery has reached 85% of the expected life with capacity ≥ 100% of manufacturer's rating

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.7 Distribution Systems - Operating

LCO 3.8.7

The following AC and DC electrical power distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Division 1 and Division 2 AC electrical power distribution subsystems;
- b. Division 1 and Division 2 125 V DC electrical power distribution subsystems;
- c. Division 1 250 V DC electrical power distribution subsystem; and
- d. Division 3 AC and DC electrical power distribution subsystems.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Division 1 or 2 AC electrical power distribution subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore Division 1 and 2 AC electrical power distribution subsystems to OPERABLE status.	8 hours AND 16 hours from discovery of failure to meet LCO 3.8.7.a or b
B. Division 1 or 2 125 V DC electrical power distribution subsystem inoperable.	B.1 Restore Division 1 and 2 125 V DC electrical power distribution subsystems to OPERABLE status.	2 hours AND 16 hours from discovery of failure to meet LCO 3.8.7.a or b

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	 C.1 Be in MODE 3. AND C.2 Be in MODE 4. 	12 hours 36 hours
D. Division 1 250 V DC electrical power distribution subsystem inoperable.	D.1 Declare associated supported feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately
E. One or more Division 3 AC or DC electrical power distribution subsystems inoperable.	E.1 Declare High Pressure Core Spray System inoperable.	Immediately
F. Two or more divisions with inoperable electrical power distribution subsystems that result in a loss of function.	F.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.7.1	Verify correct breaker alignments and indicated power availability to required AC and DC electrical power distribution subsystems.	7 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.8 Distribution Systems - Shutdown

LCO 3.8.8

The necessary portions of the Division 1, Division 2, and Division 3 AC and DC electrical power distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE to support equipment required to be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 4 and 5.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required AC or DC electrical power distribution subsystems inoperable.	A.1 <u>OR</u>	Declare associated supported required feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately
	A.2.1	Initiate action to suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.	Immediately
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	A.2.2	Initiate actions to restore required AC and DC electrical power distribution subsystems to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	A.2.3	Declare associated required shutdown cooling subsystem(s) inoperable and not in operation.	Immediately

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.8.8.1	Verify correct breaker alignments and indicated power availability to required AC and DC electrical power distribution subsystems.	7 days

3.9.1 Refueling Equipment Interlocks

LCO 3.9.1

The refueling equipment interlocks associated with the refuel position shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

During in-vessel fuel movement with equipment associated with the interlocks when the reactor mode switch is in the refuel position.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
One or more required refueling equipment interlocks inoperable.	A.1 Suspend in-vessel fuel movement with equipment associated with the inoperable interlock(s).	Immediately	

SONVEILLANCE I	TEGOTIVE MEI 110	
	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.9.1.1	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST on each of the following required refueling equipment interlock inputs:	7 days
	a. All-rods-in,	
	b. Refueling platform position,	
	c. Refueling platform fuel grapple fuel-loaded,	
	d. Refueling platform frame-mounted hoist fuel- loaded, and	
	e. Refueling platform trolley-mounted hoist fuel- loaded.	

3.9.2 Refuel Position One-Rod-Out Interlock

LCO 3.9.2

The refuel position one-rod-out interlock shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 5 with the reactor mode switch in the refuel position and any

control rod withdrawn.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Refuel position one-rod- out interlock inoperable.	A.1 Suspend control rod withdrawal. AND		Immediately
	A.2	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.2.1	Verify reactor mode switch locked in refuel position.	12 hours
SR 3.9.2.2	Not required to be performed until 1 hour after any control rod is withdrawn.	
	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	7 days

3.9.3 Control Rod Position

LCO 3.9.3

All control rods shall be fully inserted.

APPLICABILITY:

When loading fuel assemblies into the core.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
One or more control rods not fully inserted.	A.1 Suspend loading fuel assemblies into the core.	Immediately	

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.9.3.1	Verify all control rods are fully inserted.	12 hours

3.9.4 Control Rod Position Indication

LCO 3.9.4

Each control rod "full-in" position indication channel shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5.

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-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each required channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more required control rod position	A.1.1 Suspend in-vessel fuel movement.	Immediately
indication channels inoperable.	<u>AND</u>	
	A.1.2 Suspend control rod withdrawal.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.1.3 Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.2.1 Initiate action to fully insert the control rod associated with the inoperable position indicator.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2.2 Initiate action to disarm the control rod drive associated with the fully inserted control rod.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.4.1	Verify each channel has no "full-in" indication on each control rod that is not "full-in."	Each time the control rod is withdrawn from the "full-in" position

3.9.5 Control Rod OPERABILITY - Refueling

LCO 3.9.5

Each withdrawn control rod shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more withdrawn control rods inoperable.	A.1 Initiate action to fully insert inoperable withdrawn control rods.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.5.1	Not required to be performed until 7 days after the control rod is withdrawn.	
	Insert each withdrawn control rod at least one notch.	7 days
SR 3.9.5.2	Verify each withdrawn control rod scram accumulator pressure is ≥ 940 psig.	7 days

3.9.6 Reactor Pressure Vessel (RPV) Water Level - Irradiated Fuel

LCO 3.9.6

RPV water level shall be \geq 22 ft above the top of the RPV flange.

APPLICABILITY:

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within the RPV.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. RPV water level not within limit.	A.1 Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within the RPV.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.6.1	Verify RPV water level is ≥ 22 ft above the top of the RPV flange.	24 hours

3.9.7 Reactor Pressure Vessel (RPV) Water Level - New Fuel or Control Rods

LCO 3.9.7

RPV water level shall be ≥ 23 ft above the top of irradiated fuel

assemblies seated within the RPV.

APPLICABILITY:

During movement of new fuel assemblies or handling of control rods

within the RPV when irradiated fuel assemblies are seated within the

RPV.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
RPV water level not within limit.	A.1 Suspend movement of new fuel assemblies and handling of control rods within the RPV.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.7.1	Verify RPV water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of irradiated fuel assemblies seated within the RPV.	24 hours

3.9.8 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) - High Water Level

LCO 3.9.8	One RHR shutdown cooling subsystem shall be OPERABLE and in operation.
	The required RHR shutdown cooling subsystem may be removed from operation for up to 2 hours per 8 hour period.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 5 with irradiated fuel in the reactor pressure vessel (RPV) and with

the water level \geq 22 ft above the top of the RPV flange.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Required RHR shutdown cooling subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Verify an alternate method of decay heat removal is available.	1 hour AND Once per 24 hours thereafter
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Suspend loading irradiated fuel assemblies into the RPV.	Immediately
	B.2	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AND		

ACTIONS			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.3	Initiate action to restore one standby gas treatment subsystem to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AND		
	B.4	Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	Immediately
C. No RHR shutdown cooling subsystem in operation.	C.1	Verify reactor coolant circulation by an alternate method.	1 hour from discovery of no reactor coolant circulation
			Once per 12 hours thereafter
	AND		
	C.2	Monitor reactor coolant temperature.	Once per hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.8.1	Verify one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem is operating.	12 hours

3.9.9 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) - Low Water Level

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 5 with irradiated fuel in the reactor pressure vessel (RPV) and with the water level < 22 ft above the top of the RPV flange.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A. One or two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems inoperable.	A.1	Verify an alternate method of decay heat removal is available for each inoperable RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.	1 hour AND Once per 24 hours thereafter
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	B.2	Initiate action to restore one standby gas treatment subsystem to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AND		

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.3	Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	Immediately
C. No RHR shutdown cooling subsystem in operation.	C.1	Verify reactor coolant circulation by an alternate method.	hour from discovery of no reactor coolant circulation AND Once per 12 hours thereafter
	AND		
	C.2	Monitor reactor coolant temperature.	Once per hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.9.1	Verify one RHR shutdown cooling subsystem is operating.	12 hours

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.10 Decay Time

LCO 3.9.10

The reactor shall be subcritical for at least 24 hours.

APPLICABILITY:

During in-vessel fuel movement.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. With the reactor subcritical for less than 24 hours.	A.1 Suspend in-vessel fuel movement.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.10.1	R 3.9.10.1 Verify the reactor has been subcritical for at least 24 hours.	

3.10.1 Inservice Leak and Hydrostatic Testing Operation

LCO 3.10.1

The average reactor coolant temperature specified in Table 1.1-1 for MODE 4 may be changed to "NA," and operation considered not to be in MODE 3; and the requirements of LCO 3.4.10, "Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling System - Cold Shutdown," may be suspended to allow reactor coolant temperature > 200°F:

- For performance of an inservice leak or hydrostatic test,
- As a consequence of maintaining adequate pressure for an inservice leak or hydrostatic test, or
- As a consequence of maintaining adequate pressure for control rod scram time testing initiated in conjunction with an inservice leak or hydrostatic test,

provided the following MODE 3 LCOs are met:

- LCO 3.3.6.2, "Secondary Containment Isolation Instrumentation," Functions 1, 3, and 4 of Table 3.3.6.2-1;
- b. LCO 3.6.4.1, "Secondary Containment";
- LCO 3.6.4.2, "Secondary Containment Isolation Valves (SCIVs)";
 and
- d. LCO 3.6.4.3, "Standby Gas Treatment (SGT) System."

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4 with average reactor coolant temperature > 200°F.

