

## United States Department of the Interior

## FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Ecological Services 4000 Airport Parkway \*Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001

In Reply Refer To: ES-61411/BFF/WY7746

February 2, 2004

## Dear Interested Party:

This letter is to inform you that black-footed ferret (*Mustela nigripes*) surveys are no longer necessary in black-tailed prairie dog colonies statewide or in white-tailed prairie dog towns except those noted in the attachment. In response to requests from numerous entities and our own review of the situation regarding ferret surveys, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) and others have been evaluating the potential for a previously unidentified black-footed ferret population to occur in Wyoming and the need for conducting black-footed ferret surveys across the entire state. This issue has been especially pertinent when evaluating various activities for compliance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended (16 USC 1531 *et seq.*).

The black-footed ferret was listed as an endangered species in 1967, prior to the Act (under the Endangered Species Preservation Act of 1966). The Act prohibits the take of listed species without proper permits and places an additional requirement on activities funded, authorized or carried out by Federal agencies to ensure that such actions will not jeopardize the continued existence of any listed species. The latter process is known as interagency consultation and is outlined in section 7(a)(2) of the Act (50 C.F.R. § 402.13).

The Service developed the 1989 Black-footed Ferret Survey Guidelines for Compliance with the Endangered Species Act (Survey Guidelines) to assist with section 7 consultations for ferrets. The Survey Guidelines provide a mechanism to evaluate the possibility of locating existing ferrets in prairie dog colonies by examination of the size, density, and juxtaposition of existing prairie dog colonies. The key points of the strategy are to determine the existence of ferrets or an area's potential for ferret recovery and either may be used in section 7 consultations when determining whether an action may affect the black-footed ferret. The Survey Guidelines can be followed by interested parties (federal agencies and their partners) during the section 7 consultation process to make determinations on whether an activity may adversely affect ferrets. However, an unintended drawback to the Survey Guidelines is that repetitive surveys may be undertaken to evaluate possible impacts to ferrets on prairie dog colonies that have already been searched or that didn't present any realistic opportunities for ferret reintroduction.

The Service has been coordinating with the Wyoming Game and Fish Department in reviewing information about the current and historic status of prairie dog towns throughout Wyoming. In addition to the status review, we have also been reviewing the history of black-footed ferret surveys to determine whether the survey guidelines should continue to be applied across the entire state. Through this process, the Service has developed an initial list of blocks of habitat that are not likely to be inhabited by black-footed ferrets. In these areas, take of individual ferrets and effects to a wild population are not an issue and surveys for ferrets are no longer recommended. The term "block clearance" has often been used to describe this type of approach. This initial list is based largely on the quality of the habitat today, as well as information regarding past population bottlenecks that may have resulted from plague and poisoning events in particular areas and may have led to the loss of ferrets in the area.

Additional information regarding the survey effort on the specific areas not yet block-cleared is currently being reviewed by the Service. Based on this review, the Service will likely add several blocks of habitat to the list in the future. The Service will continue to collect and review information on any remaining areas to determine if they should be added to the list of areas cleared from the survey recommendation. Therefore, prior to conducting surveys, you should coordinate with the Service to determine which specific areas are recommended for surveys. We have attached our initial list of areas cleared from the ferret survey recommendation. We believe this approach is not only biologically defensible, but also allows all parties involved to focus survey effort and resources on those areas where the likelihood of discovering wild ferrets is greatest.

Please note that "block clearance" must not be interpreted to mean that the area is free of all value to black-footed ferrets. These areas, or blocks, are merely being cleared from the need for ferret surveys. Therefore, this clearance from the survey recommendations reflects only the negligible likelihood of a wild population of ferrets occurring in an area. It does not provide insight into an area's value for survival and recovery of the species through future reintroduction efforts. Nor does this clearance relieve a Federal agency of its responsibility to evaluate the effects of its actions on the survival and recovery of the species. For example, while an action proposed in a cleared area needs no survey and is not likely to result in take of individuals, the action could have an adverse effect upon the value of a prairie dog town as a future reintroduction site and should be evaluated to determine the significance of that effect. Consultation with the Service is appropriate for any agency action resulting in an effect significant enough to diminish a site's value as a future reintroduction site. Additionally, block clearance of an area does not imply that other values of maintaining the integrity of the prairie dog ecosystem are unimportant.

We appreciate your efforts to conserve listed species. Without the valuable information collected to date in association with black-footed ferret surveys, we would not be able to undertake this effort to focus ferret surveys on the most promising habitat. If you have any questions regarding this letter or your responsibilities under the Act, please contact our office at the letterhead address or phone (307) 772-2374.

Sincerely,

/s/ Brian T. Kelly

Brian T. Kelly Field Supervisor Wyoming Field Office

cc: WGFD, Non-Game Coordinator, Lander, WY (B. Oakleaf) FWS, BFF Recovery Coordinator, Laramie, WY (M. Lockhart)

## Black-footed Ferret Survey Block Clearance List

The following blocks of black-footed ferret habitat are cleared from the recommendation for ferret surveys:

- 1. All black-tailed prairie dog towns in Wyoming
- 2. All white-tailed prairie dog towns in Wyoming EXCEPT those identified in the following table.

Complex Name	Townships	Ranges	Complex Name	Townships	Ranges
Baxter Basin	T18,T19, T20	R103, R104	Fifteen Mile	T47-T49 T48	R97, R98 R96 (west half)
Big Piney	T 28 T29, T30, T31	R111, R112 R109-R111	Flaming Gorge	T12, T13 T12-T14 T13	R109 R108 R107
Bolton Ranch	T17 T18, T19	R86, R88 R86-R88	Manderson	T47, T48 T49	R90, R91 R91
Carter	T16, T17 T18	R114-R116 R115	Моха	T15, T16 T17, T18 T19, T20 T21 T22, T23	R112, R113 R111-R113 R111-R114 R110-R113 R111-R113
Continental Divide	T16 T17 T18 T19 T20	R93-95 R92-95, 98-100, 97-98 R92-96, 98-99 R92-96 R92-95	Pathfinder	T27 T28 T29	R85, R86 R85-R89 R85, R89
Cumberland	T16 T17-T19 T19, T20	R118 R117 R116	Saratoga	T14 T15 T16	R82, R83 R82-R84 R83-R85
Dad	T15, T16 T17	R90-R93 R92, R93	Seminoe	T23, T24	R84, R85
Desolation Flats	T13 T14 T15 T16	R93-95 R93-94 R93-94, 96 R93-96	Shamrock Hills	T22, T23 T24, T25 T26	R89, R90 R89 R89, R90