AS GIVEN FINAL OPERATING EXAMINATION (IN ITS ENTIRETY)

AS GIVEN ADMIN Topics Outline

DESIGNATED FOR DISTRIBUTION UNDER RIDS CODE A070

> DISTRIBUTION CODE A070

A070

50-302

Fac	ility: <u>Crystal Riv</u>	er Unit 3 Data of Frontin the 2.2 and
	am Level: <u>RO/SR</u>	
Adr	ninistrative	Describe method of evaluation:
Top	ic/Subject	1. ONE Administrative JPM, OR
	·	2. TWO Administrative Questions
Des	cription	
A1	Plant Parameter Verification	JPM - Perform a heat balance, SP-312A, Daily Heat Balance Power Comparison//015A1.01//3.5/3/8
	Plant Parameter Verification	JPM – Perform a reactivity balance, SP-421, Reactivity Balance Calculations//001K5.72//3.1/3.6
A2	Surveillance Testing	JPM – Perform the pump seal data sheet in SP-300, Operating Daily Surveillance Log//003A4.04//3.1/3.0
A3	Radiation Hazards (Surveys) :	JPM – Using survey maps determine radiation requirements and stay times//2.3.1//2.6/3.0
A4	SRO Emergency PAR	JPM – Determine Emergency Action Level and Protective Action Recommendation for a given set of conditions //2.4.41//2.3/4.1 and 2.4.44//2.1/4.0
A4	RO Emergency Dose Assessment	JPM – Perform and EM-204A, Off-Site Dose Assessments during Radiological Emergencies Initial Assessment Method//2.4.39//3.3/3.1

Administrative Topics Outline As Goven

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ES- 30(-2

Individual Walk-through Test Outline

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Facility: Crystal River U	Jnit 3	
Exam Level: <u>RO/SRO</u>		Date of Examination: <u>2-8-99</u>
System / IDM Title /		Operating Test No. : 1
Type Codes*	Safety	Planned Follow-up Questions:
	Function	K/A/G // Importance // Description
Control Rod Drive (CRD)//Recover a Misaligned Rod //001A2.03//3.5/4.2// S,	1	A. 001K5.07//3.3/4.0//What are the Technical Specification requirements, if any, when given the position of each rod in group 7 (2 rods will not be within the 6.5% group average)?
N		B. 001K5.04//4.3/4.7//What are the Technical Specification requirements, if any, when given the Rod Index and % power (Rod Index will be in the restricted region)?
Engineered Safeguards (ES)//Manually actuate Low Pressure	2	A. 006K4.05//4.3/4.4//Given a set of plant conditions, what is the status of the Decay Heat Pumps (4 psig Reactor Building pressure with a Loss of Off-Site Power)?
Injection//006A4.07//4.4 /4.4//S, N, L, A		B. 056AA2.07//4.2/4.3//Given a set of plant conditions, what is the status of the Emergency Feedwater Pumps (High Pressure Injection signal, Low Pressure Injection signal, and Loss of Off-Site Power)?
Reactor Building (RB)//Start an RB pressure Equalization	8	A. 029K3.01//2.9/3.1//Is the average Reactor Building (RB) temperature acceptable, given a list of RB temperatures from SP-300?
/Mini-Purge under Non-Accident Conditions//029A2.03/ 2.7/3.1//S, N		B. 029K4.03//3.2/3.5//While securing the RB equalization two (2) of the isolation valves do not close, what are the Technical Specification actions, if any?

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Reactor Coolant (RCS) //Lower water level in the Reactor Coolant Drain Tank //007A1.01 //2.9/3.1 S, A, D	5	A. 007A1.01//2.9/3.1//The Reactor Coolant Drain Tank (RCDT) high level annunciator has just come into alarm, how many gallons will have to be pumped out to clear the high level alarm and bring the low level annunciator into alarm?
		007A4.10//3.6/3.8//At full reactor power the pressure in the RCDT is increasing due to a weeping code safety, if RCDT pressure is currently 4 psig (assume no other line losses), what would the temperature and condition be of the steam space in the RCDT (prior to the cooling)?
Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG)// Synchronize in Off-Site Power and unload /shutdown EDG-1A	6	A. 064K1.03//3.6/4.0//While performing SP-300, Operating Daily Surveillance Log, on the "A" Emergency Diesel Generator, fuel oil level in the Day Tank is 22.5 inches on the dip stick, what is the usable volume and are any fuel oil transfer pumps operating?
//062A4.07//3.1/3.1//S; D		B. 064A3.01//4.1/4.0//Given a set of plant data (Reactor Coolant pressure, temperature, bus voltage etc.), are the Emergency Diesel Generators running?
Reactor Protection System (RPS)//Reset an RPS channel	7	A. 012K4.02//3.9/4.3//Given a set of plant parameters (variable low pressure trip), what is the condition of the Reactor Protection System (RPS)?
//012A4.04//3.3/3.3//CR, D		B. 003K3.04//3.9/4.2//At 60% power, given the condition of the Reactor Coolant Pump Power Monitor and a set of the Reactor Coolant Pumps' kilowatt usage, what is the condition of the RPS system?
Steam Generator System//Perform Steam Generator Isolation for	4	A. 035A1.01//3.6/3.8//What is the maximum allowable Steam Generator level if Main Steam pressure is 835 psig and temperature is 550°F?
TRACC Limits// 035A4.06//4.5/4.6//CR, N		B. 059K1.05//3.1/3.2//What is the expected Feedwater temperature at 45% thermal power?

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Post Accident Hydrogen Sampling //Place the "A" Hydrogen Analyzer in	5	A. 028A4.03//3.1/3.3//DC Distribution Panel, DPDP-1A, is de-energized and WSV-38 is failed in the closed position, what is the flow path for both Hydrogen Analyzers?
Service//028A4.03//3.1/ 3.3//P, D		028A4.03//3.1/3.3//With the "A" Hydrogen Analyzer placed in service given the status of the valves associated with the analyzer and the hydrogen concentration, what is the flow path and the status of the "A" Hydrogen Analyzer?
Reactor Coolant System (RCS) //Depressurize RCS using High Pressure Auxiliary Spray	3	A. 010K5.01//3.5/4.0//During a cooldown directed in an Emergency Operating Procedure, High Pressure Auxiliary Spray is used to reduce pressure, at 530°F, what is the lowest pressure that can be achieved prior to loss of adequate subcooling margin?
//010A2.02//3.9/3.9//P, R, D		B. 010K4.03//3.8/4.1//What are the Low Temperature Over Pressure (LTOP) Technical Specification actions, if any, given a list of plant conditions (Pressurizer level will be high with the Power Operated Relief Valve, PORV, inoperable)?
Liquid Radwaste//Start an Evaporator Condensate Storage Tank (ECST) release	9	C. 068K4.01//3.4/4.1//During a release of the "A" Evaporator Condensate Storage Tank, the flow instrument, WD-101-FIT, becomes inoperable; what are the requirements, if any, regarding the release?
//068A4.02//3.2/3.1//P, N, R		D. B. 068A4.02//3.2/3.1//Given a partially filled out Enclosure 1, from OP- 407A, Operation of the Evaporator Condensate Storage Tanks, what are the release rates for the associated time periods?

* - Type codes: (D)irect from bank, (M)odified from bank, (N)ew, (A)lternate path, (C)ontrol room, (S)imulator, (L)ow Power, (P)lant, (R)CA, (T)ime critical

OPERAT		ON SCENARI	O OUTLINE
Facility: Crystal River Unit 3	Scenario Number:	1	Operating Test Number:1
Examiners:		Operators:	
Objectives: 1. Evaluate SRO candidates ability t and emergency conditions.	o manage shift resou	rces and exerci	se command and control during normal
 Evaluate SRO candidates ability t 	o implement emergen	cy and abnorm	al operating procedures
3. Evaluate SRO candidates ability t	ł .		
instrumentation and an inoperable		·	
4. Evaluate RO candidates ability to condition IAW OP-507.	diagnose faulty ES p	ressure signal a	and place ES channel in a tripped
5. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates abili	ity to diagnose and re	spond to a circ	ulating water pump shaft failure.
 Evaluate RO/SRO candidates abili failure. Actions IAW AP-545. 	ity to diagnose and re	spond to a drog	oped control rod and ICS runback
7. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates abili	ty to diagnose and re	spond to a Pres	ssurizer level instrument failure.
8. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates abili re-pressurizing LOCA) with an HP		spond to a Pres	surizer steam space leak (Small Break
	 Evaluate RO/SRO candidates ability to diagnose and respond to a loss of ASCM with both SPDS displays failed. Action IAW EOP-03 and Rule #1. 		
10.Evaluate RO/SRO candidates abili Action IAW EOP-03.	10.Evaluate RO/SRO candidates ability to diagnose and respond to a leak down stream of an HPI injection valve. Action IAW EOP-03.		
11. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates abili	ty to diagnose and res	spond to a loss	of all HPI.
Initial Condition: 100% power, ICS in	n full automatic		
6B is scheduled for return to service i governor replacement. The plant is s	in 10 hours. EFP-2 is ix hours into a 72 hou intenance testing in 4 its. MUP-1A will be re	OOS and red t ur action statem hours. MUP-1 eleased from m	
During the previous shift Breaker 166 troubleshooting the breaker. Breaker to the dispatcher.			
Severe thunder storms and extremely	high winds are expec	cted over the ne	ext 24 hours.

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Event No.	Event type	Maif. No.	Event Description
1	(I)-BOP/SRO		ES channel 2 pressure transmitter (RC-3A-PT4) fails mid scale (MALF) . SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.3.5(A). ES Channel 2 is placed in "Tripped' condition IAW OP-507.
2	(C) - BOP/SRO (N)- OAC/SRO		CWP-1B degradation/Shaft failure (MALF). Respond IAW AR-601 and OP-604. Shutdown faulty CWP Motor and reduce power to $<85\%$ IAW AP-510 or OP-204.
3	(C) - OAC/SRO (R) -OAC		Control rod GP-1/Rod 2 drops (MALF). ICS fails to runback (MALF). SRO directs RO response IAW AP-545. SRO directs manual power reduction in response to ICS failure. SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.1.4(A) and 3.1.5(A).
4	(I) – BOP/SRO		Pressurizer level transmitter RC-1-LT1 fails high (MALF). OAC establishes manual control of Pressurizer level. BOP selects operable instrument IAW OP-501.
5	(C) - OAC/SRO		Small Pressurizer steam space leak develops at Pressurizer level tap (MALF). RCS pressure control cannot be maintained. SRO enters AP-520 and directs RO response. SRO should direct a manual reactor trip based on inability to maintain RCS pressure IAW AP-520.
6	(MT) – ALL	,	(ATWS) When SRO directs a manual trip, the Manual Reactor Trip Push - Button does not work. In addition RPS Channels A, B, and C will fail to actuate on "Low" and "Variable Low" RCS pressure (MALF). RO diagnose failure of Rx Trip Push - Button and inform the SRO. SRO directs manual reactor trip using breakers 3305 and 3312 (CT#1). Action IAW EOP-02.
7	(MT) - cont. (C)- BOP/SRO (I) - OAC or BOP		When the reactor is tripped, both SPDS displays go blank (MALF). OAC/BOP will have to use the digital SCM monitor displays to determine when ASCM is lost. The SRO enters EOP-03 and directs RCP's shutdown within 2 minutes (CT#2). HPI actuates and MUP-1C fails to auto start and can not be started manually (MALF). Once all HPI valves are open, flow for MUV-25 line reads 75 GPM higher than remain lines due to a passive leak down steam of valve (MALF). SRO directs BOP to bypass/reset ES and close MUV-25 IAW EOP-03. (CT#3)
8	(C) - All		MUP-1B shaft seizes (MALF). SRO directs RO's IAW EOP-03 guidance for loss of all HPI capability (CT#4)
Scenar	Scenario Duration		Exercise Termination: Plant is stable with cooling established by primary to secondary heat transfer. HPI recovery actions underway.

*(N)ormal evolution, (R)eactivity manipulation, (I)instrument failure, (C)omponent failure, (M)ajor transient

Narrative Summary:

About 3 minutes after shift turnover, RCS pressure transmitter RCA-3A-PT4 fails mid scale. RO's diagnose the failure and notify the SRO. The SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.3.5(A). SRO directs the BOP to place ES channel 2 in TRIP condition IAW OP-507, Section 4.1.2(C).

After ES channel 2 has been tripped, the crew will receive several alarms indicating problems with CWP-1B. The RO's should dispatch the SPO to evaluate. After about 2 minutes CWP-1B shaft fails. The SRO should direct the BOP to stop CWP-1B motor to minimize damage, and direct the OAC to reduce reactor power to <85% IAW AP-510 or OP-204.

When the plant is stable, Safety Rod 1-2 falls into the core. The OAC will diagnose the condition and the SRO will enter AP-545. ICS will fail to runback. OAC should diagnose the ICS failure. The SRO directs the OAC to manually reduce power. When the plant is <60% power the SRO evaluates and applies TS Actions 3.1.4(A) and 3.1.5(A).

Following the manual runback, Pressurizer level transmitter (RC-1-LT1) slowly fails high. The RO's diagnose the failure and notify the SRO. OAC will manually control Pressurizer level until operable instrument is selected. SRO directs BOP to select and operable instrument IAW OP-501.

When the alternate Pressurizer level instrument has been selected, a Pressurizer steam space leak slowly develops to the point where RCS pressure begins to degrade. The SRO enters AP-520 and directs RO response. The SRO should direct a manual reactor trip when RCS pressure reduction cannot be controlled IAW AP-520. The RPS "Low" and "Variable Low" pressure trips will fail to actuate in 3 of 4 RPS channels, preventing an automatic reactor trip on low pressure. The Manual Rx Trip Push-Button does not work. The SRO should direct the OAC to trip the reactor by opening Breakers 3305 and 3312. (CT#1).

Following the reactor trip, both SPDS displays go blank, RCS pressure continues to degrade, ASCM is lost, and HPI actuates. The RO's/SRO have to use the digital SCM monitors to determine when ASCM has been lost. RCP's are shutdown within 2 minutes IAW EOP-13 Rule 1 and EOP-03 (CT#2). HPI and RBI&C are manually actuated IAW EOP-13 Rule 1. MUP-1C fails to start and the HPI flow for MUV-25 reads 75 GPM higher than the other lines. The SRO directs the BOP to attempt to manually start MUP-1C. The SRO directs the BOP to Bypass/Reset ES, close MUV-25 (CT#3), and have MUV-25 power removed IAW EOP-03 guidance.

After MUV-25 has been closed and de-powered, the running HPI pump will suffer a shaft seizure. The SRO will recognize a total loss of HPI capability, cycles back to beginning of EOP-03, and direct the RO's to establish a maximum rate cooldown IAW with the EOP-03 guidance for total loss of HPI capability (CT#4).

The exercise may be terminated when maximum primary to secondary heat transfer has been established and actions are in progress for recovering HPI flow capability.

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Procedures to be used during this scenario:

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OP-501	OP-507	OP-604	OP-204
AP-510	AP-520	AP-545	
EOP-02	EOP-03		
Rule 1	Rule 2	Rule 3	Rule 4

Target Quantitative Attributes - Scenario 1	Actual Attributes	
1. Total Malfunctions (5-8)	11	
2. Malfunctions after EOP entry (1-2)	4	
3. Abnormal Events (2-4) 3		
4. Major Transients (1-2)		
5. EOP's entered requiring substantive actions (1-2) 2		
6. EOP contingencies requiring substantive actions (0-2) 3		
7. Critical Tasks (2-3) 4		

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Op-Test N	No: N-	-1
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Scenario No: 1

Event No: 1

Page 1 of 3

Initiation Cue: Examiner Initiated

Annunciator Alarms: A-1-2 and D-1-2

Termination Cue: ES Channel 2 tripped IAW OP-507

Event Description: RC-3A-PT4 (wide range pressure to ES Channel 2 pressure) fails mid scale (MALF). ES Channel RC2 (HPI) actuates but RC5 (LPI) does not actuate. RO's verify a spurious actuation and diagnose instrument failure. The SRO evaluates and enters TS 3.3.5(A). SRO directs RO's to place ES Channel 2 in tripped condition IAW OP-507, section 4.2.

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Diagnose spurious actuation/RC-3A-PT4 failure
		Ann Alarms
		♦ A-1-2 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 2 ACTUATION A
		D-1-2 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 2 ACTUATION B
		A-1-3 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 3 ACTUATION A
·		 D-1-3 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 3 ACTUATION B
		♦ A-1-4 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 4 ACTUATION A
		 D-1-4 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 4 ACTUATION B
		♦ A-1-5 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 5 ACTUATION A
		D-1-5 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 5 ACTUATION B
		 A-1-6 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 6 ACTUATION A
		 D-1-6 "LOAD SEQUENCE BLOCK 6 ACTUATION B
		ES Channel 2 (RC2) Trip "A" & "B" Blue lamp Lit
		HPI Channel 2, Blocks 1-6, "A" & "B" Blue Lamps Lit
	:	• RC2 GP#1 BL#1
		◆ RC2 GP#2 BL#1
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#2
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#3
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#4
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#5
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#6
		RCS pressure stable
		ES Channel 2 pressure buffer amp. failed mid-scale
		Verify ES components not responding to spurious Channel 2 actuation.
		Checks AR-301, AR-303, and AR-304 for alarms.

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Op-Test No: N-1

Scenario No: 1

Event No: 1

Page 2 of 3

Initiation Cue: Examiner Initiated

Annunciator Alarms: A-1-2 and D-1-2

Termination Cue: ES Channel 2 tripped IAW OP-507

Event Description: RC-3A-PT4 (wide range pressure to ES Channel 2 pressure) fails mid scale (MALF). ES Channel RC2 (HPI) actuates but RC5 (LPI) does not actuate. RO's verify a spurious actuation and diagnose instrument failure. The SRO evaluates and enters TS 3.3.5(A). SRO directs RO's to place ES Channel 2 in tripped condition IAW OP-507, section 4.2.

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	Verify spurious ES channel actuation.
		Ensure the RO's verify RCS pressure stable and that ES equipment is not responding to failure.
		Assist the RO's in diagnostics of ES Channel 2 pressure buffer amp. failure.
		Reviews Tech Specifications 3.3.5 (A) and declares ES Channel 2 in-operable.
		 Directs the BOP to place ES Channel 2 in "Tripped" condition per OP-507 for RC2 and RC5.
		Provides PEER check of BOP actions
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Op-Test No: _	N-1 Scenari	io No:1 Event No: _1 Page _3 of _3
Termination Event Descri RC2 (HPI) act failure. The S	tuates but RC5 (LPI	
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	When directed by SRO, places ES Channel 2 (RC2/RC5) in tripped condition IAW OP-507, section 4.1.2
		Category 1 evolution
1		Select Channel 2 pressure test module to "Test-Operate" Position
• •		Verify proper ANN Alarm event points are in for ES Channel 2 tripped.
		 1020 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 2 ACTUATION "A"
	1	♦ 1023 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 2 ACTUATION "B"
		 1021 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 3 ACTUATION "A"
		 1025 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 3 ACTUATION "B"
	1	1022 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 4 ACTUATION "A"
-	/	 1026 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 4 ACTUATION "B"
	1	◆ 1029 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK EFP-1 ACTUATION "A"
	1	0851 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 5 ACTUATION "A"
		0853 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 5 ACTUATION "B"
	:	0852 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 6 ACTUATION "A"
	1	1019 LOADING SEQUENCE BLOCK 6 ACTUATION "B"
		 Verify proper MCB status lights for ES Channel 2 RC2 & RC5 tripped on "A" and "B" sides.
		◆ RC2 GP#1 BL#1
		◆ RC2 GP#2 BL#1
		• RC2 GP#3 BL#2
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#3
		◆ RC2 GP#3 BL#4
		♦ RC2 GP#3 BL#5
		♦ RC2 GP#3 BL#6
		◆ RC5 GP1
		◆ RC5 GP2
	OAC	Monitor Reactor and RCS during OP-507 actions.