-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each requirement of the LCO.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more of the above requirements not met.	A.1	Required Actions to be in MODE 4 include reducing average reactor coolant temperature to ≤ 200°F.	Immediately
		Condition of the affected LCO.	,
	<u>OR</u>		
	A.2.1	Suspend activities that could increase the average reactor coolant temperature or pressure.	Immediately
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	A.2.2	Reduce average reactor coolant temperature to ≤ 200°F.	24 hours

_	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.10.1.1	Perform the applicable SRs for the required MODE 3 LCOs.	According to the applicable SRs

3.10.2 Reactor Mode Switch Interlock Testing

LCO 3.10.2

The reactor mode switch position specified in Table 1.1-1 for MODES 3, 4, and 5 may be changed to include the run, startup/hot standby, and refuel position, and operation considered not to be in MODE 1 or 2, to allow testing of instrumentation associated with the reactor mode switch interlock functions, provided:

- a. All control rods remain fully inserted in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies; and
- b. No CORE ALTERATIONS are in progress.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 3 and 4 with the reactor mode switch in the run, startup/hot standby, or refuel position,

MODE 5 with the reactor mode switch in the run or startup/hot standby position.

ACTIONS

MOTIONO			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more of the above requirements not met.	A.1	Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS except for control rod insertion.	Immediately
	AND		
	A.2	Fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	1 hour
	AND		
	A.3.1	Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour
	OR	<u>R</u>	

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.3.2NOTE	1 hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.2.1	Verify all control rods are fully inserted in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	12 hours
SR 3.10.2.2	Verify no CORE ALTERATIONS are in progress.	24 hours

3.10.3 Single Control Rod Withdrawal - Hot Shutdown

LCO 3.10.3 The reactor mode switch position specified in Table 1.1-1 for MODE 3 may be changed to include the refuel position, and operation considered not to be in MODE 2, to allow withdrawal of a single control rod, provided the following requirements are met:

- a. LCO 3.9.2, "Refuel Position One-Rod-Out Interlock";
- b. LCO 3.9.4, "Control Rod Position Indication";
- c. All other control rods are fully inserted; and
- d. 1. LCO 3.3.1.1, "Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation," MODE 5 requirements for Functions 1.a, 1.b, 7.a, 7.b, 10, and 11 of Table 3.3.1.1-1, and

LCO 3.9.5, "Control Rod OPERABILITY - Refueling,"

OR

2. All other control rods in a five by five array centered on the control rod being withdrawn are disarmed, at which time LCO 3.1.1, "SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)," MODE 3 requirements may be changed to allow the single control rod withdrawn to be assumed to be the highest worth control rod.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 3 with the reactor mode switch in the refuel position.

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Separate Condition entry is allowed for each requirement of the LCO.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more of the above requirements not met.	A.1	 NOTES	
		Enter the applicable Condition of the affected LCO.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>		
	A.2.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.	Immediately
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	A.2.2	Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.10.3.1	Perform the applicable SRs for the required LCOs.	According to the applicable SRs

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.3.2	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.3.1 is satisfied for LCO 3.10.3.d.1 requirements.	
	Verify all control rods, other than the control rod being withdrawn, in a five by five array centered on the control rod being withdrawn, are disarmed.	24 hours
SR 3.10.3.3	Verify all control rods, other than the control rod being withdrawn, are fully inserted.	24 hours

3.10.4 Single Control Rod Withdrawal - Cold Shutdown

LCO 3.10.4

The reactor mode switch position specified in Table 1.1-1 for MODE 4 may be changed to include the refuel position, and operation considered not to be in MODE 2, to allow withdrawal of a single control rod, and subsequent removal of the associated control rod drive (CRD) if desired, provided the following requirements are met:

- All other control rods are fully inserted;
- LCO 3.9.2, "Refuel Position One-Rod-Out Interlock," and
 LCO 3.9.4, "Control Rod Position Indication,"

OR

- 2. A control rod withdrawal block is inserted; and
- c. 1. LCO 3.3.1.1, "Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation," MODE 5 requirements for Functions 1.a, 1.b, 7.a, 7.b, 10, and 11 of Table 3.3.1.1-1,

LCO 3.3.8.2, "Reactor Protection System (RPS) Electric Power Monitoring," MODE 5 requirements, and

LCO 3.9.5, "Control Rod OPERABILITY - Refueling,"

OR

 All other control rods in a five by five array centered on the control rod being withdrawn are disarmed, at which time LCO 3.1.1, "SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)," MODE 5 requirements may be changed to allow the single control rod withdrawn to be assumed to be the highest worth control rod.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4 with the reactor mode switch in the refuel position.

ACTIONS
NOTE
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each requirement of the LCO.

######################################	,		
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more of the above requirements not met with the affected control rod insertable.	A.1	1. Required Actions to fully insert all insertable control rods include placing the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position. 2. Only applicable if the requirement not met is a required LCO. Enter the applicable	Immediately
		Condition of the affected LCO.	,
	<u>OR</u>		
	A.2.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.	Immediately
	AN	<u>ID</u>	
	A.2.2	Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour
B. One or more of the above requirements not met with the affected control rod not	B.1	Suspend withdrawal of the control rod and removal of associated CRD.	Immediately
insertable.	AND		
	B.2.1	Initiate action to fully insert all control rods.	Immediately
	OF	2	

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.2.2 Initiate action to satisfy the requirements of this LCO.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.4.1	Perform the applicable SRs for the required LCOs.	According to the applicable SRs
SR 3.10.4.2	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.4.1 is satisfied for LCO 3.10.4.c.1 requirements.	
	Verify all control rods, other than the control rod being withdrawn, in a five by five array centered on the control rod being withdrawn, are disarmed.	24 hours
SR 3.10.4.3	Verify all control rods, other than the control rod being withdrawn, are fully inserted.	24 hours
SR 3.10.4.4	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.4.1 is satisfied for LCO 3.10.4.b.1 requirements.	
	Verify a control rod withdrawal block is inserted.	24 hours

3.10.5 Single Control Rod Drive (CRD) Removal - Refueling

LCO 3.10.5

The requirements of LCO 3.3.1.1, "Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation"; LCO 3.3.8.2, "Reactor Protection System (RPS) Electric Power Monitoring"; LCO 3.9.1, "Refueling Equipment Interlocks"; LCO 3.9.2, "Refuel Position One-Rod-Out Interlock"; LCO 3.9.4, "Control Rod Position Indication"; and LCO 3.9.5, "Control Rod OPERABILITY - Refueling," may be suspended in MODE 5 to allow the removal of a single CRD associated with a control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies, provided the following requirements are met:

- a. All other control rods are fully inserted;
- b. All other control rods in a five by five array centered on the withdrawn control rod are disarmed;
- c. A control rod withdrawal block is inserted, and LCO 3.1.1, "SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)," MODE 5 requirements may be changed to allow the single control rod withdrawn to be assumed to be the highest worth control rod; and
- d. No other CORE ALTERATIONS are in progress.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5 with LCO 3.9.5 not met.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
One or more of the above requirements not met.	A.1	Suspend removal of the CRD mechanism.	Immediately
met.	<u>AND</u>		
	A.2.1	Initiate action to fully insert all control rods.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	2	
	A.2.2	Initiate action to satisfy the requirements of this LCO.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.5.1	Verify all control rods, other than the control rod withdrawn for the removal of the associated CRD, are fully inserted.	24 hours
SR 3.10.5.2	Verify all control rods, other than the control rod withdrawn for the removal of the associated CRD, in a five by five array centered on the control rod withdrawn for the removal of the associated CRD, are disarmed.	24 hours
SR 3.10.5.3	Verify a control rod withdrawal block is inserted.	24 hours
SR 3.10.5.4	Perform SR 3.1.1.1.	According to SR 3.1.1.1
SR 3.10.5.5	Verify no other CORE ALTERATIONS are in progress.	24 hours

3.10.6 Multiple Control Rod Withdrawal - Refueling

LCO 3.10.6

The requirements of LCO 3.9.3, "Control Rod Position"; LCO 3.9.4, "Control Rod Position Indication"; and LCO 3.9.5, "Control Rod OPERABILITY - Refueling," may be suspended, and the "full-in" position indicators may be bypassed for any number of control rods in MODE 5, to allow withdrawal of these control rods, removal of associated control rod drives (CRDs), or both, provided the following requirements are met:

- a. The four fuel assemblies are removed from the core cells associated with each control rod or CRD to be removed;
- b. All other control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies are fully inserted; and
- c. Fuel assemblies shall only be loaded in compliance with an approved spiral reload sequence.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 5 with LCO 3.9.3, LCO 3.9.4, or LCO 3.9.5 not met.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
One or more of the above requirements not met.	A.1	Suspend withdrawal of control rods and removal of associated CRDs.	Immediately
	AND		
	A.2	Suspend loading fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	AND		

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.3.1 Initiate action to fully insert all control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.3.2 Initiate action to satisfy the requirements of this LCO.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
		TREGOLITOT
SR 3.10.6.1	Verify the four fuel assemblies are removed from core cells associated with each control rod or CRD removed.	24 hours
SR 3.10.6.2	Verify all other control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies are fully inserted.	24 hours
SR 3.10.6.3	Only required to be met during fuel loading.	
	Verify fuel assemblies being loaded are in compliance with an approved spiral reload sequence.	24 hours

3.10.7 Control Rod Testing - Operating

LCO 3.10.7

The requirements of LCO 3.1.6, "Rod Pattern Control," may be suspended to allow performance of SDM demonstrations, control rod scram time testing, and control rod friction testing provided:

a. The banked position withdrawal sequence requirements of SR 3.3.2.1.8 are changed to require the control rod sequence to conform to the specified test sequence.

