

Nuclear Management Company, LLC Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant 1717 Wakonade Dr. East • Welch MN 55089

April 17, 2002

US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

## PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT Docket Nos. 50-282 License Nos. DPR-42 Docket Nos. 50-306 License Nos. DPR-60

Prairie Island Emergency Plan Implementing Procedures - F3

### Emergency Response Plan Implementing Procedures

Furnished with this letter are the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant Emergency Plan Implementing Procedures F3. This revision includes the following procedures:

### INDEXES: Emergency Plan Implementing Procedures TOC

### **REVISIONS**

F3-17	Core Damage Assessment	Rev 9
F3-3	Responsibilities During a Notification of Unusual Event	Rev 18
F3-4	Responsibilities During an Alert, Site Area, or General Emergency	Rev 28
F3-6	Activation & Operation of Technical Support Center	Rev 16
F3-30	Transition to Recovery	Rev 6
F3-2	Classifications of Emergencies	Rev 29

**DELETIONS** 

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

Please post changes in your copy of the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant Emergency Plan Implementing Procedures. Procedures, which have been superseded or deleted, should be destroyed. Please sign and return the acknowledgment of this update to Bruce Loesch, Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant, 1717 Wakonade Drive East, Welch, MN 55089.

2045

If you have any questions, please contact Mel Agen at 651-388-1121 Extension 4240.

Mano K. Nazar Site Vice President Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant

c: USNRC - Steve Orth, Region III (2 copies) NRC Resident Inspector (w/o attachment) J Silberg (w/o attachment) M Agen (w/o attachment) Records Management (Doc Control Copy) (w/o attachment) NL File (w/o attachment)

Mfst Num: 2002 - 0291 FROM : Bruce Loesch/Mary TO : UNDERWOOD, BETTY J Copy Num: 515 SUBJECT : Revisions to CONTR	NOLLED D	Holder : US NRC DOC CONTROL DESK
Procedure #	Rev	Title
Revisions: ========= F3-17 F3-3	9 18	CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF
F3-4	28	EVENT RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE ARE OR GENERAL EMERGENCY
F3-6 F3-30 F3-2	16 6 29	ACTIVATION & OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPOR TRANSITION TO RECOVERY CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES

UPDATING INSTRUCTIONS

Place this material in your Prairie Island Controlled Manual or File. Remove revised or cancelled material and recycle it. Sign and date this letter in the space provided below within ten working days and return to Bruce Loesch or Mary Gadient, Prairie Island Nuclear Plant, 1717 Wakonade Drive E., Welch, MN 55089. Contact Bruce Loesch (ext 4664) or Mary Gadient (ext 4478) if you have any questions.

Received the material stated above and complied with the updating instructions

Date \_\_\_\_\_

PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT	Title: Emergency Plan Implementing Procedures TOC
	Effective Date : 04/15/02
Approved By: Joyce Chitty MG- BPS Supt	
Dogument # Title	Pey

۰,

÷

Document #	Title	
F3-1	ONSITE EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION	
F3-2	CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES	29
F3-3	RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT	18
F3-4	RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY	28
F3-5	EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS	20
F3-5.1	SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR DUTIES	8
F3-5.2	RESPONSE TO FALSE SIREN ACTIVATION	9
F3-5.3	RESPONSE TO RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING BLOCKAGE	8
F3-6	ACTIVATION & OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER	16
F3-7	ACTIVATION & OPERATION OF OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER (OSC)	15
F3-8	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR OFFSITE PROTECTIVE ACTIONS	19
F3-8.1	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR OFFSITE PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR THE ON SHIFT EMERGENCY DIRECTOR /SHIFT MANAGER	12
F3-9	EMERGENCY EVACUATION	16
F3-10	PERSONNEL ACCOUNTABILITY	18
F3-11	SEARCH & RESCUE	7
F3-12	EMERGENCY EXPOSURE CONTROL	14
F3-13	OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATIONS	14
F3-13.3	MANUAL DOSE CALCULATIONS	10
F3-13.4	MIDAS METEOROLOGICAL DATA DISPLAY	6
F3-13.5	ALTERNATE METEOROLOGICAL DATA	4

2

. . . . . . . . . .

PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEARTitle : Emergency Plan ImplementingProcedures TOCGENERATING PLANTEffective Date : 04/15/02

Document #	Title	Rev
F3-13.6	WEATHER FORECASTING INFORMATION	11
F3-14.1	ONSITE RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING	11
F3-14.2	OPERATIONS EMERGENCY SURVEYS	9
F3-15	RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE RADIATION SURVEY TEAMS DURING A RADIOACTIVE AIRBORNE RELEASE	22
F3-16	RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE RADIATION SURVEY TEAMS DURING A RADIOACTIVE LIQUID RELEASE	16
F3-17	CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT	9
F3-18	THYROID IODINE BLOCKING AGENT (POTASSIUM IODIDE)	9
F3-19	PERSONNEL & EQUIPMENT MONITORING & DECONTAMINATION	6
F3-20	DETERMINATION OF RADIOACTIVE RELEASE CONCENTRATIONS	17
F3-20.1	DETERMINATION OF STEAM LINE DOSE RATES	9
F3-20.2	DETERMINATION OF SHIELD BUILDING VENT STACK DOSE RATES	9
F3-21	ESTABLISHMENT OF A SECONDARY ACCESS CONTROL POINT	10
F3-22	PRAIRIE ISLAND RADIATION PROTECTION GROUP RESPONSE TO A MONTICELLO EMERGENCY	16
F3-23	EMERGENCY SAMPLING	18
F3-23.1	EMERGENCY HOTCELL PROCEDURE	11
F3-24	RECORD KEEPING DURING AN EMERGENCY	7
F3-25	REENTRY	8
F3-26.1	OPERATION OF THE ERCS DISPLAY	7
F3-26.2	RADIATION MONITOR DATA ON ERCS	6
F3-26.3	ERDS - NRC DATA LINK	1
F3-29	EMERGENCY SECURITY PROCEDURES	18
F3-30	TRANSITION TO RECOVERY	6

PRAIRIE ISLAND NU GENERATING PL2	J 1 1 1 1 J	cocedures TOC
Document #	Title	Rev
F3-31	RESPONSE TO SECURITY RELATED THREATS	5
F3-32	REVIEW OF EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS DURING OR AFTER	2 2

NATURAL DISASTER EVENTS

2

#### PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

		NUMBER:	
E ?	CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES		F3-2
		REV:	29

## REFERENCE USE

- Procedure segments may be performed from memory.
- Use the procedure to verify segments are complete.
- Mark off steps within segment before continuing.
- Procedure should be available at the work location.

O.C. REVIEW DATE:	OWNER:	EFFECTIVE DATE
040102 50	M. Werner	4-15-02

\_\_\_\_

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

.....**I**...

				NUMBER:	
F3			CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES		F3-2
				REV:	29
•			TABLE OF CONTENTS		
Sect	ion		Title	P	age
1.0	PURI	POSE.			3
2.0	APPL	_ICABI	LITY		3
3.0	PREC	CAUTIO	ONS		3
4.0	0 RESPONSIBILITIES 4				
5.0	0.0 DISCUSSION				
	5.1	Defin	itions		5
	5.2	Emer	gency Action Levels		6
	5.3	The E	Emergency Classification/Declaration/Implementation	on Process	6
	5.4	Tech	nical Specification Required Shutdown NUEs		7
	5.5 Rapidly Escalating then De-escalating Events				
	5.6	The E	Emergency Action Level Reference Manual Number	r	9
6.0	PREF	REQUI	SITES		9
7.0	PRO	CEDUF	RE		. 10

## LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 - Summary of Emergency Action Levels

#### PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

**EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES** 

			NUMBER:	
	<b>-?</b>	CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES		F3-2
<b>.</b>			REV:	29

### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to specify the Emergency Action Levels that indicate an emergency condition exists and to properly classify the emergency into one of the four graded levels of emergency classifications. This procedure partially satisfies the requirement of 10CFR50.47 concerning the existence of an emergency classification and action level scheme.

### 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This instruction **SHALL** apply to all Shift Managers (SM), Shift Supervisors (SS), Control Room Operators (CRO), Emergency Directors (ED) and Emergency Manager (EM).

### 3.0 PRECAUTIONS

- **3.1** Attempt to verify the indications by checking secondary or coincident indicators.
- **3.2** An emergency classification should be made based on <u>current</u> plant conditions described in Attachment 1 of this procedure.
- **3.3** These emergency classifications do not apply to offsite transportation incidents that do NOT affect safe operation of the plant. Currently, the Radiation Protection group is responsible for offsite transportation incident assessment involving plant related shipments.
- 3.4 Rapidly Escalating Then De-escalating Events
  - **3.4.1** In the case of an event that rapidly escalates then de-escalates or begins at a higher emergency class then rapidly de-escalates, the initial emergency classification should be based on <u>current</u> plant conditions.
  - **3.4.2** During initial notifications to the NRC, the NRC should be informed of the <u>current</u> emergency classification <u>and</u> also the <u>highest</u> emergency classification reached during the course of the event. Emphasize the current emergency classification.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

		NUMBER:	
<b>F3</b>	CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES		F3-2
. •		REV:	29

- **3.4.3** It may be discovered that a condition existed which met the emergency plan criteria but no emergency was declared <u>and</u> the basis for the emergency class no longer exists at the time of this discovery. This may be due to a rapidly concluded event or an oversight in the emergency classification made during the event or it may be determined during a post-event review. The NRC staff does not consider actual declaration of the emergency class to be necessary in these circumstances; an ENS notification (or an ENS update if the previously reported event was misclassified) within one hour of the discovery of the undeclared (or misclassified) event provides an acceptable alternative.
- **3.5** Continuously monitor the Control Room instrumentation, radiation monitors, or any other developments which would be indicative of further system degradation. Be prepared to escalate to a more severe emergency classification.

## 4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- **4.1** Duty Shift Manager has the responsibility to authorize the initial emergency classification.
- **4.2** Shift Supervisor of the <u>unaffected</u> unit has the responsibility to assist the Shift Manager as necessary including authorization of an emergency classification.
- **4.3** Shift Supervisor of the <u>affected</u> unit has the responsibility to direct activities related to the operation of the <u>affected</u> unit.
- **4.4** Emergency Director has the responsibility to authorize an emergency classification whenever an Alert, Site Area, or General Emergency is declared and the EOF is not activated.
- **4.5** If the EOF <u>is</u> activated and fully functional, the Emergency Manager has the responsibility to authorize an emergency classification.
- **4.6** Control Room Operators and <u>affected</u> unit Shift Supervisor have the responsibility to assist the Shift Manager or <u>unaffected</u> unit Shift Supervisor in the identification and verification of control board indications.

#### PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



**CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES** 

NUMBER:		
	F3-2	
REV:	29	

### 5.0 DISCUSSION

### 5.1 Definitions

5.1.1 <u>Notification of Unusual Event</u> – events that are in progress or have occurred which indicate a potential degradation of the level of safety of the plant.

No releases of radioactive material requiring offsite response or monitoring are expected unless further degradation of safety systems occurs.

5.1.2 <u>Alert</u> – events are in progress or have occurred which involve actual or potential substantial degradation of the level of safety of the plant. It is the lowest level of emergency classification when some necessity for emergency planning and offsite response is necessary.

Any releases expected are limited to small fractions of the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels.

**5.1.3** <u>Site Area Emergency</u> – events are in progress or have occurred which involve actual or likely major failure of plant functions needed for protection of the public.

Any releases are not expected to exceed the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels except near the site boundary.

**5.1.4** <u>General Emergency</u> – events are in progress or have occurred which involve actual or imminent substantial core degradation or melting with a potential for loss of containment integrity.

Releases during a General Emergency can be reasonably expected to exceed the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels offsite for more than the immediate site area.

**5.1.5** <u>Emergency Action Levels (EAL)</u> – specific instrument readings, surface or airborne contamination levels or radiation dose rates that designate a specific emergency class requiring emergency measures for that class.

NUMBED.

29

<b>F3</b>
-----------

	NOMDER.	
CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES	F3-2	
	REV:	29

#### 5.2 **Emergency Action Levels**

Attached to this procedure is a Summary of Emergency Action Levels, Attachment 1. This summary identifies the four emergency classifications, the initiating condition(s), emergency action levels for each classification, and, where applicable, specific instruments and indications to be used to detect and classify an emergency.

The emergency action levels for each classification and the instrument readings and indications listed do not reflect a complete list of instrumentation that will show abnormal indications but does list those key parameters useful in classifying the event.

The Summary of Emergency Action Levels lists are based on the initiating conditions as required by Appendix 1 of NUREG-0654, accidents analyzed in the Prairie Island USAR, and the NRC Branch Position on Acceptable Deviations From NUREG-0654/ FEMA-REP-1, July 11, 1994.

#### The Emergency Classification/Declaration/Implementation Process 5.3

There are three distinct phases to consider: Classification, Declaration and Implementation.

#### 5.3.1 **Classification:**

The act of **assessing** the EALs to determine the appropriate classification which the ongoing events are categorized. This may take a reasonable length of time (5 to 15 minutes for most situations) depending upon the complexity of the situation. This assessment period is consistent with the NRC Branch Position on Timeliness of Classification of Emergency Conditions, EPPOS No. 2.

#### 5.3.2 **Declaration:**

The act of formally declaring the classification based on the assessment of EALs. This is the point at which the classification time is set and the 10CFR50, App. E 15-minute offsite notification clock starts.

#### PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



**CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES** 

NUMBER:	
	F3-2
REV:	29

### 5.3.3 Implementation:

The act of **making the notification and/or augmentation** of the emergency organizations.

- 5.3.4 Ideally, the Emergency Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) should be filled out to near completion while the classification phase is being conducted. Once the declaration is made by the SM/ED/EM, the 15-minute offsite notification time starts. The SM/ED/EM should review the contents of the Emergency Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) to ensure its completeness, verify the correct declaration time and then sign the form which gives permission to the Shift Emergency Communicator (or Offsite Communicator in EOF) to implement the E-Plan notifications.
- **5.3.5** Per 10CFR50.72 (a)(3) NRC notification is required immediately after the notification of the state and local agencies (which is completed within about 15 minutes) and not later than one hour after the emergency declaration.

### 5.4 Technical Specification Required Shutdown NUEs

- **5.4.1** In some cases, exceeding Technical Specification limits (e.g., RCS leakage, reactor coolant activity, etc.) is considered to be precursors to more serious events and warrant declaration of an NUE.
- 5.4.2 In other cases, exceeding Technical Specification limits for the period designated in the action statement (IT.S. ACTIONS Table) is an analyzed condition of the plant and does not, by itself, represent an emergency. These events are reportable in accordance with 10 CFR 50.72 as a non-emergencies.

However, if the plant is not brought to the required operating mode within the allowable Technical Specifications action statement time limit **(IT.S. ACTIONS Table COMPLETION Time)**, then a declaration of an Unusual Event should be declared.

### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

<b>F3</b>	CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES	NUMBER:	F3-2
• •		REV:	29

- **5.4.3** With regard to Emergency Plan classifications, Operations should handle a Technical Specification required shutdown in the following manner:
  - A. The conditions of the plant should come first. That is, if the condition warrants initiating power reduction immediately, do so. The E-Plan classification can appropriately follow.
  - B. Following the initiation of the reduction in power or temperature, the classification phase of the E-Plan is started. Review of the EALs should be done to assess for proper classification. Once the Shift Manager has determined the appropriate classification for the event, the Shift Manager should declare the classification and note the time of declaration (this begins the 15-minute offsite notification clock).

This classification phase should be done within a reasonable time frame (5 to 15 minutes for most instances) determined by the circumstances.

C. Once the declaration is made, the Shift Manager should review the contents of the Emergency Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) to ensure its completeness, verify the correct declaration time and then sign the form which gives permission to the Shift Emergency Communicator to implement the E-Plan notifications.

## 5.5 Rapidly Escalating then De-escalating Events

In the case of an event that rapidly escalates then de-escalates or begins at a higher emergency class then rapidly de-escalates, the initial emergency classification should be based on <u>current</u> plant conditions.

It may be discovered that a condition existed which met the emergency plan criteria but no emergency was declared <u>and</u> the basis for the emergency class no longer exists at the time of this discovery. This may be due to a rapidly concluded event or an oversight in the emergency classification made during the event or it may be determined during a post-event review. The NRC staff does not consider actual declaration of the emergency class to be necessary in these circumstances; an ENS notification (or an ENS update if the previously reported event was misclassified) within one hour of the discovery of the undeclared (or misclassified) event provides an acceptable alternative. PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

F	3	

	F3-2
/:	29
	1:

The NRC should be informed of the current emergency classification and the highest emergency classification reached during the course of the event during the initial NRC notification via the ENS phone. The Shift Manager should ensure that this notification be performed by an appropriate individual other than the SEC using PINGP Form 666, Event Notification Worksheet. To avoid possible confusion, other offsite authorities will be informed of the current classification during the initial notification and then given the full description of the highest emergency classification.

## 5.6 The Emergency Action Level Reference Manual Number

Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant has prepared a written manual (EAL Reference Manual) to provide general information about Emergency Action Levels to offsite authorities who are involved in nuclear plant emergency planning. This manual provides a description with text and drawings of the various conditions that might cause the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant to classify an event. By understanding what a particular condition or event means, emergency workers at the various offsite agencies should develop a clear idea of what is occurring at the plant during the emergency.

Each initiating condition in this procedure is followed by a cross reference number that corresponds to the appropriate classification condition in the EAL Reference Manual. When the Emergency Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) is completed, the initiating condition statement and the EAL Reference Manual cross reference number should be included on the form by using the label from "Emergency Initiating Conditions Labels – PINGP 1189" or writing this information as it appears in the shaded box on the appropriate page in the Summary of Emergency Action Levels.

### 6.0 PREREQUISITES

An off-normal condition corresponding to one of the initiating events described in Attachment 1 of this procedure is occurring or has occurred.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES

NUMBER: F3-2 REV: 29

## 7.0 PROCEDURE

7.1 Any significant event that may be classified as an emergency condition SHALL be reported to the Shift Supervisor, Shift Manager and/or Emergency Director immediately.

NOTE:	The events may be instrumentation readings or visual observations made by plant personnel.	
	enconvations made by plain personnel.	

- **7.2** Attempt to verify the initial indication by comparing the indication to redundant instrument channels or to other related parameters, visual observations, and field reports as applicable.
- **7.3** The Shift Manager, unaffected Shift Supervisor or Emergency Director **SHALL** assess the situation and determine the emergency classification, using the guidelines of Attachment 1.
- 7.4 In those cases when an event rapidly escalates, then de-escalates or begins at a higher classification, then rapidly de-escalates, the initial emergency classification should be based on <u>current</u> plant conditions.
  - **7.4.1** Inform the NRC of the current emergency classification and the highest emergency classification reached during the course of the event during the initial NRC ENS notification.
  - 7.4.2 It may be discovered that a condition existed which met the emergency plan criteria but no emergency was declared and the basis for the emergency class no longer exists at the time of this discovery. This may be due to a rapidly concluded event or an oversight in the emergency classification made during the event or it may be determined during a post-event review. The NRC staff does not consider actual declaration of the emergency class to be necessary in these circumstances; an ENS notification (or an ENS update if the previously reported event was misclassified) within one hour of the discovery of the undeclared (or misclassified) event provides an acceptable alternative.

**F3** 

CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES

NUMBER:	
	F3-2
REV:	29

- **7.5** The Shift Supervisor of the <u>affected unit</u> should take immediate actions, using applicable plant operating procedures to return the plant to normal (or Mode 5, Cold Shutdown, if determined to be necessary).
- **7.6** If the EOF is <u>not</u> activated, the Shift Manager or Emergency Director **SHALL** declare the appropriate emergency classification and perform actions as specified in the appropriate responsibility procedure applicable to emergency classification:
  - **7.6.1** For a Notification of Unusual Event, proceed to F3-3.
  - 7.6.2 For an Alert, Site or General Emergency, proceed to F3-4.

If the EOF <u>is</u> activated, contact the Emergency Manager for consultation on whether or not to change the emergency classification. The Emergency Director is responsible to formulate the new classification while the Emergency Manager is responsible to authorize the reclassification.

- 7.7 Continue to assess and watch for changing parameters or visual indication of further system degradation and be prepared to escalate to a more severe emergency classification as indicated by the Emergency Action Levels in Attachment 1.
- **7.8** As plant conditions stabilize during a Notification of an Unusual Event (NUE) or Alert, consider terminating the event classification.
  - **7.8.1** For the NUE and Alert classifications, the event may be terminated once the following criteria are met:
    - A. The plant is in stable condition with at least one fission product barrier intact, and
    - B. Radioactive gaseous and liquid effluent are being controlled within the following limits:
      - 1. Gaseous effluent release rates (or resulting dose rates) are within plant limits as defined in Section 3.1 of H4, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), and

NUMBED.

F3-2

29

CLASSIFICATIONS OF EMERGENCIES	NOMBER.
	REV:

- Liquid effluent release rates (or resulting concentrations) are within the plant limits as defined in "Old 10CFR20 Appendix B in Table II, Column 2 (April 1992)" located in H4, ODCM, Table 4.3 and
- C. The potential for future degradation of plant conditions is small.
- **7.8.2** Termination of an NUE classification may be performed by the Shift Manager. Review of 5AWI 1.13.0, Plant Event Investigation and Recovery, should be completed to determine if this procedure needs to be implemented and the Plant Manager informed of the review.
- **7.8.3** Termination of an Alert classification may be performed by the Emergency Director if the EOF is not activated. Once the EOF is fully functional, the Emergency Manager **SHALL** terminate the Alert classification when the conditions are met for termination.
- **7.8.4** Termination of an Alert classification includes the dismissal of the site Emergency Response Organization. Any necessary in-plant or on-site follow-up activities should be coordinated and managed by the normal plant site organization. In some cases, conditions may require the establishment of a Recovery Organization in which case the Emergency Director and Emergency Manager should make this determination based on the extent of damage or other considerations. In this case 5AWI 1.13.0 should be reviewed and implemented as determined appropriate.
- **7.9** As plant conditions stabilize during a Site Area or General Emergency, consider transition to the Recovery phase.

NOTE:	If the Site Area Emergency event does not require significant repairs or analysis beyond the capabilities of the normal plant site organization and the conditions of 7.8.1. A, B, & C are met, then the Site Area Emergency may be terminated without a transition to Recovery. However review and implementation of 5AWI 1.13.0 should be completed as appropriate.
-------	---

Transition to Recovery should be directed by the Emergency Manager with coordinated recovery planning by the site Emergency Response Organization. See F3–30, "Recovery", for instruction on transition to Recovery. Review and implementation of 5AWI 1.13.0 should be completed as appropriate.

PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURE

EO	
ГЗ	

## CLASSIFICATION OF EMERGENCIES ATTACHMENT 1

NUMBER: F3-2 REV: 29

## SUMMARY

### OF

### **EMERGENCY ACTION LEVELS**

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURE

**F3** 

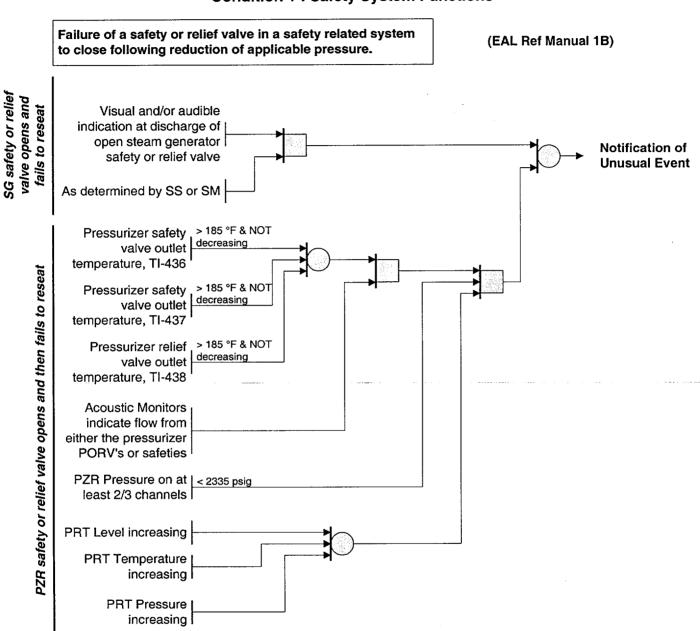
## CLASSIFICATION OF EMERGENCIES ATTACHMENT 1

NUMBER:

F3-2 REV: 29 1

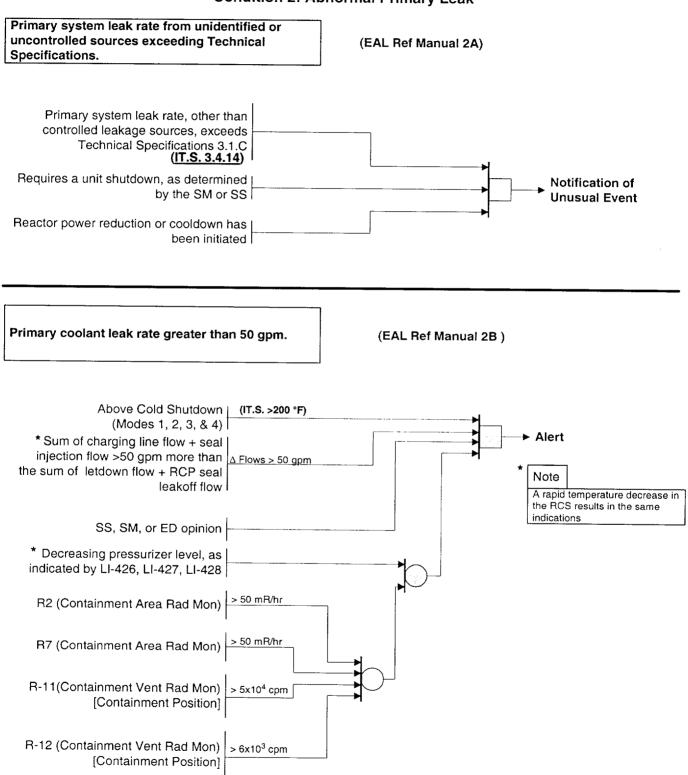
## **INITIATING CONDITION INDEX**

<u>No.</u>	Condition Description			
1	Safety System Functions	3		
2	Abnormal Primary Leak Rate	4		
3	Deleted	8		
4	Abnormal Primary/Secondary Leak	9		
5	Core Fuel Damage	13		
6	Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers	15		
7	Secondary Coolant Anomaly	21		
8	Radiological Effluents	26		
9	Major Electrical Failures	31		
10	Control Room Evacuations	35		
11	Fires	36		
12	Plant Shutdown Functions	38		
13	Fuel Handling Accidents	44		
14	Deleted	46		
15	Deleted	46		
16	Security Threats	47		
17	Hazards to Plant Operations	48		
18	ISFSI (Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation) Events	53		
19	Natural Events	54		
20	Other	59		



## **Condition 1 : Safety System Functions**

### REV. 29 Page 4 of 60



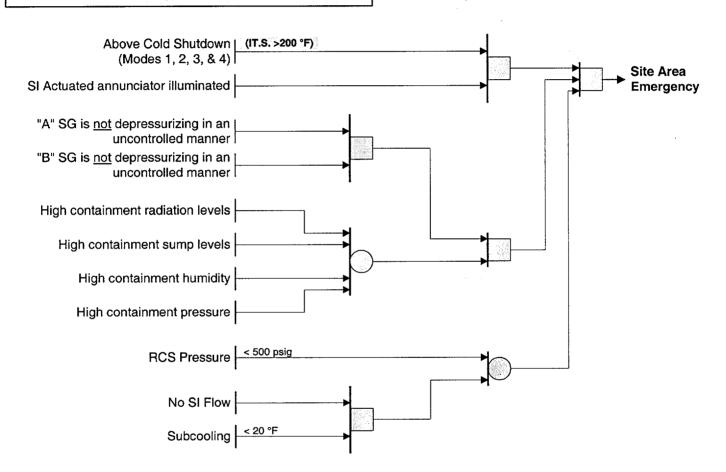
### **Condition 2: Abnormal Primary Leak**

### REV. 29 Page 5 of 60

### **Condition 2: Abnormal Primary Leak**

LOCA with leak rate in excess of available pump capacity. (Small LOCA with failure of SI or Large LOCA greater than SI flow.)

(EAL Ref Manual 2C)

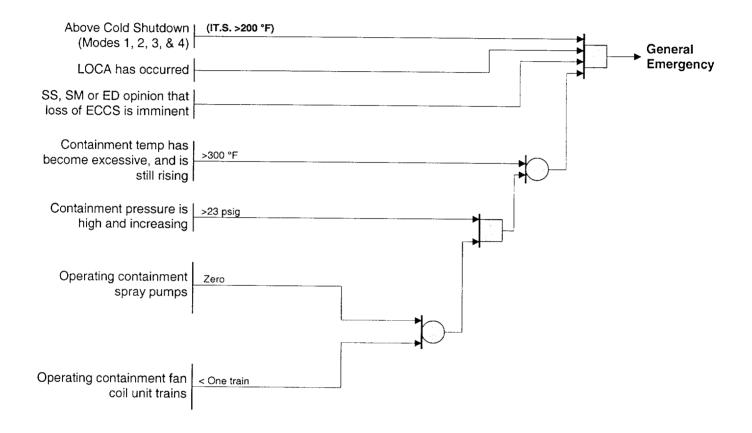


### REV. 29 Page 6 of 60

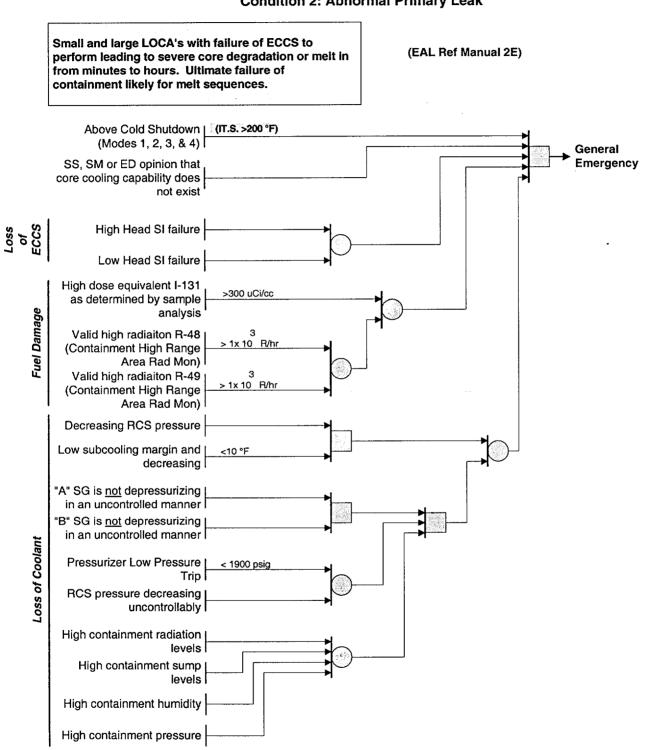
## Condition 2: Abnormal Primary Leak

Small LOCA and initially successful ECCS. Subsequent failure of containment heat removal systems over several hours could lead to core melt and likely failure of containment.

(EAL Ref Manual 2D)



REV. 29 Page 7 of 60



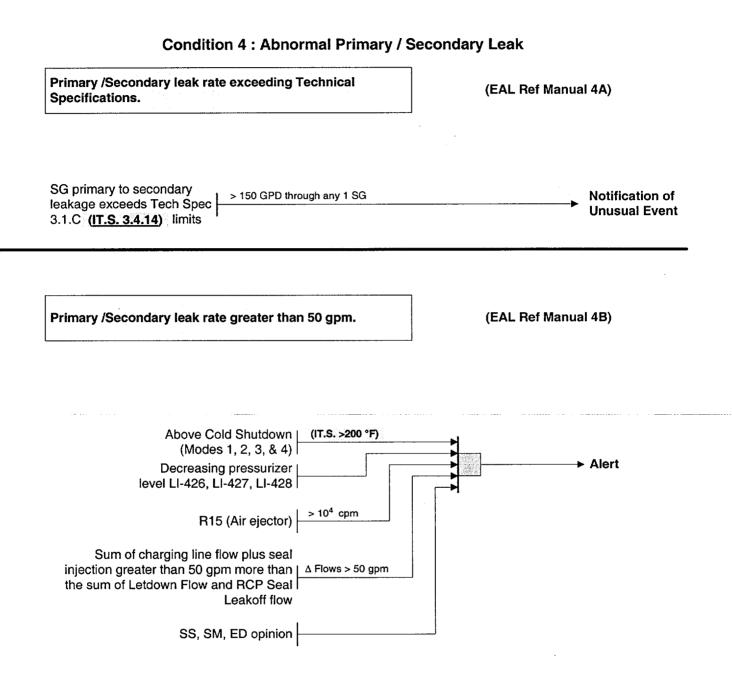
**Condition 2: Abnormal Primary Leak** 

REV. 29 Page 8 of 60 1

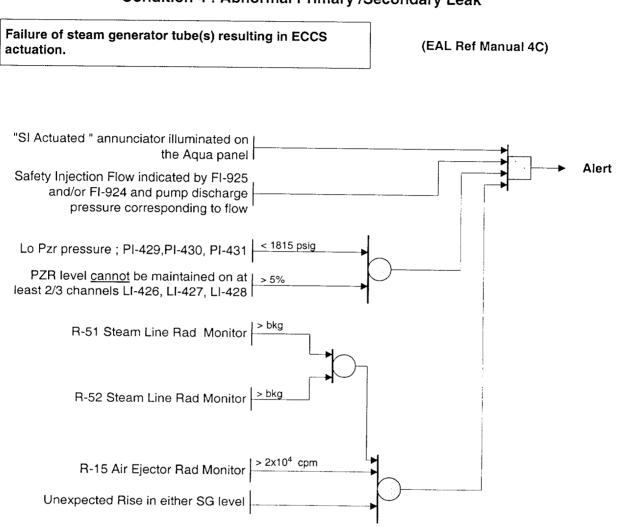
## Condition 3 : Abnormal Coolant Temperature/Pressure

## DELETED

Deleted based on NRC Branch Position On Acceptable Deviations From Appendix 1 to NUREG-0654/FEMA-REP-1, July 11, 1994.



REV. 29 Page 10 of 60



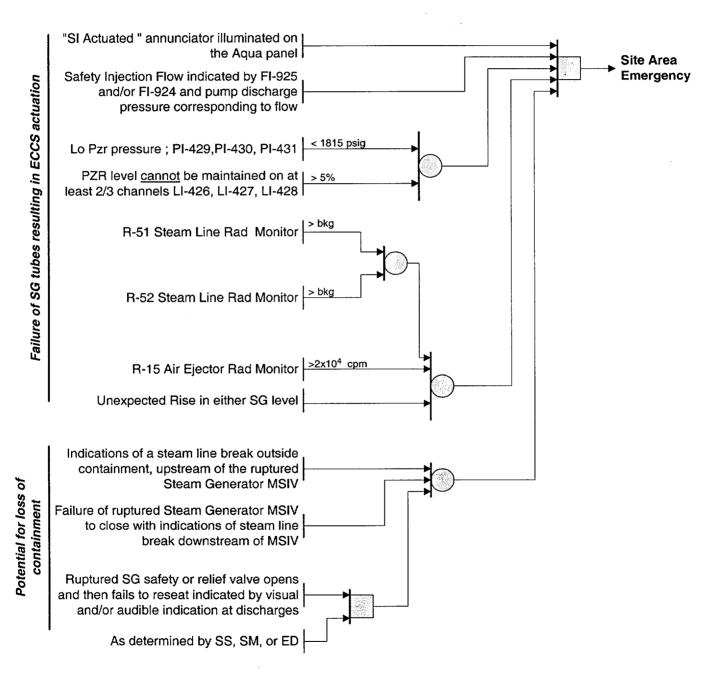
## Condition 4 : Abnormal Primary /Secondary Leak

REV. 29 Page 11 of 60

### **Condition 4 : Abnormal Primary /Secondary Leak**

Failure of steam generator tube(s) resulting in ECCS actuation and high potential for loss of containment.

(EAL Ref Manual 4D)

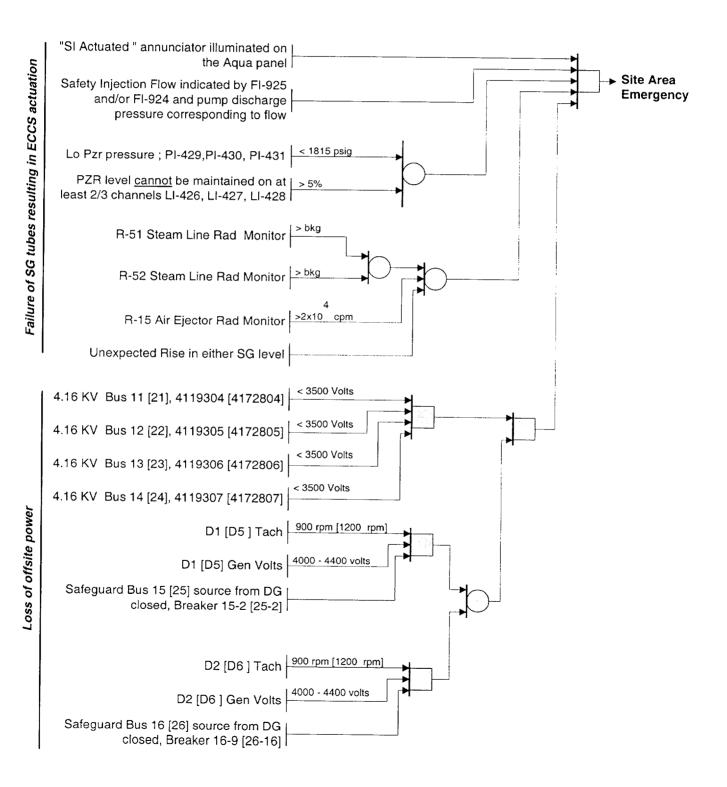


REV. 29 Page 12 of 60

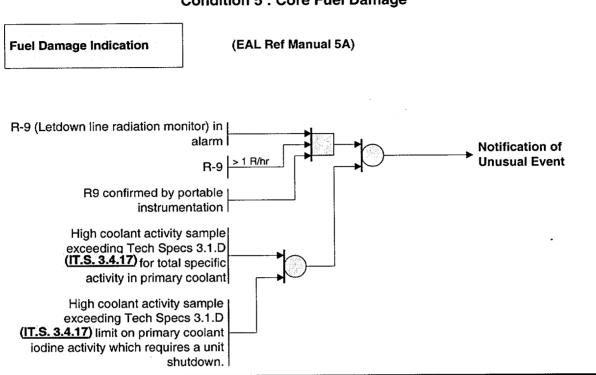
### **Condition 4 : Abnormal Primary /Secondary Leak**

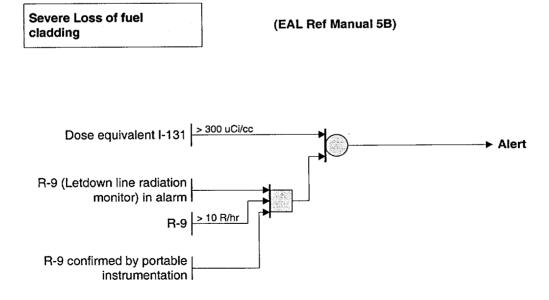
Failure of steam generator tube(s) resulting in ECCS actuation and loss of offsite power.