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Initiation Cue	: Examiner Initi	ated Annunciator Alarm: M-3-3
		er stabilized at < 85%.
Event Descrip Lube Flow" (Fv	tion: CWP-1B /ent Point 0128	lube water flow degradation/Shaft failure (MALF). Annunciator Alarm M-3-3 "CWP Low for CWP-1B)followed by Annunciator Alarm M-1-3 "CWP Vibration High" 1 minute later. I
CWP-1B is not	shutdown by t	he crew it's shaft will shear 45 seconds later. If the CWP-1B shaft shear occurs, ANN
Alarm M-2-3 "(directs CWP-1	CWP Discharge B be shutdown	Pressure High/Low" will alarm. The RO's diagnose the failure and notify the SRO. SRO . SRO directs power reduction to less than <85% IAW OP-604. AP-510 or OP-204 can be
used for the po	wer reduction.	\sim 0100 directs power reduction to less than \sim 05% IAW OF-004. AF-510 of OF-204 can be
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP/OAC	Diagnose CWP-1B lube water flow / Shaft failure.
		ANN Alarm M-3-3 "CWP Lube Flow Low" alarm
		 Event Point 0128 "CWP-1B Lube Water Flow Low
		 ANN Alarm M-1-3 "CWP Vibrations High" alarm (1 min. after M-3-3)
		 Low current reading CWP-1B (1 min. 45 sec after M-3-3)
		 ANN Alarm M-2-3 "CWP Discharge Pressure High/Low" alarm (2 min. after M-3-3)
		Event Point 0127 "CWP-1B Discharge Pressure Low"
		Check AR-601 for alarms
		Notify SRO of CWP-1B lube water problems
		Direct SPO to check out CWP-1B

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Op-Test No:	N-2 Scenario	o No:1Event No: _2 Page _2_ of _4
1	: Examiner Initiated Sue: Plant power sta	
Event Descrip Lube Flow" (Ev CWP-1B is not Alarm M-2-3 "C	otion: CWP-1B lube vent Point 0128 for t shutdown by the c CWP Discharge Pre B be shutdown. SR	e water flow degradation/Shaft failure (MALF). Annunciator Alarm M-3-3 "CWP Low CWP-1B)followed by Annunciator Alarm M-1-3 "CWP Vibration High" 1 minute later. If rew it's shaft will shear 45 seconds later. If the CWP-1B shaft shear occurs, ANN essure High/Low" will alarm. The RO's diagnose the failure and notify the SRO. SRO O directs power reduction to less than <85% IAW OP-604. AP-510 or OP-204 can be
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	Ensures RO's check AR-601 for alarm guidance
		Direct BOP to shutdown CWP-1B
		Directs OAC to reduce power to $\leq 85\%$ IAW OP-604.
		Direct use of OP-204 or AP-510 (Probably AP-510)
		Direct OAC to set ICS rate
		Direct OAC to reduce ULD
		 Specify power level to reduce to
		Should direct BOP to ensure actions of OP-604 for CWP shutdown are completed (May have BOP perform procedure while SRO / OAC work through AP-510).
		 BOP directs SPO to place Hotwell Level control in manual
		Align SCHE's for single SCHE operation
		 Place SCHE-1B in service
	:	Open CWV-6 (CWP-1C) Open CWV-8 (CWV-1C)
		AND/OR
		Open CWV-5 (CWP-1D) Open CWV-7 (CWP-1D)
		Direct SPO to open SCV-7 & 8
		Remove SCHE-1A from service
		Direct SPO to close SCV-6
		Close CWV-1 (CWP-1A) Close CWV-3 (CWP-1A)
		 Ensure closed CWV-2 (CWP-1B) Ensure closed CWV-4 (CWP-1B)
		 Notify Units 1 & 2 of shutdown of CWP
		Direct SPO to close ARV-46
		 Direct SPO to secure associated debris filter (CWCP-7)
		 Direct SPO to close CWV-197 & secure CWP-6

Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenario	No: <u>1</u> Event No: <u>2</u> Page <u>3</u> of <u>4</u>
Termination (Event Descri Lube Flow" (E CWP-1B is no Alarm M-2-3 " directs CWP-1	ivent Point 0128 for (of shutdown by the ci CWP Discharge Pre	
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Provide PEER check of BOP actions
		Reduce power IAW SRO directions
		 AP-510 or OP-204 (Probably AP-510)
		Set ICS rate to SRO direction
		Reduce ULD to SRO direction
		Notify SRO when power < 85%
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Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenario	No:1 Event No:2_ Page4_ of4
Termination (Event Descri Lube Flow" (E CWP-1B is no Alarm M-2-3 " directs CWP-1	ivent Point 0128 for It shutdown by the c CWP Discharge Pre	
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Shuts down CWP-1B
-		Respond to ANN Alarms
		Notifies Dispatcher of power reduction
		Perform action of OP-604 for shutdown of CWP-1B
		Directs SPO to place Hotwell Level control in manual
		 Align SCHE's for single SCHE operation
	•	Place SCHE-1B in service
		□ Open CWV-6 (CWP-1C) Open CWV-8 (CWV-1C)
		AND/OR
		Open CWV-5 (CWP-1D) Open CWV-7 (CWP-1D)
-		Direct SPO to open SCV-7 & 8
	:	Remove SCHE-1A from service
		Direct SPO to close SCV-6
		Close CWV-1 (CWP-1A) Close CWV-3 (CWP-1A)
		 Ensure closed CWV-2 (CWP-1B) Ensure closed CWV-4 (CWP-1B)
		Notify Units 1 & 2 of shutdown of CWP
		Direct SPO to close ARV-46
		 Direct SPO to secure associated debris filter (CWCP-7)
		 Direct SPO to close CWV-197 and secure CWP-6

Termination C Event Descrip OAC does the dropped rod ar	: Examiner Initiate Cue: Plant Runba otion: Safety Rod immediate action nd failure of ICS.	rio No: <u>1</u> Event No: <u>3</u> Page <u>1</u> of <u>2</u> ed Annunciator Alarms: J-2-4, K-4-2, K-6-2 ck to < 60% and Technical Specification Evaluated I 1-2 drops into the core (MALF) and ICS fails to automatically runback to <60% (MALF). is of AP-545 and diagnoses ICS is not running the plant back. OAC notifies the SRO of SRO enters AP-545 and directs OAC to take SG/RX Bailey station to hand and perform 545. Once the plant is <60% power, SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.1.4(A) and
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Diagnose symptoms associated with a dropped rod.
		ANN Alarm J-2-4 "CRD Asymmetric Alarm"
		ANN Alarm K-4-2 "Asymmetric Rod Runback"
		ANN Alarm K-6-2 "Unit Master In Track"
		Group 1, Rod 2 position indication
		 Assy Rod lights on rod position panel and Diamond panel
		Green In-limit Lamp for Rod 1-2 lit on PI Panel
		Group 1 In-limit Lamp lit on Diamond Panel
		Step decrease in reactor power
		ICS FW cross-limit from reactor (K-3-3)
		Notifies SRO of dropped control rod
	SRO	Enters AP-545 and directs the OAC response to assy rod runback.
		Directs BOP to notify plant personnel
	:	Direct OAC to reduce reactor power to \leq 60% IAW AP-545.
		 Place SG/RX Bailey in hand and reduce reactor power to < 60%
		Monitor RCS pressure and Tave
		Monitors OAC actions during manual power reduction.
		When power is <u><</u> 60%, verify:
		Plant stable
		QPT within limits
		Imbalance within limits
		Rod index within limits
		Thermal power <60%
		Refers to and enters TS 3.1.4(A) and 3.1.5 (A)

Op-Test No: <u>N-1</u>	Scenario No: 1	Event No: 3	Page _ 2 of _ 2
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Initiation Cue: Examiner Initiated

Annunciator Alarms: J-2-4, K-4-2, K-6-2

Termination Cue: Plant Runback to $\leq 60\%$ and Technical Specification Evaluated **Event Description:** Safety Rod 1-2 drops into the core (MALF) and ICS fails to automatically runback to $\leq 60\%$ (MALF). OAC does the immediate actions of AP-545 and diagnoses ICS is not running the plant back. OAC notifies the SRO of dropped rod and failure of ICS. SRO enters AP-545 and directs OAC to take SG/RX Bailey station to hand and perform plant runback to $\leq 60\%$ IAW AP-545. Once the plant is $\leq 60\%$ power, SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.1.4(A) and 3.1.5(A).

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior					
	OAC	Performs immediate actions of AP-545					
		Diagnoses failure of ICS to run back					
		Notifies SRO of ICS failure and need to manually reduce power.					
		Establish manual control of ICS and reduces reactor power IAW SRO direction.					
		SG/RX Bailey to hand					
		 Slowly lower SG/RX Bailey while monitoring 					
:		RCS pressure					
		♦ RCS Tave					
		Power Imbalance					
	BOP	Monitors balance of plant during runback.					
		Provide PEER checks of OAC actions.					
		Respond to balance of plant ANN Alarms.					
	:						

Initiation Cue: Examiner InitiatedAnnunciator Alarms: K-3-2Termination Cue: Alternate Pressurizer level instrument selected and Pressurizer Level control is back in AUTO.Event Description: Pressurizer level instrument RC-1-LT1 fails high (MALF) The controlling Pressurizer level slowly failhigh. Annunciator Alarm K-3-2 SASS Mismatch" comes in but failure rate is too slow for SASS to auto transfer. OACnotifies the SRO of the failure. SRO directs alternate signal source selection IAW OP-501. SRO evaluates TS and enters3.3.17(A) for Post Accident Monitoring.

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	Diagnose RC-1-LT1 instrument failure
		ANN Alarm K-3-2 "SASS Mismatch"
		Event Point 0785 "Pressurizer Level Mismatch"
		RC-1-LIR1 recorder indicates increasing level
		RC-1-LIR3 recorder indicates stable level
		ANN Alarm I-7-1 "Pressurizer Level High"
		 Event Point 1372 "Reactor Coolant Pressurizer Level High"
		 Event Point 1371 "Reactor Coolant Pressurizer Level High-High
		Reviews AR-501 and AR-503 for alarms
		Notifies the SRO of Controlling Pressurizer level instrument failure.
	SRO	Ensures RO's check AR-501 and AR-501 for alarm guidance.
		Direct OAC to control Pressurizer level in hand.
	:	Directs BOP to review OP-501 and select alternate instrument for Pressurizer level control.
		Reviews and enters TS 3.3.17(A) for PAM (If time permits).
	BOP	Select alternate instrument IAW OP-501
		Checks RC-1-LIR3 reading
		Select RC-1-MS to LT3-Y position
	OAC	Acknowledges following alarms clearing:
		I-7-1 "Pressurizer Level High
		 Event Point 1371 "Reactor Coolant Pressurizer Level High-High"
		 Event Point 1372 "Reactor Coolant Pressurizer Level High"

Op-Test No:	NI 4	Secondria Mai	4	Event Ne:	A	Dogo	2	of	2
UD-Testino:	IN-3	Scenario No:	1	Event No:	4	Page	~	of	2

Initiation Cue: Examiner Initiated Annunciator Alarms: K-3-2 Termination Cue: Alternate Pressurizer level instrument selected and Pressurizer Level control is back in AUTO. Event Description: Pressurizer level instrument RC-1-LT1 fails high (MALF) The controlling Pressurizer level slowly fail high. Annunciator Alarm K-3-2 SASS Mismatch" comes in but failure rate is too slow for SASS to auto transfer. OAC notifies the SRO of the failure. SRO directs alternate signal source selection IAW OP-501. SRO evaluates TS and enters 3.3.17(A) for Post Accident Monitoring.

Time	Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior					
	SRO	Directs OAC or BOP to return Pressurizer level control to auto.				
	OAC or BOP	Returns Pressurizer level control to auto • Selects M/V on MUV-31 • Adjust MUV-31 setpoint to put M/V on "Carrot" • Selects Position on MUV-31 • Selects MUV-31 to "Auto"				

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Op-Test No:	: Examiner Initiated	io No: <u>1</u> Event No: <u>5</u> Page <u>1</u> of <u>2</u>
		d Annunciator Alarm: J-4-2 (≈ 3 min.) cted that the Rx be tripped IAW AP-520.
Event Descrip	otion: Small Pressu	urizer steam space leak develops on Pressurizer level tap (MALF). RCS pressure
pegins to slowly	ly degrade. RO's dia	iagnose uncontrolled pressure reduction and notify the SRO. SRO enters AP-520 and olled pressure reduction. After taking action of AP-520 to isolate possible leak locations
he SRO shoul	Id direct Reactor Tri	ip IAW AP-520.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	Diagnose uncontrolled pressure reduction.
		RCS pressure low and decreasing
		Pressurizer heaters indicate full demand
		ANN Alarm J-4-2 "RCS Pressure Low" (2055#)
		 Reviews AR-502 for direction and may carry out following action in accordance with AR-502:
	I	Close Pressurizer Spray Valve RCV-14
	•	Close Spray Block Valve RCV-13
	,	Close PORV Block Valve RCV-11
	,	RCS temperatures stable
		Pressurizer level decreasing slightly
	·	Notifies the SRO of uncontrolled pressure reduction.
	SRO	Enters AP-520 and provides direction for uncontrolled pressure reduction
	•	BOP sent to check Pressurizer heater amp meters on back of panel.
	: 1	OAC directed to isolate spray line
	1	Close RCV-13
	ļ	♦ Close RCV-14
	. 1	OAC directed to Isolate PORV
		Close RCV-11
	1	 Select "Closed on PORV (RCV-10)
		Directs OAC/BOP to monitor pressure trend following isolation
		When RCS pressure continues to decrease, directs OAC to trip Rx. (Entry condition of next event.)
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Op-Test No:	N-1 Scenari	o No: 1 Event No: 5 Page 1 of 2
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	: Examiner Initiated Cue: SRO has dire	d Annunciator Alarm: J-4-2 (≈ 3 min.) cted that the Rx be tripped IAW AP-520.
		urizer steam space leak develops on Pressurizer level tap (MALF). RCS pressure
begins to slow	ly degrade. RO's d	iagnose uncontrolled pressure reduction and notify the SRO. SRO enters AP-520 and
	ld direct Reactor Ti	olled pressure reduction. After taking action of AP-520 to isolate possible leak locations, rip IAW AP-520.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Checks the Pressurizer amp meters on rear of panel.
		Report meter reading to SRO
		Assist OAC in monitoring RCS pressure
		Monitor for increased RCS leakage
		Provide PEER checking of OAC actions
	OAC	Isolates Spray line IAW SRO direction. (May have been done IAW AR-502.)
		Close RCV-13
		Close RCV-14
		Isolate PORV IAW SRO direction. (May have been done IAW AR-502)
		Close RCV-11
		Select Closed PORV
		Monitor RCS pressure following isolation.
	•	Notify SRO of continued pressure reduction.
		Depress Rx trip push-button when directed by SRO. (Button doesn't work. ENTRY CONDITION FOR NEXT EVENT .)
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Termination (Event Descrip so they do not	: Rx Trip Push-Bu Cue: Rx Tripped a otion: (ATWS) Th trip on low pressu	rio No: <u>1</u> Event No: <u>6</u> Page <u>1</u> of <u>2</u> utton fail to trip Rx. and EOP-02 immediate actions completed. e Rx Trip Push-Button is failed. Channels "A", "B", and "C" setpoints are miss-calibrated are (MALF). OAC diagnoses failure of Rx Trip Push-Button and informs the SRO. SRO reactor by opening bkrs 3305/3312 (CT#1) and perform immediate actions of EOP-02.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Diagnoses Rx Trip Push-Button failure Informs SRO of failure.
	SRO	Directs OAC to open breakers 3305 and 3312 (CT#1).
		Enters EOP-02 and performs verification of EOP-02 immediate actions by directing the OAC to do the following:
		Depress Rx Trip Push Button
		Verify Groups 1 thru 7 in core
	•	Verify NI's indicate Rx is shutdown
		Depress Turbine Trip Push Button
		Verify TV's and GV's verified closed
	OAC	Trips the reactor by opening breaker 3305 and 3312 (CT#1).
		Performs and verbalizes immediate actions of EOP-02
		Rx Trip Push Button Depressed
		Groups 1 thru 7 verified in core
	-	NI's indicate Rx is shutdown
		Turbine Trip Push Button Depressed
		TV's and GV's verified closed
		Notifies SRO of completion of EOP-02 immediate actions.
		Re-perform immediate actions of EOP-02 under SRO direction.
		Rx Trip Push Button Depressed
		Groups 1 thru 7 verified in core
		NI's indicate Rx is shutdown
		Turbine Trip Push Button Depressed
		TV's and GV's verified closed
		Should note failure of SPDS displays and inform the SRO.

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Op-Test No: _	N-1 Scenar	o No: <u>1</u> Event No: <u>6</u> Page <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>		
Termination Event Descri so they do not	ption: (ATWS) The trip on low pressu	tton fail to trip Rx. ad EOP-02 immediate actions completed. Rx Trip Push-Button is failed. Channels "A", "B", and "C" setpoints are miss-calibrated re (MALF). OAC diagnoses failure of Rx Trip Push-Button and informs the SRO. SRO reactor by opening bkrs 3305/3312 (CT#1) and perform immediate actions of EOP-02.		
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior		
	BOP	Scans panel for alarms		
		Should note the failure of both SPDS displays.		
		Monitors EFW if EFIC actuates on low level		
		EOP-13, Rule 3		

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Op-T	est	No:	N	-1
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Scenario No:

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Event No:

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Page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u>

Initiation Cue: RCS Pressure <1500 and ASCM lost Termination Cue: MUV-25 closed and de-powered.

Cue: HPI actuation and SCM <50

Event Description: Following reactor trip, both SPDS displays go blank. RCS pressure continues to decrease and ASCM is lost. OAC/BOP diagnose the loss of ASCM using the digital SCM monitors and carry out action of EOP-13, Rule 1. SRO enters EOP-03 upon loss of ASCM and directs RCPs shutdown within 2 minutes (CT#2). HPI actuates and MUP-1C fails to auto start (MALF). HPI low range flow indications for MUV-25 read 75 gpm higher than the other three lines due to a passive leak down steam of the valve (MALF). SRO directs BOP to Bypass/Reset ES and close MUV-25 IAW EOP-03. (CT#3)

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	Report failure of SPDS to SRO
		Diagnoses a loss of ASCM.
-		 SCM monitors indicate < 50° with RCS pressure < 1500#
		Notifies the SRO of loss of ASCM
		Perform action of EOP-13, Rule 1
		 Stop all RCP's within 2 minutes of loss of ASCM (CT#2)
	•	 Depress yellow "HPI MAN ACT" push button on Train "A" and "B".
		 Depress yellow "RB ISO MAN ACTUATION" push button on Train "A" and "B".
		Reports failure of MUP-1C to the SRO
		May report abnormal flow indication on MUV-25 narrow range flow.
		Notify SRO of EFIC actuation. (May have actuated earlier on OTSG low level but will be actuated be loss of all RCP's)
	· .	