OR

b. The RWM is bypassed; the requirements of LCO 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block Instrumentation," Function 2 are suspended; and conformance to the approved control rod sequence for the specified test is verified by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2 with LCO 3.1.6 not met.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1 Suspend performance of the test and exception to LCO 3.1.6.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.7.1	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.7.2 satisfied.	
	Verify movement of control rods is in compliance with the approved control rod sequence for the specified test by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.	During control rod movement
SR 3.10.7.2	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.7.1 satisfied.	
	Verify control rod sequence input to the RWM is in conformance with the approved control rod sequence for the specified test.	Prior to control rod movement

3.10.8 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM) Test - Refueling

LCO 3.10.8

The reactor mode switch position specified in Table 1.1-1 for MODE 5 may be changed to include the startup/hot standby position, and operation considered not to be in MODE 2, to allow SDM testing, provided the following requirements are met:

- a. LCO 3.3.1.1, "Reactor Protection System Instrumentation," MODE 2 requirements for Functions 2.a and 2.d of Table 3.3.1.1-1;
- LCO 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block Instrumentation," MODE 2
 requirements for Function 2 of Table 3.3.2.1-1, with banked
 position withdrawal sequence requirements of SR 3.3.2.1.8
 changed to require the control rod sequence to conform to
 the SDM test sequence,

<u>OR</u>

- 2. Conformance to the approved control rod sequence for the SDM test is verified by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff;
- c. Each withdrawn control rod shall be coupled to the associated control rod drive (CRD);
- d. All control rod withdrawals during out of sequence control rod moves shall be made in notch out mode;
- e. No other CORE ALTERATIONS are in progress; and
- f. CRD charging water header pressure ≥ 940 psig.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5 with the reactor mode switch in startup/hot standby position.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
ANOTESeparate Condition entry is allowed for each control rod. One or more control rods not coupled to its associated CRD.	Rod w bypas LCO 3 Instrui	rorth minimizer may be sed as allowed by 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block mentation," if required, to insertion of inoperable control ad continued operation. Fully insert inoperable control rod.	3 hours
	A.2	Disarm the associated CRD.	4 hours
B. One or more of the above requirements not met for reasons other than Condition A.	B.1	Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown or refuel position.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.8.1	Perform the MODE 2 applicable SRs for LCO 3.3.1.1, Functions 2.a and 2.d of Table 3.3.1.1-1.	According to the applicable SRs
SR 3.10.8.2	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.8.3 satisfied.	
	Perform the MODE 2 applicable SRs for LCO 3.3.2.1, Function 2 of Table 3.3.2.1-1.	According to the applicable SRs

SURVEILLANCE I	REQUIREMENTS	T
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.10.8.3	Not required to be met if SR 3.10.8.2 satisfied. Verify movement of control rods is in compliance with the approved control rod sequence for the SDM test by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.	During control rod movement
SR 3.10.8.4	Verify no other CORE ALTERATIONS are in progress.	12 hours
SR 3.10.8.5	Verify each withdrawn control rod does not go to the withdrawn overtravel position.	Each time the control rod is withdrawn to "full out" position
		AND Prior to satisfying LCO 3.10.8.c requirement after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect coupling
SR 3.10.8.6	Verify CRD charging water header pressure ≥ 940 psig.	7 days

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.1 Site Location

4.1.1 <u>Site and Exclusion Area Boundaries</u>

The site area shall include the area enclosed by the exclusion area plus the plant property lines that fall outside the exclusion area, as shown in Figure 4.1-1. The exclusion area boundary is a circle with its center at the reactor and a radius of 1950 meters.

4.1.2 Low Population Zone

The low population zone is all the land within a circle with its center at the reactor and a radius of 4827 meters.

4.2 Reactor Core

4.2.1 Fuel Assemblies

The reactor shall contain 764 fuel assemblies. Each assembly shall consist of a matrix of Zircaloy clad fuel rods with an initial composition of depleted, natural, or slightly enriched uranium dioxide (UO₂) as fuel material and water rods or channels. Limited substitutions of zirconium alloy or stainless steel filler rods for fuel rods, in accordance with approved applications of fuel rod configurations, may be used. Fuel assemblies shall be limited to those fuel designs that have been analyzed with applicable NRC staff approved codes and methods and shown by tests or analyses to comply with all safety design bases. A limited number of lead fuel assemblies that have not completed representative testing may be placed in nonlimiting core regions.

4.2.2 Control Rod Assemblies

The reactor core shall contain 185 cruciform shaped control rod assemblies. The control material shall be boron carbide and hafnium metal as approved by the NRC.

4.3 Fuel Storage

4.3.1 <u>Criticality</u>

- 4.3.1.1 The spent fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:
 - k_{eff} ≤ 0.95 if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1.2 of the FSAR; and
 - b. A nominal 6.5 inch center to center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the storage racks.

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.3 Fuel Storage (continued)

- 4.3.1.2 The new fuel storage racks are designed and, with fuel assemblies inserted, shall be maintained with:
 - a. $k_{\text{eff}} \le 0.95$ if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1.1 of the FSAR: and
 - b. A maximum of 60 new fuel assemblies stored in the new fuel storage racks, arranged in 6 spatially separated zones. Within a storage zone, the nominal center-to-center distance between cells for storing fuel assemblies is 14 inches. The nominal center-to-center distance between cells for storing fuel assemblies in adjacent zones is 37 inches. Design features relied upon to spatially limit the placement of fuel bundles within the new fuel vault are required to be installed prior to placement of new fuel bundles in the vault.

4.3.2 <u>Drainage</u>

The spent fuel storage pool is designed and shall be maintained to prevent inadvertent draining of the pool below elevation 583 ft 1.25 inches.

4.3.3 Capacity

The spent fuel storage pool is designed and shall be maintained with a storage capacity limited to no more than 2658 fuel assemblies.

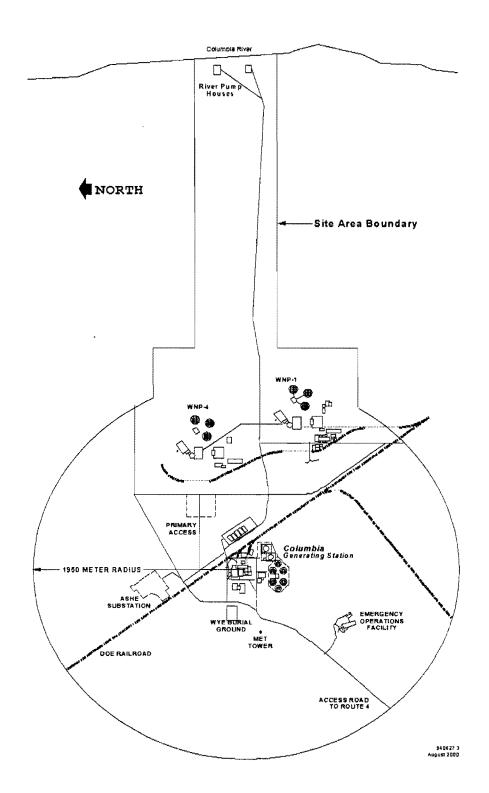


Figure 4.1-1 (page 1 of 1) Site Area Boundary

5.1 Responsibility

5.1.1 The Plant General Manager shall be responsible for overall unit operation and shall delegate in writing the succession to this responsibility during his absence.

The Plant General Manager or his designee shall approve, prior to implementation, each proposed test, experiment, and modification to systems or equipment that affect nuclear safety.

5.1.2 The Shift Manager (SM) shall be responsible for the control room command function. During any absence of the SM from the control room while the unit is in MODE 1, 2, or 3, an individual with an active Senior Reactor Operator (SRO) license shall be designated to assume the control room command function. During any absence of the SM from the control room while the unit is in MODE 4 or 5, an individual with an active SRO license or Reactor Operator license shall be designated to assume the control room command function.

5.2 Organization

5.2.1 Onsite and Offsite Organizations

Onsite and offsite organizations shall be established for unit operation and corporate management, respectively. The onsite and offsite organizations shall include the positions for activities affecting safety of the nuclear power plant.

- a. Lines of authority, responsibility, and communication shall be defined and established throughout highest management levels, intermediate levels, and all operating organization positions. These relationships shall be documented and updated, as appropriate, in organization charts, functional descriptions of departmental responsibilities and relationships, and job descriptions for key personnel positions, or in equivalent forms of documentation. These requirements shall be documented in the FSAR.
- b. The Plant General Manager shall be responsible for overall safe operation of the plant and shall have control over those onsite activities necessary for safe operation and maintenance of the plant.
- c. The Chief Executive Officer shall have corporate responsibility for overall plant nuclear safety and shall take any measures needed to ensure acceptable performance of the staff in operating, maintaining, and providing technical support to the plant to ensure nuclear safety.
- d. The individuals who train the operating staff, carry out health physics, or perform quality assurance functions may report to the appropriate onsite manager; however, these individuals shall have sufficient organizational freedom to ensure their independence from operating pressures.