(EAL Ref Manual 4E)



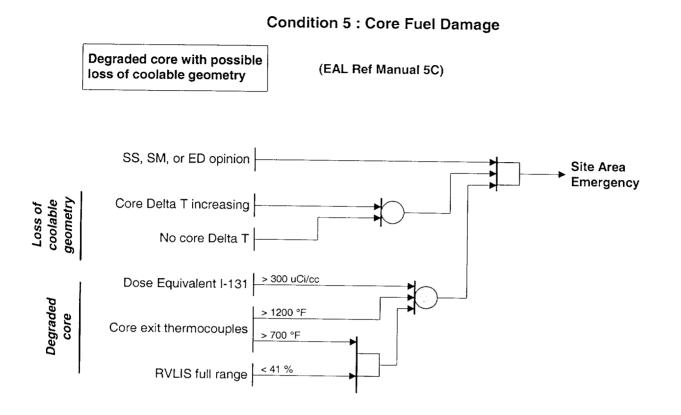
REV. 29 Page 13 of 60





### **Condition 5 : Core Fuel Damage**

I



## Condition 6 : Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers

Loss of 2 of 3 fission product barriers with a potential loss of 3rd barrier. (EAL Ref Manual 6)

### GENERAL EMERGENCY

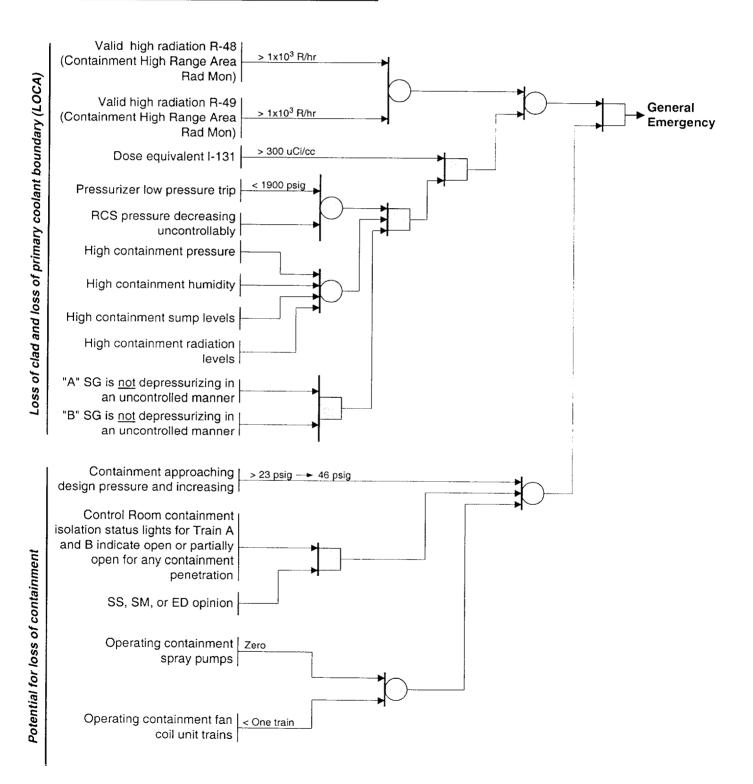
	1.	Three permutations exist for loss of 2 of 3 fission product barriers with a potential loss of 3rd barrier;
		A. Failure of cladding and primary coolant boundary with potential loss of containment.
		B. Failure of cladding and containment with potential loss of primary coolant boundary.
NOTES:		C. Failure of containment and primary coolant boundary with potential loss of cladding.
		These 3 permutations are represented in the following 5 cases, each with its own set of EAL's:
	2.	All cases are applicable to operations above Cold Shutdown (Modes 1, 2, 3, & 4).

REV. 29 Page 16 of 60

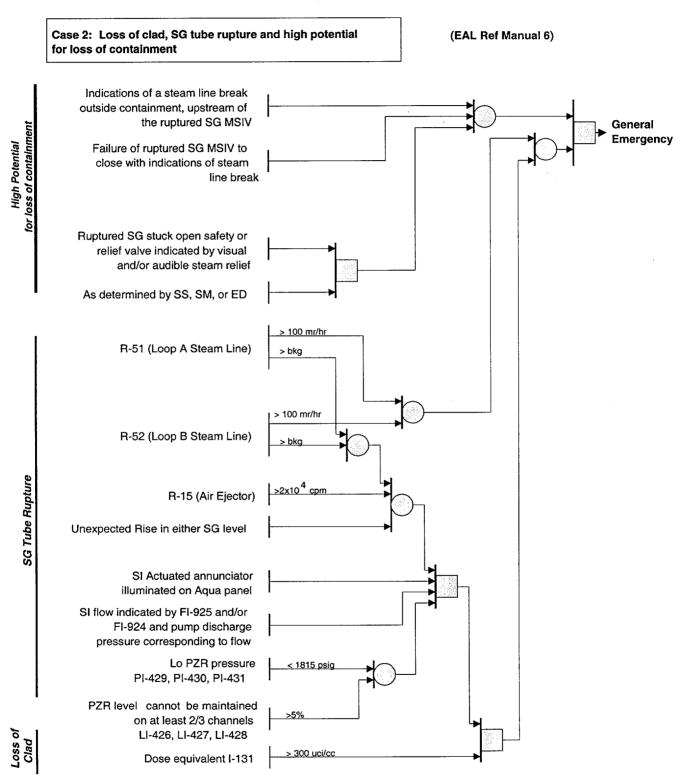
### Condition 6: Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers

<u>Case 1</u>: Loss of clad, loss of primary coolant boundary (LOCA), and high potential for loss of containment.

(EAL Ref Manual 6)



REV. 29 Page 17 of 60



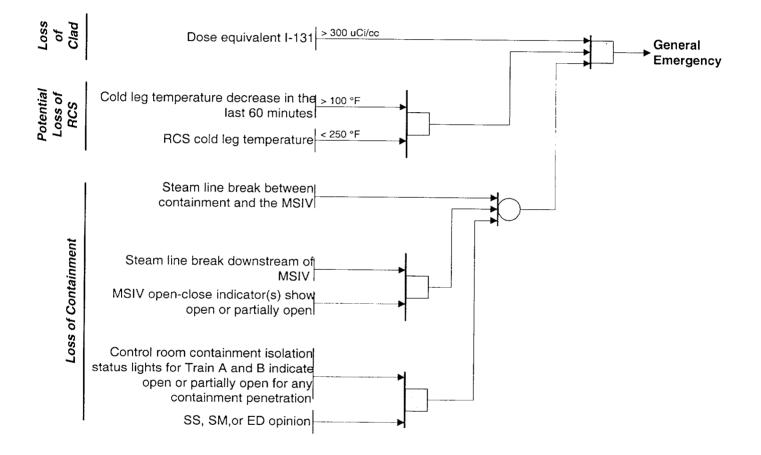
**Condition 6: Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers** 

### REV. 29 Page 18 of 60

## Condition 6: Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers

<u>Case 3</u>: Loss of clad, containment failure, and a high potential for loss of the RCS boundary.

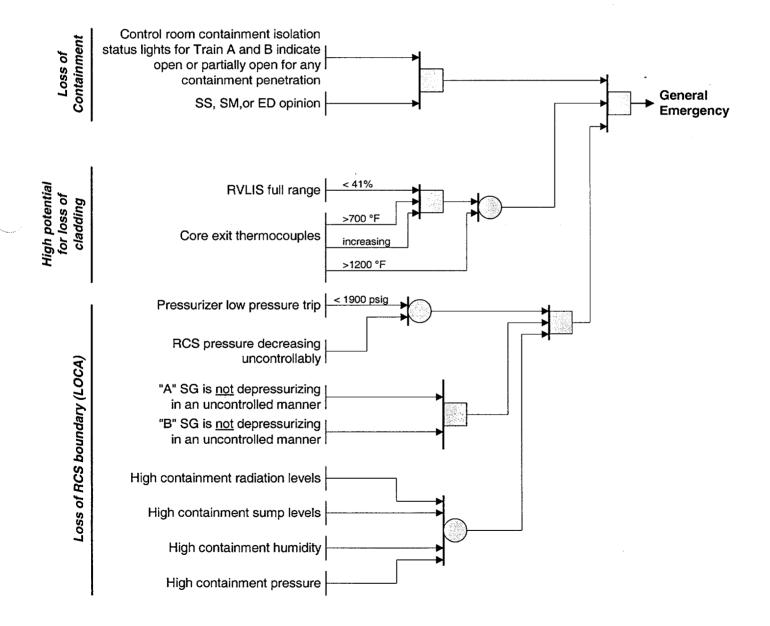
(EAL Ref Manual 6)



### Condition 6: Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers

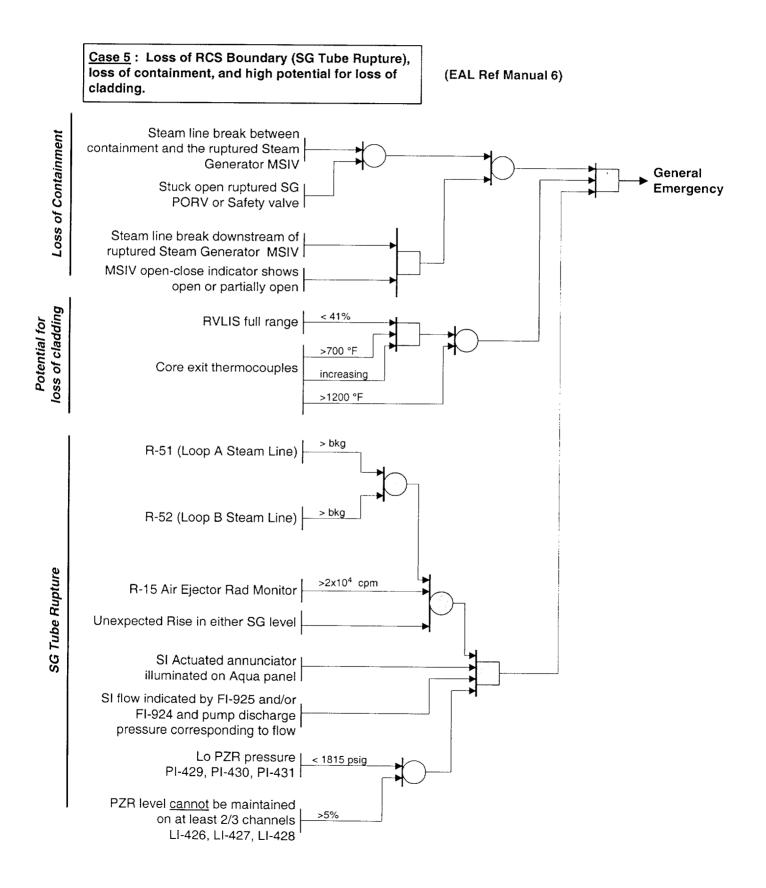
<u>Case 4</u> : Loss of RCS boundary (LOCA), loss of containment, and high potential for loss of cladding

(EAL Ref Manual 6)



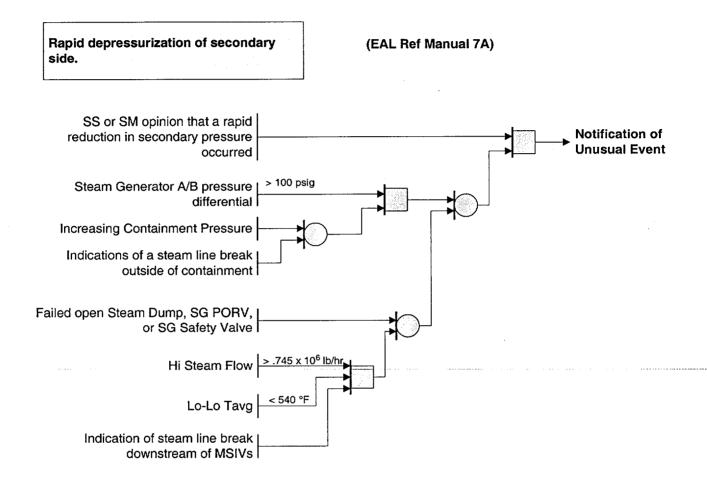
#### REV. 29 Page 20 of 60

### Condition 6: Loss of 2 of 3 Fission Product Barriers



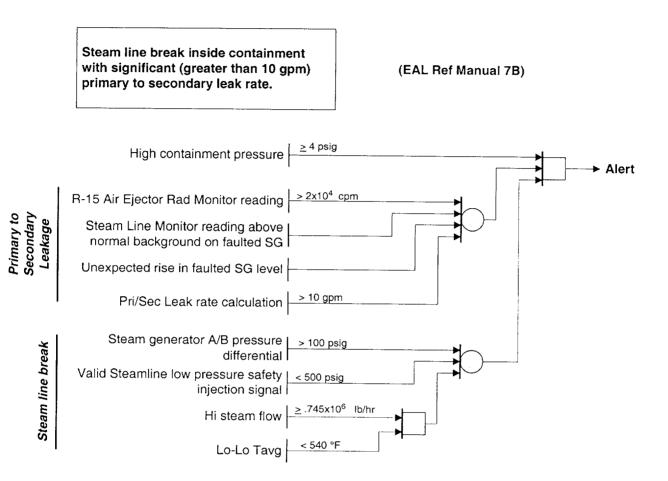
REV. 29 Page 21 of 60

### **Condition 7 : Secondary Coolant Anomaly**



REV. 29 Page 22 of 60

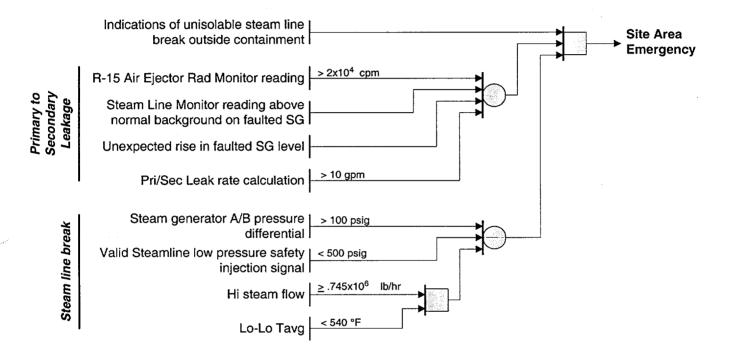
### **Condition 7 : Secondary Coolant Anomaly**



### **Condition 7 : Secondary Coolant Anomaly**

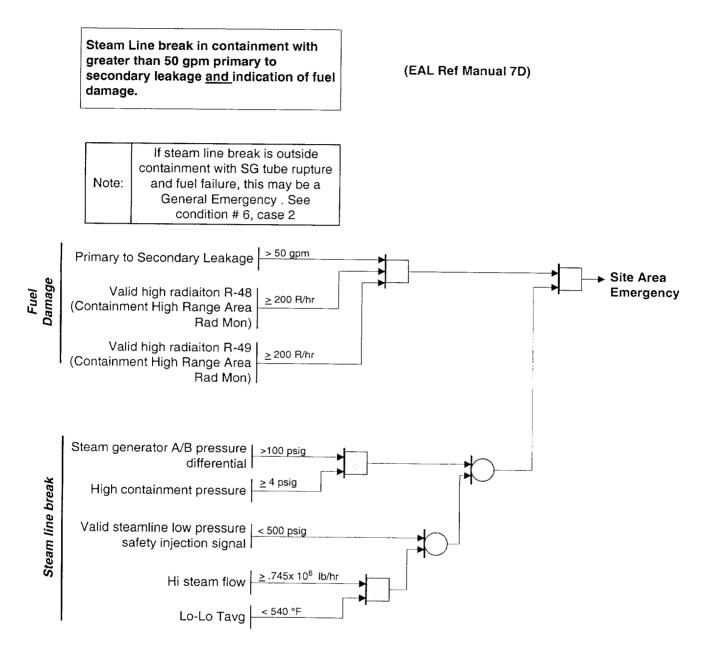
Unisolable steam line break outside containment with significant (greater than 10 gpm) primary to secondary leak rate.

(EAL Ref Manual 7C)



REV. 29 Page 24 of 60

### **Condition 7 : Secondary Coolant Anomaly**



REV. 29 Page 25 of 60

#### **Condition 7 : Secondary Coolant Anomaly**

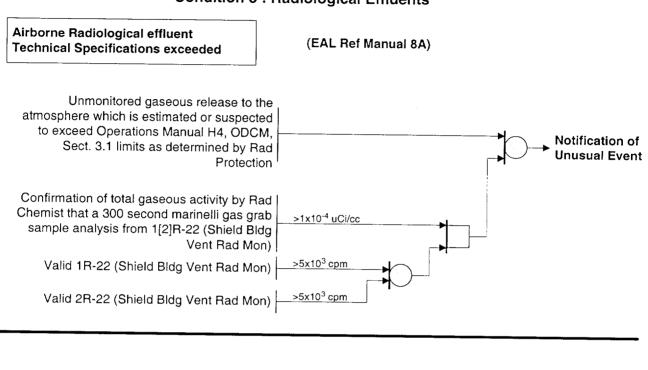
Transient initiated by loss of feedwater and condensate systems (principal heat removal system) followed by failure of emergency feedwater system for (EAL Ref Manual 7E) extended period. Core melting possible in several hours. Ultimate failure of containment likely if core melts. Unable to establish\* Condensate and Main Feedwater General Emergency Unable to establish\* Aux Feedwater High Head Safety Injection not available No Condensate and Main Feedwater No Auxiliary Feedwater SI Actuation per FR-H.1 30 minutes elapsed since SI actuation per FR-H.1 Auxiliary Feedwater not established ECCS Injection not established

#### Note:

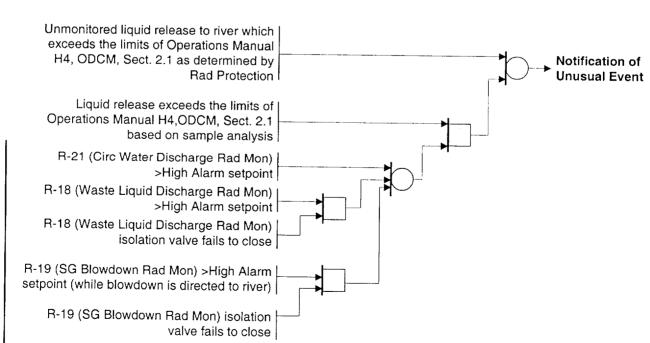
\* "Unable to establish" criteria met if procedural attempt to establish condition has been made, but was unsuccessful or if an attempt cannot be made.

Liquid Radiological effluent Technical

Specification limits exceeded.



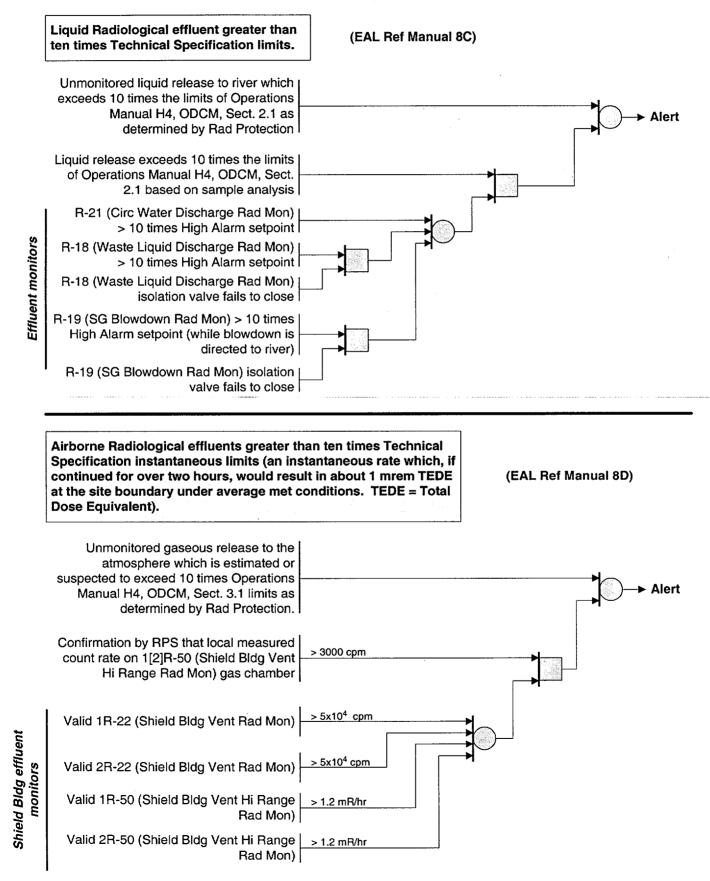
### **Condition 8 : Radiological Effluents**



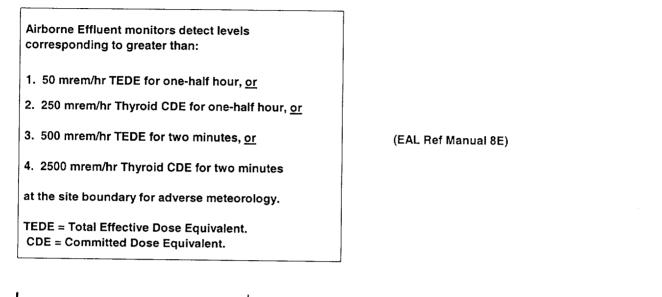
(EAL Ref Manual 8B)

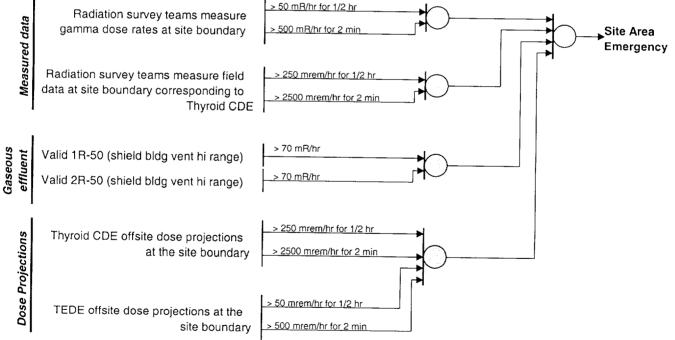
Effluent monitors





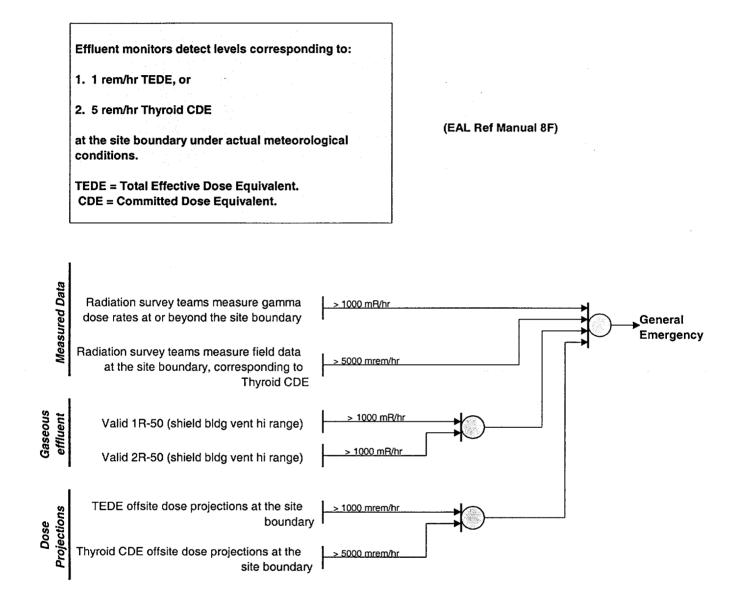
### **Condition 8 : Radiological Effluents**





#### **Condition 8 : Radiological Effluents**

REV. 29 Page 29 of 60

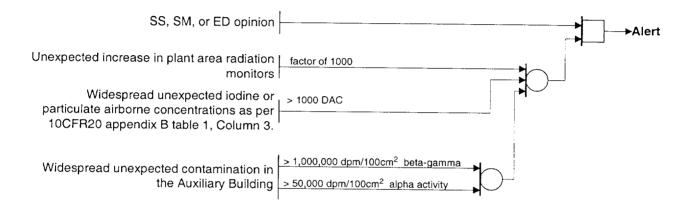


#### REV. 29 Page 30 of 60

### **Condition 8 : Radiological Effluents**

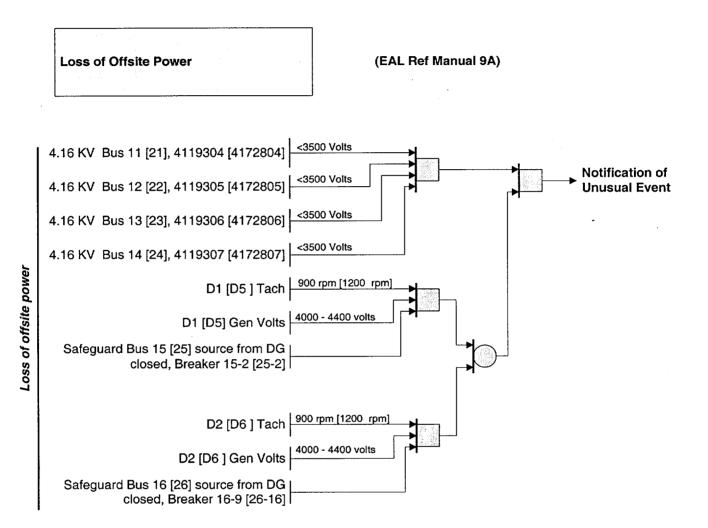
Radiation levels or airborne contamination which indicate a severe degradation in the control of radioactive materials (e.g., increase of factor of 1000 in direct radiation readings within facility).

(EAL Ref Manual 8G)



REV. 29 Page 31 of 60

#### **Condition 9 : Major Electrical Failures**



 Loss of onsite AC power capability
 (EAL Ref Manual 9B)

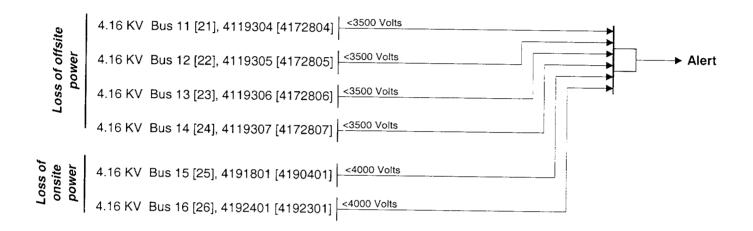
 Loss of D1 & D2 [D5 & D6] diesel generators when they are required to be operable by Tech Specs
 Notification of Unusual Event

REV. 29 Page 32 of 60

### **Condition 9 : Major Electrical Failures**

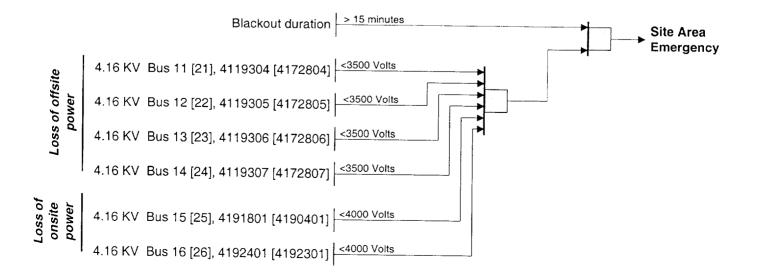
Loss of offsite power <u>and</u> loss of all onsite AC power (See Site Area Emergency for extended loss).

(EAL Ref Manual 9C)

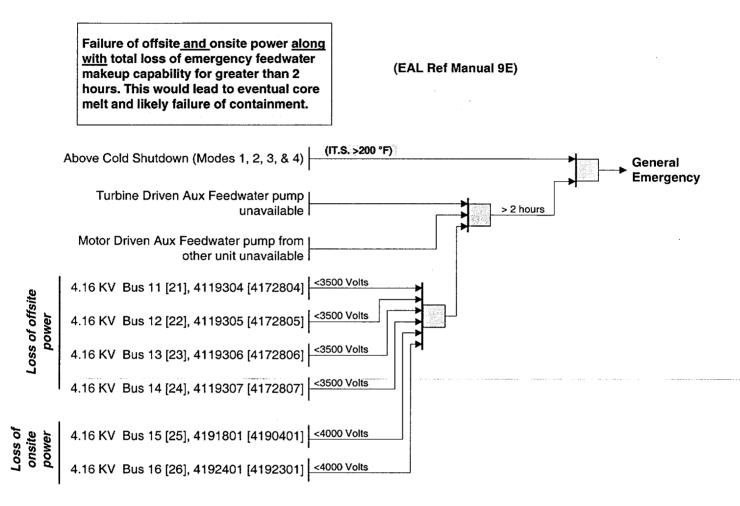


Loss of offsite power <u>and</u> loss of onsite AC power for more than 15 minutes.

(EAL Ref Manual 9D)

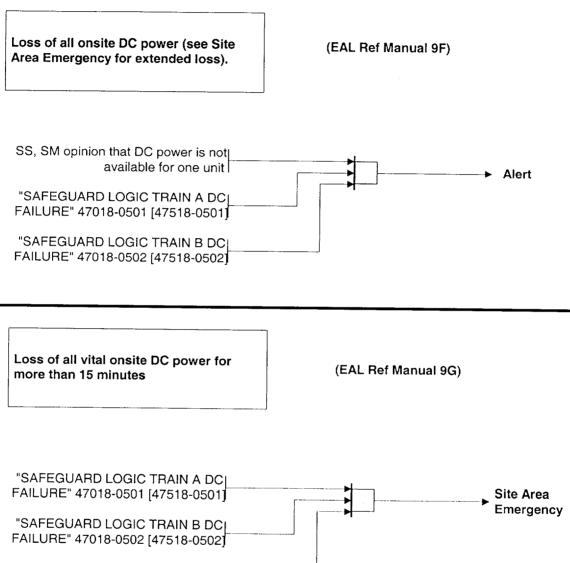


### **Condition 9 : Major Electrical Failures**



REV. 29 Page 34 of 60

### **Condition 9 : Major Electrical Failures**



Loss of DC power has lasted more than <u>> 15 min.</u> 15 minutes

### **Condition 10 : Control Room Evacuations**

 Evacuation of the Control Room anticipated or required with control of shutdown systems established from Hot Shutdown Panels and local stations.
 (EAL Ref Manual 10A)

 SS,SM, or ED determines evacuation of Control Room is anticipated or required with control of shutdown systems established from Hot shutdown Panels and local stations
 Alert

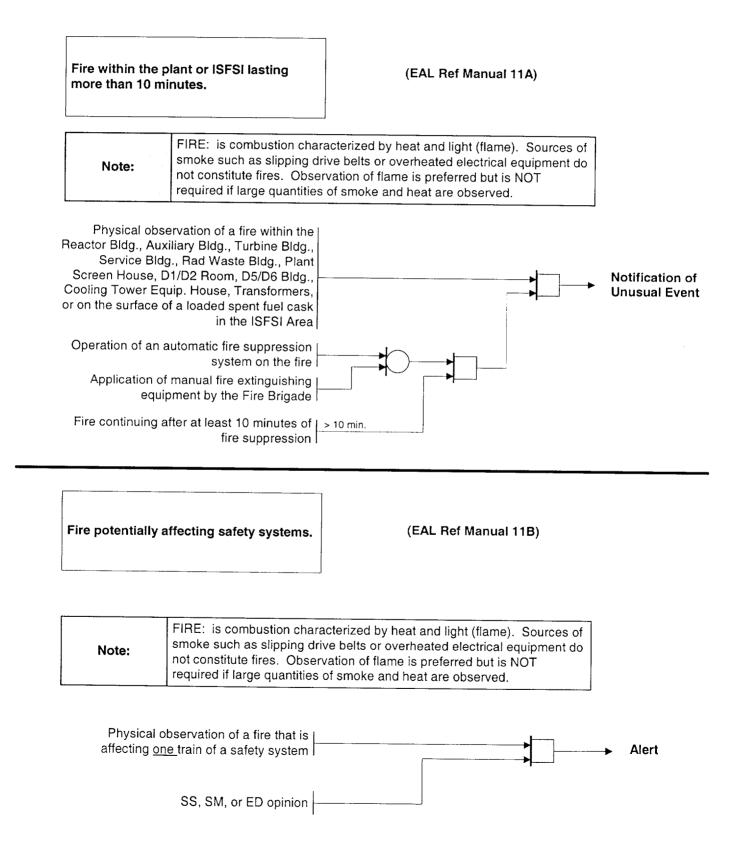
 Note:
 If reason for evacuation is fire in Control Room or Relay Room, see initiating condition 11C, - Fire compromising the functions of safety

systems" for possible reclassification.

Evacuation of the Control Room and control of shutdown systems <u>not</u> established from hot shutdown panel and local stations within 15 minutes. Evacuation of Control Room conducted Control of shutdown systems <u>not</u> established from Hot Shutdown Panels and local stations within 15 minutes

REV. 29 Page 36 of 60

### **Condition 11 : Fires**



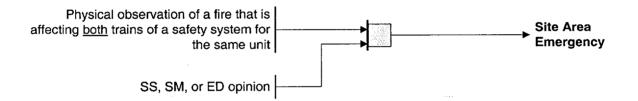
REV. 29 Page 37 of 60

### **Condition 11 : Fires**

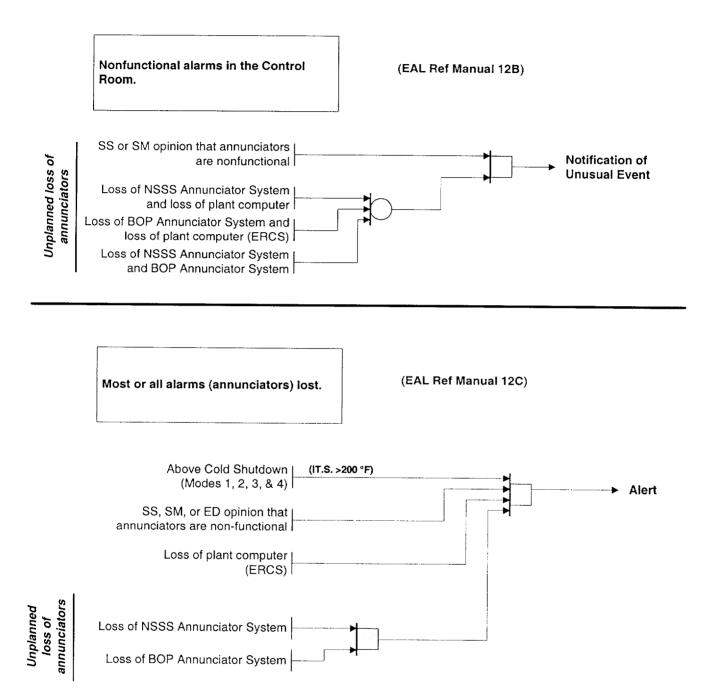
Fire compromising the functions of safety systems.

(EAL Ref Manual 11C)

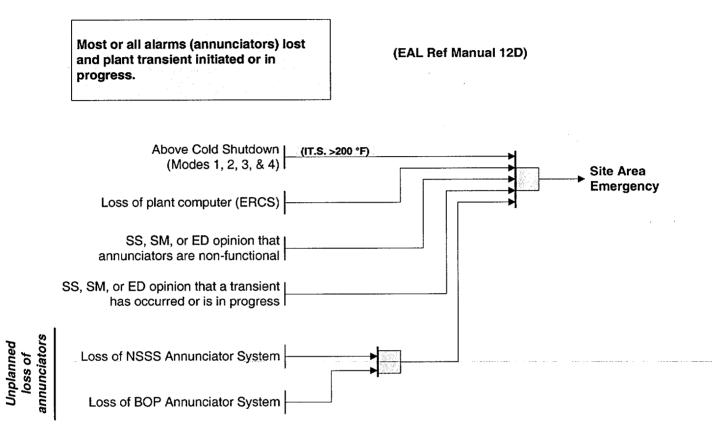
Note: FIRE: is combustion characterized by heat and light (flame). Sources of smoke such as slipping drive belts or overheated electrical equipment do not constitute fires. Observation of flame is preferred but is NOT required if large quantities of smoke and heat are observed.



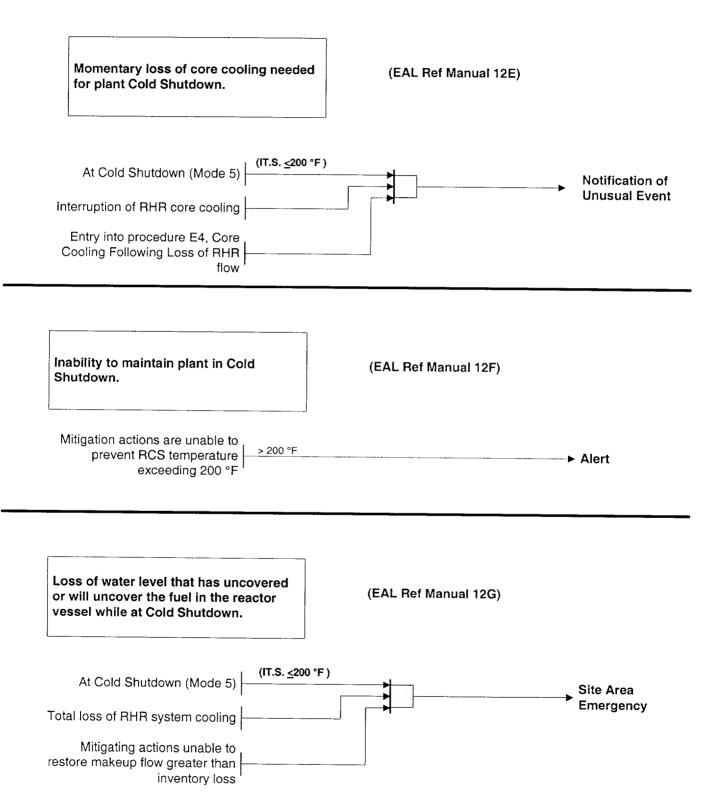
REV. 29 Page 38 of 60



REV. 29 Page 39 of 60



REV. 29 Page 40 of 60



REV. 29 Page 41 of 60

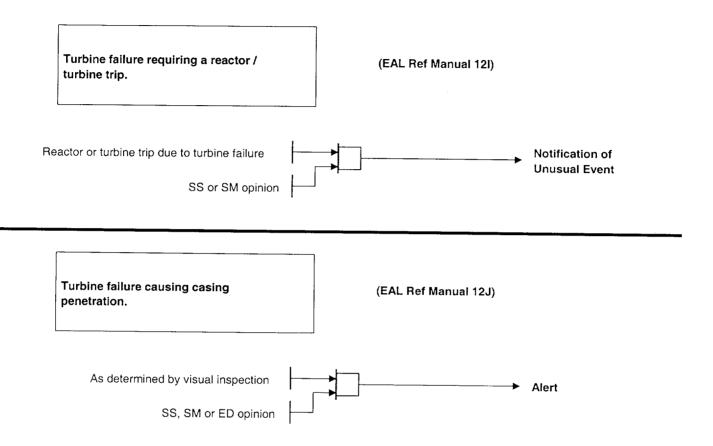
### **Condition 12 : Plant Shutdown Functions**

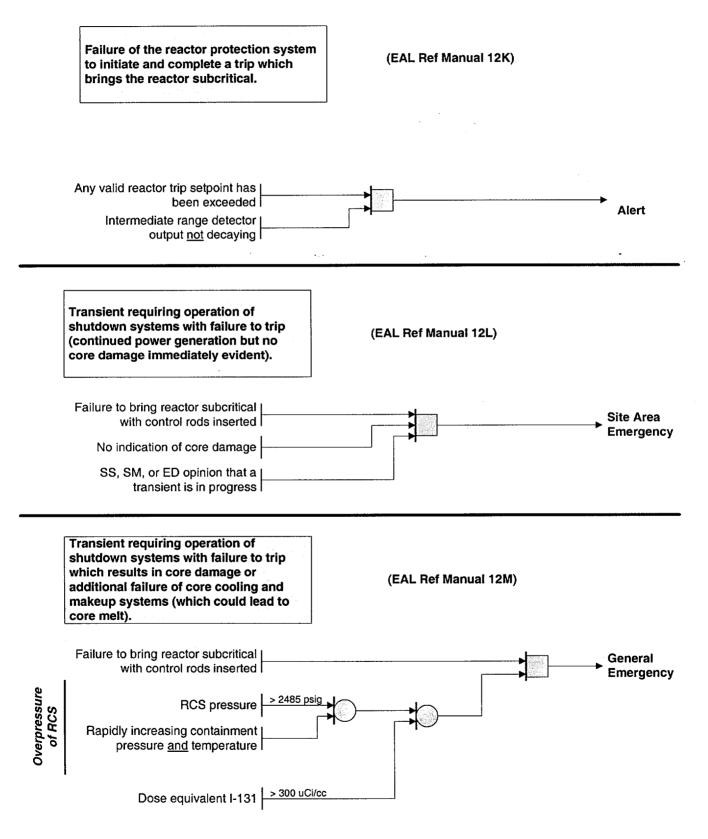
Complete loss of any function needed for plant Hot Shutdown. (Also see (EAL Ref Manual 12H) Condition #7 for possible General if feed and bleed is initiated). <u>≥</u>350 °F At or above Hot Shutdown | Site Area (IT.S. Hot Standby) (Modes 1, 2, & 3) Emergency Inadequate hi pressure injection capability (i.e., loss of 2/2 SI pumps > 15 min. and loss of all charging pumps for more than 15 minutes) SS, SM, or ED opinion that plant functions required to maintain Hot Shutdown (IT.S. Hot Standby) not available All steam generator safety valves inoperable | Both steam generator PORVs inoperable All steam generator steam dump to atmosphere valves inoperable Steam generator steam dump to condenser valve inoperable Unable to establish\* Condensate and Main Feedwater flow Unable to establish\* Auxiliary Feedwater flow Wide range level in both | < 25 % SG's

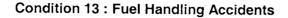
#### Note:

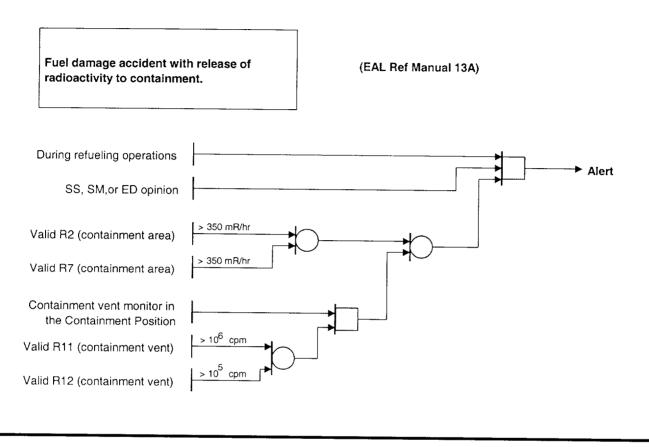
\* "Unable to establish" criteria met if procedural attempt to establish condition has been made, but was unsuccessful or if an attempt cannot be made.