Op-Test No: _	N-1 Scenario	No: <u>1</u> Event No: <u>7</u> Page <u>2</u> of <u>4</u>
Termination Event Descri		d and de-powered. actor trip, both SPDS displays go blank. RCS pressure continues to decrease and
		te the loss of ASCM using the digital SCM monitors and carry out action of EOP- upon loss of ASCM and directs RCPs shutdown within 2 minutes (CT#2). HPI
actuates and	MUP-1C fails to au	to start (MALF). HPI low range flow indications for MUV-25 read 75 gpm higher
		a passive leak down steam of the valve (MALF). SRO directs BOP to -25 IAW EOP-03. (CT#3)
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	Transitions to EOP-03
		Ensures RCP's are shutdown within 2 minutes of loss of ASCM (CT#2).
		Directs RO's actions IAW EOP-03.
		PPO directed to perform EOP-14 enclosure #2
		 Verify all HPI valves are open (MUV-23, 24, 25, & 26)
		Ensure full HPI
	•	BWST to MUP valves open (MUV-73 & 58)
		 ES selected MUPs and required cooling (MUP-1B, MUP-1C, SWP- 1A/1B, RWP-2A/2B, RWP-3B) (MUP-1C FAILED)
		 Should direct BOP to attempt start MUP-1C but does not get bogged down in MUP-1C recovery attempts. Should continue to progress through first 19 follow-up steps of EOP-03.
		 MUP recirc to MUT valves closed (MUV-53 & 257)
		HPI recirc to sump valves closed (MUV-543, 544, 545, 546)
	:	 Letdown isolation valves closed (MUV-49 & 567)
		Verify MUV-27 closed
		Ensure HPI flow properly directed
		 Record flow for all HPI lines and determines that flow on MUV-25 line is too high.
		Directs BOP to Bypass Auto ES actuations (HPI)
		 Directs BOP to reset Manual ES actuations (HPI & RBIC)
		Directs BOP to close MUV-25 (CT#3)
		 Directs BOP to have power removed from MUV-25. (May have BOP turn power off to MUV-25/26 on MCP until PPO has opened MUV-25 breaker).
		Directs OAC to control EFW IAW EOP-13, Rule-3

Op-Test No:	<u>N-1</u> Scenario	D No: Event No:7 Page3 of4
Termination Event Descri		d and de-powered. actor trip, both SPDS displays go blank. RCS pressure continues to decrease and
13, Rule 1. S actuates and	SRO enters EOP-03 MUP-1C fails to au	se the loss of ASCM using the digital SCM monitors and carry out action of EOP- upon loss of ASCM and directs RCPs shutdown within 2 minutes (CT#2). HPI uto start (MALF). HPI low range flow indications for MUV-25 reads 75 gpm due to a leak down steam of the valve (MALF). SRO directs BOP to
		/-25 IAW EOP-03 (CT#3)
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	May attempt to start MUP-1C when it fails to auto start.
		Notifies SRO of MUP-1C failed start attempt.
		Carry out actions of EOP-13, Rule #1
		Trip all RCPs within two minutes of loss of ASCM.
		Depress "HPI MAN ACT" push buttons (Trains A & B)
		 Depress "RB ISO MAN ACTUATION" push buttons (Trains A & B)
		Carry out EOP-03 actions as directed by SRO
		PPO directed to perform EOP-14 enclosure #2
		 Verify all HPI valves are open (MUV-23, 24, 25, & 26)
		Ensure full HPI
		 BWST to MUP valves open (MUV-73 & 58)
		 ES selected MUPs and required cooling (MUP-1B, MUP-1C, SWP- 1A/1B, RWP-2A/2B, RWP-3B) (MUP-1C FAILED)
	:	Should attempt start MUP-1C.
		 MUP recirc to MUT valves closed (MUV-53 & 257)
		 HPI recirc to sump valves closed (MUV-543, 544, 545, 546)
		 Letdown isolation valves closed (MUV-49 & 567)
		Verify MUV-27 closed
		 Ensure HPI flow properly directed (CT#3)
		 Report flow for all HPI lines and determines that flow on MUV-25 line is too high.
		Bypass Auto ES actuations (HPI)
		Reset Manual ES actuations (HPI & RBIC)
		Close MUV-25 (CT#3)
		Directs PPO to remove power from MUV-25. (May turn power off to MUV-25/26 on MCP until PPO has opened MUV-25 breaker).

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Op-Test No: _	N-1 Scenario	o No: <u>1</u> Eve	nt No:7	Page 4	of
Termination (Event Descrip ASCM is lost. 13, Rule 1. S actuates and higher than th	Cue: MUV-25 closed ption: Following rea . OAC/BOP diagnos RO enters EOP-03 MUP-1C fails to au he other three lines	actor trip, both SPDS d	lisplays go blank sing the digital Se d directs RCPs s ow range flow ir eam of the valve	CM monitors and hutdown within 2 ndications for MU	ontinues to decrease and carry out action of EOP- 2 minutes (CT#2). HPI V-25 reads 75 gpm
Time	Position		Applicant's A	ctions or Behavior	·
	OAC	take manu ♦ EFW t		nanual control:	the "ISCM" setpoint, <u>THEN</u>

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Op-Test No:	N-1 Scenar	o No:1 Event No:8 Page1 of _1
Termination Event Descr cycles to star	iption: MUP-1B sha	oldown Started IAW EOP-03. Ift seizure (MALF). BOP diagnoses loss of MUP-1B, total loss of HPI capability. SRO ovides guidance for loss of all HPI capability. SRO directs OAC to establish and
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Diagnoses loss of all HPI capability.
		ANN Alarm B-6-1 "MU PP B TRIP"
		HPI flows drop to 0
		RCS pressure decreasing
		SCM decreasing
		Notifies SRO of MUP-1B failure and no HPI flow
	SRO	Cycles to start of EOP-03
		IAW EOP-03 step 3.4 directs OAC to establish and maintain maximum possible cooldown rate (CT#4).
		Full open all ADV's and TBV's
		Direct BOP to bypass " EFIC OTSG ISOL" when OTSG pressure < 725
	OAC .	Establish and maintain maximum possible cooldown rate.
		Full open all ADV's and TBV's (CT#4)
	BOP	Bypass EFIC OTSG ISOL when OTSG pressure < 725
	-	 Depress "<725 PSI STM GEN PRESS ACT BYPASS" push buttons for all 4 EFIC channels.
	SRO	Classify emergency IAW EOP-202 after the simulator if frozen.

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Examination Setup/Execution Scenario 1

Scenario Setup

1.	[]]] Initialize the simulator to 100% power and UNFREEZE the simulator.
2.	[]] In the "NRCEXAM" directory of LESSON PLAN, start lesson plan # 1
3.	[]	

4. Perform the following actions.

Place WTP-6B in Pull-To-Lock

[]] Start SWP-1A and Shutdown SWP-1C

- Open Output Breaker 1661]
- Ĩ [Open MOS 1661N ٦
- Ē Open MOS 1661S 1
- Unplug the SPDS SPEAKERS form the Sound Card so that SubCooling Margin 1 loss will not have audible alarm.

5. Place the following Red Tags on the main control panel:

•	Ε]	ASV-5
٠	[]	ASV-204
٠	Γ]	MSV-55
•	Ε]	MSV-56
٠	Γ]	WTP-6B
٠	Γ]	BKR 1661
٠	Ε]	MOS 1661N
•	[]	MOS 1661S
•	Γ]	MUP-1A

- 6. Ensure clean copies of the following "consumable" procedures are in the control room procedure books.
 - EOP-02 ٦ Γ] EOP-03] AP-520 Ε 1 [AP-545 E •] OP-501
 - E] 0P-604
 -] 0P-507

7.[] Advance all MCB recorders and remove line printer printouts and ensure ON-LINE.

8.[] Ensure all grease pencil marks on indicators and recorders are removed.

9. **[**] Ensure Batch Controller is Reset.

10.[ר Ensure SPDS screens are Reset.

Review Turnover Sheet and ensure the simulator setup agrees with Turnover. 11. T 12.[] FREEZE the simulator and notify the lead examiner that simulator is ready to begin.

Scenario Execute

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- 1 When notified by the lead examiner, UNFREEZE the simulator.
- 2 ES CHANNEL 2 PRESSURE FAILS TO 1250#

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #1 "Event 1 - ES Channel 2 Press Fails Mid-Scale (RC-3A-PT4)"

3 CWP-1B FLUSH WATER PROBLEM/SHAFT SHEAR

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #2 "Event 2 - CWP-1B Shaft Failure"

- 3.1 If TBO sent to check CWP-1B, wait five (5) minutes then report that there is steam coming out of upper packing area on the pump shaft.
- 3.2 If TBO sent to put SCHX-1B in service, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #11 "Open SCHX-1B Inlet and Outlet Valves (SCV-7 & 8)"
- 3.3 If TBO directed to take SCHX-1A out of service, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #12 "Close SCV-6 on SCHX-1A"
- 3.4 If TBO directed to close ARV-46, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #13 "Close ARV-46"
- DROPPED ROD 1-2 NO ICS RUNBACK

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #3 "Event 3 - Dropped Rod 1-2 No ICS Runback"

- 4.1 If TBO sent to check on ASV-27 operation when <80%, wait 2 minutes then report AS swap to MS has occurred and ASV-27 controlling normally.
- 5 PZR LEVEL INST FAILS HIGH (RC-1-LT1)

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #4 "Event 4 - PZR Level Inst Fails High (RC-1-LT1)"

6 PZR STEAM SPACE LEAK

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #5 "Event 5 - PZR Steam Space Leak"

6.1 When TBO directed to do EOP-14 enclosure #1, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #14 "EOP-14 enclosure #1 actions"

Do not report completion of actions for at least 5 minutes.

- 6.2 RCS pressure will continue to decrease post trip and result in a loss of ASCM.
- 6.3 When PPO directed to perform EOP-14 enclosure #2, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #15 "EOP-14 enclosure #2 actions"

When 15 minutes have passed, call the control room as the PPO and ask which H₂ analizer to line up and which sample point is to be used.

MUP-1B SHAFT SEIZURE

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When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #8 "Event 8 - MUP-1B Shaft Seizure"

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EXAM N-1 TURNOVER

- A. Initial conditions:
 - 1. Time in core life 247 EFPD
 - 2. Rx power and power history 100% for > 7 days
 - 3. Boron concentration 1025 PPMB
 - 4. Xenon Equilibrium
 - 5. RCS Activity Fuel 0.0005 uCi/ml
- B. Tech. Spec. action requirement(s) in effect: 3.7.5(D) EFP-2 red tagged to mechanical maintenance for governor replacement. 6 hours into 72 hour action statement. EFP-2 is scheduled to be released for post maintenance testing in 4 hours.
- C. Clearances in effect:
 - 1. EFP-2 for governor replacement
 - 2. WTP-6B (Demin Water Transfer Pump) for motor/pump realignment. Scheduled to be returned in 10 hours
 - 3. MUP-1A to electrical maintenance to replace control power fuses. MUP-1A will be returned to service in two hours.
 - 4. Breaker 1661, MOS 1661S, and MOS 1661N to Dispatcher. Breaker 1661 tripped on previous shift (cause unknown). Line crew in 500 KV switchyard trouble shooting the breaker.
- D. Significant problems/abnormalities:
 - 1. SWP-1A is running while engineering performs an analysis of anomalous vibration reading taken during last SP. Vibrations were within allowable limits but had increased from previous SP.
 - 2. Severe thunderstorms and extremely high wind expected over next 24 hours.
- E. Evolution's/maintenance for the on-coming shift: Perform post maintenance test of EFP-2 and MUP-1A when released from maintenance.
- F. Units 1 and 2 status: On-Line
- G. Units 4 and 5 status: On-Line
- H. NSS Instruct the RO's to walk down the main control board and provide you with the following data:
 - 1.
 RCS Average Temperature

 2.
 RCS Pressure

 3.
 Pressurizer Level

 4.
 Make-up Tank Level

 5.
 Turbine Load

 6.
 Turbine Reference
- NOTE: Should need arise, full implementation of the emergency plan is not required during this exam. However, SRO should be prepared to address possible Emergency Plan involvement following the exam.

Facility: <u>Crystal River Unit 3</u> Scenario Number: <u>2</u> Operating Test Number: 1
Examiners: Operators:
Objectives:
1. Evaluate SRO candidates ability to manage shift resources and exercise command and control during norma and emergency conditions.
2. Evaluate SRO candidates ability to implement emergency and abnormal operating procedures.
 Evaluate SRO candidates ability to interpret and apply Tech Specs associated with an inoperable EFIC channel and an inoperable SWP.
4. Evaluate RO candidates ability to place a main feedwater pump to automatic control. Actions IAW OP-504
5. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates ability to perform a Turbine Generator Sync. To the grid. Actions IAW OP-203
 Evaluate RO candidates ability to diagnose and respond to a RCP seal injection total flow instrument failure. Actions IAW SRO direction.
 Evaluate RO/SRO candidates response to a "B" ES 4160 bus undervoltage and "B" EDG failing to re-energiz the bus due to EDG low frequency. Actions IAW AP-770.
8. Evaluate RO candidates response to a loss of SWP-1A. Actions IAW AR-303.
9. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates response to a SG Tube rupture. Actions IAW EOP-06.
10. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates ability to diagnose and respond to a post trip over cooling transient.
Initial Condition: Plant startup in progress. Reactor power at 21%, Turbine at 1800 RPM.
Turnover Information: Demin. water transfer pump WTP-6B is out of service for motor/pump realignment. WTP 6B is scheduled for return to service in 10 hours. EFP-2 is OOS and red tagged to mechanical maintenance for governor repair. EFP-2 was taken OOS after entry to Mode 1. The plant is one hour into a 72 hour action statement based on TS 3.7.5. (D) for EFP-2. EFP-2 is scheduled to be released for post maintenance testing in 4 hours. MUP-1A is tagged to electrical maintenance to replace fuses in the DC start circuits. MUP-1A will be returned to service in two hours. SWP-1A is running while engineering performs an analysis of anomalous vibration readings taken during the last SP.
During the previous shift, Breaker 1661 developed a quench gas leak. A line crew is in the 500 KV switchyard trouble shooting the breaker. Breaker 1661, MOS 1661N, and MOS 1661S are currently OPEN and red tagged to Dispatcher.
During the power escalation, FWP-2A was selected to manual due to minor speed oscillations. I&C identified a noisy DP signal as the source of the oscillation. Repairs and post maintenance testing are complete. FWP-2A ready to be restored to automatic.
Severe thunderstorms and extremely high winds expected over the next 24 hours.

FINAL

Event No.	Event Type*	Malf. No.	Event Description
1	(N) - OAC/SRO		Transfer FWP-2A H/A station to ICS Auto control IAW OP-504
2	(N) -BOP/SRO		Sync. the main generator to the grid IAW OP-203, Sections 4.2.
3	(I) - OAC/SRO		EFIC OTSG "B" Pressure transmitter fail high (MALF). "B" OTSG ADV (MSV-26) opens in response to the failed signal. SRO directs OAC to manually close MSV-26 (CT#1). SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.3.11(A) and 3.3.11(C).
4	(I) - BOP/SRO		RCP Seal injection total flow transmitter fails high (MALF).
5	(C) - BOP/SRO		Breaker 3206 trips (MALF). "B" ES 4160 Bus dead. "B" EDG starts but due to a low frequency condition on the "B" EDG, does not re-energize the bus (MALF). Response IAW AP-770.
6	(C) - BOP/SRO		SWP-1A shaft shear (MALF). SWP-1B fails to auto start (MALF). Letdown isolates on high temperature due to loss of SW flow. SRO directs the BOP to start SWP-1B (CT#2). SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.3.7(A). SRO directs BOP in recovery of Letdown IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4 or OP- 402.
7	(C) - ALL (R) - OAC	•	"B" OTSG 60 GPM tube leak (MALF). Actions IAW EOP-06 and AP-510.
8	(MT) - ALL		When reactor is tripped per EOP-06 "A" TBV H/A station transfers to Hand resulting in an post trip overcooling event (MALF). The "A" TBVs will not respond to operator actions. SRO directs actions to terminate overcooling event (CT#3). Actions IAW EOP-05.
Scenario Duration		120 minutes	Exercise Termination: Terminate at examiner discretion once overcooling event terminated.

*(N)ormal evolution, (R)eactivity manipulation, (I)instrument failure, (C)omponent failure, (M)ajor transient

Narrative Summary:

The crew reviews L&P associated with the plant startup. The SRO directs the OAC to transfer FWP-2A to ICS automatic control. The OAC places FWP-2A in auto IAW OP-504, section 4.7. The SRO then directs the crew to continue the plant startup IAW with OP-203. The BOP performs the Main Generator sync. to grid IAW OP-203 and SRO direction.

When Main Generator is sync. to the grid, "B" EFIC Channel OTSG pressure transmitter for "B" OTSG (MS-111-PT) fails high. "B" OTSG ADV (MSV-26) opens in response to the failed signal. RO's diagnose instrument failure and improper "B" ADV response. OAC selects "B" ADV to manual and closed (CT#1). SRO evaluates and applies TS 3.3.11(A) and 3.3.14(A) and directs the RO's to have EFIC channel "B" placed in a "Bypassed" condition IAW OP-450. (TS require channel be "Bypassed" or "Tripped" within one hour. It is expected that the crew will "Bypass" the channel).

When the EFIC channel has been "Bypassed" the RCP seal injection total flow transmitter (MU-27-DPT) slowly fails high. Indicated RCP total seal injection flow increases, individual RCP seal flows decrease as control system responds to failed instrument. RO's diagnose failure and establish manual control of seal injection.

When seal injection flow control has been stabilized, breaker 3206 trips and the "B" ES 4160 bus and 480 busses loses power. EDG-1B auto starts but does not re-energizes the ES bus due to a low frequency condition on the "B" EDG. SRO enters AP-770 and directs BOP/OAC response to the transient. RO's verify vital equipment operation, establish RB cooling, re-energize the "B" ES 4160 bus using "B" EDG. IAW AP-770 and SRO direction.

Before the 4160 bus is transferred to an off-site power source, SWP-1A shaft shears. SWP-1B fails to auto start resulting in a loss of SW system flows. Crew receives numerous SW related alarms. Letdown high temperature interlock actuates isolating letdown flow to the MUT. RO's diagnose the SWP-1A shaft failure and manually start SWP-1B (CT#2) following EOP-13, Rule 5 guidance for large pump starts with EDG on line. Crew verifies SW cooling restored and BOP restores letdown flow IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4 and SRO direction. SRO should evaluate and enter TS 3.7.7(A) if time permits.

When the plant is stable, a 60 GPM tube leak develops on the "B" OTSG. RO's diagnose leak, identify the affected OTSG and notify SRO that leak rate is >1 GPM. SRO enters EOP-06 and directs RO response to the tube leak transient. When the reactor is tripped IAW EOP-06 the "A" OTSG TBV H/A station transfers to hand resulting in a post trip overcooling transient. RO's may diagnose TBV in manual and attempt to close the TBVs in manual. The "A" TBV's do not respond to operator actions. The SRO will transition to EOP-05 and direct RO's response. RO's will isolate "A" OTSG IAW EOP-05 and terminate the overcooling (CT#3). When the overcooling is terminated the SRO will work through EOP-05 and transition back to EOP-06.

Procedures to be used during this scenario:

OP-203	OP-504	OP-501	OP-450
AP-510	AP-770	•	
EOP-06	EOP-05		
Rule 5			
EOP-14, enc.4			

Target Quantitative Attributes - Scenario 1	Actual Attributes
1. Total Malfunctions (5-8)	-7
2. Malfunctions after EOP entry (1-2)	1
3. Abnormal Events (2-4)	2
4. Major Transients (1-2)	1
5. EOP's entered requiring substantive actions (1-2)	2
6. EOP contingencies requiring substantive actions (0-2)	0
7. Critical Tasks (2-3)	3

Time	Position	VP-2A H/A station to ICS Auto control IAW OP-504 Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	 Direct the OAC to place the "A" FWP in "Auto" IAW OP-504 Reads the 2 notes at the beginning of section 4.7 Main FW pumps should not be transferred to AUTO simultaneously Tripping of Main FW pump will inhibit AUTO operation. Select M/V on both "A" and "B" FW pump Bailey stations. Adjust pressure to 80 psid using raise/lower toggle Monitor OTSG levels, FW flows, and FW control valves. Select position on "A" FW pump Bailey station. Select "A" FW pump Bailey station to auto. Monitor FW flow and FW pump speed and go back to Hand if large change occurs.
	OAC	 Places the "A" FW pump Bailey control station in "Auto" IAW OP-504. Select M/V on both "A" and "B" FW pump Bailey stations. Adjust pressure to 80 psid using raise/lower toggle Monitor OTSG levels, FW flows, and FW control valves. Select position on "A" FW pump Bailey station. Select "A" FW pump Bailey station to auto. Monitor FW flow and FW pump speed and go back to Hand if large change occurs.
	BOP	Monitors balance of plant systems and alarms. Provides PEER checks for OAC actions

Termination (•	out 21% and Main Generator sync. to grid Generator to the grid IAW OP-203, Sections 4.2.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	Direct BOP actions of OP-203 to sync the Main Generator to the grid.
		Notify dispatcher to prepare for sync to grid
		Ensure voltage regulator off
		• Energize the voltage regulator
		Close Exciter Field Breaker
		 Monitor exciter voltage, exciter amp, and gen voltage for increase
		Adjust "Generator Volts"
		 Use "Base Adjust" to adjust generator volts to 22 KV.
		♦ Verify exciter amps ≈37 amps at output voltage of 22 KV.
		Place voltage regulator in TEST
		 Select voltage regulator to "TEST" position
		 Balance requlator to read "0" on "Voltage Reg Balance" meter us "Volt Adjust"
		Place the Auto Voltage Regulator in service
		 Select Voltage Regulator to "RUN" position
		Ensure "Generator Volts" indicates 22 KV
	:	 Ensure "Excire Amps" indicates ≈37 amps
		 Determine and record mode of Generator Breaker Closure (AUTO to used IAW turnover sheet.
		Select synchroscope for 1662 in "Manual" position
		Adjust synchroscope in fast direction
		Adjust speed/load setter to slow clockwise rotation of synchrosco
		 Ensure Generator Incoming and System Running Volts are ≈ equal
		 Adjust "Volt Adjust" to match
		 Select synchroscope switch to "AUTO" position
		Ensure proper closure of selected breaker
		Load generator to clear "Turbine Steam Flow Low" alarm
		 Manually load generator at 15% rate OR take turbine to manual a load manually
		Select synchroscope to OFF