5.2.2 <u>Unit Staff</u>

The unit staff organization shall include the following:

- a. At least two Equipment Operators shall be assigned when the unit is in MODES 1, 2, or 3; and at least one Equipment Operator shall be assigned when the unit is in MODE 4 or 5.
- b. Shift crew composition may be less than the minimum requirement of 10 CFR 50.54(m)(2)(i) and 5.2.2.a and 5.2.2.f for a period of time not to exceed 2 hours in order to accommodate unexpected absence of on-duty shift crew members provided immediate action is taken to restore the shift crew composition to within the minimum requirements.

5.2 Organization

5.2.2 Unit Staff (continued)

- c. An individual qualified to implement radiation protection procedures shall be on site when fuel is in the reactor. The position may be vacant for not more than 2 hours, in order to provide for unexpected absence, provided immediate action is taken to fill the required position.
- d. Deleted.
- e. The Operations Manager or Assistant Operations Manager shall hold an SRO license.
- f. An individual shall provide advisory technical support to the unit operations shift crew in the areas of thermal hydraulics, reactor engineering, and plant analysis with regard to the safe operation of the unit. This individual shall meet the qualifications specified by the Commission Policy Statement on Engineering Expertise on Shift.

5.3 Unit Staff Qualifications

- 5.3.1 Each member of the unit staff shall meet or exceed the minimum qualifications of ANSI/ANS N18.1-1971, for comparable positions described in the FSAR, except for:
 - a. The Operations Manager, who shall meet the requirements of ANSI/ANS N18.1-1971 with the exception that in lieu of meeting the stated ANSI/ANS requirement to hold a Senior Reactor Operator (SRO) license at the time of appointment to the position, the Operations Manager shall:
 - 1. Hold an SRO license at the time of appointment;
 - 2. Have held an SRO license; or
 - 3. Have been certified for equivalent SRO knowledge; and
 - b. The Radiation Protection Manager, who shall meet or exceed the qualifications of Regulatory Guide 1.8, Revision 1-R, May 1977.
- 5.3.2 For the purpose of 10 CFR 55.4, a licensed SRO and a licensed Reactor Operator (RO) are those individuals who, in addition to meeting the requirements of Specification 5.3.1, perform the functions described in 10 CFR 50.54(m).

5.4 Procedures

- 5.4.1 Written procedures shall be established, implemented, and maintained covering the following activities:
 - a. The applicable procedures recommended in Regulatory Guide 1.33, Revision 2, Appendix A, February 1978;
 - b. The emergency operating procedures required to implement the requirements of NUREG-0737 and NUREG-0737, Supplement 1, as stated in Generic Letter 82-33;
 - c. Quality assurance program for radioactive effluent and radiological environmental monitoring;
 - d. Fire Protection Program implementation; and
 - e. All programs specified in Specification 5.5.

5.5 Programs and Manuals

The following programs shall be established, implemented, and maintained.

5.5.1 Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM)

- The ODCM shall contain the methodology and parameters used in the calculation of offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring alarm and trip setpoints, and in the conduct of the radiological environmental monitoring program; and
- b. The ODCM shall also contain the radioactive effluent controls and radiological environmental monitoring activities, and descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating and Radioactive Effluent Release reports required by Specification 5.6.1 and Specification 5.6.2.
- c. Licensee initiated changes to the ODCM:
 - 1. Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained. This documentation shall contain:
 - (a) Sufficient information to support the change(s) together with the appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying the change(s), and
 - (b) A determination that the change(s) maintain the levels of radioactive effluent control required pursuant to 10 CFR 20.1302, 40 CFR 190, 10 CFR 50.36a, and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, and do not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent, dose, or setpoint calculations;
 - Shall become effective after review and acceptance by the Plant Operations Committee and the approval of the Plant General Manager; and
 - 3. Shall be submitted to the NRC in the form of a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM as a part of, or concurrent with, the Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change in the ODCM was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (i.e., month and year) the change was implemented.

5.5.2 Primary Coolant Sources Outside Containment

This program provides controls to minimize leakage from those portions of systems outside containment that could contain highly radioactive fluids during a serious transient or accident to levels as low as practicable. The systems include the Low Pressure Core Spray, High Pressure Core Spray, Residual Heat Removal, Reactor Core Isolation Cooling, process sampling, (the program requirements shall apply to the Post Accident Sampling System until such time as administrative controls provide for continuous isolation of the associated penetration(s) or a modification eliminates the potential leakage path(s)), containment monitoring, and Standby Gas Treatment. The program shall include the following:

- a. Preventive maintenance and periodic visual inspection requirements; and
- Integrated leak test requirements for each system at 24 month intervals or less.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the 24 month Frequency for performing integrated system leak test activities.

5.5.3 Deleted

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program

This program, conforming to 10 CFR 50.36a, provides for the control of radioactive effluents and for maintaining the doses to members of the public from radioactive effluents as low as reasonably achievable. The program shall be contained in the ODCM, shall be implemented by procedures, and shall include remedial actions to be taken whenever the program limits are exceeded. The program shall include the following elements:

- Limitations on the functional capability of radioactive liquid and gaseous monitoring instrumentation including surveillance tests and setpoint determination in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM;
- b. Limitations on the concentrations of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas, conforming to 10 times the concentration values in Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 to 10 CFR 20.1001 20.2402;
- Monitoring, sampling, and analysis of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents pursuant to 10 CFR 20.1302 and with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM;
- d. Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses or dose commitment to a member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released from each unit to unrestricted areas, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program (continued)

- e. Determination of cumulative and projected dose contributions from radioactive effluents for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM at least every 31 days;
- f. Limitations on the functional capability and use of the liquid and gaseous effluent treatment systems to ensure that appropriate portions of these systems are used to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in a period of 31 days would exceed 2% of the guidelines for the annual dose or dose commitment, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- g. Limitations on the dose rate resulting from radioactive material released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at or beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following:
 - 1. For noble gases: less than or equal to a dose rate of 500 mrems/yr to the whole body and less than or equal to a dose rate of 3000 mrems/yr to the skin, and
 - 2. For iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half lives > 8 days: less than or equal to a dose rate of 1500 mrems/yr to any organ;
- h. Limitations on the annual and quarterly air doses resulting from noble gases released in gaseous effluents from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses to a member of the public from iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half lives > 8 days in gaseous effluents released from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- j. Limitations on the annual dose or dose commitment to any member of the public, beyond the site boundary, due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources, conforming to 40 CFR 190; and
- k. Limitations on venting and purging of the primary containment through the Standby Gas Treatment System to maintain releases as low as reasonably achievable.
- I. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Radioactive Effluent Controls Program surveillance frequency.

5.5.5 Component Cyclic or Transient Limit

This program provides controls to track the FSAR, Table 3.9-1, Note 1, cyclic and transient occurrences to ensure that components are maintained within the design limits.

5.5.6 <u>Inservice Testing Program</u>

This program provides controls for inservice testing of ASME Code Class 1, 2, and 3 pumps and valves.

a. Testing Frequencies applicable to the ASME Code for Operations and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants (ASME OM Code) and applicable Addenda as follows:

ASME OM Code and applicable Addenda terminology for inservice testing activities	Required Frequencies for performing inservice testing activities	
Weekly	At least once per 7 days	
Monthly	At least once per 31 days	
Quarterly or every 3 months	At least once per 92 days	
Semiannually or every 6 months	At least once per 184 days	
Every 9 months	At least once per 276 days	
Yearly or annually	At least once per 366 days	
Biennially or every 2 years	At least once per 731 days	

- The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the above required Frequencies and to other normal and accelerated Frequencies specified as 2 years or less in the Inservice Testing Program for performing inservice testing activities;
- c. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to inservice testing activities; and
- d. Nothing in the ASME OM Code shall be construed to supersede the requirements of any TS.

5.5.7 <u>Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)</u>

The VFTP shall establish the required testing of Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) filter ventilation systems.

Tests described in Specification 5.5.7.a and 5.5.7.b shall be performed once per 24 months; after each complete or partial replacement of the HEPA filter train or charcoal adsorber filter; after any structural maintenance on the system housing; and, following significant painting, fire, or chemical release in any ventilation zone communicating with the system while it is in operation.

Tests described in Specification 5.5.7.c shall be performed once per 24 months; after 720 hours of system operation; after any structural maintenance on the system housing; and, following significant painting, fire, or chemical release in any ventilation zone communicating with the system while it is in operation.

Tests described in Specification 5.5.7.d and 5.5.7.e shall be performed once per 24 months.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the VFTP test Frequencies.

a. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that an inplace test of the high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters shows a penetration and system bypass < 0.05% when tested in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, and ASME N510-1989 at the system flowrate specified below:

ESF Ventilation System	Flowrate (cfm)	
SGT System	4320 to 5280	
CREF System	900 to 1100	

 Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that an inplace test of the charcoal absorber shows a penetration and system bypass < 0.05% when tested in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, and ASME N510-1989 at the system flowrate specified below:

ESF Ventilation System	Flowrate (cfm)
SGT System	4320 to 5280
CREF System	900 to 1100

5.5.7 <u>Ventilation Filter Testing Program</u> (continued)

c. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that a laboratory test of a sample of the charcoal absorber, when obtained as described in Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, shows the methyl iodide penetration less than the value specified below when tested in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 at a temperature of 30°C (86°F) and the relative humidity specified below. Testing of the SGT System will also be conducted at a face velocity of 75 feet per minute.