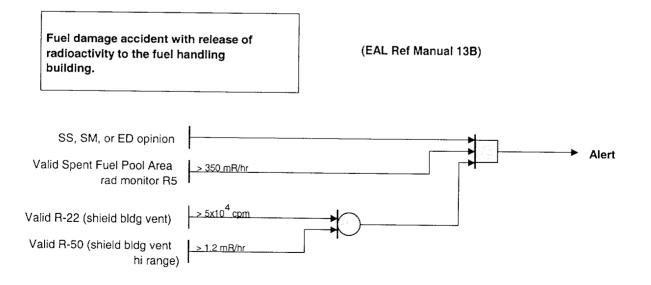
REV. 29 Page 42 of 60 I



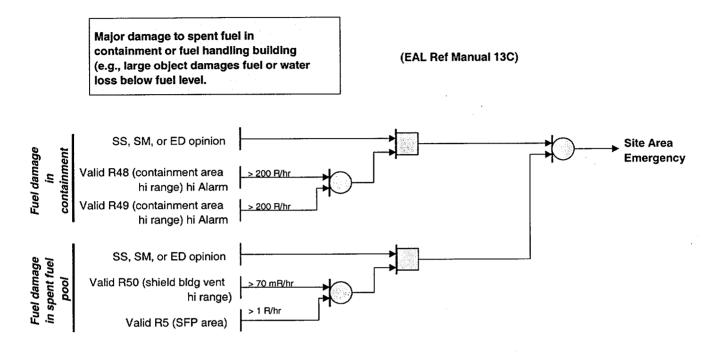








#### **Condition 13 : Fuel Handling Accidents**



REV. 29 Page 46 of 60 1

### **Condition 14 : Coolant Pump**

### DELETED

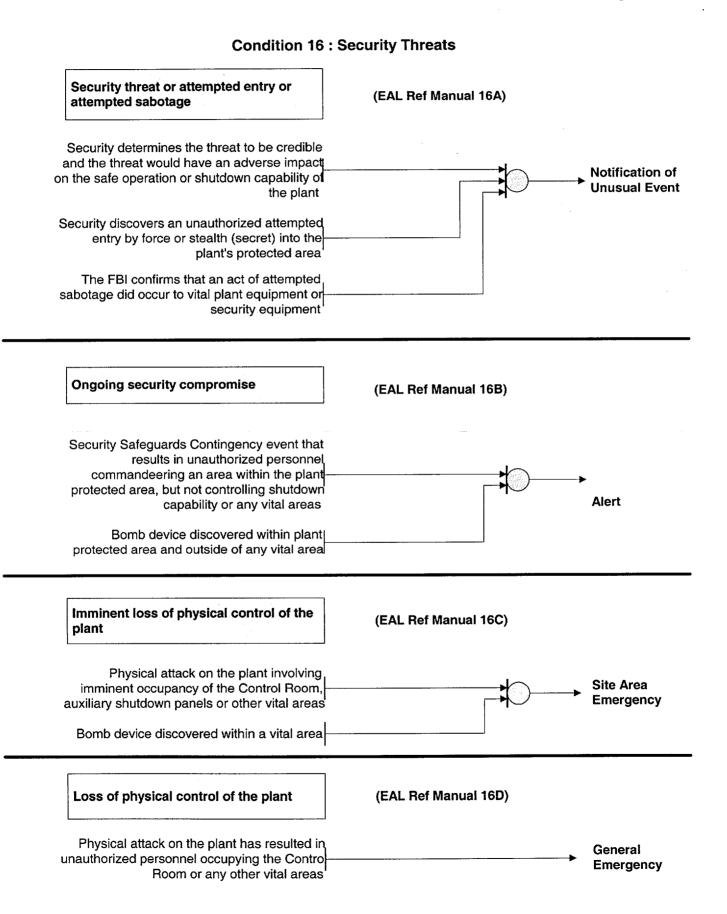
Deleted based on NRC Branch Position On Acceptable Deviation From Appendix 1 to NUREG-0654/FEMA-REP-1, July 11, 1994.

\_\_\_\_\_

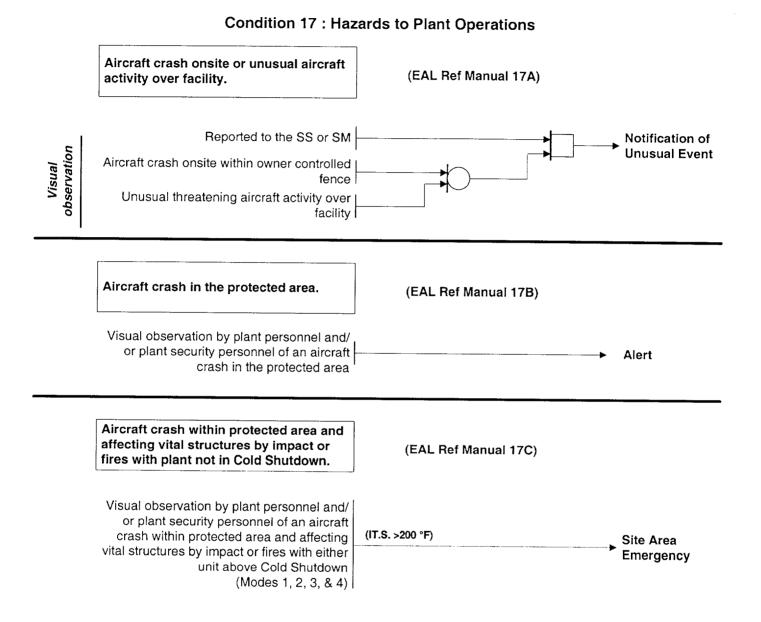
### **Condition 15 : Contaminated Injured Person**

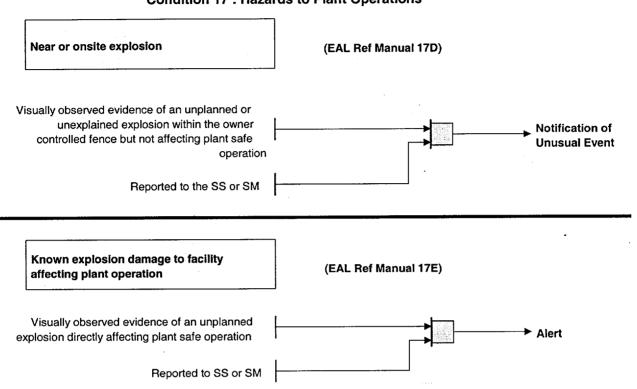
DELETED

Deleted based on NRC Branch Position On Acceptable Deviation From Appendix 1 to NUREG-0654/FEMA-REP-1, July 11, 1994.



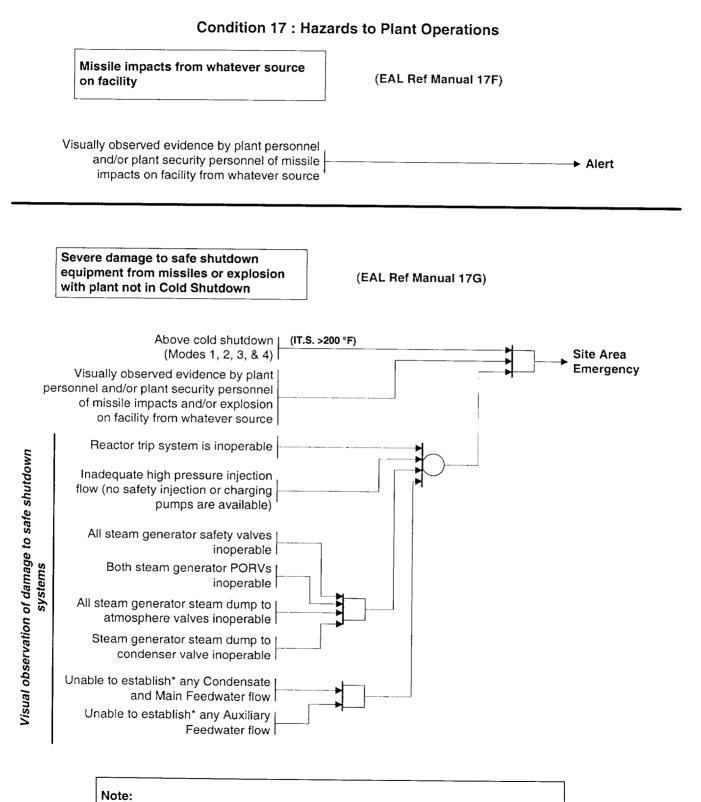
REV. 29 Page 48 of 60





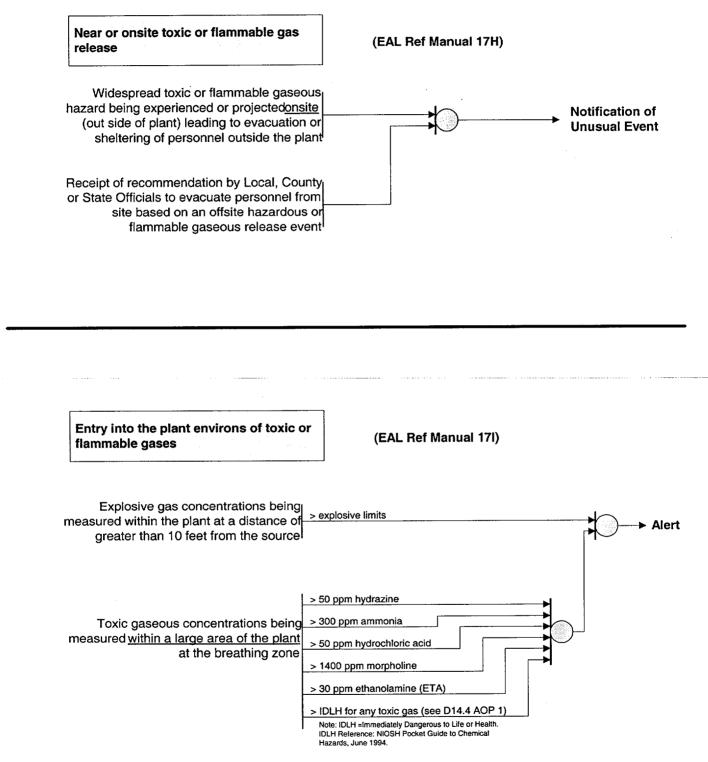
**Condition 17 : Hazards to Plant Operations** 

REV. 29 Page 50 of 60

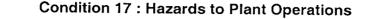


\* "Unable to establish" criteria met if procedural attempt to establish condition has been made, but was unsuccessful or if an attempt cannot be made.



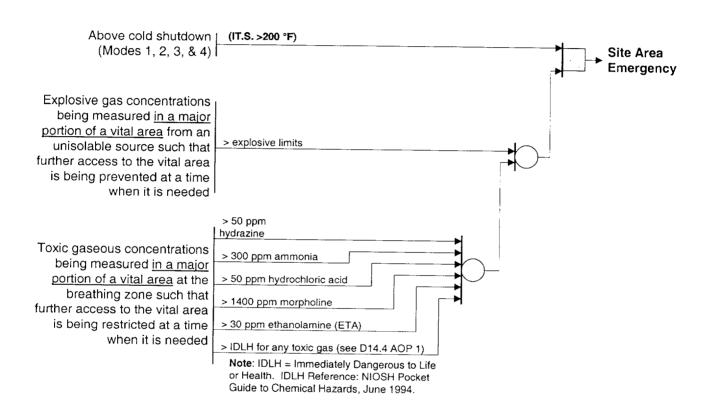


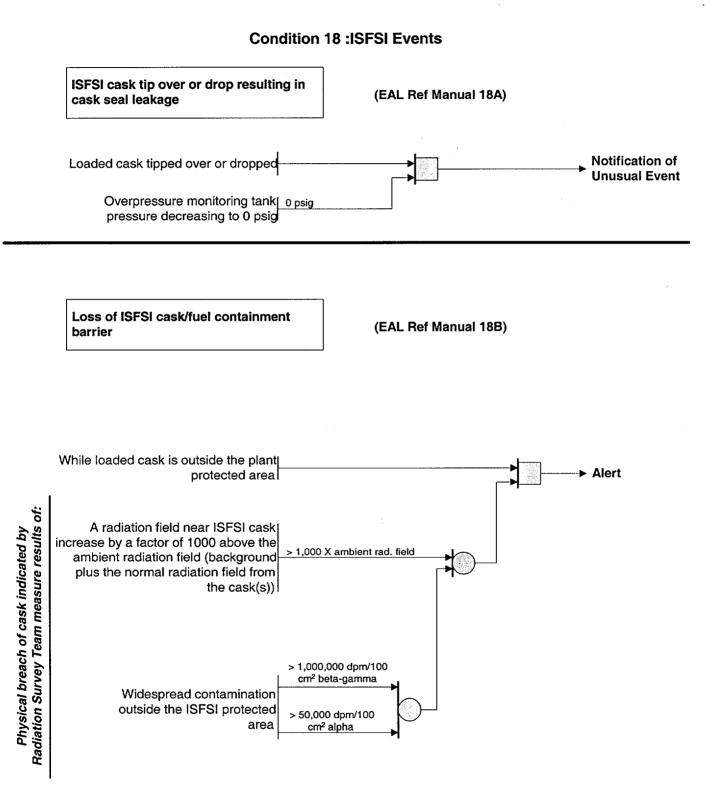
REV. 29 Page 52 of 60



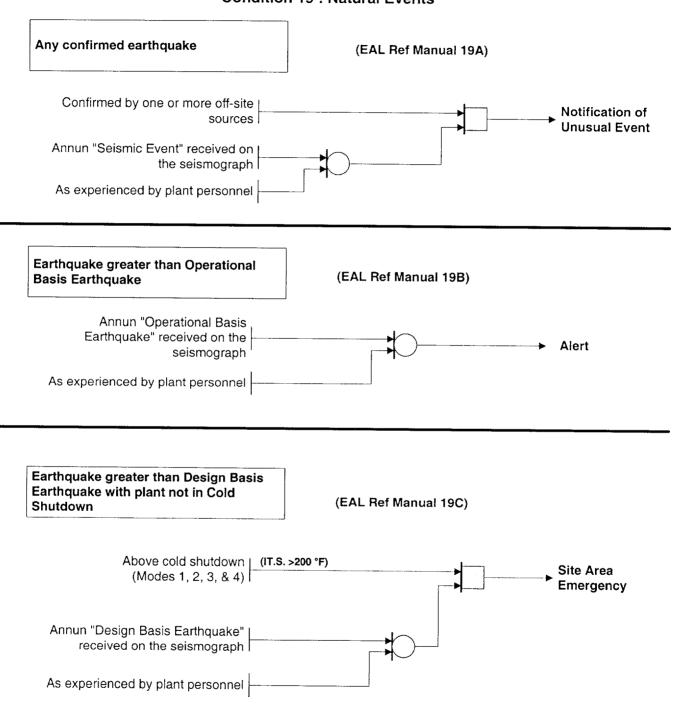
Entry of toxic or flammable gases into vital areas with plant not in Cold Shutdown.

(EAL Ref Manual 17J)

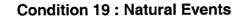


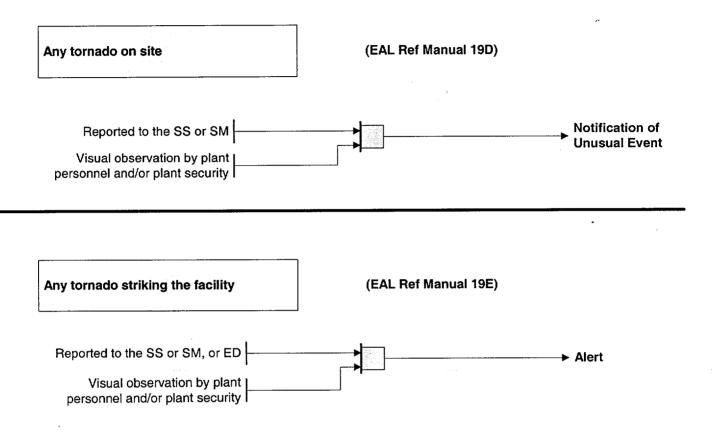


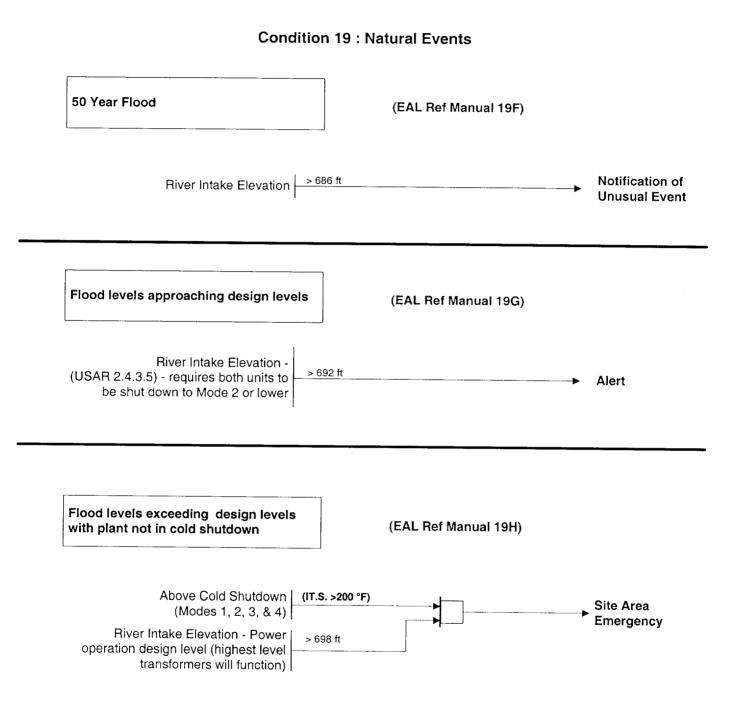
REV. 29 Page 54 of 60



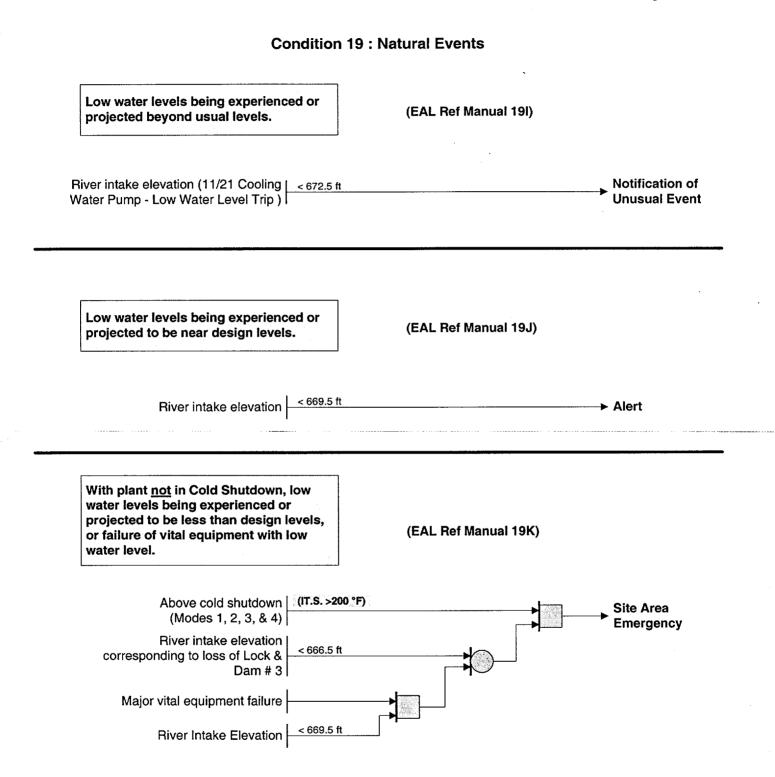
### **Condition 19 : Natural Events**



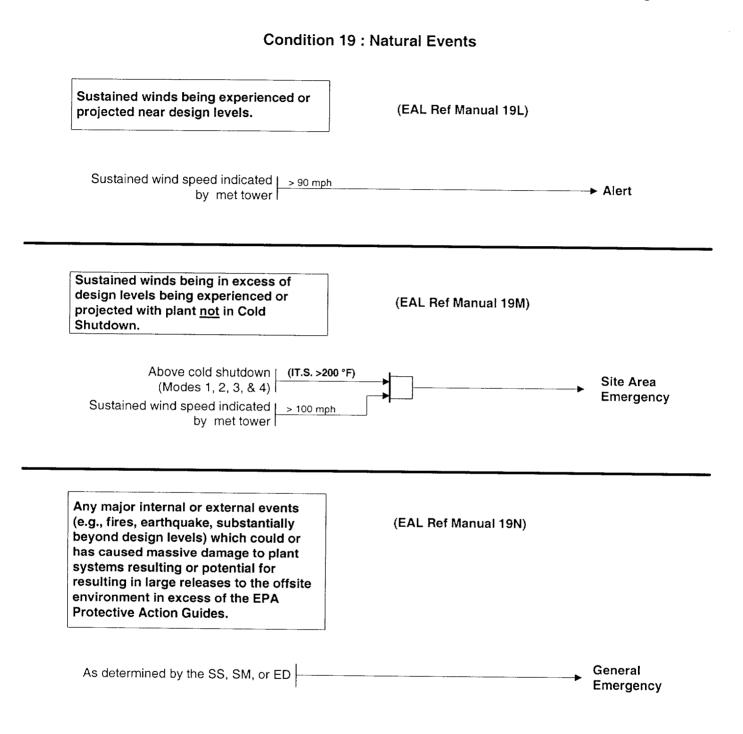


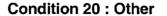


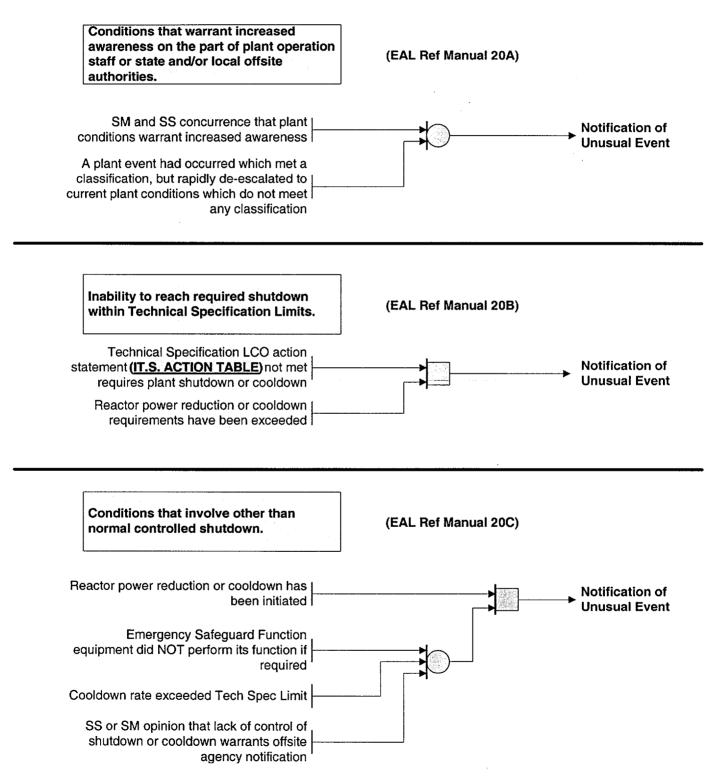
REV. 29 Page 57 of 60

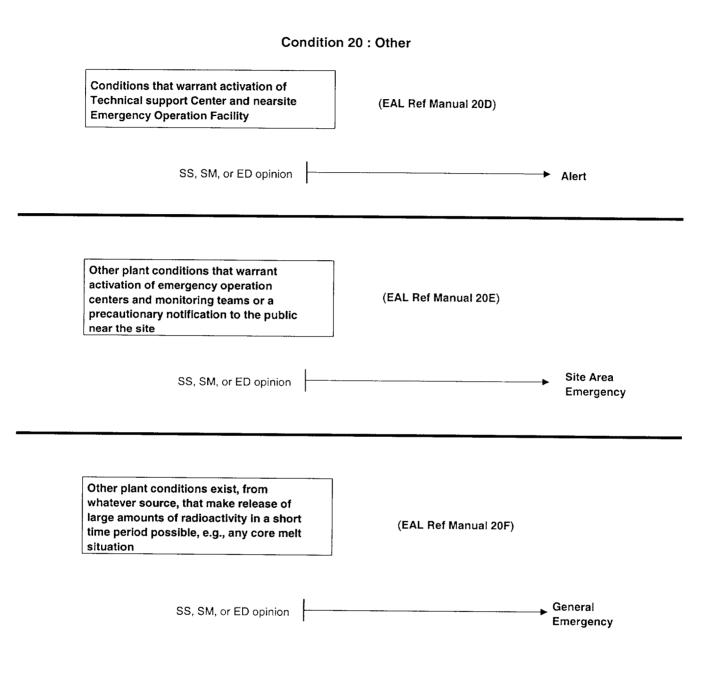


REV. 29 Page 58 of 60











### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

NUMBER: F3-3

REV: 18

#### REFERENCE USE

- Procedure segments may be performed from memory.
- Use the procedure to verify segments are complete.
- Mark off steps within segment before continuing.
- Procedure should be available at the work location.

O.C. REVIEW DATE:	OWNER:	EFFECTIVE DATE
LIR	M. Werner	4-15-02



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE
NUMBER:
F3-3

REV: 18

#### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this instruction is to delineate the responsibilities of various emergency organization personnel and onsite organizations required to respond to a Notification of Unusual Event.

#### 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This instruction SHALL apply to all plant personnel.

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONS

- **3.1** All personnel should stay clear of any areas as announced over the public address system.
- **3.2** All personnel should refrain from using the public address system or telephone system during any emergency situation.

#### 4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 4.1 Overall Responsibility Shift Manager
- 4.2 Assistance, Control Room Shift Supervisors Control Room Operators TSC - Shift Emergency Communicator Plant - Shift Radiation Protection Specialist

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

NUMBER:	
	F3-3
REV:	18

#### 5.0 DISCUSSION

#### 5.1 Notification of Unusual Event

5.1.1 Definition

Unusual Events are events that are in progress or have occurred which indicate a potential degradation of the level of safety of the plant.

No release of radioactive material requiring offsite response or monitoring is expected unless further degradation of safety systems occurs.

5.1.2 Purpose of the Notification of Unusual Event Class

The purpose of the Notification of Unusual Event Emergency classification is to:

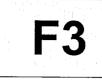
- A. Have the operating staff come to a state of readiness from the standpoint of emergency response in the event the handling of the initial condition needs to be escalated to a more severe action level class;
- B. Provide for systematic handling of Unusual Event information.
- 5.1.3 Plant Actions & Responsibilities:
  - A. Promptly inform State and/or local offsite authorities of nature of unusual condition as soon as discovered.
  - B. Assess and respond to Unusual Event.
  - C. Augment on-shift resources (if needed). This may involve full activation of the Emergence Response Organization depending on plant management discretion.
  - D. Activate the Technical Support Center, if needed. Working in the TSC may enhance the plant technical support assessment and response.
  - E. Close out with verbal summary to offsite authorities.

#### 

- F. Escalate to a more severe class.
- **5.1.4** State and/or local offsite authority actions:
  - A. Provide fire or security assistance if required.
  - B. Standby until verbal closeout.

#### <u>OR</u>

C. Escalate to a more severe class.



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A** NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

NUMBER: F3-3 REV: 18

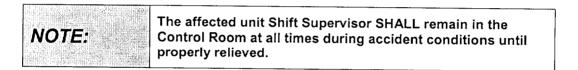
#### 6.0 **PREREQUISITES**

An Unusual Event has been or will be declared.

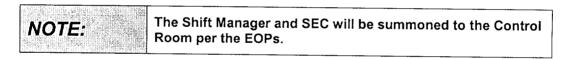
#### 7.0 PROCEDURE

#### 7.1 Shift Supervisors

- 7.1.1 Shift Supervisor of <u>affected</u> unit:
  - A. Proceed to the Control Room (if not already there).



B. If needed, ensure that applicable Emergency Operating Procedures (EOPs) are implemented to respond to the Notification of Unusual Event conditions with the objective of returning the plant to a normal, safe condition (Mode 5, Cold Shutdown, if necessary).



- C. Direct activities of the Control Room Operators.
- 7.1.2 Shift Supervisor of <u>unaffected</u> unit:
  - A. Proceed to the Control Room (if not already there).
  - B. Direct operations on the <u>unaffected</u> unit.
  - C. Assist the Shift Manager, as necessary.

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

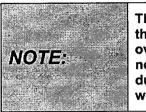


### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

NUMBER: F3-3

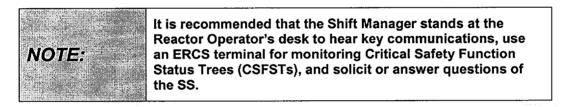
REV: 18

#### 7.2 Shift Manager



The initial E-Plan response to the event should be made by the Shift Manager. However, in order to adequately maintain oversight of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary for the Shift Manager to delegate specific E-Plan duties to the unaffected unit SS during the initial response while still maintaining overall authority and control.

- 7.2.1 Report to the Control Room immediately upon notification.
- **7.2.2** Assess the emergency condition, event evaluation, and safety related aspects of the plant.



**7.2.3** Use PINGP 1125, "Shift Manager/Shift Supervisor Emergency Director Checklist," for specific guidance on emergency plan NUE duties ("Example Only" copy of PINGP 1125 is attached to F3-4).

#### 7.3 Control Room Personnel

- 7.3.1 Assist the Shift Supervisor as requested.
- **7.3.2** Utilize applicable Operations Manual procedures to respond to the Notification of Unusual Event emergency classification, as appropriate, with the object of returning the plant to a normal safe status (Mode 5, Cold Shutdown, if necessary).
- **7.3.3** Announce the location and nature of the emergency over the public address system, if applicable. Direct all non-essential personnel to remain clear of the affected area (if applicable) and to refrain from using the public address system.
- **7.3.4** Continuously monitor the Control Room instrumentation, radiation monitors, or any other developments which would be indicative of further system degradation. Inform the Shift Supervisor immediately of any changes in the plant status.

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

	F	3	

### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

NUMBER: F3-3 REV: 18

### 7.4 Emergency Director

- **7.4.1** The Emergency Director position is not normally activated during the Notification of Unusual Event.
- **7.4.2** IF the Shift Manager decides to activate the Emergency Response Organization, <u>THEN</u> the ED position should be initially staffed by the Shift Manager and eventually turned over to an oncoming Emergency Director designee.
- **7.4.3** IF the TSC is activated, <u>THEN</u> an Emergency Director should be designated as the person in command and control in the TSC.
- 7.4.4 Those TSC functions and activities necessary for the specific event response need be implemented. Facility checklists may be used as guides. Examples of TSC functions are shown below:
  - A. Plant Status Board Keeper
  - B. ERCS Operation
  - C. ED Log Keeper
  - D. Emergency Work Status Board
  - E. Emergency Communicators

### 7.5 Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC)

- 7.5.1 Report to the Control Room immediately upon notification.
- **7.5.2** Complete the "Emergency Notification Report Form," (PINGP 577), F3-5 and have it reviewed and approved by the Shift Manager.

**NOTE:** State and local authorities SHALL be notified within 15 minutes of the decisions of the emergency classification.

**7.5.3** Complete the required notification of state and local authorities, and site personnel in accordance with PINGP 579 of F3-5, "Emergency Notifications."

#### PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE



#### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

NUMBER: F3-3 REV: 18

- **7.5.4** Assist as necessary the Shift Manager in the coordination of other required communication contacts (e.g., medical support, fire support, etc.). See the "Mo & PI Emergency Preparedness Telephone Directory" for local support services phone numbers.
- **7.5.5** Notify appropriate plant staff support personnel to augment the onsite staff or activate the ERO as deemed necessary by the Shift Manager.
- **7.5.6** Maintain communications throughout the emergency classification as required by F3-5, "Emergency Notifications."



Be prepared to notify applicable authorities if conditions escalate to a more severe emergency class.

**7.5.7** When the Notification of Unusual Event class has been terminated, close-out the emergency classification, by notifying the state, local, and site personnel in accordance with F3-5, "Emergency Notifications."

#### 7.6 Other Operations Personnel

- **7.6.1** Assistant Plant Equipment Operators and Plant Attendants should continue with assigned duties or report to the Control Room if requested.
- **7.6.2** Relief Shift Operators onsite, should continue with assigned operations unless their assistance is requested.

#### 7.7 Radiation Protection Group

- **7.7.1** The Shift Radiation Protection Specialist **SHALL** provide assistance (e.g., sampling, chemistry, radio-chemistry, surveys, etc.) as requested by the Shift Supervisor.
- **7.7.2** An REC designee should report to the TSC and provide event updates to the Wisconsin Health Dept. representative using PINGP 1246, WI/MN Health Department Initial Call Back Information.
- **7.7.3** Other Radiation Protection Group personnel should continue with normal duties unless directed to do otherwise.



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

NUMBER:

F3-3 REV: 18

#### 7.8 Plant Security Force

- **7.8.1** The designated Security Officer or Security Staff member **SHALL** perform the responsibilities of the Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC).
- **7.8.2** All other plant security force should continue with normal duties unless directed to do otherwise.
- **7.8.3** During off-normal work hours and when requested by the Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC), a designated member of the Security Force should control the telephone switchboard in the TSC.

#### 7.9 All Other Personnel On Site

- 7.9.1 Continue with normal duties unless directed to do otherwise.
- 7.9.2 Stay clear of areas as announced over the public address system.

#### 7.10 Business Support Group

During normal work hours and when requested by the SEC, a designated person from the plant switchboard operator group should report to the TSC to control the telephone switchboard.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

#### REFERENCE USE

- Procedure segments may be performed from memory.
- Use the procedure to verify segments are complete.
- Mark off steps within segment before continuing.
- Procedure should be available at the work location.

O.C. REVIEW DATE:	OWNER:	EFFECTIVE DATE
040102 SC	M. Werner	4-15-02

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

**REV:** 

**F3** 

### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4

28

----

TABLE OF CONTENTS

on	Title Page	•
PURI	POSE	-
APPL	_ICABILITY4	
PREF	REQUISITES 12	
PRO	CEDURE 12	
7.1	Shift Supervisor of Affected Unit 12	
7.2	Shift Supervisor of Unaffected Unit13	
7.3	Shift Manager 13	
7.4		
7.5	Shift Emergency Communicator 17	
7.6	Technical Support Coordinator 18	
7.7	Operational Support Coordinator 18	
7.8	Assembly Point Coordinator 18	
7.9	Radiological Emergency Coordinator 18	
7.10	Radiation Protection Group 19	
7.11	Security Group	
7.12	Logistics Group22	
7.13	Instrument & Control Group 23	
7.14	Maintenance Group 24	
7.15	Engineering Group24	
7.16	Severe Accident Management Group26	
7.17	Contract, Temporary Personnel and Visitors	
	PUR APPI PREC RES DISC PREC 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6 7.7 7.8 7.5 7.6 7.7 7.8 7.9 7.10 7.11 7.12 7.13 7.14 7.15 7.14 7.15 7.16	PURPOSE4APPLICABILITY4PRECAUTIONS4RESPONSIBILITIES5DISCUSSION6PREREQUISITES12PROCEDURE127.1Shift Supervisor of Affected Unit7.2Shift Supervisor of Unaffected Unit7.3Shift Manager7.4Operations Group7.5Shift Emergency Communicator7.6Technical Support Coordinator7.7Operational Support Coordinator7.8Assembly Point Coordinator7.9Radiological Emergency Coordinator7.10Radiation Protection Group7.11Security Group7.12Logistics Group7.13Instrument & Control Group7.14Maintenance Group7.15Engineering Group7.16Severe Accident Management Group7.16Severe Accident Management Group7.16Severe Accident Management Group

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT.** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 28 **REV:** 

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS [CONTINUED] Section Title Page LIST OF FIGURES Figure 1 Figure 2 Figure 3 Figure 4 Figure 5 Figure 6 Figure 7 Figure 8 Figure 9 Figure 10



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

#### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this instruction is to delineate the responsibilities of various emergency organization personnel and onsite organizations required to respond to an Alert, a Site Area Emergency, or a General Emergency.

#### 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This instruction SHALL apply to all plant personnel.

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONS

- **3.1** All personnel should stay clear of any areas as announced over the public address system.
- **3.2** All personnel should refrain from using the public address system or telephone system during an emergency.
- **3.3** When the evacuation alarm is heard, evacuate your work area while listening to specific instructions on the plant's public address system. If you cannot hear or understand the instructions, continue to leave the immediate area until you learn of the evacuation instructions.
- **3.4** Anyone working in a contaminated area when the evacuation alarm sounds should remove as much protective clothing as time permits, especially gloves, booties or rubbers. If wearing a double suit, removal of outside clothing would only be necessary. Proceed to the designated assembly area. If unable to remove all protective clothing, inform personnel in charge at the assembly area of your condition.

	When the evacuation alarm sounds during a DRILL, remove ALL protective clothing prior to evacuating.
--	--

**3.5** When exiting the Protective Area via the Guardhouse, proceed through the portal monitor quickly and step through without stopping. All I.D. cards (badges) should be collected and checked out by the Security Force, so an early printout of all personnel within the Protected Area can be obtained.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

- **3.6** Everyone should remain at assembly area for monitoring and accountability checks until released by the Emergency Director or directed for reassignment for duty within the plant. Follow instructions from the Assembly Point Coordinator. When departing the site property, obey all instructions from traffic control personnel.
- **3.7** All entries into the Auxiliary Building should be controlled through the OSC. Aux Building entries made for purposes of equipment operation, search and rescue, damage control, etc., should be accompanied by a Radiation Protection Specialist, or other qualified individual.
- **3.8** In the case of a credible security event, personnel may be asked to take cover for immediate personal protection or TSC and OSC staff may be directed to report to alternate locations different from the TSC and OSC (e.g., Plant Manager's Conference Room or EOF). See F3-31 for more security event guidance.