Termination C		out 21% and Main Generator sync. to grid Generator to the grid IAW OP-203, Sections 4.2.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
Time	Position BOP	Applicant's Actions or Behavior Performs actions of OP-203 to sync the Main Generator to the grid. Ensure voltage regulator off Energize the voltage regulator Close Exciter Field Breaker Monitor exciter voltage, exciter amp, and gen voltage for increase Adjust "Generator Volts" Use "Base Adjust" to adjust generator volts to 22 KV. Verify exciter amps ≈37 amps at output voltage of 22 KV. Place voltage regulator in TEST Select voltage regulator to "TEST" position Balance regulator to read "0" on "Voltage Reg Balance" meter usin "Volt Adjust" Place the Auto Voltage Regulator in service Select Voltage Regulator to "RUN" position Ensure "Generator Volts" indicates ≈37 amps Determine and record mode of Generator Breaker Closure (AUTO to be used IAW turnover sheet. Select synchroscope for 1662 in "Manual" position Adjust speed/load setter to slow clockwise rotation of synchroscope Ensure Generator Incoming and System Running Volts are ≈ equal Adjust "Volt Adjust" to match Select synchroscope switch to "AUTO" position Ensure proper closure of selected breaker Load generator to clear "Turbine Steam Flow Low" alarm
		 Manually load generator at 15% rate OR take turbine to manual and load manually
		Select synchroscope to OFF

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Termination	: Turnover Sheet Cue: Rx power ab	ario No: <u>2</u> Event No: <u>2</u> Page <u>3</u> of <u>3</u> out 21% and Main Generator sync. to grid Generator to the grid IAW OP-203, Sections 4.2.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Monitor Rx power during the sync. of the Main Generator to the grid.
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Op-Test No: N-1 Scenario No: 2 Event No: 3 Page 1 of 1 Initiation Cue: Examiner Initiated Annunciator Alarm: K-6-6 Termination Cue: EFIC Channel "B" Bypassed IAW OP-450 Event Description: EFIC OTSG "B" pressure transmitter (MS-111-PT) fails high (MALF). Annunciator Alarm K-6-6 "Atmospheric Dump Valve Not Full Closed" comes in. The RO's diagnose the failure and notify the SRO. SRO directs the BOP to close MSV-26 (CT#1). SRO reviews and enters TS 3.3.11(A) and 3.3.11(C) when informed of MS-111-PT failure.		
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	 Diagnose EFIC pressure transmitter failure. ANN Alarm K-6-6 "Atmospheric Dump Valve Not Full Closed" MSV-26 controller increasing demand MS Safety Valve monitor shows steam escaping from MSV-26 MS-11-PI1 on PSA panel pegged high MS-107-PIR in ICS panel pegged high SP-10A-PIR1 on TGF panel shows actual MS header decreasing RCS shows indication in increase cooling
	SRO	Directs the BOP to take manual control of MSV-26 and close MSV-26 (CT#1). Directs the OAC to monitor Rx power.
	÷	When informed of MS-111-PT failure, reviews and enters TS 3.3.11(A) and 3.3.11(C) Directs the BOP to have the "B" EFIC channel Bypassed or Tripped IAW OP-450. Should insure OAC/BOP realize the EFIC functions from "B" EFIC are now affected. (FOGG, Low Pressure actuation, etc.)
	OAC	Monitors Rx power during overcooling event.
	BOP	Selects MSV-26 to hand position and closes MSV-26 (CT#1). Calls the PPO to Bypass or Trip EFIC channel "B" IAW OP-450.
	SRO	Calls NSM to have repair activities started for EFIC pressure transmitter.

seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			
Termination Cue: Seal Injection Flow controlled manually and RCS leak ruled out. Event Description: RCP total flow transmitter (MU-27-DPT) fails high slowly. ANN Alarm H-5-07 "RC PUMP SEAL FLOWS HIGH/LOW" actuates. The RO's diagnose the failure and inform the SRO. SRO directs the BOP to take manual control of the seal injection control valve and adjust seal flows using the individual seal flow indications. Time Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior OAC/BOP Diagnose RCP total flow transmitter (MU-27-DPT) failure. ANN Alarm H-5-7 "RC PUMP SEAL FLOWS HIGH/LOW" • Event Point 1079 "Total seal flow > 42 gpm" • Event Point 1084 "RCP-1A seal flow < 3 gpm"	Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenario	o No: Event No: _4 Page _1 _ of _1
OAC/BOP Diagnose RCP total flow transmitter (MU-27-DPT) failure. ANN Alarm H-5-7 "RC PUMP SEAL FLOWS HIGH/LOW" • Event Point 1079 "Total seal flow > 42 gpm" Event Point 1084 "RCP-1A seal flow < 3 gpm"	Termination Event Descri FLOWS HIGH	Cue: Seal Injection ption: RCP total flo I/LOW' actuates. Th	Flow controlled manually and RCS leak ruled out. w transmitter (MU-27-DPT) fails high slowly. ANN Alarm H-5-07 "RC PUMP SEAL ne RO's diagnose the failure and inform the SRO. SRO directs the BOP to take manual
 ANN Alarm H-5-7 "RC PUMP SEAL FLOWS HIGH/LOW" Event Point 1079 "Total seal flow > 42 gpm" Event Point 1084 "RCP-1A seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1085 "RCP-1B seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1086 "RCP-1C seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1087 "RCP-1D seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1087 "RCP-1D seal flow < 3 gpm" Total seal flow on MU-27-FI increasing Individual RCP seal flow decreasing Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters	Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
• Event Point 1079 "Total seal flow > 42 gpm" • Event Point 1084 "RCP-1A seal flow < 3 gpm"		OAC/BOP	Diagnose RCP total flow transmitter (MU-27-DPT) failure.
 Event Point 1084 "RCP-1A seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1085 "RCP-1B seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1086 "RCP-1C seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1087 "RCP-1D seal flow < 3 gpm" Total seal flow on MU-27-FI increasing Individual RCP seal flow decreasing Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters	, ,		ANN Alarm H-5-7 "RC PUMP SEAL FLOWS HIGH/LOW"
• Event Point 1085 "RCP-1B seal flow < 3 gpm"			 Event Point 1079 "Total seal flow > 42 gpm"
 Event Point 1086 "RCP-1C seal flow < 3 gpm" Event Point 1087 "RCP-1D seal flow < 3 gpm" Total seal flow on MU-27-Fl increasing Individual RCP seal flow decreasing Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			 Event Point 1084 "RCP-1A seal flow < 3 gpm"
Event Point 1087 "RCP-1D seal flow < 3 gpm" Total seal flow on MU-27-Fl increasing Individual RCP seal flow decreasing Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			 Event Point 1085 "RCP-1B seal flow < 3 gpm"
 Total seal flow on MU-27-FI increasing Individual RCP seal flow decreasing Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters 			 Event Point 1086 "RCP-1C seal flow < 3 gpm"
Individual RCP seal flow decreasing Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			 Event Point 1087 "RCP-1D seal flow < 3 gpm"
Seal controlled demand decreasing Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			Total seal flow on MU-27-FI increasing
 Checks done for possible RCS leak Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters 		·	Individual RCP seal flow decreasing
Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			Seal controlled demand decreasing
Informs the SRO of the failure. SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			Checks done for possible RCS leak
SRO Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased. Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters		`	Rad Monitors checked for increasing trends
Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCF seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			Informs the SRO of the failure.
seal injection using the individual seal flow indications OAC Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage. Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters		SRO	Directs the OAC to ensure RCS leakage has not increased.
Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			Directs the BOP to take manual control of seal injection controller and maintain RCP seal injection using the individual seal flow indications
BOP Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand" Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters		OAC	Monitors RCS for possible increase RCS leakage.
Adjust MU-15-FIC controller to maintain seal injection flow on individual RCP seal flow meters			Should report no increase in RCS leakage to SRO
flow meters		BOP	Takes manual control of MUV-16 by placing MU-15-FIC into "Hand"
SRO Calls NSM to have repair activities started for seal injection controller.		SRO	Calls NSM to have repair activities started for seal injection controller.

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Op-Test No:	N-2 Scenario	No: Event No:5 Page1_ of
Termination: Event Descri go dead and	<pre>iption: Power supply the "B" EDG starts. "</pre>	Cue: Control room lighting reduced us energized by the "B" EDG breaker to "B" 4160 Volt ES bus (BKR 3206) trips open (MALF) . The "B" ES buses B" EDG does not energize the bus due to a low frequency problem (58 - 58.5 htz) on -770 and directs the BOP actions. SRO may review and enter TS 3.8.1(A) if time
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	Diagnose loss of power to B" 4160 ES Bus and EDG "B" start
		Control room lighting reduced
		 "B" ES bus voltage meters indicate) volts
		 "B" EDG "Crank" light ON, followed by the "Run" light when the EDG loads on the bus
		 "B" ES bus voltage meters return to normal readings once EDG energizes the "B" bus.
		Informs the SRO of AP-770 entry conditions met.
	SRO	Directs the OAC to continue to monitor Rx power while directing BOP through AP- 770.
		Enters AP-770 and directs BOP actions.
		 Ensures at least one ES bus energized and goes to step 3.12.
	· · ·	Verifies Letdown flow
		 Verifies SW, MUP, and SW RW pumps operating
		Verifies ES MCC 3AB energized
		Verifies no ES 480 UV lockouts
		Verifies IA pressure
		Ensures RB cooling
		 Should stay on CI cooling
		 Stops AHF-1A in Fast
		 Starts AHF-1A in Slow
		 Starts AHF-1B in slow (Must verify EOP-13 Rule 5 used)
		Verifies 2 groups Pressurizer heaters energized
		Verifies both ES buses energized
		 Has BOP check "B" EDG voltage ≈ 4150 volts
		 Directs BOP to increase "B" EDG frequency to 60 htz
		Verifies CC ventilation running
		Verifies CC Chillier running
		Verifies Non-1E battery charge not needed
		Directs BOP to have PPO restore heat tracing
		Notify NSM may need to order EDG fuel
		Verify SF cooling

Op-Test No: _	<u>N-2</u> Scenario	No: <u>2</u> Event No: <u>5</u> Page <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>
Termination: Event Descri go dead and t	ption: Power supply he "B" EDG startes.	Cue: Control room lighting reduced us energized by the "B" EDG breaker to the 4160 V "B" ES bus (BKR 3206) trips open (MALF) . The "B" ES buses "B" EDG does not energize the bus due to a low frequency problem (58.5 htz) on the and directs the BOP actions. SRO may review and enter TS 3.8.1(A) if time permits.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Monitors Rx power
	BOP	Under direction of SRO perform AP-770 actions
		Ensures at least one ES bus energized. (Both energized)
		Verifies Letdown flow.
		 Verifies SW, MUP, and SW RW pumps operating.
		Verifies ES MCC 3AB energized.
		Verifies no ES 480 UV lockouts.
		 Verifies IA pressure > 90 psig.
~		Ensures RB cooling.
		Ensures CI cooling
	`	 Stops AHF-1A in Fast
		♦ Starts AHF-1A in Slow
		 Verifies 2 groups Pressurizer heaters energized (all groups energized)
	:	Verifies both ES buses energized
		 Verifies "B" EDG volts ≈ 4150
		 Verifies "B" EDG at 60 htz
		Uses the "B" EDG speed adjust to increase frequency
		Ensures "B" EDG energizes bus
		 Verifies CC ventilation running (Behind ES panel on ventilation panel)
		Verifies CC Chillier running (Behind ES panel on ventilation panel)
		Verifies Non-1E battery charge not needed
		Directs PPO to restore heat tracing
		Verify SF cooling
	SRO	Calls NSM to have repair activities started for breaker 3206.
		May review and enter TS 3.8.1(A)

Op-Test No:	N-2 Scenario	No: Event No:6 Page _1 of _3
Termination: Event Descri diagnose the Letdown will is start and notif	loss of SW flow. ANN solate on high tempe	t shear (MALF) and SWP-1B fails to auto start on low pressure (MALF). OAC/BOP N Alarms I-1-3, I-2-3, I-3-3, and I-4-3 (Low cooling water flow to RCP's) actuate. rature. OAC/BOP diagnose failure of SWP-1A shaft and failure of SWP-1B to auto BOP to start SWP-1B after checking EDG loading IAW EOP-13, Rule 5. SRO directs
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	 Diagnose a loss of SW flow. ANN Alarm I-1-3 "RC PUMP A CLG WTR FLOW LOW" ANN Alarm I-2-3 "RC PUMP B CLG WTR FLOW LOW" ANN Alarm I-3-3 "RC PUMP C CLG WTR FLOW LOW" ANN Alarm I-4-3 "RC PUMP D CLG WTR FLOW LOW" ANN Alarm C-2-5 "SW SYSTEM PRESSURE LOW" ANN Alarm C-1-4 "SW BP A/B FLOW LOW" ANN Alarm C-1-6 "SW BP AUTO START" SWP-1A low amp reading ANN Alarm H-4-4 "LETDOWN TEMP HIGH" Letdown isolated (MUV-49 closed) Notify the SRO of loss of SW flow

Initiation: Examiner Initiated Annunciator Alarms: 1-1-3, 1-2-3, 1-3-3 Termination: Letdown Recovered Event Description: SWP-14 shaft shaft shaft (MALF) and SWP-18 fails to auto start on low pressure (MALF). OAC/BOP diagnose the loss of SW flow. ANN Alarms 1-13, 1-23, 1-33, and 1-4-3 (Low cooling water flow to ROFs) actuate. Letdown Wileside on high temperature. OAC/BOP diagnose failure of SWP-14 shaft and failure of SWP-18 to auto start and notify SRO. SRO directs BOP to start SWP-18 after checking EDG loading IAW EOP-13, Rule 5. SRO directs recover of Letdown using EOP-14, enclosure 4. Time Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior SRO May enter AP-330 but probably will just direct BOP to attempt to start SWP-18 (CT#Y1) following EOP-13 Rule 5 guidance. Should direct BOP to shutdown SWP-1A and have PPO check it out. Directs BOP action for Letdown recovery IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4 or may direct BOP to perform enclosure 2. Ensures MUV-49 closed Directs closure of MUV-50 Directs Closure of MUV-50 Directs BOP action for Letdown coolers are open Ensures MUV-124 open Directs Bypassing of Demins Ensures MUV-124 open Directs polyaging MUV-100 Ensures MUV-117 open Directs Letdown flow be established Directs Letdown flow be established Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch returned to normal when Letdown temperature < 130°. Directs MUV-130 chosend Directs MUV-134 open Directs MUV-149 High Temp Bypass switch returned to normal when Letdown temperature < 130°. Directs MUV-200 Ensures MUV-124 open Directs MUV-214 open Ensures MUV-214 open Ensures MUV-214 open Ensures MUV-214 open Ensures MUV-210 closed	Op-Test No:	<u>N-2</u> \$	Scenario No: Event No:6 Page _2 of3
SRO May enter AP-330 but probably will just direct BOP to attempt to start SWP-1B (CT#1) following EOP-13 Rule 5 guidance. Should direct BOP to shutdown SWP-1A and have PPO check it out. Directs BOP action for Letdown recovery IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4 or may direct BOP to perform enclosure 2. • Ensures MUV-49 closed • Directs closure of MUV-50 • Directs closure of MUV-51 • Ensures SW valves for Letdown coolers are open • Directs Bypassing of Demins • Ensures MUV-124 open • Directs closure of MUV-200 • Ensures MUV-113 closed • Directs closure of MUV-116 • Ensures MUV-133 closed • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass • Directs MUV-49 be opened • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch returned to normal when Letdown temperature < 130*.	Termination: Event Descrip diagnose the lo Letdown will is start and notify	Letdown Re otion: SWP- oss of SW fl olate on hig SRO. SRO	ecovered 1A shaft shear (MALF) and SWP-1B fails to auto start on low pressure (MALF). OAC/BOP ow. ANN Alarms I-1-3, I-2-3, I-3-3, and I-4-3 (Low cooling water flow to RCP's) actuate. h temperature. OAC/BOP diagnose failure of SWP-1A shaft and failure of SWP-1B to auto o directs BOP to start SWP-1B after checking EDG loading IAW EOP-13, Rule 5. SRO directs
(CT#1) following EOP-13 Rule 5 guidance. Should direct BOP to shutdown SWP-1A and have PPO check it out. Directs BOP action for Letdown recovery IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4 or may direct BOP to perform enclosure 2. • Ensures MUV-49 closed • Directs closure of MUV-50 • Directs closure of MUV-51 • Ensures SW valves for Letdown coolers are open • Ensures Letdown cooler inlet and outlet valves open • Directs Bypassing of Demins • Ensures MUV-124 open • Directs closure of MUV-200 • Ensures mUV-117 open • Directs Letdown from post-filter in service • Directs Letdown flow be established • Directs MUV-43 closed • Ensures pre-filter and post-filter in service • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch placed in Bypass • Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch returned to normal when Letdown temperature < 130°.	Time	Positio	on Applicant's Actions or Behavior
		SRO	 (CT#1) following EOP-13 Rule 5 guidance. Should direct BOP to shutdown SWP-1A and have PPO check it out. Directs BOP action for Letdown recovery IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4 or may direct BOP to perform enclosure 2. Ensures MUV-49 closed Directs closure of MUV-50 Directs closure of MUV-51 Ensures SW valves for Letdown coolers are open Ensures Letdown cooler inlet and outlet valves open Directs Bypassing of Demins Ensures MUV-124 open Directs closure of MUV-117 open Directs closure of MUV-133 closed Ensures pre-filter and post-filter in service Directs MUV-49 be opened Directs MUV-49 be opened Directs MUV-50 be opened Directs MUV-51 be throttled to desired flow. Directs MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch returned to normal when Letdown temperature < 130°. Directs demin placed into service Ensures MUV-124 open Ensures MUV-124 open Directs MUV-51 be throttled to desired flow.

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Op-Test No:	N-2 Scenario	o No: Event No:6 Page 3 of 3
	xaminer Initiated : Letdown Recovere	Annunciator Alarms: I-1-3, I-2-3, I-3-3, I-4-3
Event Descri diagnose the Letdown will i start and notif	iption: SWP-1A sha loss of SW flow. AN isolate on high tempe	ft shear (MALF) and SWP-1B fails to auto start on low pressure (MALF) . OAC/BOP N Alarms I-1-3, I-2-3, I-3-3, and I-4-3 (Low cooling water flow to RCP's) actuate. erature. OAC/BOP diagnose failure of SWP-1A shaft and failure of SWP-1B to auto BOP to start SWP-1B after checking EDG loading IAW EOP-13, Rule 5. SRO directs
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	 Start SWP-1B (CT#1) after ensuring EDG loading margin per EOP-13, Rule 5. Recovers Letdown IAW EOP-14 enclosure 4. Ensures MUV-49 closed Closes of MUV-50 closes of MUV-51 Ensures SW valves for Letdown coolers are open Ensures Letdown cooler inlet and outlet valves open Bypasses of Demins Ensures MUV-124 open Open of MUV-117 open Closes of MUV-116 Ensures MUV-133 closed Ensures pre-filter and post-filter in service Establishes Letdown flow Selects MUV-49 Establishes desired flow with MUV-51 Opens MUV-50 Throttles MUV-51 to desired flow. Selects MUV-49 High Temp Bypass switch to normal when Letdown temperature < 130°. Places demin into service
		 Ensures MUV-124 open Ensures MUV-116 open Closes of MUV-200 Ensures MUV-201 closed Closes of MUV-117
	SRO	Calls NSM to have repair activities started for SWP-1A. If allowed time, reviews TS and enter 3.8.1(A)

Op-Test No: N-2

Scenario No:

2

Event No: 7

Page 1 of 6

Annunciator Alarms: H-1-5, H-2-2, H-2-1

Initiation: Examiner Initiated Termination: Rx Tripped

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Event Description: "B" OTSG develops a 60 GPM tube leak. ANN Alarms H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HIGH RAD MONITOR FAIL", H-2-2 "ATMOSPHERIC MONITOR WARNING", and H-2-1 "ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION HIGH" actuates. OAC/BOP diagnose OTSG tube leak and inform SRO of EOP-6 entry conditions. SRO enters EOP-06 and directs plant shutdown and cooldown.