ESF Ventilation System	Penetration (%)	RH (%)	
SGT System	0.5	70	
CREF System	2.5	70	

Allowed tolerances in the above testing parameters of temperature, relative humidity, and face velocity are as specified in ASTM D3803-1989.

d. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and the charcoal absorbers is less than the value specified below when tested at the system flowrate specified below:

ESF Ventilation System	Delta P (inches wg)	Flowrate (cfm)
SGT System	< 8	4320 to 5280
CREF System	< 6	900 to 1100

e. Demonstrate that the heaters for each of the ESF systems dissipate the nominal value specified below when tested in accordance with ASME N510-1989:

ESF Ventilation System	Wattage (kW)
SGT System	18.6 to 22.8
CREF System	4.5 to 5.5

5.5.8 <u>Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program</u>

This program provides controls for potentially explosive gas mixtures contained in the Main Condenser Offgas Treatment System and the quantity of radioactivity contained in unprotected outdoor liquid storage tanks.

5.5.8 <u>Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program</u> (continued)

The program shall include:

- a. The limits for concentrations of hydrogen in the Main Condenser Offgas
 Treatment System and a surveillance program to ensure the limits are
 maintained. Such limits shall be appropriate to the system's design criteria
 (i.e., whether or not the system is designed to withstand a hydrogen
 explosion); and
- b. A surveillance program to ensure that the quantity of radioactivity contained in all outside temporary liquid radwaste tanks that are not surrounded by liners, dikes, or walls, capable of holding the tanks' contents and that do not have tank overflows and surrounding area drains connected to the Liquid Radwaste Treatment System is less than the amount that would result in concentrations greater than the limits of Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 to 10 CFR 20.1001 20.2402, at the nearest potable water supply and the nearest surface water supply in an unrestricted area, in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program Surveillance Frequencies.

5.5.9 Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program

A diesel fuel oil testing program shall establish the required testing of both new fuel oil and stored fuel oil. The program shall include sampling and testing requirements, and acceptance criteria, all in accordance with applicable ASTM Standards. The purpose of the program is to establish the following:

- Acceptability of new fuel oil for use prior to addition to storage tanks by determining that the fuel oil has:
 - 1. An API gravity, a specific gravity, or an absolute specific gravity within limits,
 - 2. A kinematic viscosity, if gravity was not determined by comparison with the supplier's certificate, and a flash point within limits for ASTM 2-D fuel oil,
 - 3. A water and sediment content within limits or a clear and bright appearance with proper color;

5.5.9 <u>Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program</u> (continued)

- b. Other properties for ASTM 2-D fuel oil are within limits within 31 days following sampling and addition to storage tanks; and
- c. Total particulate concentration of the fuel oil in the storage tanks is ≤ 10 mg/l when tested every 31 days.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program test Frequencies.

5.5.10 <u>Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program</u>

This program provides a means for processing changes to the Bases of these Technical Specifications.

- a. Changes to the Bases of the TS shall be made under appropriate administrative controls and reviews.
- b. Licensees may make changes to Bases without prior NRC approval provided the changes do not require either of the following:
 - 1. A change in the TS incorporated in the license; or
 - 2. A change to the updated FSAR or Bases that requires NRC approval pursuant to 10 CFR 50.59.
- c. The Bases Control Program shall contain provisions to ensure that the Bases are maintained consistent with the FSAR.
- d. Proposed changes that meet the criteria of Specification 5.5.10.b above shall be reviewed and approved by the NRC prior to implementation.
 Changes to the Bases implemented without prior NRC approval shall be provided to the NRC on a frequency consistent with 10 CFR 50.71(e).

5.5.11 Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)

This program ensures loss of safety function is detected and appropriate actions taken. Upon entry into LCO 3.0.6, an evaluation shall be made to determine if loss of safety function exists. Additionally, other appropriate limitations and remedial or compensatory actions may be identified to be taken as a result of the support system inoperability and corresponding exception to entering supported system Condition and Required Actions. This program implements the requirements of LCO 3.0.6.

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.11 Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP) (continued)

- a. The SFDP shall contain the following:
 - Provisions for cross division checks to ensure a loss of the capability to perform the safety function assumed in the accident analysis does not go undetected;
 - 2. Provisions for ensuring the plant is maintained in a safe condition if a loss of function condition exists;
 - Provisions to ensure that an inoperable supported system's Completion Time is not inappropriately extended as a result of multiple support system inoperabilities; and
 - 4. Other appropriate limitations and remedial or compensatory actions.
- b. A loss of safety function exists when, assuming no concurrent single failure, a safety function assumed in the accident analysis cannot be performed. For the purpose of this program, a loss of safety function may exist when a support system is inoperable, and:
 - 1. A required system redundant to system(s) supported by the inoperable support system is also inoperable; or
 - 2. A required system redundant to system(s) in turn supported by the inoperable supported system is also inoperable; or
 - 3. A required system redundant to support system(s) for the supported systems described in b.1 and b.2 above is also inoperable.
- c. The SFDP identifies where a loss of safety function exists. If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered.

5.5.12 Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

The Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program shall establish the leakage rate testing of the containment as required by 10 CFR 50.54(o) and 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Option B, as modified by approved exemptions. This program shall be in accordance with the guidelines contained in Regulatory Guide 1.163, "Performance-Based Containment Leak-Test Program," dated September 1995, as modified by the following exceptions: The next Type A test

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.12 Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program (continued)

performed after the July 20, 1994, Type A test shall be performed no later than July 20, 2009, and compensation for flow meter inaccuracies in excess of those specified in ANSI/ANS 56.8-1994 will be accomplished by increasing the actual instrument reading by the amount of the full scale inaccuracy when assessing the effect of local leak rates against the criteria established in Specification 5.5.12.a.

The peak calculated primary containment internal pressure for the design basis loss of coolant accident, P_a, is 38 psig.

The maximum allowable primary containment leakage rate, L_a , at P_a , shall be 0.5% of primary containment air weight per day.

Leakage rate acceptance criteria are:

- a. Primary containment leakage rate acceptance criterion is ≤ 1.0 L_a. During the first unit startup following testing in accordance with this program, the leakage rate acceptance criteria are < 0.60 L_a for the Type B and Type C tests (except for main steam isolation valves) and < 0.75 L_a for Type A tests;
- b. Primary containment air lock testing acceptance criteria are:
 - Overall primary containment air lock leakage rate is ≤ 0.05 L_a when tested at ≥ P_a; and
 - For each door, leakage rate is ≤ 0.025 L_a when pressurized to ≥ 10 psig.

The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Primary Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.

5.5.13 Battery Monitoring and Maintenance Program

This Program provides for restoration and maintenance, which includes the following:

- Actions to restore battery cells with float voltage < 2.13 V; and
- b. Actions to equalize and test battery cells that had been discovered with electrolyte level below the top of the plates; and
- c. Actions to verify that the remaining cells are \geq 2.07 V when a cell or cells have been found to be < 2.13 V.

5.5.14 Control Room Envelope Habitability Program

A Control Room Envelope (CRE) Habitability Program shall be established and implemented to ensure that CRE habitability is maintained such that, with an OPERABLE Control Room Emergency Filtration (CREF) System, CRE occupants can control the reactor safely under normal conditions and maintain it in a safe condition following a radiological event, hazardous chemical release, or a smoke challenge. The program shall ensure that adequate radiation protection is provided to permit access and occupancy of the CRE under design basis accident (DBA) conditions without personnel receiving radiation exposures in excess of 5 rem total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) for the duration of the accident. The program shall include the following elements:

- a. The definition of the CRE and the CRE boundary.
- b. Requirements for maintaining the CRE boundary in its design condition including configuration control and preventive maintenance.
- c. Requirements for (i) determining the unfiltered air inleakage past the CRE boundary into the CRE in accordance with the testing methods and at the Frequencies specified in Sections C.1 and C.2 of Regulatory Guide 1.197, "Demonstrating Control Room Envelope Integrity at Nuclear Power Reactors," Revision 0, May 2003, and (ii) assessing CRE habitability at Frequencies specified in Sections C.1 and C.2 of Regulatory Guide 1.197, Revision 0.
- d. Measurement, at designated locations, of the CRE pressure relative to all external areas adjacent to the CRE boundary during the pressurization mode of operation by one subsystem of the CREF System, operating at the flow rate required by the VFTP, at a Frequency of 24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS. The results shall be trended and used as part of the 24 month assessment of the CRE boundary.
- e. The quantitative limits on unfiltered air inleakage into the CRE. These limits shall be stated in a manner to allow direct comparison to the unfiltered air inleakage measured by the testing described in paragraph c. The unfiltered air inleakage limit for radiological challenges is the inleakage flow rate assumed in the licensing basis analyses for DBA consequences. Unfiltered air inleakage limits for hazardous chemicals must ensure that exposure of CRE occupants to these hazards will be within the assumptions in the licensing basis.
- f. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the Frequencies for assessing CRE habitability, determining CRE unfiltered inleakage, and measuring CRE pressure and assessing the CRE boundary as required by paragraphs c and d, respectively.

5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.6 Reporting Requirements

The following reports shall be submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.4.