#### 4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 4.1 Overall Onsite Responsibility Emergency Director
- 4.2 In Charge, Control Room Shift Manager

Technical Support Center - TSC Coordinator

**Operational Support Center - OSC Coordinator** 

Assembly Point - Assembly Point Coordinator

- 4.3 Assistance, Control Room Shift Supervisors
  - Control Room Operators
  - TSC Operations Committee
    - Shift Emergency Communicator
    - Radiological Emergency Coordinator
    - Engineering support as needed (i.e., systems experts)
  - OSC Extra Operators
    - Rad Survey Teams
    - Maintenance Supervisors
    - I&C Supv & Coordinators
    - Chief Station Electrician and Alternates
    - Additional Support as needed

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: **F3-4** REV: **28** 

#### 5.0 DISCUSSION

A graded scale of response is provided for the different classes of emergencies, each requiring a specific response by emergency organization personnel for the protection of the public health and safety.

#### 5.1 Alert

#### 5.1.1 Definition

The Alert Conditions are events which are in progress or have occurred which involve actual or potential substantial degradation of the level of safety of the plant.

Some releases of radioactive material to offsite areas are probable. Hence, there is some necessity for emergency planning and response by offsite agencies. Any radioactive release will be limited to a small fraction of the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels.

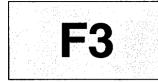
#### 5.1.2 Purpose of Alert Class

The purpose of the Alert Emergency classification is to (1) assure that emergency personnel are readily available to respond if the situation becomes more serious or to perform confirmatory radiation monitoring, if required; (2) provide offsite authorities current status information.

#### 5.1.3 Plant Actions and Responsibilities

- A. Promptly inform State and/or local authorities of Alert status and reason for Alert as soon as discovered.
- B. Augment resources by activating onsite Technical Support Center, onsite Operational Support Center and Near-Site Emergency Operations Facility (EOF).
- C. Assess and respond to the Alert condition.
- D. Dispatch onsite or offsite survey teams and associated communications (if needed).
- E. Provide periodic plant status updates to offsite authorities.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

- F. Provide periodic meteorological assessments to offsite authorities, and if any releases are occurring, dose estimates for actual releases.
- G. Close out by verbal summary to offsite authorities and assess need for recovery.

or

H. Escalate to a more severe class.

#### 5.1.4 State and/or Local Offsite Authority Actions

- A. Provide fire or security assistance, if required.
- B. Augment resources by activating Emergency Operating Centers and Emergency Alert System to standby status.
- C. Alert to standby status key emergency personnel including monitoring teams and associated communications.
- D. Provide confirmatory offsite radiation monitoring and ingestion pathway dose projections if actual releases substantially exceed technical specification limits.
- E. Maintain alert status until verbal close-out.

or

F. Escalate to a more severe class.

#### 5.2 Site Area Emergency

#### 5.2.1 Definition

The Site Area Emergency describes events which are in progress or have occurred which involve actual or likely major failures of plant functions needed for protection of the public.

Significant offsite releases are likely to occur or are occurring, but where a core melt situation is not expected although severe fuel damage may have occurred.

Any radioactive releases are not expected to exceed the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels except near the site boundary.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

#### 5.2.2 Purpose of Site Area Emergency Class

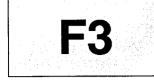
The purpose of the Site Area Emergency classification is to:

- A. Assure that response centers are manned.
- B. Assure that monitoring teams are dispatched (if needed).
- C. Assure that personnel required for evacuation of Near-Site areas are at duty stations if the situation becomes more serious.
- D. Provide current information for and consultation with offsite authorities.
- E. Provide updates for the public through offsite authorities.

#### 5.2.3 Plant Actions and Responsibilities

- A. Promptly inform State and/or local offsite authorities of Site Area Emergency status and reason for emergency as soon as discovered....
- B. Augment resources by activating onsite Technical Support Center, onsite Operational Support Center and the Near-Site Emergency Operations Facility (EOF).
- C. Assess and respond to the Site Area Emergency.
- D. If radiological or environmental conditions permit, evacuate onsite, nonessential personnel.
- E. Dispatch onsite and offsite survey teams and associated communications (if needed).
- F. Provide a dedicated individual for plant status updates to offsite authorities.
- G. Make senior technical and management staff onsite available for consultation with NRC and State on a periodic basis.
- H. Provide meteorological and dose estimates to offsite authorities for actual releases via a dedicated individual.
- I. Provide release and dose projections based on available plant condition information and foreseeable contingencies.

**EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES** 



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

J. Close out or terminate emergency class by contacting offsite authorities and assess need for recovery.

or

K. Escalate to General Emergency class.

#### 5.2.4 State and/or Local Offsite Authority Actions

- A. Provide any assistance requested.
- B. If protective actions are desirable, activate the Public Alert & Notification System.
- C. Provide public within at least 10 miles, periodic updates on emergency status.
- D. Augment resources by activating Emergency Operating Centers.
- E. Dispatch key emergency personnel including monitoring teams and associated communications.
- F. Alert to standby status other emergency personnel (e.g., those needed for evacuation) and dispatch personnel to Near-Site duty stations.
- G. Provide offsite monitoring results to licensee and others and jointly assess them.
- H. Continuously assess information from licensee and offsite monitoring with regard to changes to protective actions already initiated for public and mobilizing evacuation resources.
- I. Recommend placing milk animals within 2 miles on stored feed and assess need to extend distance.
- J. Provide press briefings, perhaps with licensee.
- K. Maintain Site Area Emergency status until close-out.

or

L. Escalate to General Emergency class.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

#### 5.3 General Emergency

#### 5.3.1 Definition

The General Emergency describes events in progress or which have occurred which involve actual or imminent substantial core degradation or melting with the potential for loss of containment.

Radioactive releases can be reasonably expected to exceed the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels offsite for more than the immediate site area. Hence, protective actions may have to be taken for protection of the general public.

#### 5.3.2 Purpose of General Emergency Class

The purpose of the General Emergency classification is to:

- A. Initiate predetermined protective actions for the public.
- B. Provide continuous assessment of information from licensee and offsite measurements.
- C. Initiate additional measures as indicated by actual or potential releases.
- D. Provide current information for the public and consultation with offsite authorities.
- E. Provide updates for the public through offsite authorities.

#### 5.3.3 Plant Actions and Responsibilities

- Promptly inform state and local offsite authorities of General Emergency status and reason for emergency as soon as discovered.
- B. Augment resources by activating onsite Technical Support Center, onsite Operational Support Center and Near-Site Emergency Operations Facility (EOF).
- C. Assess and respond to General Emergency.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

- D. If radiological or environmental conditions permit, evacuate onsite, nonessential personnel.
- E. Dispatch onsite and offsite survey teams and associated communications.
- F. Provide a dedicated individual for plant status updates to offsite authorities.
- G. Make senior technical and management staff onsite available for consultation with NRC and State on a periodic basis.
- H. Provide meteorological and dose estimates to offsite authorities for actual releases via a dedicated individual.
- I. Provide release and dose projections based on available plant condition information and foreseeable contingencies.
- J. Implement the Severe Accident Management process as necessary.
- K. Close out or terminate emergency class by briefing offsite authorities and transition to recovery.

#### 5.3.4 State and/or Local Offsite Authority Actions

- A. Provide any assistance requested.
- B. Activate immediate public notification of emergency status and provide public periodic updates.
- C. Recommend evacuation for 2 mile radius and 5 miles downwind and assess need to extend distances.
- D. Augment resources by activating Near-Site EOC and any other primary response centers.
- E. Dispatch key emergency personnel including monitoring teams and associated communications.
- F. Dispatch other emergency personnel to duty stations within 5 mile radius and alert all others to standby status.

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

- G. Provide offsite monitoring results to licensee and others and jointly assess these.
- H. Continuously assess information from licensee and offsite monitoring with regard to changes to protective actions already initiated for public and mobilizing evacuation resources.
- I. Recommend placing milk animals within 10 miles on stored feed and assess need to extend distance.
- J. Provide press briefings, perhaps with licensee.
- K. Maintain General Emergency status until close-out or termination of emergency class.

#### 6.0 PREREQUISITES

An Alert, Site Area, or General Emergency has been or will be declared.

#### 7.0 PROCEDURE

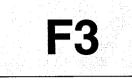
#### 7.1 Shift Supervisor of Affected Unit

intervention room (in not alleady there).	7.1.1	Proceed to the Control Room (if not already there).
---	-------	---

NOTE:		The Shift Supervisor of the <u>affected</u> unit SHALL remain in the Control Room at all times during accident conditions until properly relieved.
7.1.2	Se re	plement the appropriate Emergency Operating Procedures (EOPs) and evere Accident Management Guidelines (SAMGs), as needed, and spond to the emergency condition with the objective of returning the plant a normal safe condition (Mode 5, Cold Shutdown, if necessary).
NOTE:		The Shift Manager and SEC will be summoned to the Control Room per the EOPs.

- 7.1.3 Direct activities of the Control Room Operators.
- **7.1.4** Coordinate, with the Emergency Director, all plant operations which may impact on radioactive releases.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4 REV: 28

#### 7.2 Shift Supervisor of Unaffected Unit

- 7.2.1 Proceed to the Control Room (if not already there).
- 7.2.2 Direct operations on the <u>unaffected</u> unit.
- 7.2.3 Assist the Shift Manager, as necessary.

#### 7.3 Shift Manager

NOTE:	In the case of a credible security event, if you are unable to safely go to the Control Room, consider directing the emergency response from another safe location (e.g., SM Office, CAS or Plant Manager's Conference Room). An informational copy of the SM/SS Emergency Director Checklist (PINGP 1125) is located in the back of F3-4, located in the SM Office, Plant Manager's Conference Room, EOF and New Admin Reference Library.
-------	--

	The initial E-Plan response to the event should be made by the
	Shift Manager. However, in order to adequately maintain oversight
NOTE:	of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary for the
	Shift Manager to delegate specific E-Plan duties to the unaffected
	unit SS during the initial response while still maintaining the ED
	position.

- 7.3.1 Report to the Control Room immediately upon notification.
- **7.3.2** Assess the emergency condition, event evaluation, and safety aspects of the plant.

<b>NOTE:</b> It is recommended that the Shift Manager stands at the Reactor Operator's desk to hear key communications, use an ERCS terminal for monitoring CSFSTs (Critical Safety Function Status Trees), and solicit or answer questions of the SS.
--

- **7.3.3** Temporarily assume the position of Emergency Director until relieved by the oncoming Designated Emergency Director using PINGP 1125 (Figure 1), Shift Manager/Shift Supervisor Emergency Director Checklist, for specific guidance on emergency plan duties.
- **7.3.4** If the Severe Accident Management process is initiated and the TSC is functioning, the Shift Manager should report to the TSC and become a member of the Severe Accident Management Team.

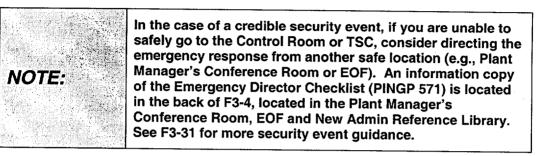
EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

### 7.4 Designated Emergency Director (Plant Manager or ED Designee)

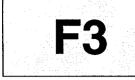


- 7.4.1 The Emergency Director (Plant Manager or designee) should report to Control Room and assume the role of Emergency Director from the Shift Manager/Shift Supervisor.
- 7.4.2 Use PINGP 571 (Figure 2), TSC Emergency Director Checklist.

#### 7.5 Operations Group

- 7.5.1 General Superintendent Plant Operations or Designee
  - A. Report to the Technical Support Center to perform the role of the Operations Group Leader.
  - B. Assist in the activation of onsite emergency centers and organization by ensuring adequate Operations staffing in Control Room and OSC.
  - C. Ensure the OSC Operations Advisor is staffed by an Operations Support Pool personnel.
  - D. Assess the operational aspects of the emergency.
  - E. Periodically review the status and implementation of the EOPs and/or Abnormal Operations procedures with the TSC Staff.
  - F. If the Severe Accident Management process is initiated, staff the Severe Accident Evaluation Team Leader position.

**EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES** 



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

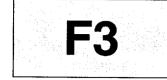
#### 7.5.2 Control Room Personnel

- A. Assist the Shift Supervisor as requested.
- B. Utilize applicable Operations Manual procedures to respond to the Emergency Condition as appropriate, with the objective of returning the plant to a normal safe status (Mode 5, Cold Shutdown, if necessary).
- C. Announce the location and nature of the Emergency over the public address system. See PINGP 1125 (Figure 1) for example of announcement.
- D. When an evacuation is declared, sound the evacuation alarm and direct all nonessential personnel to evacuate to the designated assembly point. Direct all personnel to remain clear of the affected area (if applicable). See F3-9, Emergency Evacuation or PINGP 1125 (Figure 1) for example of announcement.
- E. Continuously monitor the Control Room instrumentation, radiation monitors, or any other developments which could be indicative of further system degradation. Inform the Shift Supervisor immediately of any changes in plant status.
- F. Implement Severe Accident Management strategies as directed by the TSC.

#### 7.5.3 Auxiliary Building and BOP Operators

- A. Aux and BOP Operators should report to their duty station when the emergency is declared.
- B. Aux and BOP Operators will continue to take direction from the Control Room during the emergency.
- C. Aux Operators **SHALL** ensure that they have appropriate dosimetry and a dose rate indicating device for all further required operations in the Auxiliary Building.
- D. Aux & BOP Operators should give consideration to terminating all nonessential plant operations (e.g., shutdown resin sluicing).

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

- E. When a Plant Evacuation is declared, the Aux & BOP Operators should periodically call the OSC (for exposure control purposes) and inform the OSC of outplant operational activities.
- F. If the Auxiliary Building general rad levels exceed 100 mR/hr or upon recommendations from the Emergency Director or Radiation Protection Group, the Aux Operators **SHALL** evacuate to the OSC. For exposure control purposes, all further Auxiliary Building entries **SHALL** be controlled through the OSC.
- G. Perform the necessary onsite and in-plant radiation surveys as requested by the Shift Supervisor.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

#### 7.5.4 Relief Shift, Training Operators, and Operations Support Pool

- A. Relief Shift and Training Operators should proceed to the Operational Support Center for further instructions to support Operations.
- B. An available Shift Supervisor should staff the OSC Coordinator position.
- C. Operations Support Pool should provide assistance to the OSC Coordinator in an advisory capacity by staffing the OSC Operations Advisor position. PINGP 1095 (Figure 3), OSC Operations Advisor Checklist, should be used as a guide.
- D. Operations Support Pool should assist the OSC in tracking work groups, outplant operational activities, and updating the emergency work status board.

#### 7.6 Shift Emergency Communicator

- **7.6.1** Report to the Control Room immediately upon notification unless directed otherwise by Shift Manager/Emergency Director.
- **7.6.2** Complete the Notification Report Form (PINGP 577), and have it reviewed and approved by the Emergency Director.

NOTE:	State and local authorities SHALL be notified within 15 minutes of	
NUIE:	the declaration of the emergency classification.	

- **7.6.3** Complete the required notification of state and local authorities, and site personnel in accordance with F3-5, Emergency Notifications.
- **7.6.4** Notify applicable offsite authorities if conditions escalate to a more severe emergency class in accordance with F3-5, Emergency Notifications.

NOTE:	If the EOF has been activated, notifications of offsite agencies for
	an escalation or termination will be completed by EOF personnel.

**7.6.5** When the emergency classification has been terminated, close-out the emergency classification, by notifying the state, local, and site personnel in accordance with F3-5, Emergency Notification.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



**RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**  NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

#### 7.7 Technical Support Coordinator

- **7.7.1** The Technical Support Center Coordinator **SHALL** be responsible for the general activation, operation and coordination of activities in the Technical Support Center (TSC).
- **7.7.2** The TSC Coordinator should report to the TSC and assume the role as TSC Coordinator. Use PINGP 573 (Figure 5), Technical Support Center Coordinator Checklist.

#### 7.8 Operational Support Coordinator

- **7.8.1** The Operational Support Center Coordinator **SHALL** be responsible for the general activation, operation, and coordination of activities in the Operational Support Center (OSC).
- **7.8.2** The OSC Coordinator should report to the OSC and assume the role as OSC Coordinator. Use PINGP 574 (Figure 6), Operational Support Center Coordinator Checklist.

#### 7.9 Assembly Point Coordinator

- **7.9.1** The Assembly Point Coordinator **SHALL** be responsible for the general operation of the assembly area.
- **7.9.2** The Assembly Point Coordinator should report to the Assembly Point and assume the role of Assembly Point Coordinator. Use PINGP 911 (Figure 7), Assembly Point Coordinator Checklist and F3-9, Emergency Evacuation.

#### 7.10 Radiological Emergency Coordinator

- **7.10.1** The Radiological Emergency Coordinator (REC) **SHALL** be responsible for accident assessment, onsite and offsite.
- **7.10.2** The REC should report to the Technical Support Center and assume responsibility for the Radiological Emergency Coordinator position. Use Radiological Emergency Coordinator Checklist, PINGP 572 (Figure 4).



**RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**  NUMBER:

REV: 28

F3-4

#### 7.11 Radiation Protection Group

- **7.11.1** The Shift Radiation Protection Specialist **SHALL** provide assistance (e.g., sampling, chemistry, radio-chemistry, surveys, or dose assessment) as requested by the Emergency Director.
- **7.11.2** The Radiation Survey Teams should be dispatched to initiate offsite surveys as directed per F3-15 and/or F3-16.
- **7.11.3** All other radiation survey group members should report to the plant site for further instructions. The radiation survey group members reporting to the plant site should:
  - A. Proceed to the Operational Support Center and wait for further instructions, unless otherwise directed by the Emergency Director or Radiological Emergency Coordinator.
  - B. Supervise any checks for personnel contamination and direct decontamination at the assembly point.
  - C. Provide radiation protection coverage for:
    - 1. Damage control and repair teams
    - 2. First aid
    - 3. Search and Rescue Teams
    - 4. Reentry Teams
  - D. Perform emergency sampling (air and liquid), chemistry, radio-chemistry, surveys, etc., as directed by the Emergency Director or the Radiological Emergency Coordinator.
- 7.11.4 One individual should assume OSC Radiation Protection Coordinator. Use PINGP 1245 (Figure 8), OSC Radiation Protection Coordinator Checklist.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

#### 7.12 Security Group

- **7.12.1** The Superintendent Security, or designee, should report to the Technical Support Center (TSC). The Superintendent Security should:
  - A. Ensure FFD breath analysis testing is set up and performed as required for off-hours emergency call-in.
  - B. Consider suspending selected plant access controls to expedite the staffing of the emergency centers during an emergency. See SIP 5.2, Security Response to Site Emergencies.
  - C. Assume responsibility for personnel accountability following a plant evacuation and continuing accountability throughout the duration of the emergency. See Procedure F3-10.
  - D. Coordinate security control throughout the duration of the emergency situation. See Procedure F3-29.
  - E. Evaluate aspects concerning attempted acts of sabotage.
- 7.12.2 The Security Force
  - A. The Security First or Second Lieutenant or designee **SHALL** perform the responsibilities of the Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC).
  - B. All other plant security force should continue with normal duties unless otherwise notified.
  - C. During off-normal work hours and when requested by the Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC), a designated Security Force Member will control the telephone switchboard in the TSC. See Procedure and F3-5.1.
  - D. When the evacuation alarm sounds, all Security Officers, with the exception of Roving Patrol and the SAS Operator, evacuate to the Guardhouse for further instructions.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4 28

REV:

	The SAS Operator should evacuate when directed by the Emergency Director.
--	--

E. Assist with the evacuation of personnel to the designated assembly point in accordance with F3-29, "Emergency Security Procedures" and F3-9, Emergency Evacuation.

	<ol> <li>It should be necessary for personnel to exit quickly thru the portal monitor and turnstile. Collect all I.D.'s and process badges so an Employee Onsite List of personnel inside Protected Area can be obtained.</li> </ol>
NOTE:	<ol> <li>To speed evacuation from the Protected Area, it may be beneficial to open the vehicle gates and allow personnel to exit there.</li> </ol>
	3. The Security Force SHALL ensure that all personnel onsite, within the Protected Area, have heard the evacuation alarm.

F. Perform a check of all areas immediately surrounding the Protected Area so that all personnel are notified of the evacuation in progress.

<b>NOTE:</b> The owner Controlled Area will be checked when directed by the Emergency Director.	
---	--

- G. Control access to Protected Area per instructions from the Emergency Director.
- H. Be prepared to obtain a printout for an accountability check in accordance with F3-10, Personnel Accountability.
- I. Assist the Radiation Protection Group in establishing a secondary access control point when directed by the Emergency Director.
- J. Station a Security Force Member, with dosimetry, at the plant entrance, if conditions permit, to control access to the plant site.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

#### 7.13 Logistics Group

The Logistics Support Group includes the Business Support Group (Administrative Services and Document Control), the Plant Services Group and Materials Management (Warehouse).

- **7.13.1** The Logistics Group Leader designee should report to the TSC and utilize PINGP 1188 (Figure 10), TSC Logistics Checklist.
- 7.13.2 The Business Support Group, and Materials Management Group should:
  - A. Continue with normal duties unless directed otherwise.

NOTE:	1. During off hours emergency activation, designated Warehouse personnel should report to the Operations Support Center (OSC) to provide support in retrieving emergency parts.
	2. During normal hours emergency activation, designated Warehouse personnel should continue with normal duties until a Plant Evacuation occurs, at which time they should report to the OSC.

- B. Immediately vacate any emergency operating center (Control Room, OSC, or TSC) when an emergency is declared.
- C. Remain clear of any areas, as announced over the public address system.
- D. When requested by the Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC), the office staff should transfer control of the telephone switchboard to the TSC.

NOTE:		The switchboard operator should report to the TSC to control the switchboard from the TSC until relieved by an alternate communicator. See F3-5.1.
	E.	When the evacuation alarm sounds, proceed to the designated assembly point.
	F.	Follow instructions from the Assembly Point Coordinator for either reentry into the plant or departure from the site property.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

**F3** 

RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

- 7.13.3 The Nuclear Plant Service Attendants should:
  - A. Report to the Operational Support Center to receive specific instructions from the OSC Coordinator.
  - B. Provide Offsite Survey Team Drivers and/or Sample Couriers for Offsite Radiation Survey Teams.
  - C. Provide assistance for monitoring and decontamination at the assembly point as requested.
  - D. Provide general support of emergency response and recovery actions, as requested.

### 7.14 Instrument & Control Group

- **7.14.1** The I&C Supervisor and Coordinators should report to the Operational Support Center (OSC) to provide support for:
  - A. Repair and corrective actions for instrument and control systems, and;
  - B. Search and rescue efforts.
- 7.14.2 The I&C Specialists should:
  - A. Continue with normal duties unless directed otherwise.
  - B. Immediately vacate any emergency operating center (Control Room, OSC or TSC) when an emergency is declared unless directed otherwise.
  - C. Remain clear of any areas, as announced over the public address system.
  - D. When the evacuation alarm sounds, proceed to the designated assembly point unless directed to staff the OSC.
  - E. Follow instructions from the Assembly Point Coordinator for either reentry into the plant or departure from the site property.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

### 7.15 Maintenance Group

The Maintenance Group consists of all Maintenance personnel and plant Electricians.

- 7.15.1 The Maintenance Supervisors (Mechanical and Electrical), and designated Lead Electricians, Lead Machinists, and Lead Riggers should report to the OSC to provide support for:
  - A. Repair and corrective actions for mechanical and electrical systems, and;
  - B. Search and rescue efforts.
- 7.15.2 All other Maintenance personnel and Electricians should:
  - A. Continue with normal duties unless directed otherwise.
  - B. Immediately vacate any emergency operating center (Control Room, OSC, or TSC) when an emergency is declared unless directed otherwise.
  - C. Remain clear of any areas, as announced over the public address system.
  - D. When the evacuation alarm sounds, proceed to the designated assembly point unless directed to staff the OSC.
  - E. Follow instructions from the Assembly Point Coordinator for either reentry into the plant or departure from the site property.

### 7.16 Engineering Group

- **7.16.1** All Superintendents, lead Engineers, and system experts (as requested by their supervisor) should report to the Technical Support Center (TSC). The Engineering Group should:
  - A. Provide technical & engineering support for plant systems.
  - B. Provide technical & engineering support for operating radioactive waste systems.
  - C. Provide technical & engineering support on core parameter analysis.
  - D. Provide plant parameter trending and analysis utilizing the Emergency Response Computer System (ERCS).

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

**REV:** 

F3-4 28

- E. Identify adverse trends and attempt to predict significant events that could adversely affect the plant or accident mitigation efforts.
- F. Perform critical evaluations of "cause and effects" on failing equipment.
- G. Update TSC staff of systems' status and key equipment problems or availability.
- H. Provide technical support for emergency repairs and corrective action on electrical and mechanical systems.
- I. Evaluate alternate systems, components or methods that may be used to restore needed capabilities or accomplish accident mitigation.
- J. Develop and propose alternate electrical or fluid flow paths that would restore key functions that were lost.
- K. If the Severe Accident Management process is initiated, monitor the Severe Challenge Status Trees (SCSTs) with the aid of the ERCS.
- **7.16.2** All other engineers (unless specifically requested to remain in the TSC) should:
  - A. Continue with normal duties unless directed otherwise.
  - B. Immediately vacate any emergency operating center (Control Room, OSC, or TSC) when an emergency is declared unless directed otherwise.
  - C. Remain clear of any areas, as announced over the public address system.
  - D. When the evacuation alarm sounds, proceed to the designated assembly point unless directed to staff the TSC.
  - E. Follow instructions from the Assembly Point Coordinator for either reentry into the plant or departure from the site property.





# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

### 7.17 Severe Accident Management Group

The Decision Maker and Evaluation Team of the Severe Accident Management (SAM) Group should report to the TSC.

- 7.17.1 The SAM Group Decision Maker SHALL:
  - A. Consult with the SAM Evaluation Team.
  - B. Authorize implementation of appropriate Severe Accident Management strategies as they are developed and evaluated.
- 7.17.2 The SAM Evaluation Team SHALL:
  - A. Evaluate the Diagnostics Flow Charts and Severe Challenge Status Trees.
  - B. Implement the use of the Severe Accident Guidelines and Severe Challenge Guidelines.
  - C. Recommend for authorization the implementation of Severe Accident-Strategies to the SAM Group Decision Maker (Emergency Director).
  - D. See PINGP 1237 (Figure 9), SAM Evaluation Team Leader Checklist, for guidance.
- **7.17.3** The SAM Implementors who are site emergency response individuals **SHALL** implement the strategies as directed by the SAM Decision Maker.

# 7.18 Contract, Temporary Personnel and Visitors

- 7.18.1 Continue with normal duties unless directed otherwise.
- **7.18.2** Immediately vacate any emergency operating center (Control Room, OSC, or TSC) when an emergency is declared.
- 7.18.3 Remain clear of any areas, as announced over the public address system.
- **7.18.4** When the evacuation alarm sounds, proceed to the designated assembly point.
- **7.18.5** Follow instructions from the Assembly Point Coordinator for either reentry into the plant or departure from the site property.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

194 A.	5	
	.5	

## **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 1 of 19 Document Type: 7.42L Retention: Life of Plant

#### CONTROL ROOM SHIFT MANAGER/SHIFT SUPERVISOR EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST



The initial E-Plan response to the event should be made by the Shift Manager. However, in order to adequately maintain oversight of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary for the Shift Manager to delegate some E-Plan duties to the unaffected unit SS during the initial response while still maintaining the ED position. The ED duties may be turned over to an oncoming ED designee, if necessary.



In the case of a credible security threat, implementation of Emergency Plan procedures may need to be modified, depending on the event, in order to protect the safety of plant personnel, vital equipment, or protect the health and safety of the public. Consult with Supt. of Security/designee concerning security hazards within the plant.

**NOTE:** A cellular telephone exists in the TSC Emergency Locker. Use if necessary. It will work at TSC window and outdoors.

For a (an): \_\_\_\_\_ NUE, go to Section I, page 2.

\_\_\_\_\_ ALERT, go to Section II, page 6.

SITE AREA EMERGENCY, go to Section III, page 11.

GENERAL EMERGENCY, go to Section IV, page 15.



### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

**REV:** 

<b>RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,</b>
SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 28

### **EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION**

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 2 of 19

Time NUE Declared

#### ۱. NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT (NUE) ACTIONS (F3-3)

INITIAL TIME

William Station	
CALL STATE	P.44
10 A 10 A 10 A	÷.
NOTE:	÷.
"我们才不是吗	r. 1
	260
	33
1.5.4	÷

In order to adequately maintain oversight of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary to delegate some E-Plan duties to the unaffected unit SS.

IF security threat, THEN go to F3-31 and complete actions for security related threats. (1)

- A Local Evacuation of a specific area of the plant may be necessary because of local (2) hazards. A Local Evacuation may proceed as follows:
  - DETERMINE assembly points using the table below as general guidance. a.

LOCAL EVACUATION FROM THESE AREAS	ASSEMBLY AREA FOR ACCOUNTABILITY
Containment/Spent Fuel Pool	735' Basketball Court
Aux Bldg	Access Control HP Office
Old Admin/Turb Bldg (non-outage)	New Admin Lunchroom
New Admin Turb Bldg (outage) NPD/SBO/Office Trailers Contractor Fab Shop	Receiving Warehouse or North Warehouse
Warehouse #1/Const Fab Shop Contractor Trailers	Guardhouse

- SOUND the EVACUATION ALARM. b.
- ANNOUNCE the following over the plant page. C.

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. THERE IS IN ( <u>specify area)</u> . ALL PERSONNEL SHOULD E	A (hazard) OCCURRING
(specify area) AND GO TO (assembly area) ACCOUNTABILITY. STAY CLEAR OF (spec FURTHER NOTIFIED."	FOR

- REPEAT the announcement. d.
- DIRECT security (4318) to conduct Personnel Accountability using F3-10 as e. guidance.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

**F3** 

# RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

**REV:** 

<u>F3-4</u> 28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 3 of 19

#### I. <u>NUE ACTIONS</u> (CONTINUED)

INITIAL TIME



In the case of a credible security event, if the TSC or Turbine Floor are unsafe areas, it may be safer for the SEC to perform emergency notifications from another safe location (e.g., Control Room SAS or CAS). SEC notification forms (PINGP 577, 579 & 580) are available in Control Room, SAS, TSC, CAS, and New Admin Reference Library.

(3) Ensure the SEC (pager 4427) has been summoned to the Control Room and starts the completion of the notification report form (PINGP 577).

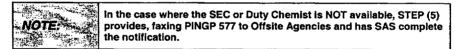


State and local authorities SHALL be notified within 15 minutes of the declaration of the emergency class.



It is recommended that you position yourself at the Reactor Operator's desk to hear key communications, use an ERCS terminal for monitoring CSFSTs, and solicit or answer questions of the SS.

(4) Review and approve the notification report form PINGP 577.



(5) IF SEC is NOT available, THEN:

- Place PINGP 577 facedown on the fax.
- Dial 5076 (or backup 4805).
- Press "START" button.

 Call SAS (ext. 4323) and direct them to complete 15 minute notification using PINGP 579.

- Go to STEP (7).
- (6) Direct the SEC to complete the notifications of state, local and site personnel in accordance with F3-5 and PINGP 579.



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

<b>RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,</b>	
SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY	

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

	EXAMPLE	ONLY
USE	CURRENT	REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 4 of 19

I. <u>NUE ACTIONS</u> (CONTINUED)

×.....

(8)

INITIAL TIME

\_ (7) Announce NUE over PA System:

**NOTE:** During drills, the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL:

A NOTIFICATION OF UNUSUAL EVENT HAS BEEN DECLARED BASED ON

(Give brief description of event)

Repeat the announcement.

IF staff augmentation is desired because the event is technically challenging or complex, THEN the following items should be completed:

a. Augment staff by directing the SEC to activate ERO pagers (for key responders) and activate the ERO automated telephone callout system (for all ERO) per the Emergency Response Organization Activation for Non-Security Events PINGP 1384.

b. Augment staff by conducting the following plant page over the PA System:

**NOTE:** During drills, the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL."

**\*ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL:** 

ALL MEMBERS OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE ORGANIZATION REPORT TO YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS OR EMERGENCY CENTER. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL STANDBY FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS."

Repeat the announcement.

c. Complete a turnover to the designated TSC Emergency Director (ED) <u>WHEN</u> the oncoming ED is ready to assume the ED responsibilities.



(9)

Per regulations, notification of the NRC is required to be conducted at least immediately after the 15 minute state and local notifications and not later than 1 hour after emergency declaration. This notification should NOT be done by the SEC.

\_\_\_\_

Ensure the NRC is notified of the NUE. PINGP 666 SHALL be complete (to the extent possible) prior to notifying the NRC via the ENS red phone.

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

			dije i	
		0	1	
	1	Ū		

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

F3-4 REV: 28

	EXAMPLE	ONLY
USE	CURRENT	REVISION

CONTRACTOR OF STREET, ST

MARCELLA DE LA CARACTERISTICA DE LA CARACTERIS

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 5 of 19

NOT CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACT AND CONTRACT

NU.	IE NUE NUE NUE NUE NUE NUE NUE NUE NUE NU	NUE®NUE	
L	NUE ACTIONS (CONTINUED)		

1 A. S. S. S. L. S.

#### INITIAL TIME

 	(10)	<b>Direct</b> the SEC to request offsite support (i.e., fire dept., police, etc.), if necessary, and report when the request is completed.
 	(11)	IF the emergency condition escalates, THEN proceed to the next appropriate emergency class checklist.
	(12)	IF NUE is terminated, THEN:
		Time NUE Terminated
 	a	. Ensure an appropriate PA announcement is made.
 	b	<ul> <li>Direct SEC to complete PINGP 577 for NUE termination and conduct appropriate notifications to state/local agency.</li> </ul>
 	С	. Ensure the NRC is notified of the NUE termination.
 	d	<ul> <li>Review 5AWI 1.13.0, Plant Event Investigation and Recovery, and implement as appropriate.</li> </ul>
	е	Sign and date this PINGP form on last page



# RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

	F3

-4

28

REV:

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 6 of 19

ALERT ALERT

#### II. ALERT ACTIONS (F3-4)

INITIAL TIME

Time ALERT Declared

**NOTE** In order to adequately maintain oversight of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary to delegate some E-Plan duties to the unaffected unit SS.

(1) IF security threat, THEN go to F3-31 and complete actions for security related threats.

\_\_\_\_\_ (2)

- -

A Local Evacuation of a specific area of the plant may be necessary because of local hazards. A Local Evacuation may proceed as follows:

a. DETERMINE assembly points using the table below as general guidance.

LOCAL EVACUATION FROM THESE AREAS	ASSEMBLY AREA FOR ACCOUNTABILITY
Containment/Spent Fuel Pool	735' Basketball Court
Aux Bidg	Access Control HP Office
Old Admin/Turb Bldg (non-outage)	New Admin Lunchroom
New Admin Turb Bldg (outage) NPD/SBO/Office Trailers Contractor Fab Shop	Receiving Warehouse or North Warehouse
Warehouse #1/Const Fab Shop Contractor Trailers	Guardhouse

- b. SOUND the EVACUATION ALARM.
- c. ANNOUNCE the following over the plant page.

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. THERE IS A <u>(hazard)</u> OCCURRING IN <u>(specify area)</u>. ALL PERSONNEL SHOULD EVACUATE FROM THE <u>(specify area)</u> AND GO TO <u>(assembly area)</u> FOR ACCOUNTABILITY. STAY CLEAR OF <u>(specify area)</u> UNTIL FURTHER NOTIFIED."

- d. REPEAT the announcement.
- DIRECT security (4318) to conduct Personnel Accountability using F3-10 as guidance.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,	NUMBER:	F3-4
<b>SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY</b>	REV:	<u></u> 28
Page 7 of		
ALERT	RTWALERT	
II. <u>ALERT ACTIONS</u> (CONTINUED) INITIAL TIME		
(3) Assume the role of Emergency Director (F3-4).		
In the case of credible security event, if the TSC or Turbin unsafe areas, it may be safer for the SEC to perform emer notifications from another safe location (e.g., Control Roo CAS). SEC notification forms (PINGP 577, 579 & 580) are Control Room SAS, TSC, CAS, and New Admin Reference	gency m SAS or available in	
(4) Ensure the SEC (pager 4427) has been summoned to the Control Room a completion of the notification report form (PINGP 577).	and starts the	
<b>NOTE:</b> State and local authorities SHALL be notified within 15 middeclaration of the ALERT.	nutes of the	
<b>NOTE</b> It is recommended that you position yourself at the React desk to hear key communications, use an ERCS terminal monitoring CSFSTs, and solicit or answer questions of the	for	
(5) Review and approve the notification report form PINGP 577.		
<b>NOTE</b> In the case where the SEC or Duty Chemist is NOT availat provides, faxing PINGP 577 to Offsite Agencies and has S the notification.	ole, STEP (6) AS complete	
<ul> <li>(6) IF SEC is NOT available, <u>THEN</u>:</li> <li>Place PINGP 577 facedown on the fax.</li> <li>Dial 5076 (or backup 4805).</li> <li>Press "START" button.</li> <li>Call SAS (ext. 4323) and direct them to complete 15 minute notification usi</li> <li>Go to STEP (8).</li> </ul>	ng PINGP 580.	
(7) Direct the SEC to complete the notifications of state and local agencies ar site Emergency Response Organization in accordance with F3-5 and PINC	d activate the SP 580.	



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESPONSIE	<b>SILITIES DURI</b>	NG AN ALERT,
SITE AREA,	<b>OR GENERAL</b>	<b>EMERGENCY</b>

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 8 of 19

ALERT ALERT

II. ALERT ACTIONS (CONTINUED)

INITIAL TIME

(8) Announce the emergency class over PA System:

NOTES

During drills, the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL:

#### AN ALERT HAS BEEN DECLARED BASED ON

(Give brief description of event)

ALL MEMBERS OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE ORGANIZATION REPORT TO YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS OR EMERGENCY CENTER. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL STANDBY FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS."

Repeat the announcement.



(9)

Per regulations notification of the NRC is required to be conducted at least immediately after the 15 minute state and local notifications and not later than 1 hour after emergency declaration. This notification should NOT be done by the SEC.

Ensure the NRC is notified of the ALERT. PINGP 666 SHALL be completed (to the extent possible) prior to notifying the NRC via the ENS red phone.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

		-		
(1) (1) (2)				
	11 A S			
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -				
A Second				

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 **REV:** 28

	EXAMPLE ONLY
USE	CURRENT REVISION

#### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 9 of 19

#### ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT

II. **ALERT ACTIONS (CONTINUED)** 

INITIAL TIME

3 <b>*</b>	-47.55
NOT	
Tre State	
Tel antipage	42. 49. 44.

A Plant Evacuation is NOT required at an ALERT. However, a Plant Evacuation may be advantageous for personnel accountability reasons.

(10)	Determine need to initiate a Plant Evacuation (F3-9).	IF a Plant Evacuation is
	necessary, THEN:	—

- Designate assembly point (F3-9, North Warehouse or Receiving Warehouse). а
  - May use North Warehouse IF wind is from: 236° to 360° or 0° to 123°
  - May use Receiving Warehouse IF wind is from: 123° to 360° or 0° to 34°
- b. Ensure radiological monitoring of assembly area and guardhouse.
  - C. Sound the evacuation siren (5 seconds).
  - d. Announce the following on the PA system:

CALLS THE PARTY AND	_
It is a second second	D
NOTE: *	667
A DOLLAR STORE	
4 (4)0, "To a grant side	

uring drills, the announcement should begin and end with THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. A PLANT EVACUATION HAS BEEN DECLARED. ALL EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION PERSONNEL REPORT TO AND **REMAIN AT YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL** SHALL EVACUATE TO THE

(specify assembly point)

Repeat the announcement.