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior			
	OAC/BOP	Diagnose "B" OTSG tube leak			
		ANN Alarm H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HIGH RAD MONITOR FAIL"			
		ANN Alarm H-2-2 "ATMOSPHERIC MONITOR WARNING"			
		 Event point 1739 "RM-A12 Condenser Vacuum Pump Exhaust Warning/Fail" 			
		ANN Alarm H-2-1 "ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION HIGH"			
		 Event point 1738 " RM-A12 Condenser Vacuum Pump Exhaust Level High" 			
		Makeup flow increase			
		MUT level decrease			
		Steam line monitor pegged at 100 gpd			
	、	Determines a leak rate			
	-	Notifies SRO EOP-06 entry conditions met.			

Op-Test No: <u>N</u>	-2Scenario	D No: Event No: _7 Page _2 of _6					
IONITOR FAIL	x Tripped on: "B" OTSG de ', H-2-2 "ATMOSI	Annunciator Alarms: H-1-5, H-2-2, H-2-1 velops a 60 GPM tube leak. ANN Alarms H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HIGH RAD PHERIC MONITOR WARNING", and H-2-1 "ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION HIGH" SG tube leak and inform SRO of EOP-6 entry conditions. SRO enters EOP-06 and					
Time Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior							
	SRO	Directs the OAC/BOP to quantify the leak rate if not already done by OAC/BOP.					
		Enters EOP-06 and directs OAC/BOP actions					
		Direct SPO to perform EOP-14, enclosure #6 (OTSG Blowdown Lineup					
		 Provide direction to Ros to maintain MUT level					
		Begin determining affected OTSG					
		 Directs BOP to check MS line rad monitors (RM-G26 and RM-G27 					
		 Directs BOP to check MSV-25 and 26 rad monitors (RM-G25 and RM-G28 					
		 Notify Chemistry of perform CH-266 (OTSG leak rate monitoring. 					
		 Notify HP to perform MS line surveys 					
	•	Perform AP-510					
		 Adjust ICS "Load Rate" to desired setpoint. (Probably not applicable, since OTSG will probably still be LL limited.) 					
	:	 Adjust "Unit Load Master" to demand "10". (Probably not applicable, since OTSG will probably still be LL limited.) 					
		 Maintain DFT level between 10 to 13 ft. 					
		 Ensures MBV closed and in manual 					
		 When both OTSG are LL limited, then align ICS for shutdown 					
		Rx Diamond to "Manual"					
		"Reactor Demand" to "Hand"					
		SG/RX Demand to "Hand" and demand at "0"					
		Both FW Loop Demands to "Hand" and demand at "0"					
		 Direct RO to maintain PZR level IAW OP-103A, Curve #5 					
		ACTIONS CONTINUED NEXT PAGE					

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Op-Test No: <u>N-2</u> Scenario No: <u>2</u> Event No: <u>7</u> Page <u>3</u> of <u>6</u> Initiation: Examiner Initiated Annunciator Alarms: H-1-5, H-2-2, H- Termination: Rx Tripped Event Description: "B" OTSG develops a 60 GPM tube leak. ANN Alarms H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HI MONITOR FAIL", H-2-2 "ATMOSPHERIC MONITOR WARNING", and H-2-1 "ATMOSPHERIC RADIATIC	IGH RAD ON HIGH"						
Termination: Rx Tripped Event Description: "B" OTSG develops a 60 GPM tube leak. ANN Alarms H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HI	IGH RAD ON HIGH"						
	ON HIGH"						
MONTOR TALE, 17-2-2 ATMOSPHENIC MONTOR WARNING, and 11-2-1 ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION							
actuates. OAC/BOP diagnose OTSG tube leak and inform SRO of EOP-6 entry conditions. SRO enters E	EOF-UD ANU						
directs plant shutdown and cooldown.							
Time Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior	Applicant's Actions or Behavior						
SRO							
Direct RO to perform EOP-14 Enclosure 15, EOF Log.	P Temperatur						
Provide Reactivity management for OAC							
Cooldown rate < 50 °F/1/2 hour							
 Direct SPO to perform EOP-14, enclosure #1 (SPO p 	oost trip actions)						
 When Rx power is < 12%, directs BOP to trip Turbine 	e						
Establish turbine manual control (EHC Auto or Ma	anual mode)						
Establish 45 to 55 Mwe							
Ensure TBV's controlling							
Depress Main Turbine trip push button							
Verfy TVs and GVs are closed							
 Ensure breakers 1661 and 1662 open 							
 Shutdown Main Generator 							
Open field breaker							
Select voltage regulator to "Off"							
Ensure TBP-8 and 2 running							
 Ensure all Main Turbine drain valves are open 							
D TDV-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, & 10							
Go back to EOP-06							
 When Main Turbine is tripped and Tave is < 565 °F THEN 	l trip Rx						
 Adjust MS Hdr Pressure setpoint to "46" 							
 Depress Rx Trip push button (OAC) 							
♦ Remain in EOP-06							
Verify CRD groups 1 through 7 fully inserted							
Verify Nis indicate Rx is shutdown							

Termination: Event Descri MONITOR FA actuates. OA	iption: "B" OTSG AIL", H-2-2 "ATMO	Annunciator Alarms: H-1-5, H-2-2, H-2-1 develops a 60 GPM tube leak. ANN Alarms H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HIGH RAD OSPHERIC MONITOR WARNING", and H-2-1 "ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION HIGH" DTSG tube leak and inform SRO of EOP-6 entry conditions. SRO enters EOP-06 and Idown.				
Time	Position					
	Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior					
	OAC	 Determine leak rate . Ensure SRO enters EOP-06 Carry out EOP-06 and AP-510 actions as directed by SRO AP-510 Actions Adjust ICS "Load Rate" to desired setpoint. (Probably not applicable, since OTSG will probably still be LL limited.) Adjust "Unit Load Master" to demand "10". (Probably not applicable, since OTSG will probably still be LL limited.) Adjust "Unit Load Master" to demand "10". (Probably not applicable, since OTSG will probably still be LL limited.) Maintain DFT level between 10 to 13 ft. Ensures MBV closed and in manual When both OTSG are LL limited, then align ICS for shutdown Rx Diamond to "Manual" "SG/RX Demand" to "Hand" "SG/RX Demand" to "Hand" and demand at "0" Direct RO to maintain PZR level IAW OP-103A, Curve #5 When directed to commence cooldown: Performs EOP-14, enclosure #15 (EOP temperature log) Begins inserting control rod while maintaining proper OI-01 reactivity control Announces intent to insert rods and gets SRO concurrence before beginning each insertion 				
		 Announces completion of each insertion Maintains cooldown < 50 °F/1/2 hour ACTION CONTINUED NEXT PAGE 				

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Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenaric	o No:2	_ Event No: _	7 Pag	e_ <u>5</u>	of <u>6</u>	
Termination: Event Descrip MONITOR FA actuates. OAC	xaminer Initiated Rx Tripped iption: "B" OTSG de AIL", H-2-2 "ATMOSF C/BOP diagnose OTS shutdown and cooldo	PHERIC MONIT	M tube leak. ANN OR WARNING", a	and H-2-1 "ATMC	IN STM L	INE A/B I C RADIA1	HIGH RAD FION HIGH"
Time	Position		Appi	icant's Actions or	Behavior		
	OAC	When Main Tu		nd Tave is < 565 Pressure setpoin p push button (O	t to "46"	trip Rx	
			Remain in EOP Remain in EOP erify CRD groups erify Nis indicate F	-06 1 through 7 fully i			

Dp-Test No: _	<u>IN-2</u> Scenar	rio No: Event No: _7 Page _6 _ of _6
Initiation: Ex Termination:	aminer Initiated	Annunciator Alarms: H-1-5, H-2-2, H-2-1
	• •	levelops a 60 GPM tube leak. ANN Alarms H-1-5 "MN STM LINE A/B HIGH RAD
MONITOR FA	IL", H-2-2 "ATMOS	SPHERIC MONITOR WARNING", and H-2-1 "ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION HIGH"
	/BOP diagnose O hutdown and coold	TSG tube leak and inform SRO of EOP-6 entry conditions. SRO enters EOP-06 and down.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Determines leak rate.
	BOP	Determines leak rate. Ensures SRO enters EOP-06
	BOP	
	BOP	Ensures SRO enters EOP-06
	BOP	Ensures SRO enters EOP-06 Carry out EOP-06 actions directed by SRO

BOP	Determines leak rate.					
	Ensures SRO enters EOP-06					
	Carry out EOP-06 actions directed by SRO					
	 Direct SPO to perform EOP-14, enclosure #6 (OTSG Blowdown Lineup) 					
	 Maintain MUT level ≥ 55" by cycling MUV-73 as necessary. 					
	Begin determining affected OTSG					
	 Check MS line rad monitors (RM-G26 and RM-G27 					
	 Check MSV-25 and 26 rad monitors (RM-G25 and RM-G28 					
	AP-510 Actions					
	 Direct SPO to perform EOP-14, enclosure #1 (SPO post trip actions) 					
	 When Rx power is < 12%, directs BOP to trip Turbine 					
•	Establish turbine manual control (EHC Auto or Manual mode)					
	Establish 45 to 55 Mwe					
	Ensure TBV's controlling					
:	Depress Main Turbine trip push button					
	Verfy TVs and GVs are closed					
	Ensure breakers 1661 and 1662 open					
	Shutdown Main Generator					
	Open field breaker					
	Select voltage regulator to "Off"					
	 Ensure TBP-8 and 2 running 					
	 Ensure all Main Turbine drain valves are open 					
	D TDV-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, & 10					
<u></u>						

Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenario	No: 2 Event No: 8 Page 1 of 6						
Event Descrip position. The C and attempt to should enter E	Termination at examption: When the real DAC diagnoses over terminate the event OP-05 and terminate	Cue: Rx Tripped miner discretion once the overcooling event is terminated. ctor is tripped, the "A" TBVs controller shifts to "Hand" and remains at it's pre-trip cooling event and informs the SRO. The OAC may take control of the "A" TBVs and by running the demand to 0% however, the "A" TBV's are failed as is. The SRO e the overcooling by isolating the "A" OTSG (CT#3) . Once the overcooling event is h EOP-05 until directed to transition back to EOP-06.						
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior						
	OAC	Diagnoses RCS overcooling						
		Tave decreasing						
		"A" MS header pressure decreasing						
		Diagnose "A" TBV's causing the overcooling.						
		"A" TBV's "Hand" lamp lit						
	 "A" TBV's demanded same as pre-trip status 							
		Should attempt to terminate the overcooling by manually reducing demand to "A" TBV's to 0%.						
		Informs the SRO of the "A" TBVs failure						
		Informs SRO of continued overcooling event						

Op-Test No:	N-2 Scenar	o No: Event No:8 Page _2 of6
Event Description Description The Constitution of the Constitutio	Termination at exa ption: When the re OAC diagnoses over terminate the even OP-05 and terminate	Cue: Rx Tripped aminer discretion once the overcooling event is terminated. actor is tripped, the "A" TBVs controller shifts to "Hand" and remains at it's pre-trip ercooling event and informs the SRO. The OAC may take control of the "A" TBVs and at by running the demand to 0% however, the "A" TBV's are failed as is. The SRO ate the overcooling by isolating the "A" OTSG (CT#3) . Once the overcooling event is gh EOP-05 until directed to transition back to EOP-06.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	 If informed of "A" TBV's controller failure, directs OAC to manually control "A" TBV's to stabilize the plant. When 0% demand on "A" TBV's does not terminate the overcooling, transitions to EOP-05 and directs the isolation of "A" OTSG to terminate overcooling (CT#3). Direct OAC to depress MS Isolation for "A" OTSG on both trains of EFIC Direct OAC to depress FW Isolation for "A" OTSG on both trains of EFIC
		Direct OAC to close EFV-58 and EFV-56
	•	Direct OAC to ensure MSV-25 ("A" Atmo. Dump) closed
		Direct OAC to ensure MSV-130 ("A" OTSG Blowdown) closed
		 Works through EOP-05 to transition step which directs crew back to EOP-06. When Pressurizer level <50, provides direction to BOP to increase makeup.
		♦ Close MUV-49
		Open MUV-24
	:	Open MUV-73
		 Start second MUP and required cooling water
		DCP-1B started
		RWP-3B started
		 MUP-1C started Open additional HPI valves as necessary
		 MUV-23
		□ MUV-25
		□ MUV-26
	•	ACTIONS CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Op-Test No: <u>N-</u>	2 Scenario	No: 2	Event No:	8	Page _	3	of	6
position. The OAC and attempt to terr	rmination at exar n: When the rea diagnoses over minate the event -05 and terminat	ctor is tripped, the cooling event and by running the d e the overcooling	e "A" TBVs con d informs the Sl emand to 0% h by isolating the	troller shifts RO. The O/ owever, the e "A" OTSG	t is termin to "Hand AC may to e "A" TBV G (CT#3) .	ated d" an ake d /'s ar Onc	d ren contro e fail	ed nains at it's pre-trip ol of the "A" TBVs and ed as is. The SRO overcooling event is
Time	Position		Арр	licant's Act	ions or B	ehav	ior	
	SRO	 Applicant's Actions or Behavior Once overcooling event is terminated, directs OAC to stabalize RCS temperature usinf the "A" Atmo. Dump valve and the "B" TBVs. Provide direction to OAC to check all "A" OTSG isolation actions MSV-412 Closed & selected closed MSV-411 Closed & selected closed FWV-31 Closed & selected closed FWV-30 Closed, selected closed and toggle in Manual FWV-36 Closed & selected closed FWV-28 Closed & selected closed FWV-14 Closed & selected closed FWV-14 Closed & selected closed Both Main FW pumps tripped since FWV-28 was open before 					I the "B" TBVs. isolation actions	

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Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenario	D No: 2 Event No: 8 Page 4 of 6
Event Description. The Constitution of the Con	Termination at exa ption: When the rea OAC diagnoses ove terminate the even OP-05 and termina	Cue: Rx Tripped miner discretion once the overcooling event is terminated. actor is tripped, the "A" TBVs controller shifts to "Hand" and remains at it's pre-trip rcooling event and informs the SRO. The OAC may take control of the "A" TBVs and t by running the demand to 0% however, the "A" TBV's are failed as is. The SRO te the overcooling by isolating the "A" OTSG (CT#3) . Once the overcooling event is the EOP-05 until directed to transition back to EOP-06.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Takes manual control of "A" TBV's and attempts to terminate overcooling by reducing "A" TBVs demand to 0%.
		When directed by SRO to isolate MS and MFW to "A" OTSG (CT#3).
		 Depress the "A" OTSG MS isolation buttons on EFIC panel for both trains of EFIC
		 Verifies "A" OTSG MSIV's closed
		□ MSV-412
		□ MSV-411
		 Depress the "A" OTSG MFW isolation buttons on the EFIC panel for both trains of EFIC
		 Verifies "A" Feedwater block valves closed
	`	□ "A" MBV (FWV-30
		□ "A" LLBV (FWV-31)
		□ "A" SUBV (FWV-36)
	:	 Verifies FWV-28 (Cross-Tie) closed
		 Verifies FWV-14 ("A" FWP suction valve) closed
		 Verifies both MFWP's tripped
		Close EFV-58 & 56 (EFW supplies to "A" OTSG)
		Check MSV-25 ("A" Atmo. Dump) closed
		Check MSV-130 ("A" OTSG Blowdown) closed
		ACTIONS CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Op-Test No: _	N-2 Scenario	o No: Event No:8 Page _5 of _6
Event Descriposition. The of and attempt to should enter E	Termination at exa ption: When the rea OAC diagnoses over terminate the even EOP-05 and terminate	Cue: Rx Tripped miner discretion once the overcooling event is terminated. actor is tripped, the "A" TBVs controller shifts to "Hand" and remains at it's pre-trip rcooling event and informs the SRO. The OAC may take control of the "A" TBVs and t by running the demand to 0% however, the "A" TBV's are failed as is. The SRO te the overcooling by isolating the "A" OTSG (CT#3) . Once the overcooling event is the EOP-05 until directed to transition back to EOP-06.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	 When overcooling event terminated, stabalize RCS temperature using the "A" Atmo. Dump valve and the "B" TBVs. Check all "A" OTSG isolation actions as directed by SRO MSV-412 Closed & selected closed MSV-411 Closed & selected closed FWV-31 Closed & selected closed FWV-30 Closed, selected closed and toggle in Manual FWV-36 Closed & selected closed FWV-28 Closed & selected closed FWV-14 Closed & selected closed FWV-14 Closed & selected closed

Op-Test No:	N-2 Scenario	o No: Event No:8 Page 6 of 6
Event Descri position. The and attempt to should enter E	Termination at exa ption: When the rea OAC diagnoses ove terminate the even EOP-05 and terminate	Cue: Rx Tripped miner discretion once the overcooling event is terminated. actor is tripped, the "A" TBVs controller shifts to "Hand" and remains at it's pre-trip rcooling event and informs the SRO. The OAC may take control of the "A" TBVs and t by running the demand to 0% however, the "A" TBV's are failed as is. The SRO te the overcooling by isolating the "A" OTSG (CT#3) . Once the overcooling event is the EOP-05 until directed to transition back to EOP-06.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	 When Pressurizer level ≤50, inform the SRO and request direction of EOP-05. Close MUV-49 Open MUV-24 Open MUV-73 Start second MUP and required cooling water DCP-1B started RWP-3B started MUP-1C started Open additional HPI valves as necessary MUV-23 MUV-25 MUV-26 Once overcooling event terminated and Pressurizer level is >50", inform the SRO and control makeup flow Close MUV-23, 24, 25, and 26 Close MUV-73 Shutdown MUP-1C May request permission to reestablish letdown in accordance with EOP-14, enclosure #4
	SRO	Classify the Emergency IAW EM-202 after the simulator frozen.

Examination Setup/Execution

Scenario N-2

Scenario Setup

1.	Ε]	Initialize the simulator to 21% power with turbine ready to sync to grid.
2.	Ε]	Unfreeze the simulator
3.	Ľ]	In the "NRCEXAM" directory of LESSON PLAN, start lesson plan for exam N-2.
4.	Γ]	Trigger SETUP step

5. Perform the following setup actions:

- Start SWP-1A Γ 1
- Ε] Stop SWP-1C ٠
- Ē Place WTP-6B in Pull-To-Lock]
- Ē 1 Open MOS 1661N
- Open MOS 1661S • 1
- Ľ Adjust "A" FWP to establish 40-50 psid across control valves ٦
 - Take "B" EDG speed control to lower for ten seconds. (High speed light 7 is overridden on by setup step.)

6. Place the following Red Tags on the main control panel:

MSV-55 Ľ]

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-] MSV-56
-] ASV-5
- ASV-204 1
- ٦ Breaker 1661
- ٦ MOS 1661N
- MOS 1661S C]
- Г Ĩ MUP-1A
- 7. Ensure clean copies of the following "consumable" procedures are in the control room procedure books.
 - OP-501]
 -] · 0P-504
 -] 0P-450
 - 1 E0P-06
 - 1 E0P-05 ٠ ٠ ٦
 - AP-510] AP-330
 - 1 Signed off copy of OP-203. (Signed off to step 4.2.25)
- Ensure marked up copy of OP-203 signed off to step 4.2.25 for turnover 8. [] 9. [
 - ٦ Advance all MCB recorders and remove line printer printouts.
- 10.[1 Ensure all grease pencil marks on indicators and recorders are removed.
- 11.[Ensure SPDS screens are acknowledged and on proper screens with history trace ٦ reset.
- 12.[] FREEZE the simulator and notify the lead examiner that simulator is ready to begin.

Scenario Execute

- 1. When notified by the lead examiner, UNFREEZE the simulator.
- 2. MAIN TURBINE SYNC TO GRID
 - 2.1. Crew will sync the turbine generator to the grid using OP-203 starting at step 4.2.25.
 - 2.2. If the crew calls asking about the auto sync relays, the sync check relays are good to be used.
- 3. "B" OTSG PRESSURE TO "B" EFIC FAILS HIGH

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #1 ("B" OTSG pressure to "B" EFIC channel fails high)

- 3.1. If TBO called to check on MSV-26 status, wait about 1 minute then report valve Status. (I/F page MS_B)
- 3.2. TBO sees no problems with MSV-26 operation.
- 3.3. BYPASS/TRIP EFIC
 - 3.3.1.IF CNO directed to "Bypass" "B" EFIC IAW OP-450, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #13 (INSTRUCTOR ACTION: BYPASS "B" EFIC CHANNEL).

Report the "B" EFIC channel Bypassed on the PHONE to the control room (Radio use not allowed in EFIC rooms).

3.3.2.IF CNO directed to "TRIP" "B" EFIC IAW OP-450, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #12 (INSTRUCTOR ACTION: TRIP "B" EFIC CHANNEL).