5.6.1 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted by May 15 of each year. The report shall include summaries, interpretations, and analyses of trends of the results of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program for the reporting period. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), and in 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Sections IV.B.2, IV.B.3, and IV.C.

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report shall include the results of analyses of all radiological environmental samples and of all environmental radiation measurements taken during the period pursuant to the locations specified in the table and figures in the ODCM, as well as summarized and tabulated results of these analyses and measurements in the format of the table in the Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979. In the event that some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted in a supplementary report as soon as possible.

5.6.2 Radioactive Effluent Release Report

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering the operation of the unit shall be submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.36a. The report shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the ODCM and the Process Control Program and in conformance with 10 CFR 50.36a and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Section IV.B.1.

5.6.3 <u>CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)</u>

- a. Core operating limits shall be established prior to each reload cycle, or prior to any remaining portion of a reload cycle, and shall be documented in the COLR for the following:
 - 1. The APLHGR for Specification 3.2.1;
 - 2. The MCPR for Specification 3.2.2;
 - 3. The LHGR for Specification 3.2.3; and
 - 4. LCO 3.3.1.3, "Oscillation Power Range Monitor (OPRM) Instrumentation."

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.3 <u>CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)</u> (continued)

- b. The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents:
 - 1. XN-NF-81-58(P)(A), "RODEX2 Fuel Rod Thermal-Mechanical Response Evaluation Model," Exxon Nuclear Company
 - 2. XN-NF-85-67(P)(A), "Generic Mechanical Design for Exxon Nuclear Jet Pump BWR Reload Fuel," Exxon Nuclear Company
 - EMF-85-74(P) Supplement 1(P)(A) and Supplement 2(P)(A), "RODEX2A (BWR) Fuel Rod Thermal-Mechanical Evaluation Model," Siemens Power Corporation
 - 4. ANF-89-98(P)(A), "Generic Mechanical Design Criteria for BWR Fuel Designs," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation
 - XN-NF-80-19(P)(A) Volume 1, "Exxon Nuclear Methodology for Boiling Water Reactors - Neutronic Methods for Design and Analysis," Exxon Nuclear Company
 - 6. XN-NF-80-19(P)(A) Volume 4, "Exxon Nuclear Methodology for Boiling Water Reactors: Application of the ENC Methodology to BWR Reloads," Exxon Nuclear Company
 - EMF-2158(P)(A), "Siemens Power Corporation Methodology for Boiling Water Reactors: Evaluation and Validation of CASMO-4/MICROBURN-B2," Siemens Power Corporation
 - 8. XN-NF-80-19(P)(A) Volume 3, "Exxon Nuclear Methodology for Boiling Water Reactors, THERMEX: Thermal Limits Methodology Summary Description," Exxon Nuclear Company
 - XN-NF-84-105(P)(A) Volume 1, "XCOBRA-T: A Computer Code for BWR Transient Thermal-Hydraulic Core Analysis," Exxon Nuclear Company
 - ANF-524(P)(A), "ANF Critical Power Methodology for Boiling Water Reactors," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation
 - 11. ANF-913(P)(A) Volume 1, "COTRANSA2: A Computer Program for Boiling Water Reactor Transient Analysis," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.3 <u>CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)</u> (continued)

- 12. ANF-1358(P)(A) "The Loss of Feedwater Heating Transient in Boiling Water Reactors," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation
- 13. EMF-2209(P)(A), "SPCB Critical Power Correlation," Siemens Power Corporation
- 14. EMF-2245(P)(A), "Application of Siemens Power Corporation's Critical Power Correlations to Co-Resident Fuel," Siemens Power Corporation
- EMF-2361(P)(A), "EXEM BWR-2000 ECCS Evaluation Model,"
 Framatome ANP Richland
- 16. EMF-2292(P)(A), "ATRIUM™ –10: Appendix K Spray Heat Transfer Coefficients," Siemens Power Corporation
- 17. EMF-CC-074(P)(A) Volume 4, "BWR Stability Analysis-Assessment of STAIF with Input from MICROBURN-B2," Siemens Power Corporation
- 18. CENPD-300-P-A, "Reference Safety Report for Boiling Water Reactor Reload Fuel," ABB Combustion Engineering Nuclear Operations
- NEDO-32465-A, "BWR Owners' Group Reactor Stability Detect and Suppress Solutions Licensing Basis Methodology and Reload Applications"
- NEDC-33419P, "GEXL97 Correlation Applicable to ATRIUM-10 Fuel," Global Nuclear Fuel
- 21. NEDE-24011-P-A and NEDE-24011-P-A-US, "General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel (GESTAR II) and Supplement for United States," Global Nuclear Fuel
- c. The core operating limits shall be determined such that all applicable limits (e.g., fuel thermal mechanical limits, core thermal hydraulic limits, Emergency Core Cooling Systems (ECCS) limits, nuclear limits such as SDM, transient analysis limits, and accident analysis limits) of the safety analysis are met.
- d. The COLR, including any midcycle revisions or supplements, shall be provided upon issuance for each reload cycle to the NRC.

5.6.4 Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation Report

When a report is required by Condition B or F of LCO 3.3.3.1, "Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation," a report shall be submitted within the following 14 days. The report shall outline the preplanned alternate method of monitoring, the cause of the inoperability, and the plans and schedule for restoring the instrumentation channels of the Function to OPERABLE status.

5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.7 High Radiation Area

As provided in paragraph 20.1601(c) of 10 CFR Part 20, the following controls shall be applied to high radiation areas in place of the controls required by paragraph 20.1601(a) and (b) of 10 CFR Part 20.

- 5.7.1 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates not Exceeding 1.0 rem/hour (at 30 centimeters from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation)
 - Each entryway to such an area shall be barricaded and conspicuously posted as a high radiation area. Such barricades may be opened as necessary to permit entry or exit of personnel or equipment.
 - b. Access to, and activities in, each such area shall be controlled by means of a Radiation Work Permit (RWP) or equivalent that includes specification of radiation dose rates in the immediate work area(s) and other appropriate radiation protection equipment and measures.
 - c. Individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures and personnel continuously escorted by such individuals may be exempted from the requirement for an RWP or equivalent while performing their assigned duties provided that they are otherwise following plant radiation protection procedures for entry to, exit from, and work in such areas.
 - d. Each individual or group entering such an area shall possess:
 - 1. A radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; or
 - A radiation monitoring device that continuously integrates the radiation dose rates in the area and alarms when the device's dose alarm setpoint is reached, with an appropriate alarm setpoint; or
 - A radiation monitoring device that continuously transmits dose rate and cumulative dose to a remote receiver monitored by radiation protection personnel responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area; or
 - 4. A self-reading dosimeter (e.g., pocket ionization chamber or electronic dosimeter) and,
 - (i) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, of an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures, equipped with a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; who is responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area, or

5.7 High Radiation Area

- 5.7.1 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates not Exceeding 1.0 rem/hour (at 30 centimetersfrom the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation) (continued)
 - (ii) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, by means of closed circuit television, of personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures, responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure in the area, and with the means to communicate with individuals in the area who are covered by such surveillance.
 - e. Except for individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures, or personnel continuously escorted by such individuals, entry into such areas shall be made only after dose rates in the area have been determined and entry personnel are knowledgeable of them. These continuously escorted personnel will receive a pre-job briefing prior to entry into such areas. This dose rate determination, knowledge, and pre-job briefing does not require documentation prior to initial entry.
- 5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour (at 30 centimeters from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation), but less than 500 rads/hour (at 1 meter from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation)
 - a. Each entryway to such an area shall be conspicuously posted as a high radiation area and shall be provided with a locked or continuously guarded door or gate that prevents unauthorized entry, and in addition:
 - 1. All such door and gate keys shall be maintained under the administrative control of the Shift Supervisor, Radiation Protection Manager, or his or her designee.
 - 2. Doors and gates shall remain locked except during periods of personnel or equipment entry or exit.
 - Access to, and activities in, each such area shall be controlled by means of an RWP or equivalent that includes specification of radiation dose rates in the immediate work area(s) and other appropriate radiation protection equipment and measures.
 - c. Individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures may be exempted from the requirement for an RWP or equivalent while performing radiation surveys in such areas provided that they are otherwise following plant radiation protection procedures for entry to, exit from, and work in such areas.

- 5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour (at 30 centimeters from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation), but less than 500 rads/hour (at 1 meter from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation) (continued)
 - d. Each individual or group entering such an area shall possess:
 - A radiation monitoring device that continuously integrates the radiation rates in the area and alarms when the device's dose alarm setpoint is reached, with an appropriate alarm setpoint, or
 - A radiation monitoring device that continuously transmits dose rate and cumulative dose to a remote receiver monitored by radiation protection personnel responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area with the means to communicate with and control every individual in the area, or
 - 3. A self-reading dosimeter (e.g., pocket ionization chamber or electronic dosimeter) and,
 - (i) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, of an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures, equipped with a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; who is responsible for controlling personnel exposure within the area, or
 - (ii) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, by means of closed circuit television, of personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures, responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure in the area, and with the means to communicate with and control every individual in the area.
 - 4. In those cases where options 2. and 3., above are impractical or determined to be inconsistent with the "As Low As is Reasonably Achievable" principle, a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area.
 - e. Except for individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures, or personnel continuously escorted by such individuals, entry into such areas shall be made only after dose rates in the area have been determined and entry personnel are knowledgeable of them. These continuously escorted personnel will receive a pre-job briefing prior to entry into such areas. This dose rate determination, knowledge, and pre-job briefing does not require documentation prior to initial entry.