(11) Monitor Aux Building habitability and direct evacuation of Aux Operators to OSC IF:

- General area rad levels >100 mr/hr; or а.
- b. Based on Rad Protection Group recommendations.



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:	
	F3-4
REV:	28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 10 of 19

# ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT ALERT. ALERT

II. <u>ALERT ACT</u>	IONS (CONTINUED)
INITIAL TIME	
	(12) Ensure:
	a. Onsite sampling is considered IF a fission product boundary has failed (F3-23).
	b. Dose calculations are performed by TSC IF there is a known radioactive release.
	(13) Authorize emergency overexposure (F3-12), if necessary, <u>UNTIL</u> the oncoming designated TSC Emergency Director has taken over this responsibility. This authority may NOT be delegated.
	(14) Escalate the emergency class, as appropriate (F3-2).
	(15) Complete a turnover to the designated TSC Emergency Director (ED) <u>WHEN</u> the oncoming ED is ready to assume the ED responsibilities.
	(16) Sign and date this PINGP form on the last page.



		-			
		· · · · ·			
		_	1.15		
		_	1.2.5		
. 6					
			* 1	- 1 Mar -	
	<b>.</b> .	200			
	1 A	10.08	231.4		

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: **F3-4** 

REV:

28

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

### PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 11 of 19

SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA

#### III. SITE AREA EMERGENCY ACTIONS (F3-4)

Time SITE AREA Declared

INITIAL TIME

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

In order to adequately maintain oversight of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary to delegate some E-Plan duties to the unaffected unit SS.

\_\_\_\_\_ (1) Assume the role of Emergency Director (F3-4).

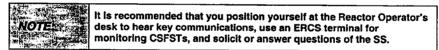
	In the c
	unsafe
NOTE:	notifica
	CAS).
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	Contro

In the case of a credible security event, if the TSC or Turbine Floor are unsafe areas, it may be safer for the SEC to perform emergency notifications from another safe location (e.g., Control Room SAS or CAS). SEC notification forms (PINGP 577, 579 & 580) are available in Control Room, SAS, TSC, CAS, and New Admin Reference Library.

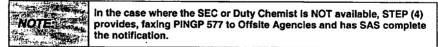
(2) Ensure the SEC (pager 4427) has been summoned and starts the completion of the notification report form (PINGP 577).



State and local authorities SHALL be notified within 15 minutes of the declaration of an emergency.



(3) Review and approve the notification report form PINGP 577.



(4) IF SEC is NOT available, THEN:

- Place PINGP 577 facedown on the fax.
- Dial 5076 (or backup 4805).
- Press "START" button.
- Call SAS (ext. 4323) and direct them to complete 15 minute notification using PINGP 580.
- Go to STEP (6).

(5) Direct the SEC to complete the notifications of state and local agencies and, <u>IF</u> not already performed, activate the site Emergency Response Organization in accordance with F3-5 and PINGP 580.

SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESPONSIE	SILITIES	DURIN	G AN	ALERT,
SITE AREA,	<b>OR GEI</b>	NERAL	EMER	GENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 12 of 19

# SITE AREA. SITE AREA. SITE AREA. SITE AREA. SITE AREA. SITE AREA. SITE AREA.

#### III. SITE AREA EMERGENCY ACTIONS (CONTINUED)

INITIAL TIME

\_\_\_ (6) Announce the emergency class over PA System:

**NOTE:** During drills, the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL:

A SITE AREA EMERGENCY HAS BEEN DECLARED BASED ON

(Give brief description of event)

ALL MEMBERS OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE ORGANIZATION REPORT TO YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS OR EMERGENCY CENTER. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL STANDBY FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS."

Repeat the announcement.



Per regulations notification of the NRC is required to be conducted at least immediately after the 15 minute state and local notifications and not later than 1 hour after emergency declaration. This notification should NOT be done by the SEC.

(7) Ensure the NRC is notified of the emergency. PINGP 666 SHALL be completed (to the extent possible) prior to notifying the NRC via the ENS red phone.

SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

j,															

# RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4

REV:

28

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 13 of 19

#### SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA

#### III. SITE AREA EMERGENCY ACTIONS (CONTINUED)

INITIAL TIME

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION



A Plant Evacuation is required at a Site Area Emergency unless hazardous conditions prohibit it. (F3-9).

A Site Evacuation is required when the normal onsite assembly areas (North Warehouse or Receiving Warehouse) are not habitable.

(8) IF initiating a Plant Evacuation, THEN perform:

a. Designate assembly point as North Warehouse or Receiving Warehouse (F3-9).

- May use North Warehouse <u>IF</u> wind is from: 236° to 360° or 0° to 123°
- May use Receiving Warehouse <u>IF</u> wind is from: 123° to 360° or 0° to 34°
- b. Ensure radiological monitoring of assembly area and guardhouse.
  - c. Sound the evacuation siren (5 seconds).

d. Announce the following on the PA system:

**NOTE:** Use announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. A PLANT EVACUATION HAS BEEN DECLARED. ALL EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION PERSONNEL REPORT TO AND REMAIN AT YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL SHALL EVACUATE TO THE

(specify assembly point)

Repeat the announcement.

SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA

EXAMPLE ONLY **USE CURRENT REVISION** 



1.1			14 a 6 a 6 a 6 a 6 a 6 a 6 a 6 a 6 a 6 a	
			en in type, to the	
		10 A.	<ul> <li>(1) (2) (2) (2)</li> </ul>	
			ALC: STORE AL	
	1. A.			
	1. A state of a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 1 119 X	
	1. He - H - 1.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8 - 100 JA	
-	1 D. 1997 P.			
	1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	1.1.1		
	(a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b			
	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1966 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 - 1974 -	206 - CA
		- president - Company		
		an an ann an		

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER: F3-4 28

**REV:** 

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 14 of 19

SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA. SITE AREA SITE AREA
--

	TIME	
NITIAL	TIME	
		(9) IF initiating a Site Evacuation, THEN perform:
<u> </u>		<ul> <li>a. Designate assembly point as the training center unless advised otherwise by REC or Emergency Manager (F3-9).</li> </ul>
	— . <b>— . — .</b>	b. Ensure radiological monitoring of assembly area.
		c. Sound the evacuation siren (5 seconds).
<u> </u>		d. Announce the following on the PA system:
		<b>NOTE:</b> "THIS IS A DRILL".
		"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. PERSONNEL WITHOUT EMERGENCY ASSIGNMENTS SHALL EVACUATE THE PLANT SITE IMMEDIATELY. GET YOUR CAR KEYS AND EVACUATE TO THE PARKING LOT. USE YOUR CAR OR NSP VEHICLE AND PROCEED TO
		(specific assembly point)
		ALL EMERGENCY PERSONNEL SHOULD REMAIN AT YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATING CENTERS."
		Repeat the announcement.
		(10) Monitor Aux Building habitability and direct evacuation of Aux Operators to OSC iF:
		a. General area rad levels >100 mr/hr; or
		<ul> <li>Based on Rad Protection Group recommendations.</li> </ul>
		(11) Ensure:
	<u> </u>	a. Onsite sampling is considered IF a fission product boundary has failed (F3-23).
		b. Dose calculations are performed by Shift Chemist or TSC <u>IF</u> R-50 is in valid alarm and such action will <b>NOT</b> prevent the completion of any other critical actions needed to mitigate the event.
		(12) <u>IF</u> the MIDAS 4-day Integrated Dose projection results exceed 1000 mRem TEDE or 5000 mRem Thyroid CDE (F3-8.1), <u>THEN</u> re-evaluate the emergency classification and reclassify to a General Emergency if appropriate. (TEDE = Total Effective Dose Equivalent, CDE = Committed Dose Equivalent)
<u> </u>		(13) Authorize emergency overexposure (F3-12), if necessary, <u>UNTIL</u> the oncoming designated TSC Emergency Director has taken over this responsibility. This authority may NOT be delegated.
		(14) Escalate the emergency class, as appropriate (F3-2).
		(15) Complete a turnover to the designated TSC Emergency Director (ED) <u>WHEN</u> the oncoming ED is ready to assume the ED responsibilities.
		(16) Sign and date this PINGP form on the last page.

# SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA SITE AREA



	2	

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

	EXAMPLE ONLY	
JSE	CURRENT REVISION	

#### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 15 of 19

### GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

#### IV. GENERAL EMERGENCY ACTIONS (F3-4)

		Time GENERAL Declared
INITIAL	TIME	
		<b>NOTE</b> In order to adequately maintain oversight of the operational aspects of the event, it may be necessary to delegate some E-Plan duties to the unaffected unit SS.
		(1) Assume the role of Emergency Director (F3-4).
		<b>NOTE:</b> NOTE: NOTE
	·	(2) Ensure the SEC (pager 4427) has been summoned and starts the completion of the notification report form (PINGP 577).
	· · · ,	<b>NOTE:</b> State and local authorities SHALL be notified within 15 minutes of the declaration of an emergency.
		<b>NOTE:</b> It is recommended that you position yourself at the Reactor Operator's desk to hear key communications, use an ERCS terminal for monitoring CSFSTs, and solicit or answer questions of the SS.
<u>_</u>	+ <u></u> F.++	(3) Recommend evacuation for the general public on PINGP 577 as designated in Figure 1, F3-8.1.
		<ul> <li>IF wind ≥ 5 mph, THEN evacuate all sectors out to 2 miles AND the 5 downwind sectors out to 5 miles; AND advise remainder of plume EPZ to monitor radio/TV broadcasts for further emergency information.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>IF wind &lt; 5 mph, <u>THEN</u> evacuate all sectors out to 5 miles <u>AND</u> advise remainder of plume EPZ to monitor radio/TV broadcasts for further emergency information.</li> </ul>
		(4) Review and approve the notification report form PINGP 577.
		<b>NOTE:</b> In the case where the SEC or Duty Chemist is NOT available, STEP (5) provides, faxing PINGP 577 to Offsite Agencies and has SAS complete the notification.
	<u> </u>	(5) IF SEC is NOT available, <u>THEN</u> :
		<ul> <li>Place PINGP 577 facedown on the fax.</li> <li>Dial 5076 (or backup 4805).</li> <li>Press "START" button.</li> <li>Call SAS (ext. 4323) and direct them to complete 15 minute notification using PINGP 580.</li> <li>Go to STEP (7).</li> </ul>
		(6) Direct the SEC to complete the notifications of state and local agencies and, <u>IF</u> not already performed, activate the site Emergency Response Organization in accordance with F3-5 and PINGP 580

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL



### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:

**REV:** 

RESPONSIE	<b>3ILITIES DURIN</b>	NG AN ALERT,
SITE AREA,	<b>OR GENERAL</b>	<b>EMERGENCY</b>

F3-4 28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 16 of 19

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

IV. GENERAL EMERGENCY ACTIONS (CONTINUED)

INITIAL TIME

\_\_\_\_ (7) Announce the emergency class over PA System:

NOTE: "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL:

A GENERAL EMERGENCY HAS BEEN DECLARED BASED ON

(Give brief description of event)

ALL MEMBERS OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE ORGANIZATION REPORT TO YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS OR EMERGENCY CENTER. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL STANDBY FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS."

Repeat the announcement.

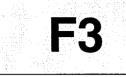


Per regulations notification of the NRC is required to be conducted at least immediately after the 15 minute state and local notifications and not later than 1 hour after emergency declaration. This notification should NOT be done by the SEC.

(8) Ensure the NRC is notified of the emergency. PINGP 666 SHALL be completed (to the extent possible) prior to notifying the NRC via the ENS red phone.

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: F3-4 REV: 28

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 17 of 19

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

#### IV. <u>GENERAL EMERGENCY ACTIONS</u> (CONTINUED)

INITIAL TIME

\_



A Plant Evacuation is required at a General Emergency unless hazardous conditions prohibit it (F3-9) or it has already been completed.

A Site Evacuation is required when the normal onsite assembly areas (North Warehouse or Receiving Warehouse) are not habitable.

(9) IF initiating a Plant Evacuation, THEN perform:

a. Designate assembly point as North Warehouse or Receiving Warehouse (F3-9).

- May use North Warehouse <u>IF</u> wind is from: 236° to 360° or 0° to 123°
- May use Receiving Warehouse <u>IF</u> wind is from: 123° to 360° or 0° to 34°
- b. Ensure radiological monitoring of assembly area and guardhouse.
- c. Sound the evacuation siren (5 seconds).
- d. Announce the following on the PA system:

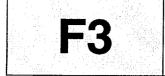
**NOTE:** During drills, the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. A PLANT EVACUATION HAS BEEN DECLARED. ALL EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION PERSONNEL REPORT TO AND REMAIN AT YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL SHALL EVACUATE TO THE \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(specific assembly point)

Repeat the announcement.

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:

RESPONSIB	<b>ILITIES DUR</b>	ING AN	ALERT,
SITE AREA,	OR GENERA	L EMEF	<b>IGENCÝ</b>

F3-4 REV: 28

	EXAMPLE ONLY
USE	<b>CURRENT REVISION</b>

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 18 of 19

# GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

IV.	<u>GENERAL</u>	EMERGENCY ACTIONS (CONTINUED)
INITIAL	. TIME	

(10) IF initiating a Site Evacuation, THEN perform:

- Designate assembly point as the training center unless advised otherwise by REC or Emergency Manager (F3-9).
- b. Ensure radiological monitoring of assembly area.
- \_\_\_\_\_ c. Sound the evacuation siren (5 seconds).
  - d. Announce the following on the PA system:

NOTE: During drills, the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL".

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. PERSONNEL WITHOUT EMERGENCY ASSIGNMENTS SHALL EVACUATE THE PLANT SITE IMMEDIATELY. GET YOUR CAR KEYS AND EVACUATE TO THE PARKING LOT. USE YOUR CAR OR NSP VEHICLE AND PROCEED TO \_\_\_\_\_

(specific assembly point)

ALL EMERGENCY PERSONNEL SHOULD REMAIN AT YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATING CENTERS."

Repeat the announcement.

(11)	Monitor Aux Building habitability	and direct evacuation of Aux	Operators to OSC IF:
------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------	----------------------

- a. General area rad levels >100 mr/hr; or
- b. Based on Rad Protection Group recommendations.
- (12) Ensure:
  - a. Onsite sampling is considered IF a fission product boundary has failed (F3-23).
  - b. Dose calculations are performed by Shift Chemist or TSC IF R-50 is in valid alarm and such action will NOT prevent the completion of any other critical actions needed to mitigate the event.
- (13) Authorize offsite protective action recommendations changes (F3-8.1), if necessary, <u>UNTIL</u> the oncoming designated TSC Emergency Director has taken over this responsibility. This authority may NOT be delegated.
  - (14) Authorize emergency overexposure (F3-12), if necessary, <u>UNTIL</u> the oncoming designated TSC Emergency Director has taken over this responsibility. This authority may NOT be delegated.
  - (15) Complete a turnover to the designated TSC Emergency Director <u>WHEN</u> the oncoming ED is ready to assume the ED responsibilities.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (16) Sign and date this PINGP form on last page.

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER: **F3-4** REV: **28** 

# EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### Figure 1 PINGP 1125

PINGP 1125, Rev. 15 Page 19 of 19

Sign AFTER NUE termination or turnover to oncoming Emergency Director.

Shift Manager/Shift Supervisor E.D.

Designated TSC Emergency Director

Date/Time

Date/Time



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESPONSIBIL	<b>ITIES DURIN</b>	IG AN ALERT,
SITE AREA, O	<b>R GENERAL</b>	EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4

REV:

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

28

### Figure 2 PINGP 571

PINGP 571, Rev 25 Page 1 of 6 Retention: Life Document Type: 7.36I

#### **TSC EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST**

CR.TURNOVER CORTURNOVER OR JURNOVER CR.TURNOVER CR.TURNOVER

\_\_\_\_1. Determine Plant Status.

- \_\_\_\_ 1.1. Report to Control Room and become familiar with the sequence of events.
- \_\_\_\_ 1.2. Get copy of completed PINGP 1125, SM/ED Check List, and review the activities that have been completed.
- \_\_\_\_1.3. Note the items that have not been completed and ensure they are eventually addressed.
- IF this is a security event, THEN ensure the guidelines given in F3-31 are considered.
- IF the event is an NUE which is technically challenging or complex <u>AND</u> you have decided to activate the ERO, <u>THEN</u>:
- \_\_\_\_3.1. Direct the SEC to activate ERO pagers (for key responders) and activate the ERO automated telephone callout system (for all ERO) per the Emergency Response Organization Activation for Non-Security Events PINGP 1384.
  - 3.2. Direct the conducting of the following plant page over the PA System:

During drills the announcement should begin and end with "THIS IS A DRILL."

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL:

ALL MEMBERS OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE ORGANIZATION REPORT TO YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS OR EMERGENCY CENTER. ALL OTHER PERSONNEL STANDBY FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS."

Repeat the announcement.

4. <u>AFTER</u> you and the SM/ED have agreed to transfer Emergency Director responsibilities, <u>THEN</u> announce you are assuming Emergency Director responsibilities to the Shift Manager, Unit 1 Supervisor and Unit 2 Supervisor.

COMMENTS:

SM/ED

Time

**TSC Emergency Director** 

Time

CR TURNOVER CR TURNOVER CR TURNOVER

J:\TEMPLATE\0571 TSC Emergency Director Checklist.dot



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

F3-4

REV:

28

### Figure 2 - PINGP 571

PINGP 571, Rev 25 Page 2 of 6

#### TSC EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST

TSC ACTIVATION TSC ACTIVATION TSC ACTIVATION TSC ACTIVATION

- \_\_\_\_ 1. Sign-in on the TSC Personnel Status Board. (The TSC Coordinator will inform you when the TSC is operational.)
- 2. Update TSC personnel of plant status and declare TSC operational.

\_\_\_\_\_2.1. Before you start your expectations announcement:

- Review copy of Emergency Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) (TSC Coord. should provide.)
- Put on ED hat. Test the microphone. Stand. Direct TSC Bell to be rung.
- 2.2. Make the following announcement (example of items to discuss):

"Attention all TSC workers. (Wait for all to be quiet and repeat announcement if necessary.)

I am (given name) and I am the Emergency Director.

I want all to listen and follow my expectations so we can have clear, concise integrated communications.

The TSC has been determined to be operational.

My expectations for TSC operation are:

- All communications should follow the plant's communications standard using 3-way communication and the phonetic alphabet.
- All personnel SHALL stop your conversations and listen to plant page announcements.
- All personnel SHALL stop your conversations and listen to facility updates.
- If someone is assigned a job or task, acknowledge the task you are going to do (use 3-Way Communication).
- You should follow the TSC Update Guide, PINGP 1395, and keep your review as brief as possible.
  - Communicate only that information that should be heard by all.
  - Do not repeat information from previous updates unless it is necessary.
- Let us attempt to keep facility updates to less than 8 minutes.

Synchronize your watches with the TSC wall clock now.

All personnel are to check in with the OSC before working in the field.

The present situation is:

Does anyone have anything to add?"

"Our current priorities are:

All personnel who are NOT assigned a specific TSC task please move to the TSC Lower Level or I&C Conference Room. Let you supervisor know where you are.

The next TSC Update will occur at \_\_\_\_\_\_ hours. (TSC Coordinator will notify OSC & EOF of next Facility Update times.)

This is the end of the TSC update."

TSC ACTIVATION TSC ACTIVATION TSC ACTIVATION



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESP	PONSIE	BILIT	IES [	DURIN	G AN	ALERT,
SITE	AREA,	OR (	GEN	ERAL	EMER	GENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4

**REV:** 

28

### Figure 2 - PINGP 571

**EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION** 

PINGP 571, Rev 25 Page 3 of 6

TSC EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST

TREACDIVATION INSCACTUATION ISCACINATION IN THE ACTIV ATION A TSO'AC

\_ 3. Direct the Event Evaluator to assess plant conditions for possible reclassifications.

A Plant Evacuation may be initiated during an Alert and SHALL be initiated during a Site Area or General Emergency unless radiological or environmental conditions prohibit it. Consider early release of non-essential personnel at the Alert.

- Determine need or advantages to conduct early release or dismissal of nonessential personnel (F3-9). 4.
- IF the event was initiated by a worker's performance, THEN consider Fitness for Duty "for cause testing". \_ 5.
- 6. Establish communications with EOF to assess their readiness to assume offsite responsibilities (offsite communications, PAR formulation, offsite field team control and dose assessment).
  - \_\_\_\_ 6.1. Establish a transfer time with EM.
- \_\_\_ 6.2. Transfer offsite responsibilities to EOF and announce the transfer in TSC.
- 7. Determine when long-term staffing requirements should be addressed. (TSC Coordinator will establish 24-hour coverage when directed.)
- 8. Update OSC Coordinator (x4424) and Emergency Manager (x5242) of plant priorities after Facility Updates.

	Emergency Director major responsibilities:
	1. Overall Command & Control of plant emergency response.
	2. Anticipant emergency reclassifications.
- 101 ES	3. Direct setting of work priorities on all major emergency work.
	4. Ensure Offsite Agencies are being updated of emergency status.
and the second	5. Core, RCS, and Containment fission product boundaries.
	6. Safety of plant personnel and workers.
AND A DECK	7. Safety of the public.

9. IF this was an NUE classification and the plant is escalating to an Alert emergency classification, THEN ensure the Emergency Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) is completed by the REC and brought to you for your review and approval.

\_\_\_\_10. IF plant is terminating the emergency, THEN consider the need to transition to Recovery (See F3-2).

\_\_\_\_11. IF plant is escalating the emergency classification, THEN proceed to the SITE AREA or GENERAL emergency section of this checklist.

TSCACTIVATION ISCACTIVATION TSCACTIVATION. TSCACTIVATION

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

F3-4

28

REV:

### Figure 2 - PINGP 571

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 571, Rev 25 Page 4 of 6

#### TSC EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST

 IF EOF has not taken offsite responsibilities, <u>THEN</u> ensure the Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) is completed by the REC and brought to you for your review and approval, <u>OTHERWISE</u> immediately direct EM to escalate to a Site Area Emergency.

NOTE

A Plant Evacuation <u>SHALL</u> be initiated during a Site Area or General Emergency <u>UNLESS</u> radiological or environmental conditions prohibit it. <u>IF</u> and Plant Evacuation cannot be conducted, <u>THEN</u> a Site Evacuation should be conducted. (F3-9)

- \_\_\_\_ 2. Direct Plant Evacuation activities (F3-9):
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 2.1. Direct REC to proclaim the appropriate Assembly Point.
  - \_\_\_\_2.2. Direct Operations Group Leader to ensure Control Room Plant Evacuation siren is activated and plant page is conducted using F3-9 and designated Assembly Point.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 2.3. Direct Security Group Leader to:
    - Ensure Plant Evacuation and Accountability activities are conducted by security.
    - Complete accountability within 30 minutes after evacuation plant page (F3-10).
    - Ensure personnel outside the plant protected areas have evacuated to the Assembly Point.
- \_\_\_\_ 3. Update OSC Coordinator (x4424) and Emergency Manager (x5242) of plant priorities after Facility Updates.

	Emergency Director major responsibilities:						
	1.	Overall Command & Control of plant emergency response.					
	2.	Anticipant emergency reclassifications.					
NOLES	3.	Direct setting of work priorities on all major emergency work.					
	4.	Ensure Offsite Agencies are being updated of emergency status.					
	5.	Core, RCS, and Containment fission product boundaries.					
	6.	Safety of plant personnel and workers.					
	7.	Safety of the public.					

4. IF plant is escalating to a General Emergency, <u>THEN</u> proceed to the GENERAL emergency section of this checklist.

\_\_\_5. IF plant is terminating the emergency, <u>THEN</u> advise EM and proceed to the recovery procedure, F3-30.

SITE AREA TANK SITE AREA SITE AREA TANK SITE AREA TANK SITE AREA



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:

F3-4

REV:

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

28

### Figure 2 - PINGP 571

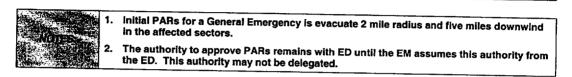
**RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,** 

SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

PINGP 571, Rev 25 Page 5 of 6

#### TSC EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL



1. IF EOF has not taken offsite responsibilities, <u>THEN</u> ensure the Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) is completed by the REC and brought to you for your review and approval, <u>OTHERWISE</u> immediately direct EM to escalate to a General Emergency and issue PARs.

A Plant Evacuation <u>SHALL</u> be initiated during a Site Area or General Emergency <u>UNLESS</u> radiological or environmental conditions prohibit it. <u>IF</u> and Plant Evacuation cannot be conducted, <u>THEN</u> a Site Evacuation should be conducted. (F3-9)

- 2. IF not already conducted, <u>THEN</u> direct Plant Evacuation activities (F3-9):
- \_\_\_\_\_2.1. Direct REC to proclaim the appropriate Assembly Point.
- 2.2. Direct Operations Group Leader to ensure Control Room Plant Evacuation siren is activated and plant page is conducted using F3-9 and designated Assembly Point.
- \_\_\_\_ 2.3. Direct Security Group Leader to:
  - Ensure Plant Evacuation and Accountability activities are conducted by security.
  - Complete accountability within 30 minutes after evacuation plant page (F3-10).
  - Ensure personnel outside the plant protected areas have evacuated to the Assembly Point.

	Emergency Director major responsibilities:
	1. Overall Command & Control of plant emergency response.
	2. Anticipant emergency reclassifications.
Monthly	3. Direct setting of work priorities on all major emergency work.
	4. Ensure Offsite Agencies are being updated of emergency status.
	5. Core, RCS, and Containment fission product boundaries.
	6. Safety of plant personnel and workers.
	7. Safety of the public.

\_\_\_\_ 4. Implement TSC SAM process, as necessary.

\_\_\_\_4.1. Direct the Operation Group Leader to ensure the Accident Evaluation Team Leader is staffed.

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.2. Direct TSC Coordinator to ensure NRC is notified of transition to SAM.

- ..... 4.3. Address 10CFR 50.54(x) & (y) and 50.72 requirements, as necessary.
- 5. Terminate the emergency class, when appropriate. Advise EM, as appropriate. (F3-2: classifications or F3-30: termination and recovery).

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

REV:

F3-4

28

Figure 2 - PINGP 571

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 571, Rev 25 Page 6 of 6

TSC EMERGENCY DIRECTOR CHECKLIST

REFERENTIANOVER THE DES TURNOVER THE DES TURNOVER REFERENCE THE DESCRIPTION OVER THE DESCRIPTION OVER

COMMENTS:

**Emergency Director** 

Date/Time

1. IF turnover of ED responsibilities is required, <u>THEN</u> the on-coming ED should **perform** a thorough review of the sequence of events and conditions before turnover. They should **use PINGP** 571 as a guide.

\_\_\_\_2. WHEN the off-going TSC shift has been relieved, THEN the on-coming ED should:

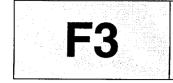
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.1. Announce to TSC that the off-going shift has been relieved.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.2. Notify the EM that the off-going TSC shift has been relieved.
- ...... 2.3. Notify the OSC Coordinator that the off-going TSC shift has been relieved.

**Relief Emergency Director** 

Date/Time

RELIERTURNOVER RELIEFTURNOVER RELIEFTURNOVER RELIEFTURNOVER

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

**REV:** 

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

F3-4 28

Figure 3 PINGP 1095

PINGP 1095, Rev. 2 Page 1 of 1 Document Type: 7.36T Retention: Lifetime

### **OSC OPERATIONS ADVISOR CHECKLIST**

The OSC Operations Advisor position should be staffed by an available Operations person from the Operations Support Pool.

NOTE:	Direction and control of outplant duty operators remains with the Control Room.

#### INITIAL

	N	OTE:	The Emergency Work Status Board is used for tracking emergency work repair groups and operational work activities. See the posted job aid for guidance.
	1.	Designate the OSC E	an individual (preferably from the Operations Support Pool) to update Emergency Work Status Board. (PINGP 1108)
	2.	Provide as	ssistance to the OSC Coordinator in an advisory capacity.
	3.	Assist the requested	OSC Coordinator, as appropriate, on the operational aspects of emergency work.
· ·	4.	Assist, as	necessary, the facilitation of directed emergency work requests.
	5.	lf available to assist th	e, consider sending an Operations Support Pool individual to the EOF ne EOF Technical Support Supervisor in an advisory capacity.
	6.	Direct Ope additional	erations Business Support Specialist (if available) to bring list of operators to the OSC Coordinator, to forward to Control Room.
		с	OSC Ops Advisor:
			Date:

J:\TEMPLATE\1095 OSC Operations Advisor Checklist.dot

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4

28

**REV:** 

### Figure 4 PINGP 572

### **EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION**

PINGP 572, Rev. 32 Page 1 of 6

#### RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

Retention: Life of Plant Document Type: 7.36K

#### ACTIVACTOR A FAILVATTINE THE Cornals on a Mela ACTIVATION AND ACTIVATION

- IF this is an NUE, THEN assign another person to complete PINGP 1246 (WI/MN Health Dept. Initial Call Back 1. Info.) in preparation for WI/MN call back.
- Determine Plant Status and if releases are occurring. 2.
- Determine Radiation Protection Support Staff for: (See front of EP Phone Directory for PI ERO Roster.) 3.
  - BEC Assistant:
    - MIDAS Operator in TSC (PINGP 1312):
    - Field Tm Communicator (PINGP 1156):\_\_\_\_\_
    - Rad Status Board Keeper:
    - Phone Communicator:
    - OSC Rad Prot Coord: ٠
    - EOF Count Room RPS:
    - Assembly Pt. Coord (should prepare assembly pt.) (PINGP 911): ٠

    - RPSS or RPSS Assistant at EOF (if needed):
  - Direct REC Area Staff to sign in at TSC Personnel Status Board. 4.
- Dispatch and coordinate offsite radiation survey teams, via Field Team Communicator in accordance with the 5. following:
  - F3-15 Airborne Release Team #1 Plume Search & Sampling
    - Team #2 Plume Search & Sampling
    - <u>OR</u>
  - F3-16 Liquid Release - Team #1 Lock and Dam #3 Sampling
    - Team #2 Recycle and Discharge Canal Sampling
- Dispatch 4 NPSA from OSC to go to EOF (Field Team Drivers & Sample Couriers). \_\_ 6.
- IF this is an off hour activation, THEN direct Field Team Communicator to guestion Field Team Personnel per 7. Fitness for Duty Program (5AWI 3.15.1).
- IF plume is traveling towards Minnesota OR Wisconsin bluffs, THEN direct Field Team Communicator to 8. consider effects of plume diversion along valley and look for plume up and down the valley.
- Evaluate survey rad data and supervise development of plume map. REC should decide if and when plume \_ 9. search and sampling in upwind sectors is necessary.
- ... 10. Direct MIDAS Operator to obtain meteorological data (F3-13.4 and F3-13.5) and radiation monitor readings.
- 11. Direct MIDAS Operator to obtain offsite dose projection calculations for actual monitored releases and potential releases (F3-13). (Follow-up Message, PINGP 582, should be sent to states approximately 30-minute intervals.)

ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION

J:\TEMPLATE\0572 Radiological Emergency Coordinator Checklist.dot



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

### RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4 28

REV:

Figure 4 PINGP 572

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 572, Rev. 32 Page 2 of 6

#### **RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY COORDINATOR CHECKLIST**

ACTIVATION ACTIVATION

- 13. Ensure MN & WI state health departments are updated and the "Emergency Notification Follow-up Messages" (PINGP 582) are facsimiled to the state EOCs at approximately 30-minute intervals.
- \_\_\_\_ 14. Instruct, dispatch and coordinate onsite radiation survey teams (inplant surveys, smears and air sampling) (F3-14.1).
- \_\_\_\_ 15. Ensure radiological monitoring is initiated for the TSC environment utilizing the CAM and R-68 and/or AM-2 (F3-6).
- \_\_\_\_ 16. Direct OSC Rad Coordinator to monitor the habitability of the Auxiliary Building and report results to you.
- 17. IF the general area rad levels in Auxiliary Building are > 100 mR/hr <u>OR</u> based on Rad Protection Group surveys, <u>THEN</u> recommend to the Emergency Director that the Aux Operators evacuate to the OSC.
- 18. Considering met data, release data and surveys; determine potential dose rates or contamination for non-rad controlled areas of plant (e.g., NPD, Environ. Lab, Gate House, Badge Issue, etc).
- \_\_\_\_ 19. Direct Assembly Point Coord which assembly point to use based on rad hazards and wind direction (F3-9).
- 20. Consider need for any special plant wide announcements concerning "avoiding hazardous areas onsite". (TSC Coordinator ensures plant wide emergency announcements are conducted, as needed.)
- 21. Consider recommending early release of nonessential personnel per F3-9, if time allows.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 22. Establish and maintain communications with the RPSS.
- 23. Turnover the offsite survey responsibilities to the RPSS:
  - \_\_\_\_\_23.1. Inform RPSS when next "Emergency Notification Follow-up Messages" to State EOCs are due.
  - \_\_\_\_23.2. Remind RPSS to notify Minnesota and Wisconsin State Health Departments when EOF takes over all offsite functions.
- 24. Determine RPS sampling priorities per F3-23 (number in order) and specify protective clothing/respiratory protection requirements for sampling team.
  - \_\_\_\_ Primary Sample Pressurized/Unpressurized
  - \_\_\_\_ Secondary Sample
  - Shield Building Stack Sample (consider sample plateout, F3-20)
  - \_\_\_\_ Containment Air Sample
    - Liquid
    - Filtered Gas
    - Iodine/Particulate
    - Other
- \_\_\_\_25. <u>IF</u> radioactive release is in progress <u>OR</u> radioactive samples are being shipped to EOF, <u>THEN</u> initiate PINGP 1405, Request for Emergency Exemption for Transporting of Radioactive Samples.
- \_\_\_\_26. Provide periodic updates to the Emergency Director & TSC Staff (See TSC Update Guide, PINGP 1395).
- 27. <u>WHEN</u> the NRC requests the establishment of the HPN, <u>THEN</u> staff the HPN phone and call one of the listed HPN phone numbers.
- \_\_\_\_\_28. Consider the need for outside contractors for additional services.
- 29. <u>IF this was an NUE classification and the plant is escalating to an Alert emergency classification, <u>THEN</u> ensure PINGP 577, "Emergency Notification Report Form", is completed and taken to ED for review and approval.</u>
- \_\_\_\_30. IF plant is escalating the emergency classification, <u>THEN</u> proceed to the SITE AREA or GENERAL emergency section of this checklist.

ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION DE ACTIVATIONE ACTIVATION

#### **EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES**



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

F3-4 28

REV:

### Figure 4 PINGP 572

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 572, Rev. 32 Page 3 of 6

#### RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

STEARER TO BE AN EAST AND STEARE STEARER STEARER STEARER STEARER

- 1. Use F3-8 and PINGP 585, PAR Checklist for formulating all Protective Action Recommendations.
- 2. Ensure "Casino Precautionary Shutdown" is considered for Site Area Emergency declaration per PINGP 585. (The Indian Community Stutter Siren will be activated at SAE level by the SEC to alert the Indian Community of the SAE, regardless of Casino shutdown decision.)
- ...... 3. Complete PINGP 577, "Emergency Notification Report Form", and take to ED for review and approval.
- \_\_\_\_\_4. Direct setup of TSC Contamination Control, IF necessary.
  - 4.1. Establish contamination control for TSC by setting up a frisker station (frisker & step-off pad) at TSC entrance (F3-6) (Frisker & step-off pad near Ventilation Control Cabinet).
  - \_\_\_\_\_4.2. Station a person (NPSA) at TSC entrance to maintain TSC dosimetry and monitor frisking using PINGP 652.
  - 4.3. Post "Step Off Pad Notice" signs at the TSC outer entrance, East End Lower Level (stored in Ventilation Control Cabinet).
  - \_\_\_\_4.4. Direct all TSC Personnel to go through OSC for all plant activities to ensure proper rad. control and monitoring.
- 5. Consider the necessity of Secondary Access Control (F3-21).
- \_\_\_\_6. <u>IF</u> the general area rad levels in Auxiliary Building are > 100 mR/hr <u>OR</u> based on Rad Protection Group surveys, <u>THEN</u> recommend to the Emergency Director that the Aux Operators evacuate to the OSC.
- 7. Considering met data, release data and surveys; determine potential dose rates or contamination for non-rad controlled areas of plant (e.g., NPD, Environ. Lab, Gate House, Badge Issue, etc).
- 9. Recommend overexposure limits and/or use of KI for emergency workers, field teams, work teams, to Emergency Director, as necessary (F3-12, F3-18 & F3-19).
- \_\_\_\_10. IF dose rate is detected in the TSC, THEN request TSC Staff to check their SRDs. (Protective actions for the TSC are found in F3-6.)
- 11. Provide periodic updates to the Emergency Director & TSC Staff (See TSC Update Guide, PINGP 1395).
- \_\_\_\_ 12. Periodically update the Assembly Pt. Coordinator.
- \_\_\_\_ 13. Periodically update the RPSS.
- \_\_\_\_ 14. WHEN the NRC requests the establishment of the HPN, <u>THEN</u> staff the HPN phone and call one of the listed HPN phone numbers.

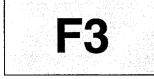
### SITE AREA

### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

F3	<b>3</b> RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY		NUMBER:		
	SIL AREA, ON GE		GENCY	REV:	28
	-	PINGP 572		MPLE ONLY RENT REVI	
PINGP 572, Rev. Page 4 of 6	32 RADIOLOGICAL EMERGE	NCY COORDINATOR CH	ECKLIST		
15. Determ protection	ine RPS sampling priorities per F3-23 (nu on requirements for sampling team.	mber in order) and specify p	rotective clothing/res	piratory	
Prim	nary Sample - Pressurized/Unpressurized				
	ondary Sample				
	ld Building Stack Sample (consider samp	le plateout, F3-20)			
• [ • ] • ]	tainment Air Sample Liquid Filtered Gas Iodine/Particulate Other				
16. <u>IF</u> plant checklis	is escalating to a General Emergency, <u>TH</u> t.	IEN proceed to the GENER	AL emergency sectio	n of this	
17. <u>IF</u> plant	is terminating the emergency, THEN proc	eed to the RECOVERY proc	edure, F3-30.		
-		· ····· · · · · · · · ·		***	

# Such and the second such as the second such

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



### **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

28

F3-4

**REV**:

### Figure 4 PINGP 572

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 572, Rev. 32 Page 5 of 6

#### RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

GENERAL REAL CENERAL CONTRACTOR

- 1. Use F3-8 and PINGP 585, PAR Checklist for formulating all Protective Action Recommendations.
- 2. Complete PINGP 577, "Emergency Notification Report Form", and take to ED for review and approval.
- IF NOT already done AND it is necessary, THEN direct setup of TSC Contamination Control.
  - \_\_\_\_3.1. Establish contamination control for TSC by setting up a frisker station (frisker & step-off pad) at TSC entrance (F3-6) (Frisker & step-off pad near Ventilation Control Cabinet).
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 3.2. Station a person (NPSA) at TSC entrance to maintain TSC dosimetry and monitor frisking using PINGP 652.
  - \_\_\_\_ 3.3. Post "Step Off Pad Notice" signs at the TSC outer entrance, East End Lower Level (stored in Ventilation Control Cabinet).
  - \_\_\_\_ 3.4. Direct all TSC Personnel to go through OSC for all plant activities to ensure proper rad. control and monitoring.
- 4. Consider the necessity of Secondary Access Control (F3-21).
- 5. <u>IF</u> the general area rad levels in Auxiliary Building are > 100 mR/hr <u>OR</u> based on Rad Protection Group surveys, <u>THEN</u> recommend to the Emergency Director that the Aux Operators evacuate to the OSC.
- 6. Considering met data, release data and surveys; determine potential dose rates or contamination for non-rad controlled areas of plant (e.g., NPD, Environ. Lab, Gate House, Badge Issue, etc).
- 8. Recommend overexposure limits and/or use of KI for emergency workers, field teams, work teams, to Emergency Director, as necessary (F3-12, F3-18 & F3-19).
- \_\_\_\_9. IF dose rate is detected in the TSC, <u>THEN</u> request TSC Staff to check their SRDs. (Protective actions for the TSC are found in F3-6.)
- \_\_\_\_10. Provide periodic updates to the Emergency Director & TSC Staff (See TSC Update Guide, PINGP 1395).
- \_\_\_\_ 11. Periodically update the Assembly Pt. Coordinator.
- \_\_\_\_ 12. Periodically update the RPSS.
- 13. <u>WHEN</u> the NRC requests the establishment of the HPN, <u>THEN</u> staff the HPN phone and call one of the listed HPN phone numbers.
- 14. **Determine** RPS sampling priorities per F3-23 (number in order) and specify protective clothing/respiratory protection requirements for sampling team.
  - Primary Sample Pressurized/Unpressurized
  - \_\_\_\_ Secondary Sample
  - \_\_\_\_ Shield Building Stack Sample (consider sample plateout, F3-20)
  - Containment Air Sample
    - Liquid
    - Filtered Gas
    - Iodine/Particulate
    - Other
- 18. IF plant is terminating the emergency, <u>THEN proceed</u> to the RECOVERY procedure, F3-30.