Report the "B" EFIC channel Tripped on the PHONE to the control room (Radio use not allowed in EFIC rooms).

4. RCP TOTAL SEAL FLOW TRANSMITTER SLOW FAILS HIGH

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #2 (MU-27-DPT slowly fails high)

4.1. IF PPO called to check for leaks in area of seal injection, wait a 2.5 minutes then report that you do not see any leaks.

5. BREAKER 3206 TRIPS OPEN/EDG-1B STARTS BUT FAILS TO ENERGIZES "B" ES BUS

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #3 (Breaker 3206 fails open) ("B" EDG will be at about 58-58.5 hts)

- 5.1. PPO should check out EDG-1B operation. Report all conditions "Sat" on the "B" EDG.
- 5.2. If anyone sent to check breaker 3206 locally, report breaker indicates open locally and no visible problems.
- 6. SWP-1A SHAFT SHEAR AND FAILURE OF SWP-1B AUTO START ON LOW PRESSURE

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #4 (SWP-1A shaft shear)

6.1. If PPO sent to check SWP-1A locally

If pump is running, report that SWP-1A is vibrating badly and make loud noise

If pump is not running, report addition seal leakage on pump seals but no other observed problems.

7. "B" OTSG 60 GPM TUBE LEAK

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #6 ("B" OTSG 60 gpm tube leak).

- 7.1. When HP for surveys of MS lines, wait about 5 minutes then report there is in increase in radiation level around the "B" MS lines. Contact readings on "B" MS lines is 145-150 mrem/hour.
- 7.2. When Chemistry called to check for OTSG leakage, wait 25 minutes and report "B" OTSG appears to be leaking.
- 7.3. When called to do enclosures of EOP-14, use the time line guides supplied by EOP group for these actions.
- 8. "A" TBV's GO TO HAND AND FAIL AS-IS WHEN REACTOR TRIPPED (OVERCOOLING EVENT)

When Rx is tripped, the "A" TBV's will go to hand automatically and will fail AS-IS.

8.1. IF TBO sent to check "A" TBV's, wait 1 minute then report that both "A" TBVs are partially open (20 to 25%).

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- A. Initial conditions:
 - 1. Time in core life 247 EFPD
 - 2. Rx power and power history 21% for $\approx 1/2$ hour
 - 3. Boron concentration 1450 PPMB
 - 4. Xenon Equilibrium
 - 5. RCS Activity Fuel 0.0005 uCi/ml
- B. Tech. Spec. action requirement(s) in effect: 3.7.5(D) EFP-2 red tagged to mechanical maintenance for governor replacement after Mode 1 was entered. 1 hour into 72 hour action statement. EFP-2 is scheduled to be released for post maintenance testing in 4 hours.
- C. Clearances in effect:
 - 1. EFP-2 for governor replacement
 - 2. WTP-6B (Demin Water Transfer Pump) for motor/pump realignment
 - 3. MUP-1A to electrical maintenance to replace control power fuses. MUP-1A will be returned to service in two hours.
 - 4. Breaker 1661, MOS 1661S, and MOS 1661N to Dispatcher. Breaker 1661 developed quench gas leak on previous shift. Line crew in 500 KV switchyard trouble shooting the breaker.
- D. Significant problems/abnormalities:
 - 1. SWP-1A is running while engineering performs an analysis of anomalous vibration reading taken during last SP. Vibrations were within allowable limits but had increased from previous SP.
 - 2. During the power escalation, FWP-2A was selected to manual due to minor speed oscillations. I&C identified a noisy DP signal as source of the oscillation. Repairs and post maintenance testing are complete. FWP-2A ready to be restored to automatic.
 - 3. Severe thunderstorms and extremely high wind expected over the next 24 hours.
- E. Evolution's/maintenance for the on-coming shift:
 - 1. Perform post maintenance test of EFP-2 and MUP-1A when released from maintenance.
 - 2. Return FWP-2A to automatic operation.
 - 4. Continue with plant startup starting at step 4.2.25 of OP-203. All steps to step 4.2.25 completed. Initial HP turbine first stage temp was 247°F.
 - 5. Auto breaker closure to be used at step 4.2.31. Approved by plant management and system engineer.
- F. Units 1 and 2 status: On-Line
- G. Units 4 and 5 status: On-Line

EXAM N-2 TURNOVER

- H. NSS Instruct the RO's to walk down the main control board and provide you with the following data:
 - 1. RCS Average Temperature _____
 - 2. RCS Pressure
 - Pressurizer Level
 Make-up Tank Level
 - 5. Turbine Load

- 6. Turbine Reference
- NOTE: Should need arise, full implementation of the emergency plan is not required during this exam. However, SRO should be prepared to address possible Emergency Plan involvement following the exam.

Facility: Crystal River Unit 3 Scenario Number: 3 Operating Test Number: 1 Examiners:
Objectives: 1. Evaluate SRO candidates ability to manage shift resources and exercise command and control during normal and emergency conditions. 2. Evaluate SRO candidates ability to implement emergency and abnormal operating procedures.
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and emergency conditions. 2. Evaluate SRO candidates ability to implement emergency and abnormal operating procedures.
3 Evaluate SBO candidates ability to interpret and apply Tech Space and district with DDO strength
 Evaluate SRO candidates ability to interpret and apply Tech Specs associated with RPS channel instrumentation.
4. Evaluate RO/SRO candidates ability to perform a plant power reduction. Actions IAW AP-510.
 Evaluate RO candidates ability to diagnose faulty RPS pressure signal and place an RPS channel in "Bypassed" IAW OP-507.
 Evaluate RO/SRO ability to diagnose and respond to a main feedwater pump failure while in 3 RCP mode of operation. Actions IAW AP-545.
7. Evaluate RO/SRO ability to diagnose and respond to an ICS instrument failure (neutron error).
 Evaluate RO/SRO ability to diagnose and respond to loss of the plant startup transformer/loss of all main feedwater and failure of EFP-1 to auto start.
9. Evaluate RO/SRO ability to diagnose and respond to a loss of all EFW.
10. Evaluate RO/SRO ability to diagnose and respond to a loss of ALL feedwater.
11. Evaluate RO/SRO ability to swap in service Makeup and Purification Demins.
Initial Condition: 75% Power, 3 RCP operating, ICS in automatic.
Turnover Information: RCP-1C developed a ground fault 4 days ago. Demin water transfer pump WTP-6B is out of service for motor/pump realignment. WTP-6B is scheduled for return to service in 10 hours. EFP-2 is OOS and red tagged to mechanical maintenance for governor replacement. The plant is six hours into 72 hour actions statement based on TS 3.7.5(D). EFP-2 is scheduled to be released for post maintenance testing in 4 hours. MUP-1A is tagged to electrical maintenance to replace fuses in the DC control power circuits. MUP-1A will be release in two hours. SWP-1A is running while engineering performs an analysis of anomalous vibration readings taken during the last SP.
During the previous shift Breaker 1661 tripped - cause unknown. A line crew is in the 500 KV switchyard troubleshooting the breaker. Breaker 1661, MOS 1661N, and MOS 1661S are currently OPEN and red tagged to Dispatcher.
Severe thunderstorms and extremely high winds are expected over the next 24 hours.

FINAL

Event No.	Event Type*	Malf. No.	Event Description
1.	(N) - BOP/SRO		Swap makeup demins IAW OP-402
2	(I) – BOP/SRO		CDP-1B demand fails to 0% (Malf)
3	(N) -OAC/SRO		Reduce reactor power to 60% IAW AP-510.
4	(I) - ALL (C) - OAC/SRO		RPS Channel "B" Pressure (RC-3B-PT1) fails high (Malf). RPS channel trips on high pressure. PZR spray and PORV actuate. PZR Spray Valve fails open (Malf). SRO directs OAC to close PZR spray isolation valve. SRO evaluates.and enters TS 3.3.1(A). Place RPS Channel "B" in "Bypassed" IAW OP-507. Alternate pressure channel selected for pressure control IAW OP-501.
5	(C) - ALL (R) - OAC		"A" Main Feed Pump oil system failure, Feedwater pump trip (Malf), and ICS automatic runback to 55% power. The "A" MBV does not close automatically but will close when the operator selects it to manual and closed. The crew will have to reduce power to \leq 45% power IAW AP-545.
6	(I) - OAC/SRO		ICS Neutron Error fails to +9 (Malf). SRO directs OAC to take manual control of Rx and Main FW to stabilize the plant.
7	(MT) - ALL (C) - BOP		Loss of Startup Transformer (Malf) which resultes in loss of all RCPs, loss of main feedwater, and loss of most secondary equipment. EFIC actuates but EFP-1 does not auto start due to a relay failure (Malf). SRO directs BOP to start EFP-1 (CT#1).
8	(C) - BOP/SRO		EFP-1 Shaft Seizure (Malf) - Loss of all EFW flow.
9	(N) -All		SRO directs 4160 Rx Aux. bus energized by dedicated EDG and FWP-7 place into service IAW EOP-04. (CT#2)
10	(C) - ALL		Loss of FWP-7 (Malf) - Loss of all feedwater - SRO directs the establishment of HPI/PORV cooling IAW EOP-04 (CT#3)
Scenari	o Duration	120 minutes	Exercise Termination: When PORV / HPI cooling established.

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*(N)ormal evolution, (R)eactivity manipulation, (I)instrument failure, (C)omponent failure, (M)ajor transient

Narrative Summary:

After shift turnover, the crew will place the "B" Makeup Demin into service and remove the "A" Makeup Demin from service IAW OP-402.

After Makeup Demins have been transferred, CDP-1B's coupling demand fails to 0% and will not respond in manual or automatic. This causes CD flow reduction below amount needed for power operation > 60%. RO's diagnoses the failure and notify the SRO. RO's should direct the SPO to check out CDP-1B operation. SRO enters AP-510 and directs the OAC to reduce power to < 60%.

After the power reduction is completed, RPS Channel "B" Pressure (RC-3B-PT1) fails high slowly. The rate of failure is less than that needed for SASS to transfer automatically. The increasing pressure causes the PZR heaters to go to minimum, the spray valve will open (and fail open), the "B" RPS Channel will trip, and the PORV will open. The RO's should diagnose the failure and notify the SRO. The SRO should direct the OAC to close the PORV (RCV-10) and close the Spray Block Valve (RCV-13). SRO directs the OAC to use alternate instruments to control RCS pressure. SRO directs the BOP to select alternate instrument IAW OP-501. SRO directs the OAC to return Pressurizer Heaters and PORV to Auto. SRO evaluates TS and applies 3.3.1(A) for "B" RPS Channel. The SRO directs the BOP to place the "B" RPS Channel in "Bypass" IAW OP-507. (TS requires channel "Tripped" or "Bypassed". The crew should "Bypass" the channel).

When Pressurizer heaters in auto, PORV in auto, and "B" RPS Channel "Bypassed", the oil system for the "A" MFWP begins to degrade. The "A" MFWP will eventually trip if not shutdown by the crew. When "A" MFWP is tripped, the "A" MBV does not automatically close. When selected to manual and closed, the "A" MBV will close. The RO's diagnose the problem, inform the SRO, and send the SPO to investigate the oil system for the "A" MFWP. The SRO enters AP-545 and ensures the plant is running back to <45%. The OAC performs the immediate actions of AP-545 (Select "A"MBV to manual and closed) and monitors the runback. The SRO directs the RO's to have PPO place both the FWP trips switches into the "BOTH" position IAW AP-545.

Following the Plant Runback, ICS Neutron Error fails to +9. This causes the reactor to insert control rods while crosslimiting FW in the increase direction. The OAC diagnoses the problem and informs the SRO. The SRO directs the OAC to take manual control of the reactor and feedwater to stabilize the plant.

When the plant is stabilized from the Neutron Error failure, a Startup Transformer fault occurs. This takes out power to all the unit buses. It also removes power from the "A" ES 4160 bus until it is recovered by the "A" EDG. EFIC actuates on loss of all RCP's and all FWP's, but EFP-1 fails to auto start. The EFP-1 will start when selected to run in the control room however, the BOP should insure the "A" EDG has enough margin to allow EFP-1 start. The BOP diagnoses the failure of the only available EFP to auto start and informs the SRO. The SRO directs the BOP to start EFP-1 IAW EOP-13, Rule 3 and 5 (CT#1).

Ten minutes after EFP-1 is running, its shaft seizes and EFP-1 is lost. The BOP diagnoses the loss of all FW flow and informs the SRO. SRO will enter EOP-04 for inadequate heat transfer and direct actions for energizing the 4160 Rx Aux bus and placing FWP-7 into service. (CT#2).

When FWP-7 operation is established and feeding the OTSG's, FWP-7 breaker fails open. The SRO cycles back to the front of EOP-04 and directs actions to place the plant on HPI/PORV cooling (CT#3).

Procedures to be used during this scenario:

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OP-507	OP-501	OP-605	OP-603	OP-402
AP-545	AP-510	AP-770		
EOP-02	EOP-04			
Rule 3	Rule 5			

Target Quantitative Attributes - Scenario 1	Actual Attributes
1. Total Malfunctions (5-8)	9
2. Malfunctions after EOP entry (1-2)	3
3. Abnormal Events (2-4)	3
4. Major Transients (1-2)	1
5. EOP's entered requiring substantive actions (1-2)	2
6. EOP contingencies requiring substantive actions (0-2)	2
7. Critical Tasks (2-3)	3

Op-Test No: N-3 Scenario No: 3 Event No: 1 Page 1 of 1 Initiation: Turnover Sheet Termination: "B" MU Demin in service and "A" MU Demin out of service. Event Description: The BOP places "B" MU Demin into service and removes the "A" MU Demin from service IAW OP-402. Time Position Applicant's Actions or Behavior SRO Directs BOP to place MUDM-1B in service and remove MUDM-1A from service IAW OP-402 section 4.10 BOP Carry out actions of step 4.10.4 of OP-402 1. Open MUV-133 (MUDM-1B inlet valve) Open MUV-117 (MUDM-1B outlet valve) é Close MUV-116 (MUDM-1A outlet valve) • Close MUV-124 (MUDM-1A inlet valve) • Ensure Close MUV-200 and 201

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Peer check BOP actions

OAC

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Op-Test No: _	N-3 Scenario	No: <u>3</u> Event No: <u>2</u> Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>
Termination: Event Descri	ption: CDP-1B dem	Annunciator Alarms: N-3-1 progress IAW AP-510 and fails to 0% (Malf) . ANN Alarm N-3-2 "CD PUMP B UNCOUPLED". DFT level begins to lower.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Diagnoses the failure of CDP-1B
:		CD Flow Decreasing
		DFT Level Decreasing
		Hotwell Level Increasing
		CDP-1B Controller Demand at 0%
		Pulls and reviews AR-602 for ANN Alarm N-3-2
		Notifies the SRO of CDP-1B failure
	SRO	Directs BOP to take CDP-1B controller to hand and to attempt to raise demand.
		Directs BOP to notify TBO to check CDP-1B operation
	BOP	Attempts to take manual control of CDP-1B
		 Select CDP-1B Bailey control station to manual
		 Select raise on CDP-1B Bailey control station toggle
		Notifies SRO of failure of manual operation of CDP-1B
	-	Directs TBO to check out CDP-1B operation

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	When CDP-1B controller fails to respond, enters AP-510 and directs power r to within capability of one CDP (IAW OP-603 < 60%)
		OAC directed to lower power
		 Set load rate to 5%/min.
		Lower ULD to 10%
		BOP directed to
		Notify SPO to check out CDP-1B operation
		Notify SPO power reduction (Take Demins off as necessary
		Notify SPO to verify ASV-27 operation
	•	Monitor Deaerator level
	OAC	Commence power reduction IAW SRO directions
		Set load rate to 5%/min.
		Lower ULD to 10%
		Monitors plant power reduction
	BOP	Notify SPO to check out CDP-1B operation
		Notify SPO power reduction (Take Demins off as necessary)
		Notify SPO to verify ASV-27 operation
		Monitor Deaerator level and keep crew informed of status

Op-Test No: _	N-3 Scenari	io No: Event No:4 Page1 of2
Termination: neaters contro Event Descrip MISMATCH" Malf). SRO c	ol in Auto, and Tech ption: RPS Channe RPS channel trips directs OAC to clos	Annunciator Alarms: K-3-2 I selected closed, Spray valve isolated, alternate pressure signal selected, Pressurizer hnical Specifications addressed. el "B" Pressure (RC-3B-PT1) fails high (Malf). ANN Alarm K-3-2 "SASS on high pressure. PZR spray and PORV actuate. PZR Spray Valve fails open ose PZR spray isolation valve. SRO evaluates and enters TS 3.3.1(A). SRO directs e signal source IAW OP-501. SRO directs BOP to "Bypass" "B" RPS channel IAW
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Diagnoses the failure of RCS pressure input to SASS and "B" RPS Channel
	I	ANN Alarm K-3-2 "SASS MISMATCH"
	I	 Event Point 0784 "RCS Narrow Range Pressure"
	l	 "B" Loop pressures increasing on recorders RC-3A-PIR1 and RC-3A- PIR2
	I	Spray Valve opens to 40% position if left in AUTO
		ANN Alarm J-6-1 "RPS CHANNEL B TRIP"
	ı.	PORV opens if left in AUTO
		PORV Ultra Sonic meter show flow
		ANN Alarm I-5-1 "PORV SAFETY VALVE OPEN
		♦ Event Point 1959 "RCV-10"
	1	 ANN Alarm I-6-1 "PORV SOLENOID ENERGIZED"
		Verifies actual RCS high pressure does not exist
	:	Notifies SRO of the failure
	SRO	Directs OAC to close the PORV or PORV Block valve
	,	Directs OAC to take manual control of the Spray Valve and close it.
	1	When Spray Valve fails to respond to OAC, directs OAC to close the Spray Block valve.
		Directs OAC to take manual control of Pressurizer heaters and stabilize RCS pressure.
	1	Evaluates and applies TS 3.3.1(A) for RPS channel
	ļ	Directs BOP to select alternate RCS pressure instrument IAW OP-501
	1	Directs OAC to return PORV and Pressurizer heaters to "Auto"
	ļ	Directs BOP to place "B" RPS channel in "Bypass" IAW OP-507
	ļ	Provides Peer checking of BOP OP-507 actions

Op-Test No: _	N-3 Scenario	No: <u>3</u> Event No: <u>4</u> Page <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>							
Termination: heaters contro Event Descri MISMATCH" (Malf). SRO	Initiation: Examiner InitiatedAnnunciator Alarms: K-3-2Termination: PORV closed and selected closed, Spray valve isolated, alternate pressure signal selected, Pressurizer heaters control in Auto, and Technical Specifications addressed.Event Description: RPS Channel "B" Pressure (RC-3B-PT1) fails high (Malf). ANN Alarm K-3-2 "SASS MISMATCH" RPS channel trips on high pressure. PZR spray and PORV actuate. PZR Spray Valve fails open (Malf). SRO directs OAC to close PZR spray isolation valve. SRO evaluates and enters TS 3.3.1(A). SRO directs the BOP to select good pressure signal source IAW OP-501. SRO directs BOP to "Bypass" "B" RPS channel IAW OP-507.								
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior							
	OAC	Selects the PORV to "Closed" position and verifies PORV closed							
		Selects Spray Valve to manual and attempts to close it.							
		Reports failure of the Spray Valve to respond to manual control to SRO							
		Closes Spray Block Valve							
		Takes Pressurizer heater controls to hand and stabilizes RCS pressure							
		Once BOP has swapped pressure input IAW OP-501							
		Selects PORV to Auto							
		Selects Pressurizer heater controls to Auto							
	BOP	Selects alternate RCS pressure instrument IAW OP-501							
	、	 Checks alternate instrument reading on RC-3A-PIR1 and RC-3B-PIR2 							
		 Selects RC-3-HS toggle switch (SASS Cabinet) to RPS-A 							
		Places "B" RPS channel in "Bypass" IAW OP-507							
	:	Verifies no other RPS Channels Bypassed							
		Verifies no EFIC Channels Bypassed							
		Gets RPS Bypass Key out of locker							
		Selects "B" RPS Channel to Bypass							