5.7 High Radiation Area

- 5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour (at 30 centimeters from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation), but less than 500 rads/hour (at 1 meter from the radiation sources or from any surface penetrated by the radiation) (continued)
 - f. Such individual areas that are within a larger area where no enclosure exists for purpose of locking and where no enclosure can reasonably be constructed around the individual area need not be controlled by a locked door or gate, nor continuously guarded, but shall be barricaded, conspicuously posted, and a clearly visible flashing light shall be activated at the area as a warning device.

APPENDIX B

TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-21

ENERGY NORTHWEST COLUMBIA GENERATING STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-397

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PLAN (NONRADIOLOGICAL)

ENERGY NORTHWEST

COLUMBIA GENERATING STATION

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PLAN

(NON-RADIOLOGICAL)

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1.0 Objectives of the Environmental Protection Plan

The Environmental Protection Plan (EPP) is to provide for protection of nonradiological environmental values during operation of the Columbia Generating Station facility. The principal objectives of the EPP are as follows:

- (1) Verity that the plant is operated in an environmentally acceptable manner, as established by the FES-OL and other NRC environmental impact assessments.
- (2) Coordinate NRC requirements and maintain consistency with other Federal, State and local requirements for environmental protection.
- (3) Keep NRC informed of the environmental effects of facility construction and operation and of actions taken to control those effects.

Environmental concerns identified in the FES-OL which relate to water quality matters are regulated by way of the licensee's NPDES permit.

2.0 Environmental Protection Issues

In the FES-OL dated December 1981, the staff considered the environmental impacts associated with the operation of Columbia Generating Station. Certain environmental issues were identified which required study or license conditions to resolve environmental concerns and to assure adequate protection of the environment.

2.1 Aquatic Resources Issues

The one aquatic issue raised by the staff in the FES-OL was that the disposal of chlorinated effluents in the river could have significant impacts on Hanford Reach biota if chlorine content were not carefully controlled (Section 5.5.2.2). This matter is addressed by the NPDES permit issued by the State of Washington Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council (EFSEC). Also, in the FES-OL (Section 5.5.3.2), the staff acknowledged that entrainment and impingement studies might be performed in accordance with special conditions of the water withdrawal permit, issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

The NRC will rely on these agencies for regulation of matters involving water quality and aquatic biota.

2.2 Terrestrial Resources Issues

There is uncertainty in predicting the potential impact of cooling tower drift on vegetation surrounding the site (FES Section 5.5.1.1). To resolve the uncertainty, the staff recommended a monitoring program to detect any effects of cooling tower drift on vegetation (FES Section 5.5.3.1).

NRC requirements with regard to the terrestrial issues are specified in Subsection 4.2 of this EPP.

3.0 Consistency Requirements

3.1 Plant Design and Operation

The licensee may make changes in station design or operation or perform tests or experiments affecting the environment provided such activities do not involve an unreviewed environmental question and do not involve a change in the EPP. Changes in plant design or operation or performance of tests or experiments which do not affect the environment are not subject to the requirements of this EPP. Activities governed by Section 3.3 are not subject to the requirements of this Section.

Before engaging in unauthorized construction or operation activities which may significantly affect the environment, the licensee shall prepare and record an environmental evaluation of such activity. Activities are excluded from this requirement if all measurable nonradiological effects are confined to the on-site areas previously disturbed during site preparation and plant construction. When the evaluation indicates that such activity involves an unreviewed environmental question, the licensee shall provide a written evaluation of such activity and obtain prior NRC approval. When such activity involves a change in the EPP, such activity and change to the EPP may be implemented only in accordance with an appropriate license amendment as set forth in Section 5.3 of this EPP.

A proposed change, test or experiment shall be deemed to involve an unreviewed environmental question if it concerns: (1) a matter which may result in a significant increase in any adverse environmental impact previously evaluated in the FES-OL, environmental impact appraisals, or in any decisions of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board; or (2) a significant change in effluents or power level or (3) a matter, not previously reviewed and evaluated in the documents specified in (1) of this Subsection, which may have a significant adverse environmental impact.

The licensee shall maintain records of changes in facility design or operation and of tests and experiments carried out pursuant to this Subsection. These records shall include written evaluations which provide bases for the determination that the change, test, or experiment does not involve an unreviewed environmental question or constitute a decrease in the effectiveness of this EPP to meet the objectives specified in Section 1.0. The licensee shall include as part of its Annual Environmental Operating Report (per Subsection 5.4.1) brief descriptions, analyses, interpretations, and evaluations of such changes, tests and experiments.

3.2 Reporting Related to the NPDES Permit and State Certification

Changes to, or renewals of, the NPDES Permit or the State certification shall be reported to the NRC within 30 days following the date the change or renewal is approved. If a permit or certification, in part or in its entirety, is appealed and stayed, the NRC shall be notified within 30 days following the date the stay is granted.

The NRC shall be notified of changes to the effective NPDES Permit proposed by the licensee by providing NRC with a copy of the proposed change at the same time it is submitted to the permitting agency. The licensee shall provide the NRC a copy of the application for renewal of the NPDES Permit at the same time the application is submitted to the permitting agency.

3.3 Changes Required for Compliance with Other Environmental Regulations

Changes in plant design or operation and performance of tests or experiments which are required to achieve compliance with other Federal, State, and local environmental regulations are not subject to the requirements of Section 3.1.

3-2

4.0 Environmental Conditions

4.1 Unusual or Important Environmental Events

Any occurrence of an unusual or important event that indicates or could result in significant environmental impact causally related to plant operation shall be recorded and reported to the NRC within 24 hours followed by a written report per Subsection 5.4.2. The following are examples: excessive bird impaction events, onsite plant or animal disease outbreaks, mortality or unusual occurrence of any species protected by the Endangered Species Act of 1973, fish kills, increase in nuisance organisms or conditions, and a significant, unanticipated or emergency discharge of waste water or chemical substances.

No routine monitoring programs are required to implement this condition.

4.2 Environmental Monitoring

4.2.1 Cooling Tower Drift Study

A terrestrial monitoring program shall be conducted to verify the level of effect from cooling tower drift. Soil and vegetation samples will be collected at locations subject to drift deposition and at control stations and analyzed for relevant chemical and physical parameters. Samples will be collected once per year during the seasonal peak of plant growth commencing no later than 18 months after issuance of a full power (100%) license. This program shall be terminated when data from three growing seasons after commencement of full power operation have been collected, provided the data support hypotheses of no adverse effects. Results and interpretation shall be included as part of the Annual Environmental Operating Report (Subsection 5.4.1).

5.0 Administrative Procedures

5.1 Review and Audit

The licensee shall provide for review and audit of compliance with the Environmental Protection Plan. The audits shall be conducted independently of the individual or groups responsible for performing the specific activity. A description of the organization structure utilized to achieve the independent review and audit function and results of the audit activities shall be maintained and made available for inspection.

5.2 Records Retention

Records and logs relative to the environmental aspects of station operation shall be made and retained in a manner convenient for review and inspection. These records and logs shall be made available to NRC on request.

Records of modifications to plant structures, systems and components determined to potentially affect the continued protection of the environment shall be retained for the life of the plant. All other records, data and logs relating to this EPP shall be retained for five years or, where applicable, in accordance with the requirements of other agencies.

5.3 Changes in Environmental Protection Plan

Request for change in the Environmental Protection Plan shall include an assessment of the environmental impact of the proposed change and a supporting justification. Implementation of such changes in the EPP shall not commence prior to NRC approval of the proposed changes in the form of a license amendment incorporating the appropriate revision to the Environmental Protection Plan.

5.4 Plant Reporting Requirements

5.4.1 Routine Reports

An Annual Environmental Operating Report describing implementation of this EPP for the previous year shall be submitted to the NRC prior to May 1 of each year. The initial report shall be submitted prior to May 1 of the year following issuance of the operating license. The period of the first report shall begin with the date of issuance of the operating license.

The report shall include summaries and analyses of the results of the environmental protection activities required by Subsection 4.2 of this Environmental Protection Plan for the report period, including a comparison with and related preoperational studies, operational controls (as appropriate), and previous non-radiological environmental monitoring reports, and an assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation on the environment. If harmful effects or evidence of trends toward irreversible damage to the environment are observed, the licensee shall provide a detailed analysis of the data and a proposed course of mitigating action.

The Annual Environmental Operating Report shall also include:

- (a) A list of EPP noncompliances and the corrective actions taken to remedy them.
- (b) A list of all changes in station design or operation, tests, and experiments made in accordance with Subsection 3.1 which involved a potentially significant unreviewed environmental question.
- (c) A list of nonroutine reports submitted in accordance with Subsection 5.4.2.
- (d) A summary of NPDES permit related water quality reports sent to EFSEC during the report period.

In the event that some results are not available by the report due date, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the missing results. The missing results shall be submitted as soon as possible in a supplementary report.