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL MARKED GENER

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

	<b>F3</b> RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,		NUMBER:	F3-4			
		SITE ARE	SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY				
			Figure 4	PINGP 572		MPLE ONL RENT REV	
	PINGP 572, Rev Page 6 of 6	RADIOLO		NCY COORDINATOR CHI		<u></u>	
	RELIERATION	OVEREMEMBER	Vevera dablijek				
	COMMENTS:						
	Radiol	logical Emergency Co	ordinator		Date/Time		
	1. <u>IF</u> turno	ver of REC responsibilit	ties is required, <u>THE</u>	EN the on-coming REC should	perform a thorough	n review of	
	me sequ	dence of events and col	nations before turne	over. They should use PINGP inform the ED and update th	572 as a guide.		
	Poliof Dec			<b>~</b>			
		liological Emergency			Date/Time		
	RELIEF TURN	OVER RELIEFTURN	OVER BELIEF T	URNOVER RELIEF CURN	Ven Reliefat	ANOVER	

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4

28

REV:

# Figure 5 PINGP 573

#### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 573, Rev. 48 Page 1 of 5 TEC Retention: Life of Plant Document Type: 7.36G

# TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

ACTIVATION ACTIVITION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION

Time of	Classification	
---------	----------------	--

- \_\_\_1. Direct all TSC staff to sign in at TSC Personnel Status Board.
- 2. Assign a TSC Coord Assistant to assist with TSC Coordinator tasks (PINGP 573). (Use of an assistant allows you to be available to the ED while your assistant completes remote EOF Coordinator duties.)
- 3. Designate the following positions and refer them to the referenced procedure: (See front of EP Phone Directory for PI ERO Roster.)
  - Assign a TSC Coord Assistant (PINGP 573);
  - Record Keeper (F3-24, ED Log & PINGP 1108):
  - Technical CR-TSC-EOF 3-Way Communicators:
  - Event Status Board Recorder (F3-26.1):\_\_\_\_\_
  - Emerg Work Status Board Keeper (Posted Job Aid):\_\_\_\_\_

  - Event Evaluator (SM or ED) (F3-2):\_\_\_\_\_
  - ENS Communicator (Red Phone & PINGP 1296):
  - Plant Wide Announcements (PINGP 1106):
- ----4. AFTER all the green positions on the TSC Personnel Status Board are filled, <u>THEN</u> notify the ED that the TSC is operational.
- \_\_\_ 5. Verify the OSC is operational by calling the OSC Coordinator (x4424) and report results to ED.
- \_\_\_ 6. Direct TSC Coordinator Assistant to:
  - 6.1. Post magnetic chain "no entry" & "no exit" signs on upper TSC West door to minimize SEC disturbance from personnel entering upper West door. (Signs are stored in TSC Supply Cabinet.)
  - \_\_\_ 6.2. Verify TSC clocks are synchronized with ERCS clock within 1 minute.
  - 6.3. Procure copy of completed PINGP 577 from SEC for TSC ED to review upon arrival.
  - \_\_\_\_ 6.4. Direct TSC Logistics person (Business Support, PINGP 1188) to ensure transport of the Electrical Transition Files from New Admin. Building to TSC lower level Tech. Resource Area.
  - 6.5. Shut TSC East Door by stairs, start TSC Clean Up System (F3-6) and post magnetic signs on East and West doors (signs stored in Ventilation Control Cabinets).
  - \_\_\_6.6. Set up TSC Sound System (microphones and Job Aid are located on East End TSC near mic system amplifier).
  - \_\_\_ 6.7. Verify plant PA speaker volume settings are appropriately turned up.
  - \_\_\_\_6.8. Remind each work group to verify that their telephones are plugged in and the ringer is on.
  - \_\_\_\_6.9. Verify the Operations Group Leader is using PINGP 1337, Operations Group Leader Checklist.

#### ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION

J:\TEMPLATE\0573 Technical Support Center Coordinator Checklist dot





# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

<u>F3-4</u> 28

REV:

### Figure 5 PINGP 573

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 573, Rev. 48 Page 2 of 5

TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

ACTIVATION CONTRACTOR ACTIVATION CONTRACTOR ACTIVATION

- \_\_\_\_7. Direct the Recorder (Record Keeper) to:
- \_\_\_\_9. Ensure SEC has completed required notifications (PINGP 577) and is periodically updated of plant status.
- 10. <u>WHEN</u> the EOF has been activated and taken offsite communication responsibilities, ensure the SEC knows that all future offsite emergency notifications will be done by EOF and report EOF operational to ED.
- \_\_\_\_11. Ensure the ERDS (NRC computer link) has been established within the 60-minute time requirement (TOC ERDS & press F1) (F3-26.3).
- 12. Ensure appropriate NRC ENS Communications are conducted:
  - 12.1. Verify that Control Room (via the TSC Technical Communicator) has notified NRC of the event via the ENS phone (Per 10CFR50.72, NRC notifications are to be completed immediately after 15 minute state and local agency notifications and < 1 hour).</p>
  - \_\_\_\_ 12.2. Notify Control Room when TSC is ready to assume NRC ENS communications.
  - \_\_\_\_ 12.3. Use PINGP 666 for future ENS notifications and updates as a guide.
- 13. <u>WHEN</u> decision made to conduct an early release of plant personnel, <u>THEN</u> assist ED and Group Leaders in determining and releasing nonessential in accordance with F3-9.
- \_\_\_\_ 14. Remind ED to consider need for periodic TSC updates. (Use TSC Update Guide, PINGP 1395)
- 15. <u>WHEN</u> ED determines the time of the next Facility Update, <u>THEN</u> notify the OSC Coordinator (x4424) and EOF Coordinator (x4500) of the next Facility Update time.
- 16. Direct all reclassification announcements and periodic plant wide update announcements be made using PINGP 1106.
- 17. Direct all TSC Group Leaders to review their support staff needs and direct their extra personnel to position themselves in the TSC lower level or return to their normal work area until further notice.
- 18. Determine if additional TSC staffing (e.g., Engineering, REC area, command table, ERCS operation, and SEC support) is required and request SEC to make notifications if necessary. Consider FFD questioning if more staff are called out.
- \_\_\_\_19. Coordinate the establishment of the Employee Hot Line using PINGP 1106, if deemed necessary.
- \_\_\_\_ 20. WHEN ED directs establishment of long-term coverage, <u>THEN</u> coordinate the establishment of 24-hour coverage of all key emergency organization positions. Include FFD considerations related to fatigue, stress, illness, etc, using PINGP 1339.
- 21. Instruct plant operations and engineering to review the "Operator Workarounds" list and current "Status 80 Work Orders" to evaluate current plant configuration considerations as it relates to the event and mitigating actions.
- 22. <u>AFTER</u> a LOCA <u>AND</u> within 24 hours direct I&C calibrate the Containment H<sub>2</sub> Monitoring System. The manufacturer recommends calibration within 24 hours after a LOCA when containment pressure and temperature stabilize.
- 23. <u>IF plant is escalating the emergency classification</u>, <u>THEN</u> proceed to the SITE AREA or GENERAL emergency section of this checklist.

ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION SE ACTIVATION SE ACTIVATION

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:

	2	
	$\sim$	

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT.** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

F3-4

**REV:** 28

### Figure 5 PINGP 573

**EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION** 

PINGP 573, Rev. 48 Page 3 of 5

#### **TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST**

SHEADE SITE AREA AT THE ASITE ASE

		Time of Classification
1.	Dire	ct the following Plant Evacuation related activities:
	_ 1.1.	Confirm with Security Group Leader that TSC card readers are ready for reading ID cards.
	_ 1.2.	Direct all TSC personnel in lower and upper TSC insert their badges into the lower or upper (as appropriate) TSC card reader. This may be assigned to the Security Group Leader (or designee).
	_ 1.3.	Post magnetic chain "no entry" & "no exit" signs on lower TSC West door. (Signs are stored in TSC Supply Cabinet.)
	_ 1.4.	Post "All Personnel Exiting the TSC" sign on the I&C Cage (stored in Ventilation Control Cabinet).
_ 2.	AFT	ER personnel accountability is complete, THEN ensure the Control Room, OSC, Assembly Point, and are informed of the results:
	_ 2.1.	Direct TSC Technical Communicator to inform Control Room of results.
	_ 2.2.	Notify OSC Coordinator (x4424) of results.
	_ 2.3.	Notify Assembly Pt. Coordinator (x 4292 N Warehouse, x5255 Rec. Warehouse) of results.
_ 3.	<u>IF</u> E (PIN	OF has NOT taken offsite communications, <u>THEN</u> ensure SEC has completed required notifications GP 577).
_ 4.	Proc	ure copy of completed PINGP 577 from SEC for TSC ED to review.
_ 5.	<u>WHE</u> that	EN the EOF has been activated and taken offsite communication responsibilities, ensure the SEC knows all future offsite emergency notifications will be done by EOF.
_ 6.	<u>IF</u> ra	diological shine or release may affect TSC, THEN
	_ <b>6.1</b> .	Issue pencil dosimetry (and TLDs if person does not have TLD) to all upper and lower TSC personnel per (F3-6 and PINGP 652).
	_ 6.2.	Ensure that issued dosimeters are less than 25% of full scale. (Re-Zero as necessary to approximately the first mark.)
_ 7.	Assi	st non-plant representatives (e.g., NRC, Westinghouse, etc.) in TSC as necessary.

- \_\_\_\_7. Assist non-plant representatives (e.g.,
  - \_\_\_\_7.1. May use PINGP 1297 for initial NRC Team briefing.
  - \_\_\_7.2. Utilize Logistics Coordinator assistance as necessary.
- AFTER a LOCA AND within 24 hours direct I&C calibrate the Containment H<sub>2</sub> Monitoring System. The 8. manufacturer recommends calibration within 24 hours after a LOCA when containment pressure and temperature stabilize.
- IF plant is escalating to a General Emergency, THEN proceed to the GENERAL emergency section of this \_\_\_9. checklist.
- 10. IF plant is terminating the emergency, THEN proceed to the RECOVERY procedure, F3-30.

SITE AREA SITE AREA SIT VIT

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

t				124 10 844	
		·	_		11. J. W.
1 A					Geofrae
		11 S 1			1 200 da
1.14			_		- 192 C
1.4					
14.427			- <b>1</b>		2010
				ala da migar	- C C C C C C C C.
	_				
				(1) 11 (1) (2)	
				- A. C. B.	
		1. A. S. A. M. M.			승규 회류.

# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4

28

**REV:** 

Figure	5	PIN	GP	573
	•		<b>S</b>	<b>U</b> I U

**EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION** 

PINGP 573, Rev. 48 Page 4 of 5

TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

THE GENERAL GENERAL **DATE OF AND** 

_ 1.		Time of Classification
:	<u>Ir</u> n	ot already done, THEN direct the following Plant Evacuation related activities:
	_ 1.1.	Leader that ISC card readers are ready for reading ID cards.
	_ 1.2.	Direct all TSC personnel in lower and upper TSC insert their badges into the lower or upper (as appropriate) TSC card reader. This may be assigned to the Security Group Leader (or designee)
	_ 1.3.	Post magnetic chain "no entry" & "no exit" signs on lower TSC West door. (Signs are stored in TSC Supply Cabinet.)
	_ 1.4.	Post "All Personnel Exiting the TSC" sign on the I&C Cage (stored in Ventilation Control Cabinet).
2.		ER personnel accountability is complete, THEN ensure the Control Room, OSC, Assembly Point, and are informed of the results:
	_ 2.1.	Direct TSC Technical Communicator to inform Control Room of results.
	_ 2.2.	Notify OSC Coordinator (x4424) of results.
		Notify Assembly Pt. Coordinator (x 4292 N Warehouse, x5255 Rec. Warehouse) of results.
3.	<u>IF</u> EC	OF has NOT taken offsite communications, <u>THEN</u> ensure SEC has completed required notifications GP 577).
4.	Proc	ure copy of completed PINGP 577 from SEC for TSC ED to review.
5.	<u>WHE</u>	In the EOF has been activated and taken offsite communication responsibilities, ensure the SEC knows all future offsite emergency notifications will be done by EOF.
6.	<u>IF</u> NC	OT already done, THEN ensure TSC dosimetry is issued in TSC.
		Issue pencil dosimetry (and TLDs if person does not have TLD) to all upper and lower TSC personnel per (F3-6 and PINGP 652).
	6.2.	Ensure that issued dosimeters are less than 25% of full scale. (Re-Zero as necessary to approximately the first mark.)
7.	Assi	st non-plant representatives (e.g., NRC, Westinghouse, etc.) in TSC as necessary.
	7.1.	
		Utilize Logistics Coordinator assistance as necessary.
<b> 8</b> .	<u>AFTE</u> manu	$\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ a LOCA <u>AND</u> within 24 hours <b>direct</b> I&C calibrate the Containment H <sub>2</sub> Monitoring System. The facturer recommends calibration within 24 hours after a LOCA when containment pressure and erature stabilize.
9.	<u>IF</u> pla	int is terminating the emergency, THEN proceed to the RECOVERY procedure, F3-30.

GENERAL GENERALE GENERAL GENERAL

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

F3-4

28

REV:

Figure 5 PINGP 573

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 573, Rev. 48 Page 5 of 5

TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER

COMMENTS:

**TSC Coordinator** 

Date/Time

- 1. <u>IF</u> turnover of TSC Coordinator responsibilities is required, <u>THEN</u> the on-coming TSC Coordinator should perform a thorough review of the sequence of events and conditions before turnover. They should use PINGP 573 as a guide.
- \_\_\_\_2. WHEN the off-going shift has been relieved, <u>THEN</u> inform the ED and update the TSC Personnel Status Board.

**Relief TSC Coordinator** 

Date/Time

RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY NUMBER:

F3-4

28

REV:

# Figure 6 PINGP 574

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 574, Rev. 28 Page 1 of 6 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST Document Type: Life of Plant Retention: 7.36J

# ACTIVATION

- Assign an OSC Coordinator Assistant to perform several of the Activation Steps so you can keep the overall over sight of the OSC operation.
- \_\_\_\_2. Setup OSC sound system per job aid.
- \_\_3. Verify the green positions on the personnel board are staffed:
  - OSC RP COORDINATOR (PINGP 1245 checklist)
    - RPS RWP Dosimetry
    - RPS OSC MIDAS CAM
    - RPS Status Comm.
  - ELECTRICAL SUPV/TECH
  - MECHANICAL SUPV.
  - I&C SUPV/TECH

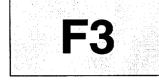
NOTE: The Emergency Work Status Board is used for tracking emergency work repair groups and operational work activities. See the posted job aid for guidance.

- 4. Designate an individual (preferably from the Operations Support Pool) to update the OSC Emergency Work Status Board. (PINGP 1108)
- \_\_\_\_5. As more personnel arrive, designate individuals to perform the following:
  - \_\_\_\_5.1. Maintain the OSC Status Board.
  - \_\_\_5.2. Maintain the Emergency Center Narrative Log (PINGP 598) located in a 3-ring binder.
  - \_\_\_\_ 5.3. Control the use of equipment located in the emergency lockers.
  - \_\_\_\_ 5.4. Post the Enter and Exit signs on Control Room and OSC doors to control entrance and exit to OSC.
  - \_\_\_\_ 5.5. Obtain portable radios from TSC for OSC use. Leave one radio in TSC for Field Team Communicator.
- 6. Direct Operations Business Support Specialist (if available) to bring list of additional operators to the OSC Coordinator, to forward to Control Room.
- \_\_\_\_7. Direct the OSC Supervisors to verify telephones are plugged in, the ringer is on, and they have communication capability with their counterparts in TSC and or Control Room.

# ACTIVATION

J:\TEMPLATE\0574 Operational Support Center Coordinator Checklist.dot

#### **EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES**



# RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

NUMBER:

F3-4 28

REV:

### Figure 6 PINGP 574

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 574, Rev. 28 Page 2 of 6

#### **OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST**

ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION

- 8. <u>AFTER</u> Step 1-3 of this checklist have been completed, THEN update OSC personnel of plant status and declare OSC operational.
  - \_\_\_\_ 8.1. Before you start your announcement:
    - · Verify the OSC wall clock is correct with ERCS clock with in one minute.
    - Put on OSC Coordinator hat. Test the microphone. Stand. Direct OSC Bell to be rung.

NOTES The following is an example of the expectations announcement.

\_\_\_\_ 8.2. Announcement:

"Attention to all OSC workers."

\_\_\_\_8.3. Wait for all to be quiet and IF necessary, THEN repeat announcement.

"I am \_\_\_\_\_and I am the OSC Coordinator.

The OSC is Operational at this time.

The main function of the OSC is to control the flow of people into and out of the plant. It is critical that your name appear on the Available OSC Personnel Board and that you check in and out with the Work Status Board Keeper.

I want all to follow my expectations so we can have clear, concise integrated communications. My expectations are:

- All communications should follow the plant's communications standard using 3-way communication and the phonetic alphabet.
- All personnel SHALL stop your conversations and listen to plant page announcements and facility updates.
- All personnel who participate in updates should follow the Facility Update Guide and keep your report
  as brief as possible.
  - Communicate only that information that all should hear.
  - Do not repeat information from previous updates unless the issue has not been addressed or pertinent update information is available.
  - Let us keep facility updates to less than 8 minutes.
- All OSC workers synchronize your watches with the OSC wall clock now.

All personnel are to check in with Radiation Protection and Work Status Board before leaving the OSC.

The present situation is:

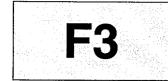
Does anyone have anything to add?

Our Current Priorities are:

All personnel who are NOT assigned an OSC task please move to the OPS Lounge on the other side of the Control Room. I will notify you of the next update.

This is the end of the OSC update"

ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

<b>RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,</b>	
SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY	

NUMBER: F3-4

28

### Figure 6 PINGP 574

# EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

**REV:** 

PINGP 574, Rev. 28 Page 3 of 6

#### **OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST**

### ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION

- 9. Notify TSC (ED 4332 or TSC Coordinator 4461) that the OSC is operational
- \_\_\_\_10. Notify Control Room (4250 or 4251) that the OSC is operational.

The REC SHALL be responsible for over all control and direction of the RPSs located in the OSC.
 The Control Room SHALL be responsible for direction of the Operators located in the OSC

- 11. Remind the Control Room that the Operators need to Check-in with Radiation Protection for current radiological information each time before going out.
- 12. Call upon the OSC Operations Advisor for assistance. The Operations Advisor should use PINGP 1095, Ops Advisor Checklist.
- 13. Direct Maintenance Supervisors to have sufficient staffing of the respective trades and to consider FFD questioning if more staff are called out.
- \_\_\_\_14. IF ED orders an Early Release, THEN direct supervisors to determine and report to their TSC counterpart the names of personnel that can be released from the site.
- 15. IF intake of smoke <u>OR</u> airborne contamination from turbine deck is probable, <u>THEN</u> direct the shutdown of the OSC ventilation makeup and exhaust fans (controls operated on west wall).
- \_\_\_\_16. Disallow use of food in OSC until directed otherwise by Radiation Protection Group.
- 17. <u>WHEN</u> requested by TSC to establish 24-hour coverage, <u>THEN</u> complete PINGP 1376, OSC 24 Hour Coverage Worksheet and include FFD considerations related to fatigue, stress, illness, etc.
- 18. IF plant is terminating the emergency, THEN follow the direction of the ED on deactivation of the OSC.
- 19. IF plant is escalating the emergency classification, <u>THEN</u> proceed to the SITE AREA or GENERAL Emergency section of this checklist.

# ACTIVATION





# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

F3-4

REV:

28

#### Figure 6 PINGP 574

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 574, Rev. 28 Page 4 of 6

#### **OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST**

#### SITE AREA

\_\_\_\_1. <u>WHEN</u> a plant evacuation occurs, <u>THEN</u> ensure out plant teams are contacted to verify their well-being and activities for accountability purposes.

Security personnel will bring the personnel accountability list to the OSC for your verification of names.

- \_\_\_\_1.1. <u>WHEN</u> accountability list is received in the OSC, <u>THEN</u> ensure all out plant repair team members are accounted for. The Emergency Work Status Board may be used as a tool in this process.
- \_\_\_\_1.2. IF directed by the Emergency Director to conduct a manual accountability, <u>THEN</u> use PINGP 601 to list personnel names in OSC, Ops Lounge, Control Room and out plant personnel
  - 1.2.1. Direct list to be delivered to Security Manager or Designee in the TSC.
- \_\_\_\_\_2. IF intake of smoke <u>OR</u> airborne contamination from turbine deck is probable, <u>THEN</u> direct the shutdown of the OSC ventilation makeup and exhaust fans (controls operated on west wall).
- \_\_\_\_3. IF plant is terminating the emergency, THEN follow the direction of the ED on deactivation of the OSC.
- \_\_\_\_\_4. IF plant is escalating the emergency classification, <u>THEN</u> proceed to the GENERAL Emergency section of this checklist.

#### 



#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RESPONSIBILITIES	S DURING AN ALERT,
SITE AREA, OR GE	NERAL EMERGENCY

F3-4

REV:

NUMBER:

28 |

# Figure 6 PINGP 574

### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 574, Rev. 28 Page 5 of 6

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL

1. <u>WHEN</u> a plant evacuation occurs, <u>THEN</u> ensure out plant teams are contacted to verify their well-being and activities for accountability purposes.

Security personnel will bring the personnel accountability list to the OSC for your verification of names.

- 1.1. <u>WHEN</u> accountability list is received in the OSC, <u>THEN</u> ensure all out plant repair team members are accounted for. The Emergency Work Status Board may be used as a tool in this process.
- 1.2. <u>IF</u> directed by the Emergency Director to conduct a manual accountability, <u>THEN</u> use PINGP 601 to list personnel names in OSC, Ops Lounge, Control Room and out plant personnel
  - 1.2.1. Direct list to be delivered to Security Manager or Designee in the TSC.
- <u>IF</u> intake of smoke <u>OR</u> airborne contamination from turbine deck is probable, <u>THEN</u> direct the shutdown of the OSC ventilation makeup and exhaust fans (controls operated on west wall).

# GENERAL GENERAL GENERAL



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

NUMBER:

F3-4

28

REV:

# Figure 6 PINGP 574

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 574, Rev. 28 Page 6 of 6

**OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER COORDINATOR CHECKLIST** 

REPERSUBNOVER STEALED ORNOVER SREETER UNKOVER FEDERAL DINOVER

COMMENTS:

**OSC Coordinator** 

Date/Time

- IF turnover of OSC Coordinator responsibilities are required, <u>THEN</u> the oncoming OSC Coordinator should perform a thorough review of the sequence of events and conditions before turnover. They should use PINGP 574 as a guide.
- \_\_\_\_ 2. Check with the following on turnover status.
  - OSC RP COORDINATOR
  - ELECTRICAL SUPERVISOR
  - MECHANICAL SUPERVISOR
  - I&C SUPERVISOR
  - Ops Advisor (if available)
- \_\_\_\_3. <u>WHEN</u> turnover is complete, <u>THEN</u> make an OSC announcement using PINGP 1396.
- 4. WHEN turnover completed, THEN inform the TSC (ED 4332 or TSC Coordinator 4461).

Relief OSC Coordinator

Date/Time

RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER RELIEF TURNOVER





# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

F3-4

**REV:** 

28

	Figure 7 PINGP 911	
PING	P 911, Rev. 6	USE CURRENT REVISION
Page		
Docur	nent Type: 7.36N	
	Assembly Point Coordinator Checklist	
1.	<b>Proceed</b> to the designated assembly area and set up the ar directed in F3-9.	ea as
	Ask for a RPS, NPSA, Labor or other person who has experience using meters and frisking to assist in radiole monitoring and frisking.	had ogical
2.	Ensure radiological monitoring is established per F3-14.1. N (4350 or 4834) of any radiological problems.	Notify REC
	Name	
3.	Establish communications with the REC (4350 or 4834). (D Assembly Point Communicator if desired.)	
	Name	······································
4.	<u>IF</u> weather conditions that may be hazardous to health (i.e. e or cold) exist, <u>THEN</u> recommend to REC (4350 or 4834) to a Assembly Point to the EOF or release personnel.	xtreme heat move
5.	<b>Designate</b> a responsible individual for the control of Emerge Equipment.	ncy Locker
	Name	
6.	Assist the Emergency Director with the Personnel Accounta as necessary, per F3-10.	bility Check,
7.	Determine the need for personnel wholebody frisking. Reference for guidance.	r to F3-19
	Frisking Monitor	
8.	IF personnel OR vehicle deconning is necessary, THEN call request a RPS.	
9.	Coordinate activities of all personnel located at the Assembly	y Point.
10.	Give periodic updates to Assembly Point personnel as directer REC.	ed by the

J:\TEMPLATE\0911 Assembly Point Coordinator Checklist.dot

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT,** SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY

Figure 7 PINGP 911

Г

NUMBER:

F3-4 28

**REV:** 

	Figure 7 Pinge 911				
PINGI Page	P 911, Rev. 6 2 of 2	USE CURRENT REVISION			
11.	<b>Provide</b> instructions to personnel when they are released from the re-entry or transport offsite.	Assembly Point for			
12.	<ol> <li>IF a large number of vehicles (&gt;50) are being released from site, <u>THEN</u> inform the RPSS (ext. 4443) of this fact, so this information can be passed onto Goodhue County EOC.</li> </ol>				
13.	IF contamination is highly likely <u>AND</u> personnel have been released vehicles departing from the site per F3-19.	d, <u>THEN</u> monitor all			
14.	<b>Ensure</b> all Emergency Locker Equipment returned to proper place Point is no longer required per the REC.	when Assembly			
<u> </u>	······································	······			
	Assembly Point Coordinator Date/Tim	e			

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

F3-4

REV:

28

#### Figure 8 PINGP 1245 **EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION** PINGP 1245, Rev. 3 Page 1 of 1 Document Type: 7.36ZB Retention: Life of Plant OSC RADIATION PROTECTION COORDINATOR CHECKLIST (1) Notify OSC Coord when you have 4 RPS personnel present. Verify R-65 operational or setup an OSC Area Monitor.(F3-7, Section 7.2) (2) Periodically check readings. (3) Startup OSC/Control Room CAM. (F3-7, Section 7.2) Periodically verify proper operation of CAM. Determine radiological aspects of plant emergency and update OSC Coordinator; (4) as necessary. Communicate with REC in TSC frequently to assess radiological aspects of the plant emergency and necessary RP Group priorities. If radiological event: (5) Issue dosimetry to OSC and Control Room personnel. (PINGP 652) a. Evaluate eating and drinking in the OSC/Control Room and make b. recommendations to OSC Coord. (F3-14.1) Establish radiological monitoring for OSC/Control Room and keep OSC C. Coord informed of habitability. Evaluate need to shutdown OSC ventilation fan and make d. recommendations to OSC Coord. (6) Designate RPS to: Determine work groups inside Radiological Controlled Area and post on a. Work Status Board. b. Log into MIDAS to obtain Rad Monitor readings and monitor OSC CAM, every 15 minutes. NAME (7) Designate RPS to setup RWP/Dosimetry issue desk. (F3-7, Section 7.3) NAME Designate person to communicate with Onsite survey teams and update Rad (8) Status Board. NAME Direct RP Group personnel activities, as requested by REC. Keep REC informed (9) of Radiological Surveys completed and those in progress. (F3-14.1) When a Plant Evacuation occurs: (10)Designate RPS personnel to assist with radiological monitoring of a. personnel at Assembly Point. (F3-9) NAME NAME b. Contact Onsite survey teams and verify activities for Accountability purposes. Assist with Accountability as necessary. (F3-10) Establish contamination control for the OSC by setup of SOP and frisker C. station at OSC Entrance. Participate in periodic OSC Emergency Center updates (use OSC Update Guide). (11) (Should include a reminder to have RP Group included in Pre-Job Briefs.) OSC RP Coordinator Date/Time

J:\TEMPLATE\1245 OSC Radiation Protection Group Leader Checklist.dot

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# **RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN ALERT, SITE AREA, OR GENERAL EMERGENCY**

NUMBER:

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

**REV:** 

<u>F3-4</u> 28

Figure 9 PINGP 1237

PINGP 1237, Rev. 0 Page 1 of 1 Document Type: 7.36ZC Retention: Life of Plant

#### SAM EVALUATION TEAM LEADER CHECKLIST

NOTE:	in most cases, the Severe Accident Management Evaluation Team Leader will be
1	in most cases, the Severe Accident management Evaluation Team Leader will be
Association (Contraction)	staffed by the General Superintendent Operations.
	stance by the deneral Superintendent Operations.

(1) Designate the following positions:

- a. Diagnostics Flow Chart (DFC) Evaluator:
- b. Severe Challenge Status Tree (SCST) Evaluator:
- c. Other Evaluators, as necessary
- (2) Direct Evaluators to use ERCS, TSC engineering and Tech Communicator to continuously access, trend and update the DFC and SCST.
- (3) If TSC was not functional prior to entering Severe Accident Management, inform the Control Room that the TSC is now functional and able to perform the functions of Severe Accident Management.
- (4) Conduct a briefing with the Shift Manager to obtain detailed information on plant conditions and what plant activities have been accomplished and what activities are in progress.
- (5) Announce to the TSC that the TSC has entered into Severe Accident Management activities.
  - (6) Formulate severe accident strategies using the Severe Accident Guidelines, Severe Challenge Guidelines and Severe Accident Computational Aids.
  - (7) Recommend for authorization the implementation of the Severe Accident Strategies to the SAM Group Decision Maker (Emergency Director).

SAM EVALUATION TEAM LEADER/GSPO

DATE/TIME

J:\TEMPLATE\1237 Sam Evaluation Team Leader Checklist.dot



### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

RES	PONSIE	BILITIE	ES DUR	ING A	N ALERI	Γ,
SITE	AREA,	OR G	ENERA	L EM	ERGENC	Ý

NUMBER:

F3-4

28

REV:

EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

Figure 10 PINGP 1188

PINGP 1188, Rev. 5 Page 1 of 1 Document Type: 7.36ZA Retention: 2 Years

#### **TSC LOGISTICS CHECKLIST**

	1.	Report to the TSC Coordinator and assist as necessary.
<u> </u>	2.	Ensure a switchboard operator has staffed the TSC Switchboard in the Shift Emergency Communicator area.
	3.	Transport the Electrical Transition Files from the admin. building to the TSC Tech Resource Area (east end, 1 <sup>st</sup> floor). (Complete within 1 hour of activation notification).
	4.	Assist in notifying "Early Release" of site employee groups as requested (F3-9).
	5.	Assist issuing TSC dosimetry to personnel in upper and lower TSC areas using PINGP 652 when requested. Ensure dosimeters <25% scale before
	6.	Provide administrative and document support services as necessary.
	7.	Arrange for food and beverage for the plant's emergency organization in Control Room, OSC and TSC.
		a) DO NOT locate food in TSC engineering work area.
		b) Lunches may be placed in I&C area if NO radioactive release is occurring or in First Floor TSC. Lunches should be distributed to TSC workers as directed by TSC Coordinator.
	8.	Assist with the receipt or escorting of the NRC Site Response Team members when they arrive.
		a) Check with Radiological Emergency Coord. concerning a hazardous free entrance route.
		b) We expect: 3 or 4 NRC in TSC, 1 in OSC and 1 (the resident inspector) in Control Room.

1188 TSC Logistics Checklist.DOT

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER: F3-6 REV: 16

# REFERENCE USE

- Procedure segments may be performed from memory.
- Use the procedure to verify segments are complete.
- Mark off steps within segment before continuing.
- Procedure should be available at the work location.

O.C. REVIEW DATE:	OWNER:	EFFECTIVE DATE
3-4-02	M. Werner	4-15-02

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER:		
	F3-6	
REV:	16	

# 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this instruction is to describe the activation and monitoring requirements of the Technical Support Center.

### 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This instruction **SHALL** apply to all Shift Managers, Emergency Directors and all members of the TSC technical staff.

### 3.0 PRECAUTIONS

- **3.1** All unnecessary personnel **SHALL** be evacuated from the Technical Support Center when the Technical Support Center has been activated.
- **3.2** Monitoring of the Technical Support Center for direct radiation and airborne radioactive materials (particulate and iodine) **SHALL** be performed to ensure the habitability of the Technical Support Center.
- **3.3** Protective actions for individuals located in the Technical Support Center **SHALL** be taken at the prescribed levels of direct radiation or airborne radioactivity.

### 4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- **4.1** The TSC Coordinator is responsible to implement the actions directed in this procedure as necessary.
- **4.2** The Radiological Emergency Coordinator (REC) is responsible to provide oversight of the radiation monitoring of personnel and the TSC as necessary.

### 5.0 DISCUSSION

The first and second floor of the Old Administration Building Office Annex is designated as the onsite Technical Support Center (TSC). This area **SHALL** be used by plant management, technical and engineering groups, and NRC representatives as a center outside the main control room from which support for emergency operating conditions can be provided. The TSC **SHALL** be activated when an Alert, Site Area, or General Emergency is declared.



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER:	
	F3-6
REV:	16

### 6.0 PREREQUISITES

An Alert, Site Area, or General Emergency has been declared.

### 7.0 PROCEDURE

### 7.1 Activation of TSC

- 7.1.1 Activation of the Technical Support Center SHALL occur whenever an Alert, Site Area or General Emergency is declared. Activation of the TSC may occur during normal work hours or during off normal work hours:
  - A. During normal work hours, the Technical Support Center **SHALL** be activated whenever an Alert, Site Area, or General Emergency is declared, as announced over the public address system. All members of the Operations Committee and other designated engineers and staff members **SHALL** report to the TSC.
  - B. If activation of the Technical Support Center occurs during off normal hours, the Emergency Director **SHALL** designate the Shift Emergency Communicator (SEC) to contact all Emergency Organization personnel, in accordance with F3-5.
- 7.1.2 All nonessential personnel **SHALL** evacuate the TSC area when the TSC has been activated.
- **7.1.3** Additional personnel should be notified and requested to report to the Technical Support Center as deemed necessary.

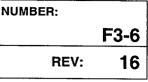
**NOTE:** Nonessential personnel from the OSC may position themselves in the TSC lower level due to high radiation dose rates or airborne contamination in the OSC.

- 7.1.4 As the emergency proceeds from the initial phase, (the period immediately following the emergency initiation) into the recovery phase, all Protective Actions for radiological hazards in the Technical Support Center SHALL be consistent with the plant Radiation Protection Program.
- **7.1.5** The Technical Support Center **SHALL** remain activated until the emergency situation has been terminated or as otherwise directed by the Emergency Director.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

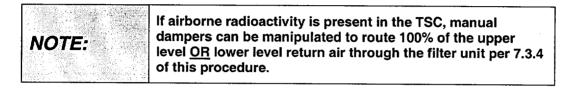


# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER



**7.1.6** The TSC Coordinator **SHALL** ensure proper activation and operation of the TSC by completing the duties listed on PINGP 573, TSC Coordinator Checklist.

# 7.2 Radiological Monitoring of TSC



- 7.2.1 Monitor radiation dose rates on the TSC Area Monitor, R-68.
- 7.2.2 If R-68 fails, or is not working, set up the AM-2 for monitoring:
  - A. **Obtain** the AM-2 from the TSC Locker.
  - B. **Plug** the AM-2 in.
  - C. Verify the green power light is on.
  - D. **Source check** the AM-2 with the button source in the TSC Locker and **verify** an upscale reading of meter.
  - E. If the AM-2 fails (power loss, incorrect reading, etc.), **contact** the Radiation Protection Group for additional radiation monitoring.

### 7.2.3 Establish operation of the TSC CAM



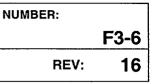
The CAM, located in the Turbine Bldg. near the west entrance to the TSC, is in a hot standby condition with the electronics energized and the blower, chart, and filter paper off.

- A. **Turn** the blower switch to the ON position (located next to the recorder) to start the blower, strip chart recorder, and the filter paper drive.
- B. **Adjust** the blower flow rate to 3 SCFM using the toggle switch located on the right side of the CAM.
- C. **Verify** the CAM is in operation (i.e., verify the blower, filter, strip charts are operating; meters are on scale, etc.).

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



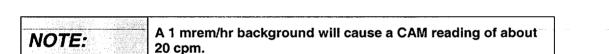
# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER



- D. If the CAM fails to operate properly, **contact** the Radiation Protection Group for additional sampling.
- **7.2.4** Routinely **monitor** R-68 and/or VAMP (if set up) for direct radiation levels, and the CAM for airborne particulate and iodine activity.
- **7.2.5** Take the following Protective Actions based on readings from the R-68, AM-2 or CAM.
  - A. DIRECT RADIATION

1.	at about 15mR/hr	<b>consider</b> evacuating all nonessential personnel from the Tech Support Center
2.	at 1 R/hr	evacuation to the Control Room is

recommended



B. CAM - Particulate

1.	< 1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> μCi/cc	no protective action necessary
2.	> 1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> but < 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> µCi/cc	<b>consider</b> use of respiratory protection and evacuation of all unnecessary personnel
3.	> 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> µCi/cc	evacuation to the Control Room is recommended

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



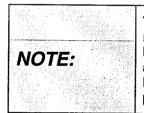
NOTE:

# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER:		
	F3-6	
REV:	16	

A 1 mrem/hr background will cause a CAM reading of about 100 cpm.

- C. CAM lodine
  - 1. If CAM alarms for iodine (5 x  $10^{-9} \mu$ Ci/cc), **establish** program of regular portable air samples by the Radiation Protection Group.
  - If portable air sample results > 1 DAC, consider evacuation of unnecessary personnel and limit exposures to less than 40 DAC - hours/week if possible.
  - 3. If portable air sample results > 10 DAC, **consider** evacuation to the Control Room.



The Radiological Emergency Coordinator (REC) should recommend the use of potassium iodide pills (thyroid blocking agent) if the projected thyroid exposure approaches 25 REM CDE. See F3-18, Thyroid lodine Blocking Agent (Potassium lodide), for determining projected thyroid exposures.

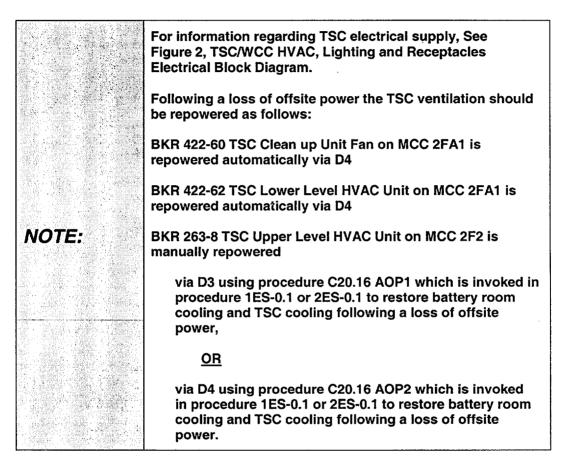
EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

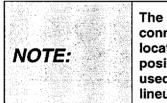


# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER: F3-6 REV: 16

# 7.3 TSC Ventilation System





The upper and lower TSC HVAC supply air ducts are connected with a crossover duct and manual dampers, located on the roof of the TSC. By changing the normal position of the manual dampers, either HVAC unit can be used to supply either floor. See Appendix A for damper lineup using the crossover duct.