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scen	nario No: <u>3</u>	Event No:	5	Page	1	of	2	
Initiation: Examiner Initiated Annunciator Alarms: L-3-3 Termination: Power stabilized at about 40-45% power. Event Description: "A" Main Feed Pump oil system begins to degrade (MALF). ANN Alarm L-3-3 "FWP TROUBLE". Three minutes into the failure the backup AC oil pump starts on low pressure. ANN Alarm I-1 "FWP A OIL PRESS LOW" and L-1-5 "FWP A EMERGENCY OIL PP AUTO START". Forty five seconds late "A" Main Feedwater Pump will trip (Malf) and ICS automatic runback to 55% power. The "A" MBV does a close automatically and must be closed by the OAC. IAW AP-545 plant power will have to be reduced to power to stabilize Tave and ΔTc. ANN ALARM L-1-1 "FWP A TRIP", L-4-1 "LOSS OF FW PP RUNBACK", 2 "UNIT MASTER IN TRACK"						-3-3 "FWP NN Alarm I-1-3 seconds later the " MBV does not e reduced to <45%			
Time	Position		Appli	cant's Ac	tions or Beh	navior			
	OAC/BOP	Diagnose FWP	Diagnose FWP-2A oil system problem						
		• AN	ANN Alarm L-3-3 "FWP TROUBLE"						

	ANN Alarm L-3-3 "FWP TROUBLE"
	 Event Point 1494 "Feedwater PP 2A Turb Lube FLTR diff press high"
	3 Minutes later the backup AC oil pump for FWP-2A auto starts
	 ANN Alarm L-1-3 "FWP A OIL PRESS LOW" (3 minutes after L-3-3)
	 ANN Alarm L-1-5 "FWP A EMERGENCY OIL PP AUTO START"
	 FWP-4A ("A" FWP backup AC oil pump) running
	Notifies SRO of problem
	Monitors FWP-2A Control Oil and Lube Oil pressures
SRO	Directs the BOP to notify the SPO of FWP-2A problems
:	May decide to direct power reduction in case FWP-2A fails. If power reduction done, it should be IAW AP-510.
	May direct that FWP-2A be tripped and AP-545 actions performed
	When FWP-2A trips, enters AP-545 and directs runback actions
	Directs BOP to notify plant personnel
	Directs OAC to ensure RCS pressure stabilized
	 Directs OAC to ensure Rx Power stabilized < 45%
	Directs OAC to ensure imbalance within limits
	 Direct that the PPO or CNO to place both of the FWP trip EFIC switches into the "BOTH" position.
	Calls Chemistry for > 15% power change
	 Directs BOP/OAC to check that Regulating Rods are within insertion limits
	Directs OAC to ensure all control rods are within 6.5% of their group average

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scena	ario No:	3	Event No: _	5	Page	2	of_	2
Termination: Event Descri TROUBLE". "FWP A OIL "A" Main Fe be reduced to	xaminer Initiated Power stabilized a iption: "A" Main Fe Three minutes into PRESS LOW" and edwater Pump will o 40-45% power t K", and L-6-2 "UNI	ed Pump the failure L-1-5 "FW trip (Malf o stabilize	oil system the back P A EMER), and ICS Tave and	begins to deg up AC oil pun GENCY OIL P automatic run ΔTc. ANN AL	rade (MA np starts o P AUTO S nback to S	n low pro TART". F 55% pow	N Alar essure Forty 1 er. Pla	m L-3 e. ANI iive se ant po	3-3 "FWP N Alarm I-1-3 econds later the
Time	Position			Applic	ant's Actio	ns or Beh	avior		
	OAC	When F	NP-2A trip	s, performs im	nediate ad	tions of A	P-545	i.	<u></u>
			Ensure	e plant runback	in progres	s			
			 Ensure 	e FWV-28 oper	ling				
			 Ensure 	e FWV-29 closi	ng				-
:			 Finds F 	WV-30 not clo	sing				
			♦ FV	W-30 red light	on				
			◆ "A'	' FW flow exce	ssive				
				ve decreasing					
			CLOSE	ES FWV-30					
		Carry ou	t actions of	f AP-545 as dir	ected by S	RO			
				Rx Power sta					
				RCS pressure					
	:			imbalance wit					
		•		that Regulatin					
		•	Ensure	all control rod	s are withi	1 6.5% of	their g	roup	average
	BOP	Notifies N	ISM, SPO,	, PPO, and ST	A of loss o	f FWP-2A	•		
		Monitors	balance of	f plant during th	e runback	•			
۰.		Checks r	od insertic	on curves for O	AC				
		Notify PF position.	O or CNO	to place both o	of the FWF	rtrip EFIC	switc	hes ir	nto the "BOTH"
		l							

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scena	rio No: <u>3</u> Event No: <u>6</u> Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>
Termination Event Descr	iption: "ICS Neutr	Annunciator Alarms: K-5-3 Rx and FW in Hand (Manual) control. on Error fails to +9 (Malf). ANN Alarm K-5-3 "FW LIMITED BY RX" and K-6-2 O directs OAC to take manual control of Rx and Main FW to stabilize the plant.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Diagnoses the Neutron Error Failure
		 ANN Alarm K-5-3 "FW LIMITED BY RX" ANN Alarm K-6-2 "UNIT MASTER IN TRACK" Neutron Error meter at +9 Diamond Panel inserting control rods FW flow increase to max. allowed with MBV's closed Notifies the SRO of failure
	SRO	Directs OAC to take Rx and FW demand stations to "Hand" and stabilize the plant.
	OAC	Takes Rx Diamond and Rx Demand stations to Manual/Hand Takes FW loop demand s to "Hand" Adjust FW flow to match Rx power and to stabilize the plant.
<u> </u>	BOP	Monitors balance of plant

Op-Test No: N-3 Scenario No: 3 Event No: 7 Page 1 of 5	

Initiation: Examiner InitiatedCue: Rx Trip/Control room lighting reduced.Termination: Plant stabilized on natural circulation with EFP-1 supplying OTSG's.Event Description: "Loss of Startup Transformer (Malf) - This causes a loss of power to all unit buses and a lossof power to the "B" ES 4160 bus until the EDG recovers it. Control room lighting will be reduced until the "B"EDG re-energizes the "B" ES 4160 bus. EFIC actuates but fails to auto start EFP-1 (Malf). SRO directs BOP tostart EFP-1 (CT#1).

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC/BOP	Diagnose loss of Startup Transformer
		• Rx Trip
		Loss of power to most secondary side equipment
		Control room lighting reduced
		 "B" EDG starts and re-energizes "B" ES buses
	SRO	Ensures OAC performing EOP-02 Immediate Actions
		Enters EOP-02 and re-verifies Immediate action
		Directs OAC to depress Rx trip push button
		Directs OAC to verify group 1-7 fully inserted
		 Directs OAC to verify NI's indicate the Rx is shutdown
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 Directs OAC to depress Turbine trip push button
		 Directs OAC to verify TV's and GV's closed
		Directs OAC/BOP to scan for symptoms
·		Directs BOP to start EFP-1 (CT#1) if not already running.
	-	Should direct BOP to perform AP-770 while SRO and OAC work EOP-02.
		Directs BOP/OAC to control EFW IAW EOP-13 Rule #3
		Direct OAC actions for Followup Actions of EOP-02
		Direct SPO to perform EOP-14 enclosure #1
		 Since CRDM position can not be verified commences emergency boration.
		Open CAV-60
		Start CAP-1A or 1B
		Ensure MBV's closed (FWV-29 & 30)
		Ensure LLBV's closed (FWV-37 & 38)
		 Verify EFP-1 operating and Natural Circ setpoint selected
		Ensure OTSG levels progressing to setpoint
		 Verify PZR level <a>50"
		ACTIONS CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Op-Test No:	N-3	Scenario No:	3	Event No:	7	Page	2	of	5

Initiation: Examiner Initiated

Cue: Rx Trip/Control room lighting reduced. Termination: Plant stabilized on natural circulation with EFP-1 supplying OTSG's.

Event Description: "Loss of Startup Transformer (Malf) - This causes a loss of power to all unit buses and a loss of power to the "B" ES 4160 bus until the EDG recovers it. Control room lighting will be reduced until the "B" EDG re-energizes the "B" ES 4160 bus. EFIC actuates but fails to auto start EFP-1 (Malf). SRO directs BOP to start EFP-1 (CT#1).

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	Verify MSSV's closed
		 Verify OTSG pressures about 1000 psig
		 Isolate MSR high pressure bundles
		 Close MSV-29, 30, 31, & 32
		Verify ICS power available
		 Verify Main Generator breakers 1661 and 1662 open
		Shutdown Main Generator
		Open Exciter breaker
		 Select voltage regulator to off
		 Verify IA pressure ≥ 90 psig
		Verify ES busses energized
		Verify ES Bus UV has occured
		 Must concurrently perform AP-770 if not already in progress by BOP
		Verify ES systems have not actuated
	:	Verify Letdown Flow
	-	Perform EOP-14 enclosure #4 (Probably will lose EFP-1 before this is reached.)

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scenari	o No: 3 Event No: 7 Page 3 of 5
		Sino Eventino/ Page OI
Termination: Event Descri	iption: "Loss of Sta the "B" ES 4160 bu gizes the "B" ES 41	Cue: Rx Trip/Control room lighting reduced. I natural circulation with EFP-1 supplying OTSG's. artup Transformer (Malf) - This causes a loss of power to all unit buses and a loss us until the EDG recovers it. Control room lighting will be reduced until the "B" 160 bus. EFIC actuates but fails to auto start EFP-1 (Malf). SRO directs BOP to
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	OAC	Performs Immediate actions of EOP-02
		Depress Rx trip push button
		 Verify group 1-7 fully inserted (Since rod position can not be verified, OAC should open Red handled breakers then re-close)
		Breaker 3305 opened
		Breaker 3312 opened
		Breaker 3305 closed
ł		Breaker 3312 closed
		Verify NI's indicate the Rx is shutdown
		Depress Turbine trip push button
		Verify TV's and GV's closed
	, ,	Announces completion of EOP-02 Immediate actions
		Verifies EOP-02 Immediate Actions as directed by SRO
		Perform EOP-02 Followup Actions as directed SRO
	:	Direct SPO to perform EOP-14 enclosure #1
		 Since CRDM position can not be verified commences emergency boration.
		◆ Open CAV-60
		♦ Start CAP-1A or 1B
	l	Ensure MBV's closed (FWV-29 & 30)
		Ensure LLBV's closed (FWV-37 & 38)
	ĺ	Verify EFP-1 operating and Natural Circ setpoint selected
	ł	Ensure OTSG levels progressing to setpoint
	l	 Verify PZR level > 50"
	1	Verify MSSV's closed
		Verify OTSG pressures about 1000 psig
		Isolate MSR high pressure bundles
	ŕ	 Close MSV-29, 30, 31, & 32
	-	ACTIONS CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

Op-Test No: N-3 Scenario No: 3 Event No: 7 Page 4 of 5 Initiation: Examiner Initiated Cue: Rx Trip/Control room lighting reduced. Termination: Plant stabilized on natural circulation with EFP-1 supplying OTSG's. Cue: Rx Trip/Control room lighting reduced.						
Event Description: "Loss of Star of power to the "B" ES 4160 bu	rtup Transformer (Malf) - This causes a loss of power to all unit buses and a loss us until the EDG recovers it. Control room lighting will be reduced until the "B" 60 bus. EFIC actuates but fails to auto start EFP-1 (Malf). SRO directs BOP to					
Time Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior					
OAC	 Verify ICS power available Verify Main Generator breakers 1661 and 1662 open Shutdown Main Generator Open Exciter breaker Select voltage regulator to off Verify IA pressure > 90 psig Verify ES busses energized Verify ES Bus UV has occured Must concurrently perform AP-770 if not already in progress by BOP Verify ES systems have not actuated Verify Letdown Flow Perform EOP-14 enclosure #4 (Probably will lose EFP-1 before this is reached.) 					

On-Test No:	N 3 Soonaria	
Op-Test No: _		No: <u>3</u> Event No: <u>7</u> Page <u>5</u> of <u>5</u>
Termination: Event Descri of power to t	ption: "Loss of Sta the "B" ES 4160 bu jizes the "B" ES 41	Cue: Rx Trip/Control room lighting reduced. natural circulation with EFP-1 supplying OTSG's. rtup Transformer (Malf) - This causes a loss of power to all unit buses and a loss is until the EDG recovers it. Control room lighting will be reduced until the "B" 60 bus. EFIC actuates but fails to auto start EFP-1 (Malf). SRO directs BOP to
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Checks EFW operations
		Notes EFW actuation
		Notes EFP-1 not running
		Carry out actions of EOP-13 Rule #3
		May start EFP-1
		Notifies SRO of auto start failure of EFP-1
		Perform AP-770 if directed by SRO
		 Ensure at least 1 ES 4160V bus energized
		Verify letdown flow exists
		 Close MUV-49 (Letdown flow path stopped at MU Demins)
		 Check with SRO to see if Letdown flow path to be restored. (Probably will be told to wait on that.)
		Verify at least 1 SWP running.
		Verify at least 1 MUP running
	:	Verify at least 1 SW RW pump running
		 Start RWP-2A or 2B (If RWP-2B started, should check "B" EDG loading first.
		Verify ES MCC 3AB energized
		Verify 480V UV Lockouts not tripped
		Verify IA pressure >90 psig
		Ensure RB cooling
		 Should leave cooling on SW
		Stop AHF-1A if running
		Start AHF-1A in slow
		Stop AHF-1B if running
		 Start AHF-1B in slow after checking "B" EDG loading
		Verify 2 PZR Htr groups energized
		Verify CC Ventilation is running (EFP-1 should be lost about now)

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scenar	io No: <u>3</u> Event No: 8 Page 1 of 1
Initiation: 10 Termination Event Descr	0 minutes after EFP- : EOP-14 actions be	1 running Annunciator Alarms: H-7-4 ing taken to put FWP-7 into service. s after EFP-1 started, EFP-1 shaft seizure occurs (Malf) and EFP-1 trips. ANN Alarm
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP/OAC	 Diagnoses failure of EFP-1 EFW flow goes to 0. ANN Alarm H-7-4 "EF PUMP 1 TRIP". EFP-1 green light lit. Notifies SRO of loss of all EFW
	SRO	 Transitions to EOP-04 and directs actions Plant personnel notified PPO directed to perform EOP-14 enclosure #2 SPO directed to open FWV-222 and FWV-223 Provides direction for the use of PORV If RCS pressure reaches NDT open PORV and reduce pressure to < NDT limit If RCS pressure reaches 2400 then and ASCM exist then open PORV and reduce pressure to ≈ 10°F > ASCM Provides direction for Bypassing EFIC Isolation At step 3.9 transitions to step 3.56 (Based upon OTSG available and FWP-7 available)
	OAC/BOP	Notify plant personnel of EOP-4 entry Directs PPO to perform EOP-14 enclosure #2 Direct SPO to open FWV-222 and FWV-223
	OAC	 Monitors RCS pressure and operates PORV IAW SRO directions If RCS pressure reaches NDT open PORV and reduce pressure to < NDT limit If RCS pressure reaches 2400 then and ASCM exist then open PORV and reduce pressure to ≈ 10°F > ASCM Monitors OTSG pressure and Bypasses EFIC Isolation IAW SRO direction

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scena	ario No: <u>3</u> Event No: <u>9</u> Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>
Fermination:	P-04 direction FWP-7 supplying stion: "SRO direct	Cue: EOP-14 enclosure 10 being used. the OTSG's. ts BOP to perform actions of EOP-14 enclosure #10 to place FWP-7 into service.
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	SRO	Directs BOP to perform EOP-14 enclosure #10 to place FWP-7 into service. (CT#2) When FWP-7 available, directs BOP/OAC to feed OTSG's
	BOP	Performs EOP-14 enclosure #10
		 Open breaker 3223 Select MTDG-1 to "RUN" Verify "RUN/MTDG-1" light (red) is lit. Close Bkr 3225 Verify 4160V REACTOR AUX BUS 3 voltage is stable. Start FWP-7 Feed OTSG as directed by SRO

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Op-Test No: <u>N-3</u>	Scenario No: 3	Event No: 10	Page 1 of 2	
			·	

Initiation: Examiner Initiated (OPTIONAL) Termination: HPI/PORV cooling in progress.

Annunciator Alarms: H-7-7

Event Description: (OPTIONAL) When FWP-7 is in service and OTSG are being feed, FWP-7 breaker fails open (MALF). ANN Alarm H-7-7 "FWP-7 TRIP". SRO starts EOP-4 from beginning and directs actions to place the plant on HPI/PORV cooling (CT#3).

Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Diagnoses the loss of FWP-7
		ANN Alarm H-7-7 "FWP-7 TRIP".
		• Aux FW Flow goes to 0
		FWP-7 amp meter indicates 0.
		FWP-7 green light on
		Notifies SRO of loss of FWP-7, loss of all feed capability
	SRO	Cycles back to the beginning of EOP-04 and provides direction to establish HPI/PORV cooling (CT#3).
		Works through the first 8 steps again, but at step 3.9 should continue to step 3.10 (Loss of secondary cooling capability).
		Direct BOP to establish full HPI
		Open MUV-73
		Verify MUV-58 open
		Start MUP-1C with its required cooling
		♦ RWP-3B
	:	♦ DCP-1B
		♦ MUP-1C
		Verify MUP-1B running
		 Open MUV-23, 24, 25, & 26
		♦ Close MUV-27
		Close MUV-49
		Directs OAC to ensure RCV-11 open
		Directs OAC to open PORV (RCV-10)
		Directs OAC to shutdown running RCP when ASCM lost
	OAC	Operates PORV IAW direction given be SRO.
		At 2400# open PORV
		Close PORV when
		 If ASCM exist, then 10° > adequate SCM
		 If ASCM does not exist, then 1600#

Op-Test No:	N-3 Scena	ario No: <u>3</u> Event No: <u>10</u> Page <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>
Initiation: Ex Termination: Event Descri supply proble	kaminer Initiated (HPI/PORV coolin Iption: (OPTIONA m (MALF). ANN A	OPTIONAL) Annunciator Alarms: P-2-3
Time	Position	Applicant's Actions or Behavior
	BOP	Establishes full HPI (CT#3) Open MUV-73 Verify MUV-58 open Start MUP-1C with its required cooling RWP-3B DCP-1B MUP-1C Verify MUP-1B running
		 Open MUV-23, 24, 25, & 26 Close MUV-27 Close MUV-49
	OAC	 Open PORV IAW SRO direction Full HPI then open PORV and leave it open (CT#3)
	SRO	Classify the emergency IAW EM-202 once simulator is frozen.

Examination Setup/Execution Scenario 1

Scenario Setup

- 1. [Initialize the simulator to 75% power and UNFREEZE the simulator.] ī 2. **Г** Shutdown RCP-1C and perform the following:
 - Select RC-5B-MS2 to TT3-Y position Ε 1
 - Insure SASS switch RC-3-HS selected to "RPS B" position Γ 1
 - 1 Allow the plant to stabilize

In the "NRCEXAM" directory of LESSON PLAN, start lesson plan # 3 2. E 3. ٦ Г Trigger Lesson Plan Setup Step

4. Perform the following actions.

- Place WTP-6B in Pull-To-Lock Ľ 1
- Ĺ 7 Start SWP-1A and Shutdown SWP-1C
- [[[1 Open Output Breaker 1661
-] Open MOS 1661N
-] Open MOS 1661S
- Ē Place RCP-1C in Pull-To-Lock 1

5. Place the following Red Tags on the main control panel:

- ASV-5] L E ASV-204 ٦ Ľ 1 MSV-55 Ľ] MSV-56 Ē j WTP-6B • Ľ] BKR 1661 Ľ] MOS 1661N • [٦ MOS 1661S 1 MUP-1A • Ľ 1 RCP-1C
- 6. Ensure clean copies of the following "consumable" procedures are in the control room procedure books.
 - E0P-02 E Ē 1 E0P-04] AP-510
 - C] AP-545
 - 1 OP-507
- 7. [] Advance all MCB recorders and remove line printer printouts and ensure ON-LINE.
- Ensure all grease pencil marks on indicators and recorders are removed. 8. [
- 9. [Ensure Batch Controller is Reset.]
- 10. [] Ensure SPDS screens are Reset.
- Review Turnover Sheet and ensure the simulator setup agrees with Turnover. 11.[FREEZE the simulator and notify the lead examiner that simulator is ready to 12.[] begin.

Scenario Execute

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1 When notified by the lead examiner, UNFREEZE the simulator.

2 CDP-1B CONTROLLER DEMAND FAILS TO 0

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #1 ("B" CDP Demand Fails To 0)

2.1 When TBO sent to check out CDP-1B, wait 3 minutes then report no apparent problems.

2.2 Take Demins off as necessary during the power reduction to 60%.

"B" RPS PRESSURE FAILS HIGH / SPRAY VALVE FAILURE

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #2 ("B" RPS Press Fail, Spray Valve Fail)

- 3.1 When PPO/CNO sent to check EFIC channels not tripped, wait two (2) minutes then report via telephone that no EFIC channels are Bypassed.
- FWP-2A OIL SYSTEM FAILURE

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #3 ("A" MFWP Oil Sys Failure/Pump Trip)

4.1 This failure clogs the filter enough and oil system trouble alarm.

4.2 3 minutes later the auto start of backup AC oil pump occurs.