5.4.2 Nonroutine Reports

A written report shall be submitted to the NRC within 30 days of occurrence of a nonroutine event. The report shall (a) describe, analyze, and evaluate the event, including extent and magnitude of the impact and plant operating characteristics, (b) describe the probable cause of the event, (c) indicate the action taken to correct the reported event, (d) indicate the corrective action taken to preclude repetition of the event and to prevent similar occurrences involving similar components or systems, and (e) indicate the agencies notified and their preliminary responses.

Events reportable under this subsection which also require reports to other Federal, State or local agencies shall be reported in accordance with those reporting requirements in lieu of the requirements of this subsection. The NRC shall be provided a copy of such report at the same time it is submitted to the other agency. This subsection does not apply to nonradiological water quality matters within the scope of the NPDES permit.

APPENDIX C

Deleted



UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION

RELATED TO AMENDMENT NO. 225 TO

RENEWED FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-21

ENERGY NORTHWEST

COLUMBIA GENERATING STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-397

1.0 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

By application to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) dated January 9, 2012 (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) Accession No. ML12023A026) as supplemented by letters dated July 30 and November 14, 2012 (ADAMS Accession Nos. ML12220A548 and ML12334A379, respectively), Energy Northwest (the licensee), requested an amendment to the Facility Operating License and Technical Specifications (TSs) for Columbia Generating Station (Columbia). The supplemental letters dated July 30 and November 14, 2012, provided additional information that clarified the application, did not expand the scope of the application as originally noticed, and did not change the NRC staff's original proposed no significant hazards consideration determination as published in the *Federal Register* on July 24, 2012 (77 FR 43374).

The proposed amendment implements formatting changes to the Operating License and TSs resulting from a change in the word processing programs and the adoption of TSTF-GG-05-01, "Writers Guide for Plant-Specific Improved Technical Specifications," Revision 1. In addition to these administrative changes, the amendment implements editorial changes which do not result in any changes to the technical or operating requirements.

2.0 REGULATORY EVALUATION

Section 182a of the Atomic Energy Act requires applicants for nuclear power plant operating licenses to include TSs as part of the license. The NRC's regulatory requirements related to the content of the TSs are contained in Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR), Section 50.36, "Technical specifications." The TS requirements in 10 CFR 50.36 include the following categories: (1) safety limits, limiting safety systems settings and control settings, (2) limiting conditions for operation (LCOs), (3) surveillance requirements (SRs), (4) design features, (5) administrative controls, (6) decommissioning, (7) initial notification, and (8) written reports.

3.0 TECHNICAL EVALUATION

3.1 Global Administrative Changes

3.1.1 Use of "(Continued)"

The licensee is proposing to restrict the use of the identifier "(continued)" to those instances when an LCO, Applicability, Required Action, or SR is split across pages. The placement of the identifier would be dependent upon the information being continued as noted in the licensee's response to the request for additional information. This change is administrative.

3.1.2 New Software

The licensee is proposing to use new software for revising their TS and Operating License. The change will result in formatting changes to include font size, relocation or addition of page breaks, section and table pages to be re-numbered and information moved from one page to another. This change is administrative.

3.1.3 Removal of Amendment Numbers

The licensee is proposing to remove all but the previous two revision numbers and to remove commas between amendment numbers. This change is administrative.

In the supplement dated November 14, 2012, the licensee withdrew the request to remove revision bars from the footer.

3.2 Editorial Changes

3.2.1 TS 1.4 Frequency, Example 1.4-6

The licensee is proposing to correct the misspelling of the word "again." It is incorrectly written as "agin." This is an editorial change.

3.2.2 TS Table 3.1.4-1 and Figure 4.1-1

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal: "Page identifiers '(page x of y)' are missing. These identifiers are added to conform to the guidance of TSTF-GG-05-01 Sections 2.1.7.e and 2.1.8.c." This is an editorial change.

3.2.3 TS LCO 3.3.2.1, Required Action D.1

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal: "The 's' in BPWs should be capitalized and appear as 'BPWS.' LCO 3.1.6 defines the acronym 'banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS).' This typographical error is corrected." This is an editorial change.

3.2.4 TS LCO 3.3.4.1

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal: "The Frequency for both SR 3.3.4.1.2.a and 3.3.4.1.2.b is misaligned at the bottom (lined up with the setpoint not the surveillance). The

alignment is corrected to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 2.5.[6].d.4." This is an editorial change.

3.2.5 <u>TS Table 3.3.5.2-1</u>

The licensee is proposing to add the header that is missing on page 3.3.5.2-4 in order to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 2.1.2.e. This is an editorial change.

3.2.6 TS SR 3.6.1.7.1

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

Footnote 1 provides an allowance for SR 3.6.1.7.1 to not be met until startup from refueling outage R-18. Startup from this refueling outage occurred in 2007. Therefore, there is no further need for this footnote. This footnote is removed as it serves no purpose and the formatting does not comply with the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 2.1.9.a.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.7 TS LCO 3.6.3.1

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

Pages 3.6.3.1-1 and 3.6.3.1-2 are removed. The Table of Contents (TOC) identifies TS 3.6.3.1 as "Deleted." The LCO was removed in Amendment 189. However, pages 3.6.3.1-1 and 3.6.3.1-2 remained in the body of TS, and the physical pages should be removed as they serve no purpose.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.8 TS SRs 3.8.1.8, 3.8.1.11, 3.8.1.12, 3.8.1.16, 3.8.1.18, and 3.8.1.19

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

In the Note for each SR, the word surveillance is in lower case "s." The "S" should be capitalized as the term refers to a specific surveillance to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 3.3.2.d.8. This formatting error is corrected.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.9 TS LCO 3.8.2

The licensee is proposing to revise the word "subsystem9s0" to "subsystem(s)" to correct a typographical error. This is an editorial change.

3.2.10 TS LCO 3.8.2, ACTION B

The licensee is proposing to underline the logical connector in order to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 2.1.5.a. This is an editorial change.

3.2.11 TS SR 3.8.2.1

The licensee is proposing to correct a missing period at the end of the sentence in the Surveillance. This is an editorial change.

3.2.12 TS SRs 3.8.3.1 and 3.8.3.2

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

The text "≥ a 7" should be restated to "greater than or equal to a seven." This formatting error is corrected to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 3.3.3.a.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.13 TS LCO 3.8.6, ACTION F

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

The words Battery and Parameter should not be capitalized. This formatting error is corrected to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 3.3.2.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.14 TS SR 3.9.10.1

The licensee is proposing to correct the misspelling of "reactor" as "rector." This is an editorial change.

3.2.15 TS 5.3.2

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

The acronym for Senior Reactor Operator was already defined in Specification 5.3.1 and does not need to be repeated in 5.3.2. This formatting error is corrected to conform to the guidance in TSTF-GG-05-01 Section 3.2.2.a.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.16 TS 5.3.2

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

The acronym "TS" is not defined in Section 5.3 and is not standard usage. This acronym is replaced with the word "Specification" to conform to standard language in other places in Chapter 5.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.17 TS 5.7.1.e and 5.7.2.e

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

The final sentence in both specifications contains a typographical error in that the word "dose" in the following sentence "and pre-job briefing dose not require documentation." should be replaced with the word "does". This error is corrected.

This is an editorial change.

3.2.18 TS 5.7.2

As the licensee stated in the January 9, 2012, submittal:

The phrase "radiation source" in the title should be plural to conform to the language in TS 5.7.1. This formatting error is corrected.

This is an editorial change.

3.3 Conclusion

The NRC staff concludes that the global administrative changes and editorial changes are acceptable.

4.0 STATE CONSULTATION

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, the Washington State official was notified of the proposed issuance of the amendment. The State official had no comments.

5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATION

The amendment changes a requirement with respect to the installation or use of a facility component located within the restricted area as defined in 10 CFR Part 20. The NRC staff has determined that the amendment involves no significant increase in the amounts, and no significant change in the types, of any effluents that may be released offsite, and that there is no significant increase in individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. The Commission has previously issued a proposed finding that the amendment involves no significant hazards consideration and there has been no public comment on such finding

published in the *Federal Register* on July 24, 2012 (77 FR 43374). Accordingly, the amendment meets the eligibility criteria for categorical exclusion set forth in 10 CFR 51.22(c)(9). Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.22(b), no environmental impact statement or environmental assessment need be prepared in connection with the issuance of the amendment.

6.0 CONCLUSION

The Commission has concluded, based on the descriptions and changes discussed above, that: (1) there is reasonable assurance that the health and safety of the public will not be endangered by operation in the proposed manner, (2) there is reasonable assurance that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations and (3) the issuance of the amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public.

Principal Contributor: S. Anderson

Date: January 29, 2013

A copy of the related Safety Evaluation is also enclosed. The Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next biweekly *Federal Register* notice.

Sincerely,

/RA/

Lauren K. Gibson, Project Manager Plant Licensing Branch IV Division of Operating Reactor Licensing Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Docket No. 50-397

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 225 to NPF-21

2. Safety Evaluation

cc w/encls: Distribution via Listserv

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SAnderson, NRR/DSS/STSB

ADAMS Accession No.: ML12269A254 *SE memo dated September 14, 2012

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NAME	JRankin	LGibson	JBurkhardt	RElliott*		
DATE	1/8/13	1/8/13	1/8/13	9/14/12		
OFFICE	OGC - NLO	NRR/DORL/LPL4/BC	NRR/DORL/LPL4/PM			
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