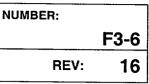
#### 7.3.1 System Startup

- A. **CLOSE** or **ensure** the TSC doors are closed.
- B. At the TSC Control Panel, turn ES-82601 from "NORMAL" to "EMERGENCY."

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER



- C. **Place** the Upper and Lower Level HVAC thermostat "AUTO-ON" fan switches in the "ON" position. (Thermostats located on north wall of upper level and south wall of lower level.)
- D. **Check** the following indications at the TSC Control Panel (**refer** to Figure 1, TSC Clean-up System):
  - 1. Filter Unit Trouble Light (Red light should be OFF).

<b>NOTE:</b> The TSC Return Fans should stop.
---

- 2. The Clean Up Unit Fan (253-60) should start (Red "ON" Light should be lit).
- 3. Lower Level Outside Air Isolation Damper (MD-34602) should close (Green "CLOSE" light should be lit).
- 4. Upper Level Outside Air Isolation Damper (MD-34603) should close (Green "CLOSE" light should be lit).
- 5. Outside Air Volume Control Damper (MD-34604) should modulate open. (This damper modulates and will normally show mid position-both lights <u>may</u> or <u>may not</u> be lit).
- 6. Clean Up Unit Volume Control Damper (MD-34605) should modulate open. (This damper modulates and will normally show mid position-both lights <u>may</u> or <u>may not</u> be lit).
- 7. In the "EMERGENCY" mode, the TSC should be at a positive pressure greater than 0.125 inches W.G. as indicated by TSC Positive Pressure Gauge 82608.
- E. **Place** the magnetic signs "TSC Vent System in Operation" on both sides of the 3 TSC Boundary doors (two on the West end and one on the East end).

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

# 7.3.2 Trouble Alarm

NOTE:		The filter unit red trouble light will also be lit for a few seconds right after startup until the cleanup fan comes up to speed.
	A.	The Filter Unit Red Trouble light will be lit if the following occurs:
		1. TSC Cleanup Unit Fan Differential Pressure Lo (DPIS-82321).
		2. Prefilter Differential Pressure Hi (DPIS-82331).
		3. 1st HEPA Filter Differential Pressure Hi (DPIS-82332).
		4. Charcoal Filter Differential Pressure Hi (DPIS-82333).
		5. 2nd HEPA Filter Differential Pressure Hi (DPIS-82334).
	В.	If the above light should be lit, <b>investigate</b> the local dp filter indications. The filters may require changing.
7.3.3	Sy	stem Shutdown
	A.	At the TSC Control Panel, <b>turn</b> ES-82601 from "EMERGENCY" to "NORMAL."
	В.	<b>CHECK</b> the following indications at the TSC Control Panel (refer to Figure 1, TSC Clean-up System):
		1. Filter Unit Trouble Light (Red light should be OFF).
NOTE:		The TSC Return Fans should start.
		<ol> <li>The Clean Up Unit Fan (253-60) should stop (Green "OFF" light should be lit).</li> </ol>

3. Lower Level Outside Air Isolation Damper (MD-34602) should open (Red "OPEN" light should be lit).

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER:		
	F3-6	
REV:	16	

- 4. Upper Level Outside Air Isolation Damper (MD-34603) should open (Red "OPEN" light should be lit).
- 5. Outside Air Volume Control Damper (MD-34604) should close (Green "CLOSE" light should be lit).
- 6. Clean up Unit Volume Control Damper (MD-34605) should close (Green "CLOSE" light should be lit).
- C. **Remove** the magnetic signs "TSC Vent System in Operation" from the TSC doors and **place** inside the TSC Control Panel.
- D. **Place** the upper and lower level HVAC thermostat "AUTO-ON" fan switches in the "AUTO" position. (Thermostats located on the north wall of the upper level and south of the lower level.)
- 7.3.4 TSC Airborne Radioactivity Fast Clean Up
  - A. Start System per 7.3.1.

**NOTE:** Mark the normal position of each damper prior to changing position.

- B. **OPEN** the Lower Level PAC Filter Return Manual Damper (Damper B) (Reference Figure 1).
- C. **CLOSE** the Upper Level PAC Filter Return Manual Damper (Damper D).
- D. CLOSE the Lower Level Return Manual Damper (Damper A).
- E. Partially CLOSE MD 34604 by changing the set point on FC 82103 to 10.
- F. **Monitor** airborne levels in the Lower Level TSC until they are acceptable.
- G. **OPEN** the Upper Level PAC Filter Return Manual Damper (Damper D).
- H. **Return** the Lower Level Return Manual Damper to the Normal Position (Damper A).
- I. **CLOSE** the Lower Level PAC Filter Return Manual Damper (Damper B)

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

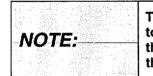


# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER: F3-6 REV: 16

- J. **CLOSE** the Upper Level Return Manual Damper (Damper C).
- K. **Monitor** Airborne Levels in the Upper Level TSC until they are acceptable.
- L. **Return** the Upper Level Return Manual Damper (Damper C) to the Normal Position.
- M. **Return** the Lower Level PAC Filter Return Manual Damper (Damper B) to the Normal position.
- N. **Return** the Upper Level PAC Filter Return Manual Damper (Damper D) to the Normal position.
- O. Return the setpoint on FC 82103 to 25.

### 7.4 Dosimetry Issue



The purpose of issuing dosimetry to personnel in the TSC is to provide a record of exposures received while working in the TSC and exposures received while in transit to and from the emergency centers.

- **7.4.1** If the event is a radiological event or has potential to be a radiological event, **issue** personnel dosimetry to each individual in the TSC and **log** initial dosimeter readings on PINGP 652, Emergency Center Activation Exposure Records.
- **7.4.2** As more personnel report to the TSC throughout the radiological event, **ensure** they are issued personnel dosimetry.
- **7.4.3** If a Secondary Access Control Point is set up for plant access, PINGP 652 should be forwarded to the Secondary Access Control Point for dosimetry logging when personnel leave the site at the end of their shift.
- **7.4.4** All entrances to the Aux Bldg **SHALL** be made via the OSC where each individual is advised of current radiological conditions in the Aux Bldg and issued additional dosimetry, as appropriate.
- **7.4.5** In those cases when an individual is going to an area where there exists high potential for the presence of radioactive contamination or radiation, the individual should go to the OSC first to be advised of current conditions and issued additional dosimetry, as appropriate.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

NUMBER:		
	F3-6	
REV:	16	

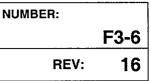
# 7.5 Set up of TSC Frisking Station

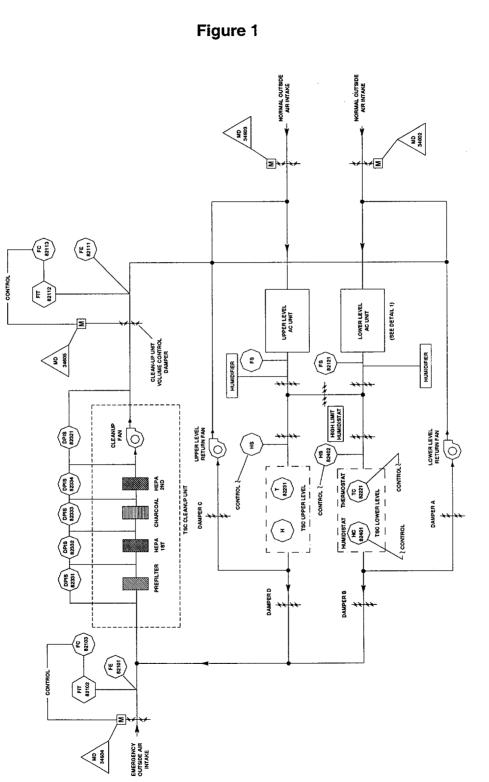
- 7.5.1 Place portable frisker on shelf, located in hallway outside east TSC entrance door, and **plug** into AC outlet.
- 7.5.2 Place Step-Off-Pad on floor outside East TSC entrance door.
- **7.5.3** All personnel entering TSC should frisk hands and feet (at a minimum) and areas of concern for possible radiological contamination.
- **7.5.4** If no radiological contamination exists outside the normal radiological controlled areas, the TSC frisking station may be removed.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

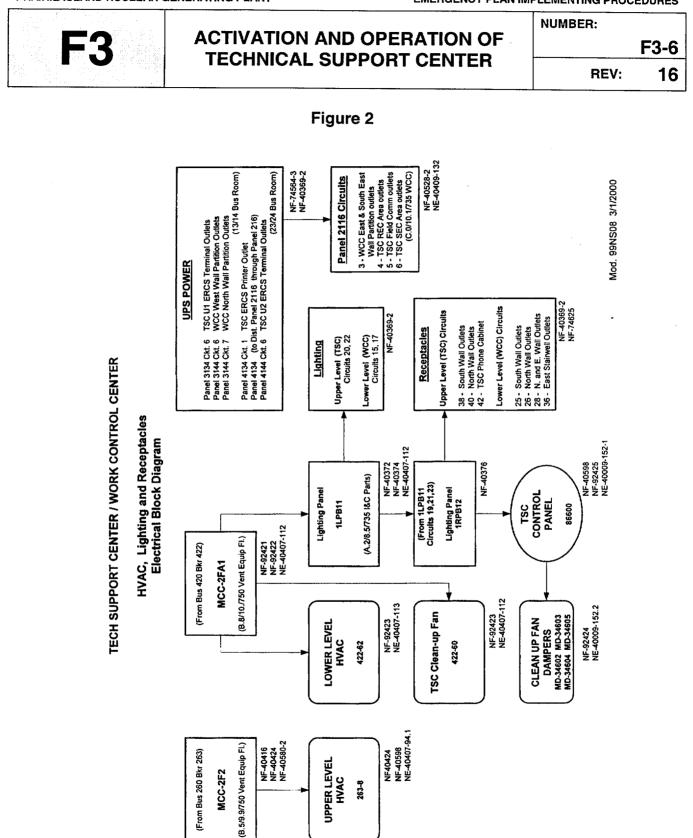


# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER





#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



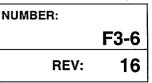
Page 14 of 16

1999

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER



### Appendix A

The upper and lower TSC HVAC supply air ducts are connected with a crossover duct and manual dampers, located on the roof of the TSC. The crossover damper is normally closed. By changing the normal position of the manual dampers, either HVAC unit can be used to supply either floor.

1. Manual damper lineup for normal operations:

TSC UPPER LVL SUPPLY UPSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

TSC UPPER LVL SUPPLY DWNSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

TSC X-OVER DAMPER - CLOSED

TSC LOWER LVL SUPPLY UPSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

TSC LOWER LVL SUPPLY DWNSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

2. Manual damper lineup for UPPER LVL HVAC Unit OUT OF SERVICE, LOWER LVL HVAC Unit supplying air to upper level:

TSC UPPER LVL SUPPLY UPSTRM DAMPER - CLOSED

TSC UPPER LVL SUPPLY DWNSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

TSC X-OVER DAMPER - OPEN

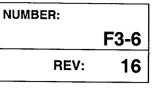
TSC LOWER LVL SUPPLY UPSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

TSC LOWER LVL SUPPLY DWNSTRM DAMPER - **CLOSED** to force all air to upper level as desired <u>OR</u> **ADJUST** to provide air to both levels.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



# ACTIVATION AND OPERATION OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER



# Appendix A



The TSC CAM sample tube is located in the TSC LOWER LVL HVAC return air duct. If the TSC LOWER LVL HVAC unit is out of service, use grab samples to monitor TSC air quality.

3. Manual damper lineup for LOWER LVL HVAC Unit OUT OF SERVICE, UPPER LVL HVAC Unit supplying air to lower level:

TSC UPPER LVL SUPPLY UPSTRM DAMPER – OPEN

TSC UPPER LVL SUPPLY DWNSTRM DAMPER - **CLOSED** to force all air to lower level as desired <u>OR</u> **ADJUST** to provide air to both levels.

TSC X-OVER DAMPER – OPEN

TSC LOWER LVL SUPPLY UPSTRM DAMPER - CLOSED

TSC LOWER LVL SUPPLY DWNSTRM DAMPER - OPEN

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE



# CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

# REFERENCE USE

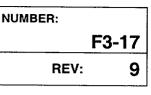
- Procedure segments may be performed from memory.
- Use the procedure to verify segments are complete.
- Mark off steps within segment before continuing.
- Procedure should be available at the work location.

O.C. REVIEW DATE:	OWNER:	EFFECTIVE DATE
2-20-02 50	M. Werner	4-15-02

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE



# CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to provide a means to best estimate the degree of reactor core damage from the measured fission product concentrations in water and gas samples taken for the primary system and containment under accident conditions.

### 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This procedure SHALL apply to the Nuclear Engineering Staff.

### 3.0 PRECAUTIONS

- 3.1 The numbers obtained using this procedure are at best, estimates only.
- **3.2** When making core damage calculations as per this procedure, considerations should be given to other plant indicators, for example:
  - 3.2.1 Incore Thermocouples.
  - 3.2.2 Reactor Coolant Loop Radiation Monitors (R70/71).
  - 3.2.3 Containment Radiation Monitors (R48/49).
  - **3.2.4** Hydrogen Concentration in the Containment Atmosphere
- **3.3** Spiking may occur after a shutdown or significant power change, usually during the 2 to 6 hour period following the power change. Iodine spiking is a characteristic of the condition where an increase in the normal primary coolant activity is noted, but no damage to the cladding has occurred.

### 4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Nuclear Engineering Group is responsible to estimate the degree of reactor core damage according to the guidance provided in this procedure.

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE



# CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

#### 5.0 DISCUSSION

The approach utilized in this methodology of core damage assessment is measurement of fission product concentrations in the primary coolant system, and containment, when applicable, utilizing the post accident sampling system.

Certain nuclides have been selected to be associated with each particular core damage state, i.e., clad damage, fuel overheat and fuel melt. These nuclides reach equilibrium quickly within the fuel cycle. Once equilibrium condition are reached, a fixed inventory of the nuclides is assumed to exist within the fuel pellet. For these nuclides which reach equilibrium, their relative ratios within the fuel pellet can also be considered to be constant. During operation, certain volatile fission products collect in the gap. The relative ratios in the gap can also be considered to be constant, however, the distribution of the nuclides in the gap is not in the same proportion as the fuel pellet inventory since the migration of each nuclide into the gap is dependent on its particular diffusion rate. The relative ratios of the nuclides analyzed during an accident may be compared to the predicted relative ratios existing in the gap and fuel pellet to determine the source of the fission product release, i.e., gap release or fuel pellet.

Clad damage is characterized by the release of these fission products, i.e., isotopes of the noble gases, iodine, and cesium which have accumulated in the gap and during the operation of the plant. When the cladding ruptures, it is assumed that the fission product gap inventory of the damaged fuel rods is instantaneously released to the primary system. For this methodology it is assumed that the noble gases will escape through the break of the primary system boundary to the containment atmosphere and the iodines will stay in solution and travel with primary system water during the accident.

Fission product release associated with overtemperature fuel conditions arises initially from the portion of the noble gas, cesium and iodine inventories that was previously accumulated in grain boundaries. In addition, small amounts of the more refractory elements, barium-lanthanum, and strontium are also released.

Fuel pellet melting leads to rapid release of many noble gases, halides, and cesiums remaining in the fuel after overheat conditions. Significant release of the strontium, barium-lanthanum chemical groups is perhaps the most distinguishing feature of melt release conditions.

Auxiliary indicators such as core exit thermocouples, reactor vessel water level, reactor coolant loop radiation monitors, containment radiation monitors, and the containment hydrogen concentration are available for estimating core damage. These indications should confirm the core damage estimates which in turn are based on the radionuclide analysis.

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

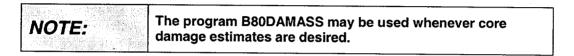


# CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

### 6.0 PREREQUISITES

An emergency of an Alert, Site Alert, or General Emergency has been declared.

### 7.0 PROCEDURE



- **7.1** Request the Radiation Protection Group to obtain the applicable samples to enable an adequate assessment of core damage. See Table 1 for suggested sampling locations.
- 7.2 Obtain the following plant data at the approximate sample time:
  - 7.2.1 Incore Thermocouple Map
  - 7.2.2 Containment Pressure
  - 7.2.3 Containment Temperature
  - 7.2.4 Containment Hydrogen Concentration
  - 7.2.5 Containment Radiation Level
  - 7.2.6 Containment Sump Level
  - 7.2.7 RVLIS Level
- **7.3** Perform B80DAMASS according to the instructions in SWI-NE-5 (23) to obtain core damage estimates. Continue with Step 7.15 of this procedure when the B80DAMASS run is complete.



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

- 43 C 20 C 20		1	
		If the computer is not available, perform the following manual calculations to obtain core damage estimates.	
		in the computer is not available, perform the following	
	i 🖉 🚛 🖷 - i sei programa i si i	I manual calculations to obtain core damage estimates	
a de servicio	(4) A.	Inanual calculations to obtain core valuage estimates.	
	and prove the		

7.4 Decay correct the specific activities determined by the sample analysis, back to the time of reactor shutdown, as follows:

$$A_0 = \frac{A}{e^{-\lambda_i t}}$$

Where:

A = measured specific activity,  $\mu$ Ci/gm or  $\mu$ Ci/cc

 $\lambda_i$  = decay constant of isotope i, sec<sup>-1</sup>

t = time elapsed from reactor shutdown to time of sampling, sec.

 $A_0$  = decay corrected specific activity  $\mu$ Ci/gm or  $\mu$ Ci/cc

- **7.5** If a parent-daughter relationship exists for a specific isotope, the following steps should be followed to calculate the fraction of the measured activity due to the decay of the daughter that was released and then to calculate the activity of the daughter released at shutdown.
  - **7.5.1** Calculate the hypothetical daughter concentration (Q<sub>B</sub>) at the time of the sample analysis assuming 100 percent release of the parent and daughter source inventory:

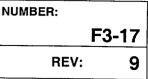
$$Q_{B}(t) = K_{i} \frac{\lambda_{B}}{\lambda_{B} - \lambda_{Ai}} Q^{o}{}_{AI} \left( e^{-\lambda_{Ai}t} - e^{-\lambda_{B}t} \right) + Q^{o}{}_{B} e^{-\lambda_{B}t}$$

Where:

Q <sup>0</sup> Ai	=	100% source inventory (Ci) of parent i, Table 2 or Table 4.
Q <sup>0</sup> <sub>B</sub>	=	100% source inventory (Ci) of daughter, Table 2 or Table 4.
Q <sub>B</sub> (t)	=	hypothetical daughter activity (Ci) at sample time.
Ki	=	if parent has 2 daughters, K <sub>i</sub> is the branching factor, Table 3.
$\lambda_{Ai}$	=	decay constant of parent i, sec <sup>-1</sup>
$\lambda_{B}$	=	daughter decay constant, sec <sup>-1</sup>
t	=	time period from shutdown to time sample, sec. Page 5 of 39



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



**7.5.2** Determine the contribution of only the decay of the initial inventory of the daughter to the hypothetical daughter activity at sample time:

$$\mathsf{Fr} = \frac{\mathsf{Q}^{\mathsf{o}_{\mathsf{B}}} \, \mathrm{e}^{\boldsymbol{\cdot} \lambda_{\mathsf{B}} t}}{\mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{B}}(t)}$$

**7.5.3** Calculate the amount of decay corrected sample specific activity associated with just the daughter that was released.

$$M^0_B = Fr X A_0$$

Where:  $A_0 = decay$  corrected specific activity ( $\mu$ Ci/gm or  $\mu$ Ci/cc) as determined by the analysis.

- 7.6 Determine the total volume or mass of the medium which was sampled.
  - 7.6.1 Containment Volume:
    - V = containment free volume (cc's)

$$=$$
 3.74 X 10<sup>10</sup> cc's

#### 7.6.2 Liquid Mass:

A. Liquid temperature < 200°F

Mass (gms) = volume (ft3) X  $\rho_{\text{STP}}$  X  $\frac{28.3 \times 10^3 \text{cc}}{\text{ft}^3}$ 

Where:  $\rho_{\text{STP}}$  = water density at STP = 1.0 gm/cc

B. Liquid temperature > 200°F

Mass (gms) = volume (ft<sup>3</sup>) X 
$$\frac{\rho}{\rho_{STP}}$$
 (2) X  $\rho_{STP}$  X  $\frac{28.3 \times 10^{3} \text{ cc}}{\text{ft}^{3}}$ 

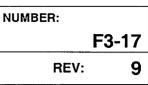
Where: 
$$\frac{\rho}{\rho_{\text{STP}}}$$
 (2) = water density ratio at medium temperature, from Figure 1

 $\rho_{\text{STP}}$  = water density at STP = 1.0 gm/cc

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE



CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



- 7.7 Determine the total activity of each isotope in each medium.
  - 7.7.1 Containment Atmosphere:

Total con Activity (c		t =	A <sub>0</sub> (μCi/cc) X V (cc's) X Curie 1 X 10 <sup>6</sup> μCi
Where:	Ao	=	Specific activity of containment atmosphere (µCi/cc), decay corrected to time of reactor shutdown and temperature/pressure corrected.
	V	=	containment free volume (cc's)
		=	3.74 X 10 <sup>10</sup> cc's

7.7.2 Liquid Sample:

Total Liquid	=	Liquid	x A₀ (μCi/cc)	x Curie 1 X 10 <sup>6</sup> µCi
Activity (Curie	s)	MASS (gm	ns)	
Where: $A_0$	=		y of liquid sample ne of reactor shut	

**7.8** The approximate total activity of each isotope in the liquid samples can now be calculated.

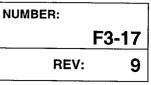
Total Water Activity = RCS Activity + Sump Activity + Activity Leaked to Secondary System.

**7.9** Now the total activity of each isotope released at the time of the accident can be determined:

Total Activity = Total Water + Containment Released Activity Atmosphere Activity

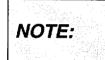


## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



**7.10** Utilizing the total activity of each isotope released, calculate the activity ratios of the released fission products.

7.10.1	Noble Gas Ratio	Noble Gas Activity
/		Xe-133 Activity
7.10.2	Iodine Ratio =	Iodine Activity



Steady state power conditions may be assumed where power does not vary by more than  $\pm$  10% of rated power level from time averaged value.

- 7.11 Determine the power history prior to reactor shutdown.
- **7.12** Using the power history, determine a power correction factor for each isotope, in accordance with the following guidelines:

	Steady state power condition is assumed where the power
	does not vary by more than $\pm$ 10% of rated power level from
	time averaged value.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

- 7.12.1 Steady State power prior to shutdown.
  - A. Half-life of nuclide < 1 day

Power Correction Factor = Average Power Level (Mwt) for Prior 4 Days Rated Power Level (Mwt)

B. Half-life of nuclide > 1 day

Power Correction Factor = Average Power Level (Mwt) for Prior 30 Days Rated Power Level (Mwt)

C. Half-life of nuclide ~ 1 year

Power Correction Factor = Average Power Level (Mwt) for Prior 1 year Rated Power Level (Mwt)

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

	<b>F</b> 3	

NOTE:

## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

**7.12.2** Transient power history in which the power has not remained constant prior to reactor shutdown.

For the majority of the selected nuclides, the 30-day power history prior to shutdown is sufficient to calculate a power correction factor.

A. Power Correction Factor

$$\frac{\Sigma_{j} P_{j} (1 - e^{-\lambda_{i} t_{j}}) e^{-\lambda_{i} t_{j}^{o}}}{RP}$$

- $P_j$  = average power level (Mwt) during operating period  $t_j$
- RP = rated power level of the core (Mwt)
- t<sub>j</sub> = operating period in days at power P<sub>j</sub> where power does not vary more than ±10 percent power of rated power level from time averaged value (P<sub>j</sub>).
- $\lambda_i$  = decay constant of nuclide i in inverse days.
- $t_{j}^{0}$  = time between end of period j and time of reactor shutdown in days.
- B. For the few nuclides with half-lives around one year or longer, a power correction factor which ratios effective full power days to total calendar days of cycle operation is applied.

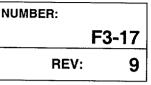
Power Correction Factor = Actual Operating EFPD of equilibrium cycle Total expected EFPD of equilibrium cycle operation Where: Equilibrium Cycle = three (3) cycles of core operation (approximately 1050 EFPD)

- **7.12.3** For Cs-134, Figure 2 is used to determine the power correction factor. To use Figure 2, the average power during the entire operating period is required.
- **7.13** The total inventory of fission products available for release at reactor shutdown are calculated by applying the power correction factors to the equilibrium, end-of-life core inventories.

		Equilibrium Inventory at		Power
Corrected Inventory	=	end – of – life (Ci)	Х	Correction
		(Table 2)		Factor



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



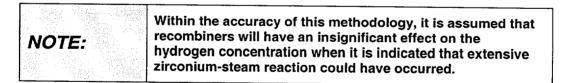
7.14 Determine the percentage of inventory released, for each isotope.

Release

Total Activity Released (Ci) Corrected Inventory (Ci)

Percentage (%)

- **7.15** The results of radionuclide analysis may now be used to determine an estimate of the extent of core damage.
  - **7.15.1** From Figure 3 thru 15, estimate the extent of core damage by categorizing the percentage of clad damage, fuel over-temperature, and fuel melt.
  - **7.15.2** Compare the calculated activity ratios with those listed in Table 5. Measured relative ratios greater than the gap activity ratios listed in Table 5 are indicative of more severe failures, e.g., fuel overheat.
- **7.16** To verify the conclusion of the radionuclide analysis, other indicators should now be used to provide verification of the estimate of core damage.
  - 7.16.1 Containment Hydrogen Concentration:
    - A. Obtain the containment hydrogen concentration (%).



- B. From Figure 16, determine the percentage (%) zirconium water reaction.
- C. Table 6 can be used to validate the extent of core damage estimate.

	- 6		N.	
		4		
	. 🗑	$\mathbf{O}$	)	
_		-	· ·	

CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

- 7.16.2 Core Exit thermocouple Readings:
  - A. Obtain as many core exit thermocouple readings as possible for evaluation of core temperature conditions.

NOTE:	If a thermocouple reads greater than 1650°F or is reading considerably different than neighboring thermocouples, thermocouple failure should be considered.	
-------	---	--

B. Compare the thermocouple readings with those in Table 7 to confirm the core damage estimate.

İ		Radiation Monitors in containment may experience errors	
	NOTE:	during first 4 hours after a DBA LOCA due to thermally	
		induced errors. See Attachment 1 for more information.	

- 7.16.3 Containment Radiation Monitor:
  - A. Obtain the containment dome monitor readings, R/Hr, from R-48 and/ or R-49.
  - B. From Figure 17, verify core damage estimate. The exposure rate in Figure 17 is based on the release of only noble gases to the containment. Halogens and other fission products were not considered to be significant contributors to the containment monitor reading.
- 7.16.4 Reactor Coolant Loop Radiation Monitor:
  - A. Obtain the reactor coolant loop radiation monitor readings, R/Hr, from R-70 and/or R-71.
  - B. From Figure 18, determine estimated core damage.
- 7.17 All indicators should confirm any core damage estimates. If radio-nuclide analysis and auxiliary indicators do not agree on core damage estimates, then recheck of indications may be performed, or certain indicators may be discounted, based on engineering judgment.

NUMBER:



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

F3-17

REV: 9

## Table 1 Suggested Sampling Locations

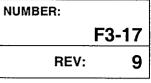
Scenario	Principal Sampling Locations	Other Sampling Locations
Small Break LOCA Reactor Power > 1% <sup>±</sup> Reactor Power < 1% <sup>±</sup>	RCS Hot Leg, Containment Atmosphere RCS Hot Leg**	
Large Break LOCA Reactor Power > 1%* Reactor Power < 1%*	Containment Sump, Containm Atmosphere, RCS Hot Leg Containment Sump, Containm Atmosphere	
Steam Line Break	RCS Hot Leg,	Containment Atmosphere
Steam Generator Tube Rupture	RCS Hot Leg, Secondary System	
Indication of Signif- icant Containment Sump Inventory	Containment Sump, Containm Atmosphere	nent.
Containment Building Radiation Monitor Alarm	Containment Sump	
Safety Injection Actuated	RCS Hot Leg	
Indication of High Radiation Level in RCS	RCS Hot Leg	

\* Assume operating at that level for some appreciable time.

\*\* If a RCS hot leg sample is unavailable and the RHR system is operating, obtain a RHR system sample. However, for a RHR system sample to be a good representation of the RCS, the primary water should be circulating through the system.



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



#### Table 2 Fuel Pellet Inventory

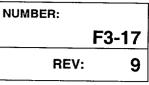
Fuel Pellet Inventory\*

Nuclide	Half Life	Inventory Curies**
Kr 85m	4.4	$1.0 \times 10^7$
Kr 87	76 m	$1.85 \times 10^7$
Kr 88	2.8 h	$2.69 \times 10^7$
Xe 131m	11.8 d	$2.94 \times 10^5$
Xe 133	5.27 d	$9.26 \times 10^7$
Xe 133m	2.26 d	$1.35 \times 10^7$
Xe 135	9.14 h	$1.77 \times 10^{7}$
I 131	8.05 d	$4.54 \times 10^7$
I 132	2.26 h	6.65 x 10 <sup>7</sup>
1 133	20.3 h	9.26 x $10^7$
I 135	6.68 h	$8.33 \times 10^7$
Rb 88	17.8 m	$2.69 \times 10^7$
Cs 134	2 yr	$1.09 \times 10^{7}$
Cs 137	30 yr	$4.96 \times 10^{6}$
Te 129	68.7 m	$1.51 \times 10^7$
'Te 132	77.7 h	$6.65 \times 10^7$
Sr 89	52.7 d	$3.70 \times 10^7$
Sr 90	28 yr	$3.36 \times 10^{6}$
Ba 140	12.8 d	$7.91 \times 10^7$
La 140	40.22 h	$8.33 \times 10^{7}$
La 142	92.5 m	$7.07 \times 10^{7}$
Pr 144	17.27 m	$5.81 \times 10^7$

\* Inventory based on ORIGEN run for equilibrium, end-of-life core.
\*\* Westinghouse, 2-Loop, 1650 Mwt Plant



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



#### Table 3 Parent-Daughter Relationships

Parent	Parent <u>Half-Life</u> *	Daughter	Daughter <u>Half-Life</u> *	<u>K**</u>
Kr-88	2.8 h	Rb-88	17.8 m	1.00
1-131	8.05 d	Xe-131m	11.8 d	.008
1-133	20.3 h	Xe-133m	2.26 d	.024
I-133	20.3 h	Xe-133	5.27 d	.976
Xe-133m	2.26 d	Xe-133	5.27 d	1.00
1-135	6.68 h	Xe-135	9.14 h	.70
Xe-135m	15.6 m	Xe-135	9.14 h	1.00
1-135	6.68 h	Xe-135m	15.6 m	.30
Te-132	77.7 h	I-132	2.26 h	1.00
Sb-129	4.3 h	Te-129	68.7 m	.827
Te-129m	34.1 d	Te-129	68.7 m	. 680
Sb-129	4.3 h	Te-129m	34.1 d	.173
Ba-140	12.8 d	La-140	40.22 h	1.00
Ba-142	11 m	La-142	92.5 m	1.00
Ce-144	284 d	Pr-144	17.27 m	1.00

\* <u>Table of Isotopes</u>, Lederer, Hollander, and Perlman, Sixth Edition
\*\* Branching decay factor

**F3** 

### CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

### Table 4 Source Inventory of Related Parent Nuclides

Nuclide	<u>Half-Life</u>	Inventory, Curies
Xe-135m	15.6 m	$1.97 \times 10^{7}$
Sb-129	4.3 h	$1.49 \times 10^7$
Te-129m	34.1 d	$3.74 \times 10^{6}$
Ba-142	11 m	$7.65 \times 10^7$
Ce-144	284 d	$4.83 \times 10^7$



### CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

#### Table 5 Isotopic Activity Ratios of Fuel Pellet and Gap

<u>Nuclide</u>	Fuel Pellet Activity Ratio	Gap Activity Ratio
Kr-85m	0.11	0.022
Kr-87	0.22	0.022
Kr-88	0.29	0.045
Xe-131m	0.004	0.004
Xe-133	1.0	1.0
Xe-133m	0.14	0.096
Xe-135	0.19	0.051
1-131	1.0	1.0
I-132	1.5	0.17
I-133	2.1	0.71
1-135	1.9	0.39
	Noble Gas Ratio = Noble Gas Isotope Inver	itory

#### Isotopic Activity Ratios of Fuel Pellet and Gap\*

Iodine Ratio = Iodine Isotope Inventory I-131 Inventory

Xe-133 Inventory

\* The measured ratios of various nuclides found in reactor coolant during normal operation is a function of the amount of "tramp" uranium on fuel rod cladding, the number and size of "defects" (i.e., "pin holes"), and the location of the fuel rods containing the defects in the core. The ratios derived in this report are based on calculated values of relative concentrations in the fuel or in the gap. The use of these present ratios for post accident damage assessment is restricted to an attempt to differentiate between fuel overtemperature conditions and fuel cladding <u>failure</u> conditions. Thus the ratios derived here are not related to fuel <u>defect</u> levels incurred during normal operation.

Core Damage Category	Percent and Type of Fission Products Released	Fission Product Ratio***	Containment Radiogas Monitor R/hr 10 hrs after shutdown**	Core Exit Thermocouples Readings (Deg F)	Core Uncovery Indication	Hydrogen Honitor (Vol % H <sub>2</sub> )
Nn clad damage	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Not Applicable		< 750	No uncovery	Negligiblo
0-50% clad demage	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Kr-87 = 0.022 I-133 = 0.71	0 - 50	750 - 1300	Core uncovery	0 - 6
50-100% clad damage	Kr-87 0.01 - 0.02 Xe-133 0.1 - 0.2 I-131 0.3 - 0.5 I-133 0.1 - 0.2	Kr - 87 = 0.022 I - 133 = 0.71	50 to 100	1300 - 1650	Core uncovery	6 - 13
0-50% fuel pellet overtemperature	Xe-Kr, Cs, I 1 - 20 Sr-Bs 0 - 0.1	Kr - 87 = 0.22 1-133 = 2.1	100 to 1.15E4	> 1650	Core uncovery	6 - 13
50-100% fuel pellet overtemperature	Xe-Kr, Cx, I 20 - 40 Sr-Ba 0.1 - 0.2	Kr-87 = 0.22 I-133 = 2.1	i.15E4 to 2.3E4	> 1650	Core uncovery	6 - 13
9-50% fuel melt	Xe, Kr, Cs, I 40-70 Sr-Be 0.2 - 0.8 Fr 0.1 - 0.8	Kr-87 = 0.22 I-133 = 2.1	2.3E4 to 2.7E4	> 1650	Core uncovery	6 - 13
50-100% fuel melt	Xe, Xr, Cs, I, Te > 70 Sr, Ba > 24 Pr > 0.8	Kr-87 = 0.22 I-133 = 2.1	> 2.7E4	> 1650	Core uncovery	6 - 13

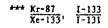
#### Characteristics of Categories of Fuel Damage\*

This table is intended to supplement the methodology outlined in this report and should not be used without referring to this report and without considerable engineering judgement.

\*\* These values are from Figure 17 and should be revised for times other than 10 hours.

-----

. . . . . . . .



CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

Γ ω

Table

σ

Characteristics of Categories of Fuel Damage

NUMBER: F3-17

**REV:** 

Q

PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

NUMBER:



## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

F3-17 REV: 9 

## Table 7 Expected Fuel Damage Correlation With Fuel Rod Temperature

Fuel Damage	Temperature °F*
No Damage	< 1300
Clad Damage	1300 - 2000
Ballooning of zircaloy cladding	> 1300
Burst of zircaloy cladding	1300 - 2000
Oxidation of cladding and hydrogen generation	>.1600
Fuel Overtemperature	2000 - 3450
Fission product fuel lattice mobility	2000 - 2550
Grain boundary diffusion release of fission products	2450 - 3450
Fuel Melt	> 3450
Dissolution and liquefaction of UO <sub>2</sub> in the Zircaloy - ZrO <sub>2</sub> eutectic	> 3450
Melting of remaining UO <sub>2</sub>	5100

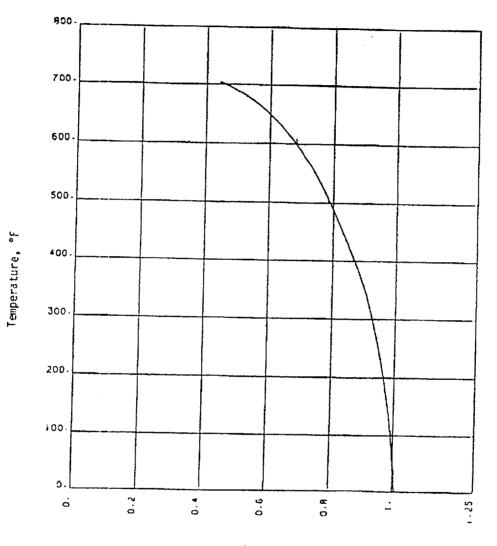
\* These temperatures are material property characteristics and are non-specific with respect to locations within the fuel and/or fuel cladding.



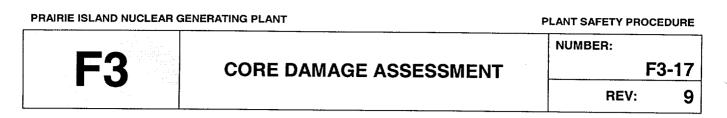
## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9



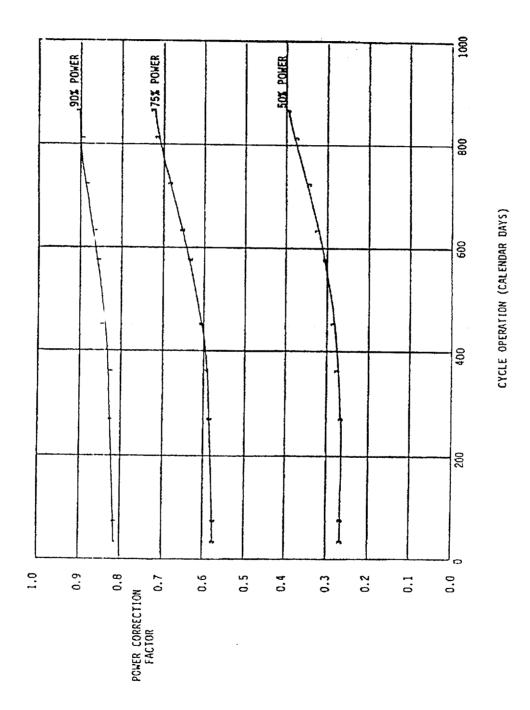


°∕° STP



- - **X** 

## Figure 2 Power Correction Factor For CS-134 Based on Average Power During Operation



Page 20 of 39

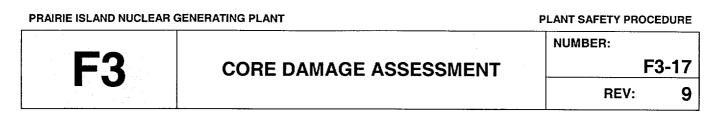
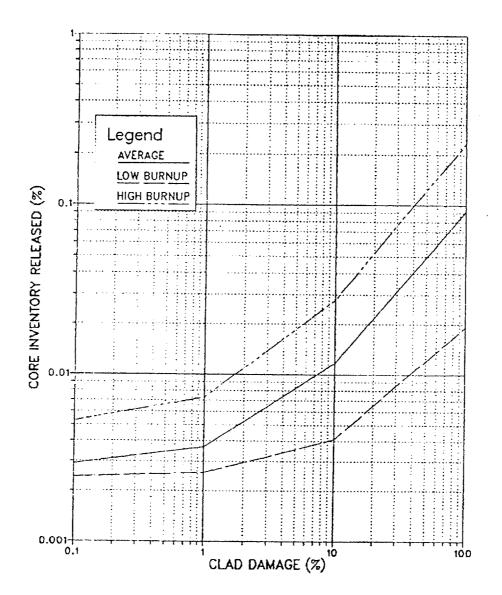


Figure 3 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of XE-133



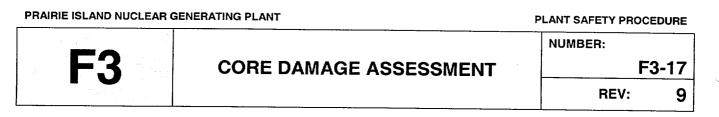
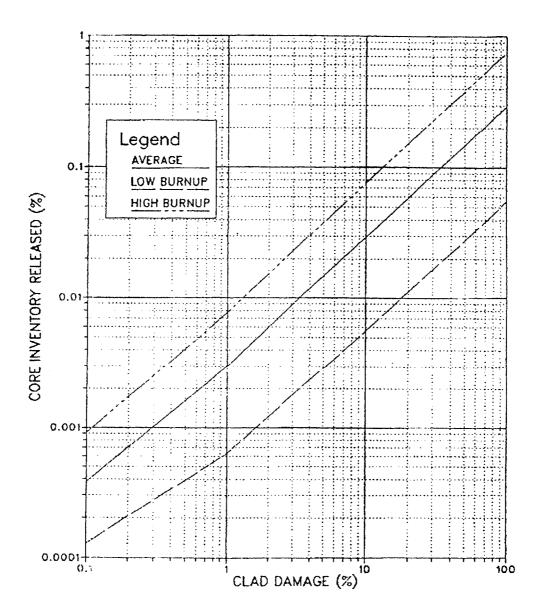
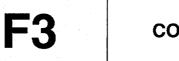


Figure 4 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of I-131

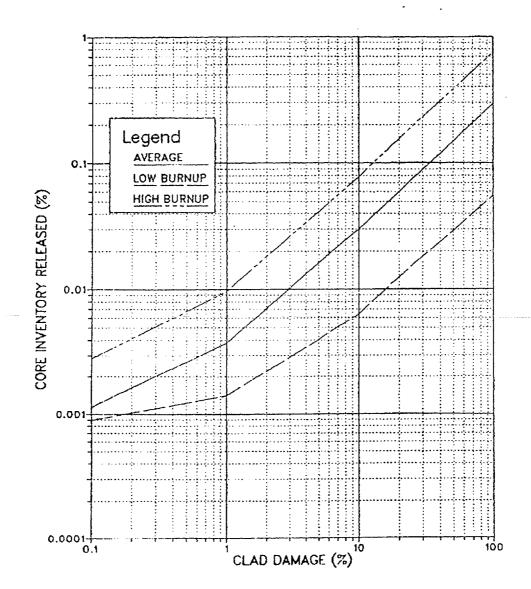




CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17 REV: 9

# Figure 5 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of I-131 W/Spiking



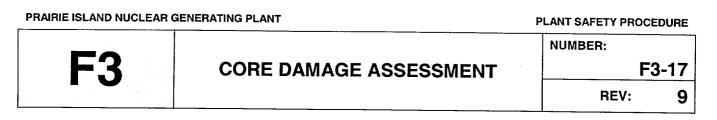
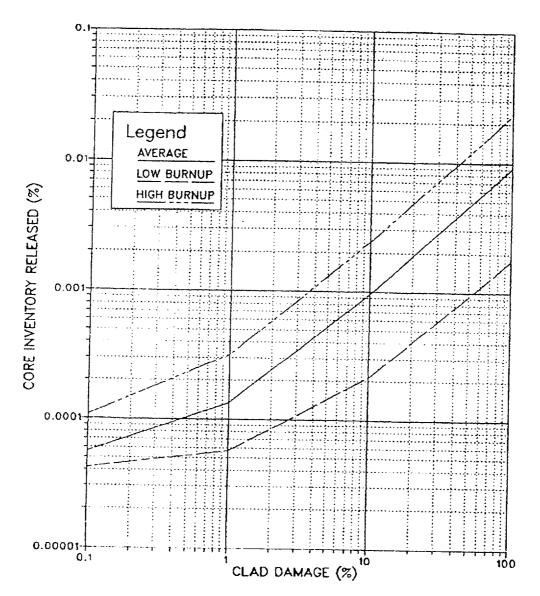


Figure 6 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of KR-87



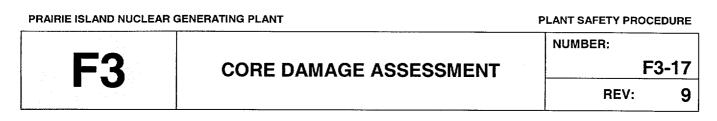
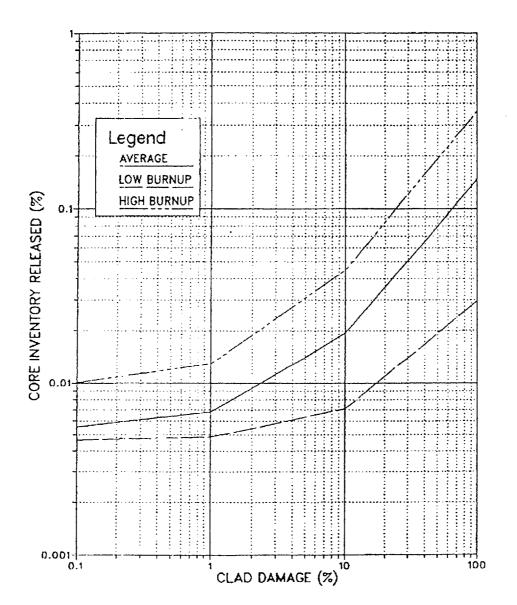


Figure 7 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of XE-131M



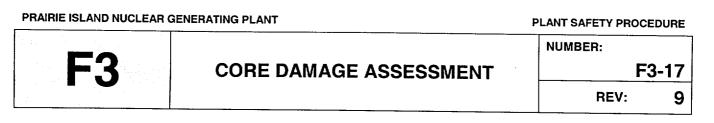
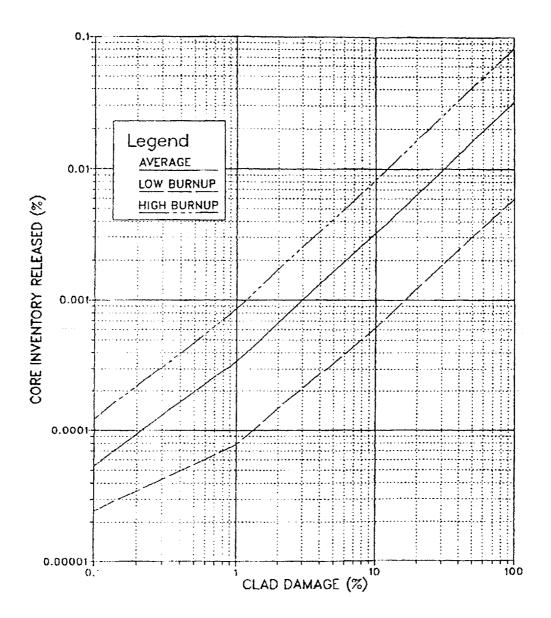


Figure 8 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of I-132



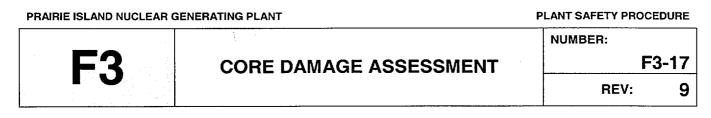
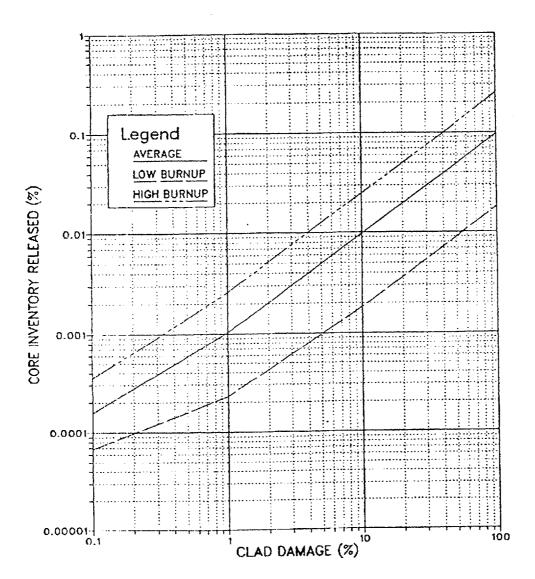


Figure 9 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of I-133



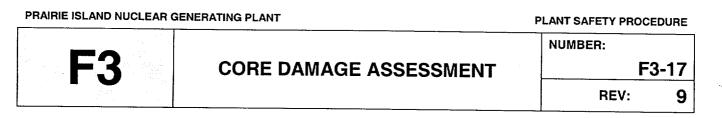
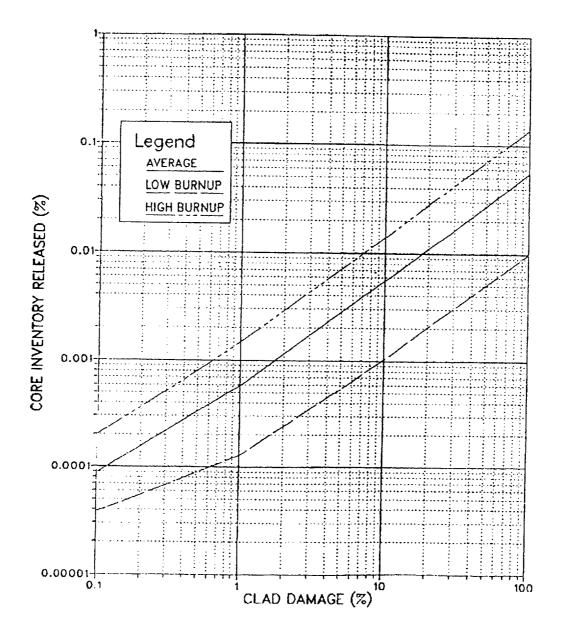


Figure 10 Relationship of % Clad Damage With % Core Inventory Released of I-135



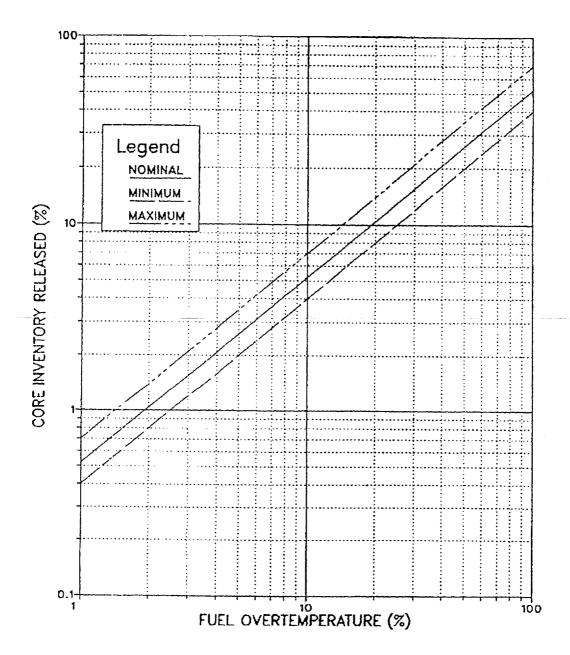


## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER: F3-17

REV: 9

#### Figure 11 Relationship of % Fuel Over Temperature With % Core Inventory Released of XE, KR, I, or CS



**F3** 

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

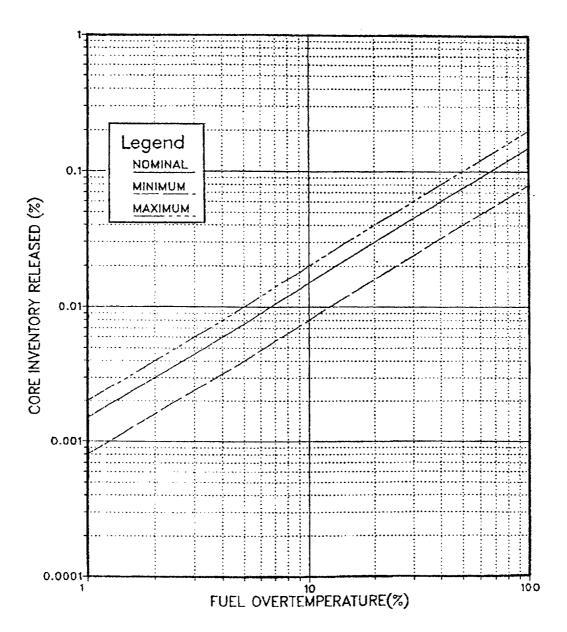
9

NUMBER:

## **CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT**

## F3-17 **REV:**

# Figure 12 Relationship of % Fuel Over Temperature With % Core Inventory Released of BA or SR



**F3** 

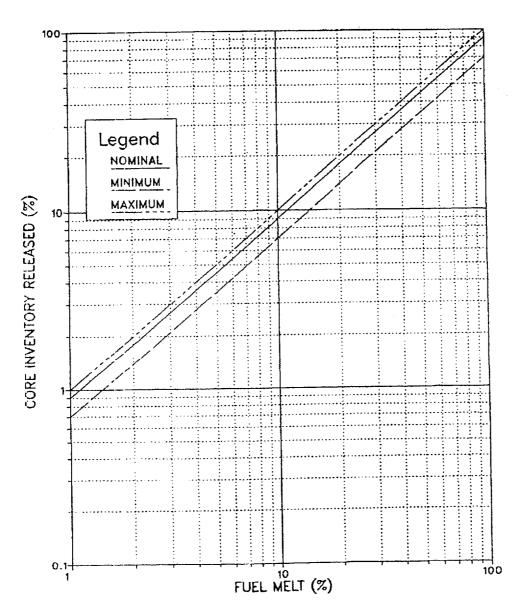
PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

NUMBER:

F3-17 REV: 9



**CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT** 



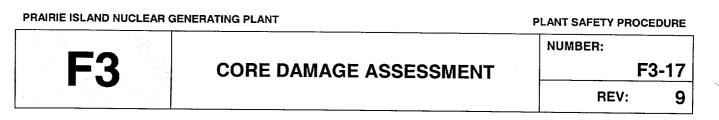
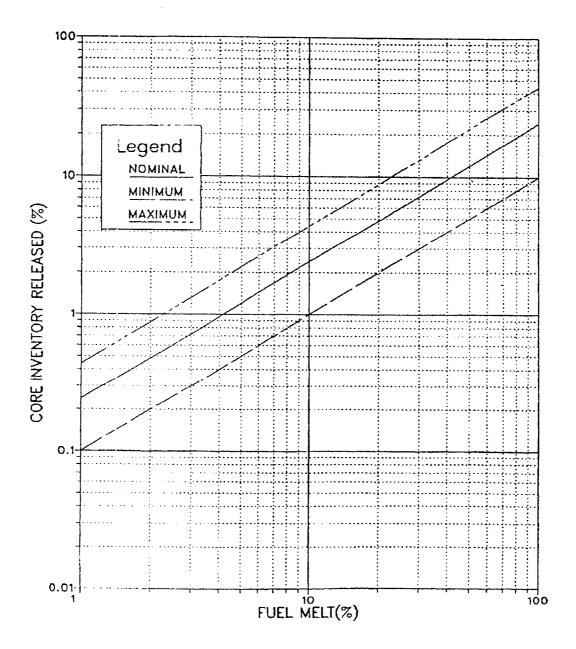
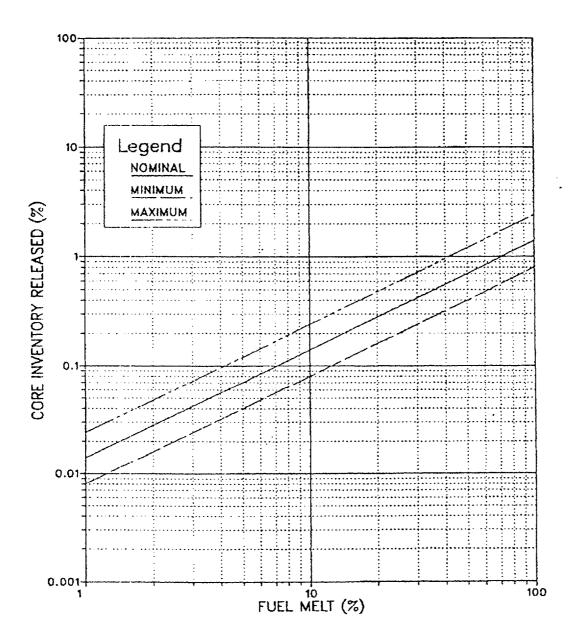


Figure 14 Relationship of % Fuel Melt With % Core Inventory Released of BA or SR



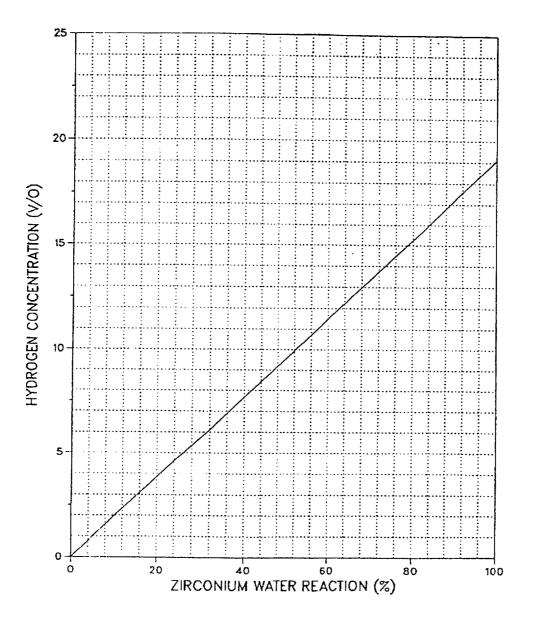
PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GE	NERATING PLANT	PLANT SAFETY PROCEDUR	łE
		NUMBER:	
<b>F</b> 3	CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT	F3-1	7
		REV:	9

Figure 15 Relationship of % Fuel Melt With % Core Inventory Released of PR









E3

РГАИТ SAFETY PROCEDURE

:AJABER:

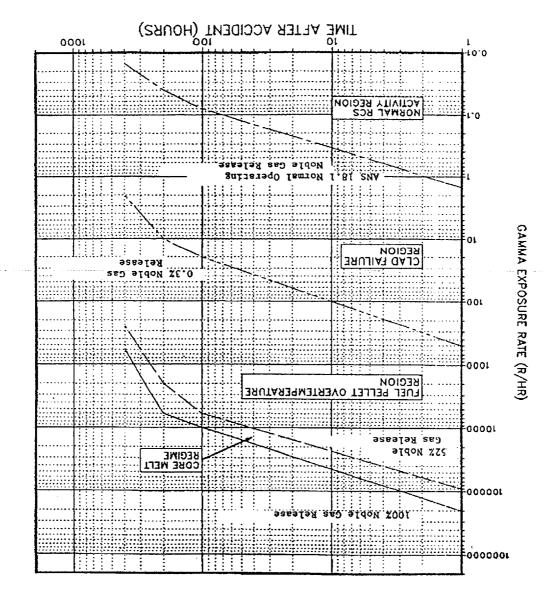
:VЭЯ

6

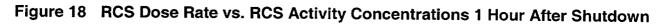
F3-17

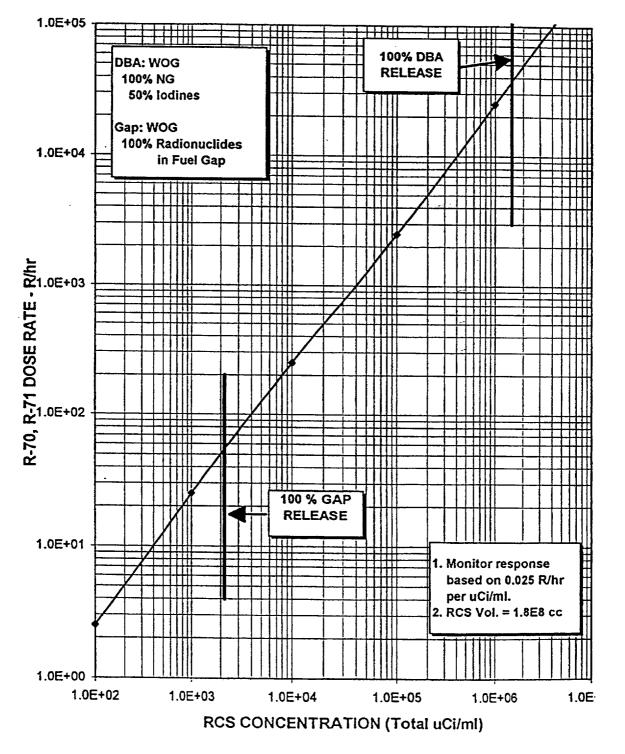
Figure 17 Percent Noble Gases in Containment

CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT









NUMBER:

**F3** 

## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

F3-17 REV: 9

## Attachment 1 Thermally Induced Current Errors in Containment Radiation Monitors

1. R-48/R-49 & R-70/R-71Thermally Induced Errors

R-48/49 or R-70/71 signals may experience errors during the first 4 hours after a DBA LOCA. Industry testing of high range radiation monitor (HRRM) systems has revealed that signal errors or the loss of signal are the result of thermally induced current (TIC) and/or moisture intrusion into the coaxial connectors. Based on the EPRI Plant Support Engineering study, worst case estimated errors are summarized below:

Time After Postulated	Estimated Errors in
DBA	Readings
~ 1 minute	> 3000 R/hr
~ 2 minutes	~ 100 R/hr
~ 8 minutes	~ 15 R/hr
~ 2 to 4 hours	~ - 9 R/hr
> 4 hours	No Effect from TIC

More background information concerning thermally induced current in high range radiation monitors is described in Section III.

Please note that errors in the range of  $\pm 10$  R/hr one hour after a postulated DBA has minimal effect on our assessment of fission product release to containment when we are considering magnitudes of > 100 R/hr reading to be confirmation of fission producttreleased to containment.

2. Background on Thermally Induced Current (TIC) on High Radiation Monitors

#### Background

Excerpts from: PINGP Response to High Range Radiation Monitor Cable Study: Phase II, Report No. TR-112582 November 2000.

Transient signal errors have been observed in industry testing of the high range radiation monitor (HRRM) system. At PINGP, these are plant radiation monitors RE-48 and RE-49. The investigation into this issue revealed that signal errors or the loss of signal are the result of thermally induced currents (TICs) and/or moisture intrusion into the coaxial connectors. Information Notices, IN 97-45 and IN 97-45 Supplement 1, were issued by the NRC to alert licensees to these potential issues.

F3

PLANT SAFETY PROCEDURE

## CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

F3-17 REV: 9

#### Attachment 1 Thermally Induced Currrent Errors in Containment Radiation Monitors

EPRI Plant Support Engineering (PSE) was tasked to study the significance of this issue, which resulted in the issuance of TR-112582, "High Range Radiation Monitor Cable Study: Phase II". This study was focused on the thermally induced current phenomena since moisture intrusion issues are well understood within the industry and have more generic applications. Phase I of the EPRI study confirmed that TIC existed and was significant under thermal transients. Phase II of the study identified the sources of the TIC and developed a mathematical model for cable responses to thermal transients.

#### Study Results and Analysis

Using the developed profiles in the Phase II study, the actual amplitude, duration, and sign of HRRM signal errors to be expected could be determined. From this data, PINGP was able to ascertain the approximate expected signal error for the HRRMs during the postulated DBA. The expected radiation readings due to the TIC phenomena, based upon the worst case cable length, are as follows:

50 seconds	3872 R/hr
100 seconds	88 R/hr
500 seconds	13.2 R/hr
8000-15000 seconds	-8.8 R/hr
>15000 seconds	no effect from TIC

From 8000 seconds until 15000 seconds, the HRRMs could provide a "fail" alarm, based on the required "keep alive" signal current of 1E-11 amps since the current may drop to – 8.8E-11 amps. It should be noted that any significant radiation releases would drive the current back up and the HRRMs would function properly, except for the-8.8 R/hr error that may be present. After 15000 seconds (4.1 hours), there would be no TIC effects on the HRRMs.

The installed HRRM cable at PINGP is the worst case tested cable, Rockbestos RSS-6-104, and is in greater lengths than were tested, 130 feet tested vs. 290 feet installed (worst case). Other variables that could significantly effect the TIC phenomena are, 1) the tested cable was not installed within conduit whereas the PINGP cable runs are installed entirely within conduit, 2) the temperature differential of the test samples, 100 degc, is greater than the temperature differential from the PINGP accident profile, 68 degc, 3) the EPRI mathematical model was developed based on hypothetical LOCA profiles, which are more severe than the PINGP LOCA profile, and 4) consideration regarding whether the test methodology of immersion of the test samples into a ice bath and then to a boiling water plunge is representative of what the cable would experience during an actual transient.



### CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

NUMBER:

F3-17 REV: 9

#### Attachment 1 Thermally Induced Currrent Errors in Containment Radiation Monitors

#### PINGP Response to HRRM Signal Error

During the initial phase of any postulated accident, it would not expected to see indication of actual fuel damage for the first 10-15 minutes. If indeed the alarms would come in for RE-48 and RE 49, Operations would be occupied with accident mitigation and monitoring tasks during this time period and this alarm, even though acknowledged, would be ignored during this period. Other parameters would be available for alarm validation, i.e., core exit temperatures, RVLIS, radiation monitors located in the Auxiliary Building, etc. Due to the nature of the TIC phenomenon, the radiation level readings, even if the alarms have come in, would be decreasing. Again, this is validation of an erroneous signal and not actual core damage.

For emergency plan response and possible SAMG considerations, the TIC phenomenon would no longer be affecting the radiation monitors and/or due to the earlier alarms and decreasing readings that were noted, it would be confirmed that no fuel damage had occurred and these were indeed erroneous readings. A general site emergency alarm would be activated at 1000 R/hr, but as cited previously, this is well after the expected error signal has been significantly reduced. Other variables would be available to verify possible fuel damage and any possible actions required within the emergency plan procedures would not occur until after the TIC phenomena has either passed or has been verified to be erroneous.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



## **TRANSITION TO RECOVERY**

NUMBER: **F3-30** REV: 6

#### REFERENCE USE

- Procedure segments may be performed from memory.
- Use the procedure to verify segments are complete.
- Mark off steps within segment before continuing.
- Procedure should be available at the work location.

O.C. REVIEW DATE:	OWNER:	EFFECTIVE DATE
040102	M. Werner	4-15-02

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



#### TRANSITION TO RECOVERY

NUMBER:

REV:

F3-30

6

#### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to provide instructions for transition to the Recovery phase. This procedure specifies the criteria for termination of the emergency phase and guidance for the Emergency Director and Technical Support Center Group Leaders conducting on-site recovery planning.

#### 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This Instruction **SHALL** apply to all Emergency Directors, TSC Group Leaders, and TSC Record Keepers.

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONS

NONE

#### 4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- **4.1** Emergency Director is responsible to implement this procedure and assist the Emergency Manager in the decision to terminate the event or enter the Recovery phase.
- **4.2** Emergency Manager is responsible for the decision to terminate the event or enter the Recovery phase.
- **4.3** Plant Manager is responsible to coordinate the on-site recovery activities and assist the Recovery Manager.
- **4.4** The Recovery Manager (named the Event Manager in 5AWI 1.13.0) is responsible for the overall management of the recovery activities necessary to return the plant to a normal operational or shutdown status.
- **4.5** TSC Group Leaders are responsible to assess plant conditions in the respective areas and identify short and long term recovery actions necessary to return the plant to a normal operational or shutdown status.
- **4.6** TSC Record Keeper is responsible to assist the Emergency Director in compiling all identified recovery actions.

**EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES** 



## **TRANSITION TO RECOVERY**

NUMBER:	
	F3-30
REV	: 6

#### 5.0 DISCUSSION

#### 5.1 Recovery

In general, an Unusual Event or Alert may be terminated without transition to Recovery phase while a Site Area Emergency or General Emergency will probably require a planned transition to a Recovery phase and the establishment of a Recovery Organization. Whether a Unusual Event/Alert is terminated or a Site Area Emergency/General Emergency transition to a Recovery phase the site procedure 5AWI 1.13.0, "Plant Event Investigation and Recovery", should be reviewed and a determination to implement this procedure completed.

Termination of an Alert classification includes the dismissal of the site Emergency Response Organization. Any necessary in-plant or on-site follow-up activities should be coordinated and managed by the normal plant site organization in accordance with 5AWI 1.13.0. Post-Alert conditions may require the establishment of a Recovery Organization. The Emergency Director and Emergency Manager should make this determination based on the extent of damage or other considerations and implementation of 5AWI 1.13.0 should be completed.

If a Site Area Emergency does not require significant repairs or analysis beyond the capabilities of the normal plant site organization, the event may be terminated without transition to a Recovery phase, however, implementation of 5AWI 1.13.0 should be completed.

#### 5.2 NRC Post-Accident Assessment

It is expected that the NRC will, as a minimum, send an Augmented Inspection Team (AIT) to the plant to perform a thorough investigation of the incident. As a result, the AIT will request the following:

- **5.2.1** Any failed equipment not necessary for safe shutdown or operation of the plant be quarantined. No work on failed equipment should be performed unless absolutely necessary for plant safety. The NRC will want to perform failure analysis on the failed equipment.
- **5.2.2** No written or electronic records be destroyed or erased.
- **5.2.3** Schedules be adjusted or additional resources be made available for NRC interviews with plant personnel involved with the incident. A court reporter may be present to transcribe the interviews.
- 5.2.4 Office space (or trailer space) be made available for the NRC AIT.

#### EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



## TRANSITION TO RECOVERY

NUMBER: **F3-30** REV: 6

#### 6.0 PREREQUISITES

6.1 An Unusual Event or Alert has been declared and conditions indicate that plans for event termination may begin,

<u>or</u>

6.2 A Site Area Emergency or General Emergency has been declared and conditions indicate the immediate emergency phase is over and transition plans to the Recovery phase may begin.

#### 7.0 PROCEDURE

#### 7.1 Termination of an Unusual Event or Alert

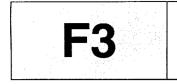
- **7.1.1** As plant conditions stabilize during an Unusual Event or Alert, consider terminating the event classification.
- **7.1.2** Assess plant and environmental conditions. PINGP 1102 or PINGP 1103, Shutdown Safety Assessment, may be used as an assessment guide.
- **7.1.3** The emergency classification may be terminated once the following criteria are met:
  - A. The plant is in stable condition with at least one fission product barrier intact,

and

- B. Radioactive gaseous and liquid effluent are being controlled within the following limits:
  - 1. Gaseous effluent release rates (or resulting dose rates) are within plant limits as defined in Section 3.1 of H4, ODCM.
  - 2. Liquid effluent release rates (or resulting concentrations) are within the plant limits as defined in Table II, Column 2 of H4, ODCM, Table 4.3 Old 10CFR20 Appendix B (April 1992).

and

C. The potential for future degradation of plant conditions is small (PINGP 1102 or PINGP 1103, Shutdown Safety Assessment, may be used as an assessment guide).



## **TRANSITION TO RECOVERY**

NUMBER: F3-30 REV: 6

- **7.1.4** When the criteria for termination are met, terminate the Unusual Event or Alert.
  - A. Termination of an Unusual Event classification may be performed by the Shift Manager.
  - B. Termination of an Alert classification **SHALL** be performed by the Emergency Director if the EOF is not activated.
  - C. Once the EOF is activated and responsible for off-site communications, the Emergency Manager **SHALL** terminate the Alert classification.
- **7.1.5** Upon event termination, ensure a message is announced and repeated over the public address system advising personnel of the termination. Additional comments may be added as necessary to update plant personnel.

"ATTENTION PLANT PERSONNEL. THE (Specify Emergency Class) IS TERMINATED."

For Alert termination add:

"SECURE THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE CENTERS AND RESUME NORMAL DUTIES."

- **7.1.6** Review and approve the Notification Report Form (PINGP 577) and designate the SEC to complete the notifications of state, local and site personnel in accordance with F3-5, "Emergency Notifications." If the EOF has the responsibility for off-site communication, the Emergency Manager will coordinate the event close-out and off-site notifications.
- **7.1.7** Initiate outage planning if equipment and plant systems are significantly damaged and extended plant shutdown is required in accordance with 5AWI 1.13.0.
- **7.1.8** Direct plant Document Control group to collect all emergency checklists, documentation and records generated during the event.
- **7.1.9** Provide the necessary resources to support the requirements of the NRC post-event investigative team.
- **7.1.10** Develop and submit NRC follow-up reports through normal administrative procedures.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



**TRANSITION TO RECOVERY** 

NUMBER:		
	F3-30	
REV:	e	

- 7.2 Transition to the Recovery Phase
  - 7.2.1 <u>WHEN</u> the event has stabilized and plant conditions warrant possible transition to the Recovery phase, <u>THEN</u> assess plant and environmental conditions. PINGP 1102 and PINGP 1103, Shutdown Safety Assessment, may be used with other assessment tools to assess the condition of the plant.
  - **7.2.2** Direct the TSC Group Leaders to assess conditions in their respective areas and identify recovery actions necessary to return the plant to a normal operational or shutdown status. TSC Group Leaders should use the Recovery Action Item Form, PINGP 1017 to identify their action items.
  - **7.2.3** Direct the TSC Record Keeper to compile all identified recovery actions on the Recovery Action Item Form, PINGP 1017. The list should identify short-term corrective actions (to be completed within hours or days) and long-term actions which may require an extended plant outage (i.e., weeks or months).



If the Site Area Emergency event does not require significant repairs or analysis beyond the capabilities of the normal plant site organization and the conditions of 7.1.3.A, 7.1.3.B, & 7.1.3.C are met, then the Site Area Emergency may be terminated without a transition to Recovery phase.

- **7.2.4** When the following plant and environmental criteria are met, consider transition to the Recovery phase.
  - A. The plant is in a stable condition with at least one fission product barrier intact,

and

- B. Radioactive gaseous and liquid effluent are being controlled within the following limits:
  - 1. Gaseous effluent release rates (or resulting dose rates) are within plant limits as defined in Section 3.1 of H4, ODCM.
  - 2. Liquid effluent release rates (or resulting concentrations) are within the plant limits as defined in Table II, Column 2 of H4, ODCM, Table 4.3 Old 10CFR20 Appendix B (April 1992),

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



## TRANSITION TO RECOVERY

NUMBER: **F3-30** REV: 6

C. If Severe Accident Management (SAM) was implemented, the SAM termination criteria per SAMG Diagnostic Flow Chart are met,

<u>and</u>

 D. The potential for future degradation of plant conditions is small (PINGP 1102 or PINGP 1103, Shutdown Safety Assessment, may be used as an assessment guide),

<u>and</u>

- E. NRC Headquarters (or the Director of Site Operations of the on-site response team) concurs with the transition to Recovery.
- **7.2.5** When the criteria for transition to Recovery are met, contact the Emergency Manager and discuss the conditions.
- **7.2.6** If the Emergency Manager concurs that conditions for Recovery are met, request the Emergency Manager discuss the proposed transition with the NRC.



If the NRC Incident Response Team has not been mobilized or has not arrived, the proposal to enter the Recovery phase should be discussed with NRC Headquarters. If the NRC Response Team is on-site, the Emergency Manager and Emergency Director should meet with the Director of Site Operations to discuss the transition to Recovery.

- **7.2.7** If the NRC concurs that transition to Recovery is appropriate, obtain the compiled list of short and long term corrective actions on the Recovery Action Item Form PINGP 1017. Review the list with the TSC Group Leaders to ensure all items have been addressed.
- **7.2.8** Upon review completion, inform the Emergency Manager. Arrange a meeting with Emergency Manager and Recovery Manager to discuss the Recovery actions and the transition to Recovery. Implementation of 5AWI 1.1.13 should be started at this time also.
- **7.2.9** When the transition to Recovery is made, ensure a message is announced and repeated over the public address system advising personnel of the transition to the Recovery Phase. Additional comments may be made as to the current emergency center staffing needs or closeout of selected emergency centers.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



## **TRANSITION TO RECOVERY**

NUMBER:

F3-30

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL. THE <u>(Specify the Emergency</u> <u>Class)</u> IS TERMINATED. THE PLANT IS GOING TO RECOVERY. A RECOVERY ORGANIZATION IS BEING ESTABLISHED."

- **7.2.10** Initiate outage planning if equipment and plant systems are significantly damaged and extended plant shutdown is required.
- **7.2.11** Direct Document Control to collect all emergency checklists, documentation and records generated during the event.
- **7.2.12** Provide the necessary resources to support the requirements of the NRC post-event investigative team.
- **7.2.13** Develop and submit NRC follow-up reports through normal administrative procedures.

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



#### TRANSITION TO RECOVERY

NUMBER:

F3-30 REV: 6

# Figure 1 Example Of Recovery Action Item Form

#### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 1017, Rev. 4 Page 1 of 3 Retention: Life

#### **RECOVERY ACTION ITEM FORM**

Short Term = Hours or Days Long Term = Weeks or Months

## PERFORM ASSESSMENTS IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS AND IDENTIFY POTENTIAL SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM RECOVERY ACTION ITEMS:

- A. Current operational status of plant systems and equipment involved in the emergency. Include reviews of "Operator Workarounds" and current "in progress" Work Orders to evaluate current plant configuration.
- B. Current Operational status of the unaffected unit and its effect on the affected unit.
- C. Identification of all systems, components, or equipment damaged or made inoperable during the event.
- D. Estimate of necessary repairs, parts and tools to restore all affected systems and equipment back to a fully operational state.
- E. Identification of special tools or equipment that may be required during the restoration period.
- F. Estimate of additional personnel resources that may be required during the restoration period.
- G. Identification of applicable plant surveillance tests and procedures required for post maintenance testing.
- H. Identification of applicable system operability tests and procedures to restore plant systems to normal operational or shutdown configuration.
- I. Estimate of liquid and solid radioactive waste generated during the event and recommendations on management and disposal.
- J. Identification of special radiological considerations for personnel entry into affected areas with elevated dose rates or contamination levels (i.e.; temporary shielding engineering evaluations, robotics, etc.)
- K. Estimate of the decontamination and monitoring activities necessary to restore affected areas inside and outside the plant site to pre-accident levels.
- L. Identification of continued offsite radiological sampling and potential assistance to state or local agencies in the area of sampling, monitoring, and decontamination.
- M. Following a containment LOCA, sample and adjust (if necessary) the pH of the primary coolant/recirculation loop within 48 hours after the accident. Acceptable range is between 7.0 and 10.5 to minimize the potential for stress corrosion cracking of the stainless steel piping and components.

1017 Recovery Action Item Form.DOT

EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES



## **TRANSITION TO RECOVERY**

NUMBER: F3-30

REV:

6

Figure 1 Example Of Recovery Action Item Form

#### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 1017, Rev. 4 Page 2 of 3

**RECOVERY ACTION ITEM FORM** 

SHORT-TERM RECOVERY ACTIONS (Hours or Days) PREPARED BY \_\_\_\_\_ TSC \_\_\_\_\_ EOF (Check one)

	ITEM #	ACTION ITEM DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
		·····	
Reviewed by: Date: Emergency Director/Emergency Manager	Reviewed by:	Da	ate:

**EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES** 



## **TRANSITION TO RECOVERY**

NUMBER:

F3-30 REV: 6

Figure 1 Example Of Recovery Action Item Form

#### EXAMPLE ONLY USE CURRENT REVISION

PINGP 1017, Rev. 4 Page 3 of 3

#### **RECOVERY ACTION ITEM FORM**

LONG-TERM RECOVERY ACTIONS (Weeks or Months) PREPARED BY \_\_\_\_\_ TSC \_\_\_\_\_ EOF (Check one)

ITEM #	ACTION ITEM DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
		ate:
Reviewed by:	Emergency Director/Emergency Manager	ait.