- 4.3 45 seconds after the backup AC oil pump starts the "A" MFWP will trip on low oil pressure
- 5 ICS NEUTRON ERROR FAILS TO +9

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #4 (ICS Neutron Error Failure +9)

6 STARTUP TRANSFORM FAULT, LOSS OF STARTUP and BEST TRANSFORMERS

When notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #5 (Loss of S/U Transformer, EFP-1 Fails To Auto Start)

- 6.1 When TBO directed to perform EOP-14 Enclosure 1, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #10. These action will take 23 minutes to be completed. Report them completed after this time period.
- 6.2 PPO will report "A" EDG & EFP-1 properly if control room calls.

EFP-1 SHAFT SEIZURE 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING

10 minutes after EFP-1 is started, its shaft will seize up.

7.1 If called as PPO to check it out, wait 2 minutes then report pump not running, hot wiring smell in area.

- 7.2 When PPO directed to perform EOP-14 Enclosure #2, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #11. These actions will take 15 minutes to perform. About 10 minutes after triggering this step, call control room as PPO and request which H, analyzer to put in service and which sample point.
- 7.3 When SPO directed to open FWV-222 and 223, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #9. Wait about 3 minutes then report FWV-222 and 223 open

LOSS OF POWER FOR FWP-7

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If notified by the lead examiner, TRIGGER Lesson Plan Step #7 (FWP-7 Failure, Loss Of All FW, PORV/HPI Cooling)

EXAM N-3 TURNOVER

- A. Initial conditions:
 - 1. Time in core life 247 EFPD
 - 2. Rx power and power history 75% for 4 days
 - 3. Boron concentration 1088 PPMB
 - 4. Xenon Equilibrium
 - 5. RCS Activity Fuel 0.0005 uCi/ml
- B. Tech. Spec. action requirement(s) in effect: 3.7.5(D) EFP-2 red tagged to mechanical maintenance for governor replacement. 6 hours into 72 hour action statement. EFP-2 is scheduled to be released for post maintenance testing in 4 hours.
- C. Clearances in effect:
 - 1. EFP-2 for governor replacement
 - 2. WTP-6B (Demin Water Transfer Pump) for motor/pump realignment
 - 3. MUP-1A to electrical maintenance to replace control power fuses. MUP-1A will be returned to service in two hours.
 - 4. Breaker 1661, MOS 1661S, and MOS 1661N to Dispatcher. Breaker 1661 tripped open on previous shift (cause unknown). Line crew in 500 KV switchyard trouble shooting the breaker.
 - 5. RCP-1C due to ground fault
- D. Significant problems/abnormalities:
 - 1. SWP-1A is running while engineering performs an analysis of anomalous vibration reading taken during last SP. Vibrations were within allowable limits but had increased from previous SP.
 - 2. RCP-1C tripped 4 days ago. Electrical maintenance has determined that RCP-1C has a ground fault in its stator.
 - 3. Severe thunderstorms and extremely high winds expected over the next 24 hours.
- E. Evolution's/maintenance for the on-coming shift:
 - 1. Perform post maintenance test of EFP-1 and MUP-1A when released from maintenance.
 - 2. Place the "B" Makeup Demin (MUDM-1B) and remove MUDM-1A from service. MUDM-1B was in service two hours ago and is at the proper boron concentration.
- F. Units 1 and 2 status: On-Line
- G. Units 4 and 5 status: On-Line

EXAM N-3 TURNOVER

- H. SSOD Instruct the RO's to walk down the main control board and provide you with the following data:
 - 1. RCS Average Temperature ____
 - 2. RCS Pressure
 - 3. Pressurizer Level
 - 4. Make-up Tank Level
 - 5. Turbine Load

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- 6. Turbine Reference
- NOTE: Should need arise, full implementation of the emergency plan is not required during this exam. However, SRO should be prepared to address possible Emergency Plan involvement following the exam.



PWR RO Examination Outline Worksheet Revision 1

Bas	ed on NUREC	G-1021	F	orm ES-	401-4	Р	g 30 of 3	9	Interin	n Rev.8,	January	1997		
		K/A Category Points												
Tier	Group	K1	К2	K3	К4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	Point Total	
Tier 1	1	2	2	5				3	1			3	16	
Plant	2	3	3	4				4	1	1		2	17	
Evolutions	3	1	1	0				1	0	12.5		0	3	
	Tier Totals	6	6	9				8	2			5	36	
Tier 2	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	4	4	2	23	
Plant	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	1	20	
Systems	3	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	8	
	Tier Totals	5	2	5	7	2	3	5	4	7	•7	4	51	
Tieı	r 3	Cat1	Cat2	Cat3	Cat4		Katar	4.327		a. Second		1.1		
Gene	eric	3	3	2	5				i and				13	

K/A/G/ Totals	11	8	['] 14	7	2	3	13	6	7	7	9

Emer	gency	and A	bnorn	nal Pla	nt Evo	olutio	ns - Tier1/Group1		
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	К1	K2	КЗ	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Points
000005 Inoperable/Stuck Control Rod / I							1		
000015/17 RCP Malfunctions / IV			1				AK3.03 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Reactor Coolant Pump Malfunctions (Loss of RC Flow): Sequence of events for manually tripping reactor and RCP as a result of an RCP malfunction	3.7	
E09 Natural Circ. / IV	1					1	EK1.2 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the (Natural Circulation Cooldown): Normal, abnormal and emergency operating procedures associated with (Natural Circulation Cooldown).	3.7	
			· .				G2.1.23 Ability to perform specific system and integrated plant procedures during all modes of plant operation.	3.9	
000024 Emergency Boration / I			1				* AK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Emergency Boration: Actions contained in EOP for emergency boration	4.2	
000026 Loss of Component Cooling Water / VIII						1	G2.1.30 Ability to locate and operate components, including local controls.	3.9	
000027 Pressurizer Pressure Control System Malfunction / III		;	1				AK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Pressurizer Pressure Control Malfunctions: Verification of alternate transmitter and/or plant computer prior to shifting flow chart transmitters	2.9	
000040 (E05) Steam Line Rupture (Excessive Heat Transfer) / IV		1					E05-EK2.1 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (Excessive Heat Transfer) and the following: Components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.	3.8	

PWR RO Examination Outline Emergency and Abnormal Plant Evolutions - Tier1/Group1 - Continued									
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Points
000051 Loss of Condenser Vacuum / IV			1						
000055 Station Blackout / VI			1		1		EK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Station Blackout: Actions contained in EOP for loss of offsite and onsite power EA2.06 Ability to determine or interpret the	4.3	
							following as they apply to a Station Blackout: Faults and lockouts that must be cleared prior to re-energizing buses	3.7	
000057 Loss of Vital AC Elec. Inst. Bus / VI				1			** AA1.01 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Loss of Vital AC Instrument Bus: Manual inverter swapping	3.7	
000062 Loss of Nuclear Service Water / IV			1				AK3.03 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Loss of Nuclear Service Water: Guidance actions contained in EOP for the Loss of Nuclear Service Water	4.0	
000067 Plant Fire On-site / IX						1	G2.4.27 Knowledge of fire in the plant procedures.	3.0	
000068 (A06) Control Room Evac. / VIII					1				
000069 Loss of CTMT Integrity / V			1						
000074 Inad. Core Cooling / IV				1			EA1.12 Ability to operate and monitor the following as they apply to an Inadequate Core Cooling: RCS temperature and pressure indicators	4.1	
E03 Inadequate Subcooling Margin / IV		1	•				EK2.2 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (Inadequate Subcooling Margin) and the following: Facility's heat removal systems, including primary coolant, emergency coolant, the decay heat removal systems, and relations between the proper operation of these systems to the operation of the facility.	4.3	
000076 High Reactor Coolant Activity / IX				1			AA1.04 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to High Reactor Coolant Activity: Failed fuel monitoring equipment		

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Emergency							ıtline er1/Group1 - Continued	· ·	
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Points
A02&A03 Loss of NNI-X/Y / VII	1						AK1.3 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the (Loss of NNI-X): Annunciators and conditions indicating signals, and remedial actions associated with the (Loss of NNI-X).	3.8	
K/A Category Totals:	2	2	5	3	1	3	Group Point Total =	16	

* Selected more appropriate and higher importance factor KA ** Question written/selected by Melissa Gallian due to my classroom involvement with this subject

E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Point
							AA2.03 Ability to determine and		
							interpret the following as they apply to		
000001 Continuous Rod Withdrawal / I					1		the Continuous rod Withdrawal: Proper actions to be taken if automatic safety		
							functions have not taken place	4.5	
							AK3.04 Knowledge of the reasons for		
000003 Dropped Control Rod / I			1				the following responses as they apply to		
ooooos bropped Control Rod 71							the Dropped Control Rod: Actions		
							contained in EOP for dropped rod	3.8	
							E02-EK1.3 Knowledge of the operational		
							implications of the following concepts as		
	1						they apply to the (Vital System Status		
000007 (E02&E10) Reactor Trip - Stabilization - Recovery / I			1.3				Verification): Annunciators and conditions indicating signals, and remedial actions		
							associated with the (Vital System Status		
							Verification).	3.8	
		<u> </u>					AA1.1 Ability to operate and/or monitor	0.0	
							the following as they apply to the (Plant		
							Runback): Components, and functions		
A01 Plant Runback / I				1			of control and safety systems, including		1
		Ì					instrumentation , signals, interlocks,		
		:					failure modes, and automatic and		
· · ·			ļ			ļ	manual features.	3.7	
A04 Turbine Trip / IV									
000008 Pressurizer Vapor Space Accident / III		ļ							
		4					G2.4.47 Ability to diagnose and recognize		
000009 Small Break LOCA / III		i				1	trends in an accurate and timely manner		
							utilizing the appropriate control room reference material.	3 1	1
	I	1	1	I	1				
							reference material.	3.4	

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Emergency E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	and A	bnorn K2	nal Pla	nt Evo A1	A2	<u>s - Ti</u> G	er1/Group2 - Continued	Inen	Points
000011 Large Break LOCA / III	1	1			A2		K/A Topic(s) EK1.01 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the Large Break LOCA: Natural circulation and cooling, including reflux boiling	Imp.	Points
							EK2.02 Knowledge of the interrelations between the and the following Large Break LOCA: Pumps	2.6	
E08 LOCA Cooldown/Depress. / IV		1					EK2.1 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (LOCA Cooldown) and the following: Components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.	3.7	
000022 Loss of Reactor Coolant Makeup / II					<u> </u>				
000025 Loss of RHR System / IV		1	1. 1. j			1	AK2.01 Knowledge of the interrelations between the Loss of residual Heat Removal System and the following: RHR heat exchangers G2.1.20 Ability to execute procedure steps.	2.9	
000029 Anticipated Transient w/o Scram / I			1				* EK3.01 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the ATWS: Verifying a reactor trip; methods	4.3	
000032 Loss of Source Range NI / VII									
000033 Loss of Intermediate Range NI / VII									
000037 Steam Generator Tube Leak / III 000038 Steam Generator Tube Rupture / III			1				** EK3.06 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the SGTR: Actions contained in EOP for RCS water inventory balance, S/G tube rupture, and plant shutdown procedures AK3.03 Knowledge of the reasons for the	4.2	
000054 Loss of Main Feedwater / IV			1				following responses as they apply to the Loss of Main Feedwater (MFW): Manual control of AFW/EFW flow control valves	3.8	

		PWR	ROE	Exam	inatio	n Ou	Itline		
Emergency	and A	bnorm	nal Pla	nt Evo	olution	ıs - Ti	er1/Group2 - Continued		
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Points
E04 Inadequate Heat Transfer - Loss of Secondary Heat Sink / IV	1						EK1.3 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the (Inadequate Heat Transfer): Annunciators and conditions indicating signals, and remedial actions associated with the (Inadequate Heat Transfer).	4.0	
000058 Loss of DC Power / VI				1			***AA1.03 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Loss of DC Power: Vital and battery bus components	3.1	
000059 Accidental Liquid Radwaste Rel. / IX									
000060 Accidental Gaseous Radwaste Rel. / IX				1			AA1.02 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Accidental Gaseous Radwaste: Ventilation system	2.9	
000061 ARM System Alarms./ VII				1			**** AA1.01 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Area Radiation Monitoring (ARM) System Alarms: Automatic actuation	3.6	
K/A Category Totals	: 3	3	4	4	1	2	Group Point Total =	17	

* Selected more appropriate and higher importance factor KA ** No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5 *** Question written/selected by Melissa Gallian due to my classroom involvement with the subject. **** Only one random generated KA available and is of low, if any, value

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Eme	rgency				inatio ant Evo		ns - Tier1/Group3		
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	К1	К2	КЗ	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Points
000028 Pressurizer Level Malfunction / II									
000036 (A08) Fuel Handling Accident / VIII	1						36-AK1.03 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to Fuel Handling Incidents: Indications of approaching criticality	4.0	
000056 Loss of Off-site Power / VI									
000065 Loss of Instrument Air / VIII				1			AA1.02 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Loss of Instrument Air: Components served by instrument air to minimize drain on system	2.6	
E13&E14 EOP Rules and Enclosures			1.2						
A05 Emergency Diesel Actuation / VI		1					AK2.1 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (Emergency Diesel Actuation) and the following: Components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.	4.0	
A07 Flooding / VIII		:						-1.0	
	-								
	-								
	<u> </u>								
K/A Category Totals	5: 1	1	0	1	0	0	Group Point Total =	3	

					lant	. <u>Sy</u>	Ster	115 -			100			
System # / Name	К1	K2	К3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	lmp.	Points
001 Control Rod Drive									1		1	A3.05 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the CRDS, including: Individual vs. group rod position	3.5	
												G2.1.32 Ability to explain and apply all system limits and precautions.	3.4	
103 Reactor Coolant Pump						1				1		K6.14 Knowledge of the effect of a loss or malfunction on the following will have on the RCPs: Starting requirements	2.6	
												A4.06 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: RCP parameters	2.9	
												K1.15 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the CVCS and the following systems: ECCS	3.8	
04 Chemical and Volume Control	1				-		1					A1.06 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with operating the CVCS controls including: VCT level	3.0	
13 Engineered Safety Features Actuation		1						1		1		K2.01 Knowledge of bus power supplies to the following: ESFAS/safeguards equipment A2.06 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the ESFAS; and (b) based on those predictions use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations; Inadvertent ESFAS actuation	3.6	
					•							A4.01 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: ESFAS-initiated equipment which fails to actuate	4.5	

System # / Name	K1	K2					 	•		Continued K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
015 Nuclear Instrumentation			1				1.0	1		K3.04 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction on the NIS will have on the following: ICS	3.4	
										A4.02 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: NIS indicators	3.9	
17 In-core Temperature Monitor				1						K4.01 Knowledge of ITM system design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Input to subcooling monitors	3.4	
22 Containment Cooling							1			A3.01 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the CCS, including: Initiation of safeguards mode of operation	4.1	
56 Condensate	1									* K1.03 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the Condensate System and the following systems: MFW	2.6	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										K4.16 Knowledge of MFW design feature(s) and/or interlocks which provide for the following: Automatic trips for MFW pumps	3.1	
59 Main Feedwater				1	:			1	1	A4.10 Ability to manually operate and monitor in the control room: ICS	3.9	
					i.					G2.4.49 Ability to perform without reference to procedures those actions that require immediate operation of system components and controls.	4.0	
					4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					operation of system components and controls.	4.0	

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System # / Name	K1				-					A4		K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
												K4.02 Knowledge of the AFW/EFW design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: AFW/EFW automatic start upon loss of MFW pump, S/G level, blackout, or safety injection	4.5	
061 Auxiliary/Emergency Feedwater				1	1				1			K5.01 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the AFW/EFW: Relationship between AFW/EFW flow and RCS heat transfer	3.6	
												A3.04 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the AFW/EFW including: Automatic AFW/EFW isolation	4.1	
068 Liquid Radwaste						1						* K6.10 Knowledge of the effect of a loss or malfunction on the following will have on the Liquid Radwaste system: Radiation Monitors	2.5	
071 Waste Gas Disposal									1			A3.03 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the Waste Gas disposal system including: Radiation monitoring system alarms and actuating signals	3.6	-
072 Area Radiation Monitoring								1				A2.02 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the ARM system, and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Detector failure	2.8	
K/A Category Totals:	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	4	4	2	Group Point Total =	23	

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 $^{\star}\,$ No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5

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			1	ч ——	lant	t Sy	ster	ns -	Tie	r2/C	irol	1p2		
System # / Name	K1	K2	К3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	lmp.	Points
002 Reactor Coolant					1							K5.10 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the RCS: Relationship between reactor power and RCS differential temperature	3.6	
006 Emergency Core Cooling										1		A4.07 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: ECCS pumps and valves	4.4	
010 Pressurizer Pressure Control		1										K2.01 Knowledge of bus power supplies to the following: PZR heaters	3.0	
011 Pressurizer Level Control								1				A2.10 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the PZR LCS: and (b) based on those predictions use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Failure of PZR level instrument - high	3.4	
012 Reactor Protection				1		1						K4.01 Knowledge of RPS design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Trip logic when one channel OOC or in test K6.06 Knowledge of the effect of a loss or malfunction of the following will have on the RPS: Sensors and detectors	3.7	
014 Rod Position Indication					:		1					A1.04 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with operating the RPIS controls, including: Axial and radial power distribution	3.5	
016 Non-nuclear Instrumentation			1		-				1			K3.03 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the NNIS will have on the following: SDS (Steam dump system) A3.01 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the NNIS including: Automatic selection of NNIS inputs to control systems	3.0	

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System # / Name	<u>K1</u>	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	К/А Торіс	Imp.	Point
026 Containment Spray	1								.1			K1.02 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the CSS and the following systems: Cooling water A3.01 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the CSS including: Pump starts and correct MOV positioning	4.1	
029 Containment Purge														
033 Spent Fuel Pool Cooling							1					A1.01 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with the Spent Fuel Pool Cooling System operating the controls including: Spent fuel water level	2.7	
035 Steam Generator									1			A3.01 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the S/G including: S/G water level control	4.0	
039 Main and Reheat Steam				1				 				K4.05 Knowledge of MRSS design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Automatic isolation of steam line *K3.01 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or	3.7	
055 Condenser Air Removal			1									malfunction of the CARS will have on the following: Main Condenser	2.5	
062 AC Electrical Distribution	1				•					1		 ** K1.02 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the AC distribution system and the following systems: ED/G ** A4.03 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: Synchroscope, including an understanding of running and incoming voltages 	4.1	
63 DC Electrical Distribution			1		i i							K3.02 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the DC electrical system will have on the following: Components using DC control power		
064 Emergency Diesel Generator	_				•						1	G2.1.8 Ability to coordinate personnel activities outside the control room.	3.8	
073 Process Radiation Monitoring					•									

				PW	R F	20	Exa	ami	nat	ion	Οι	utline		
<u> </u>]	Plar	nt Sy	yste	ms	- Ti	er2/	Gro	up2	? - C	Continued		
System # / Name	K1	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	К/А Торіс	lmp.	Points
075 Circulating Water								1				*A2.03 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the circulating water system; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Safety features and relationship between condenser vacuum, turbine trip and steam dumps	2.5	
079 Station Air														
086 Fire Protection														
K/A Category Totals:	2	1	3	2	1	1	·2	2	3	2	1	Group Point Total =	20	

* No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5 ** Question written/selected by Melissa Gallian due to my classroom involvement with the subject.

										ion r2/G		utline		
System # / Name	K1	К2	КЗ	K4			<u> </u>	A2	<u>.</u>		G	K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
005 Residual Heat Removal		-					1					A1.01 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with operating the RHRS controls including: Heatup/cooldown rates	3.5	
007 Pressurizer Relief/Quench Tank											1	G2.4.46 Ability to verify that alarms are consistent with the plant conditions.	3.5	
008 Component Cooling Water			1									K3.01 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the CCWS will have on the following: Loads cooled by CCWS	3.4	
027 Containment Iodine Removal														
028 Hydrogen Recombiner and Purge Control														
034 Fuel Handling Equipment	1											K1.02 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the Fuel Handling System and the following systems: RHRS	2.5	
041 Steam Dump/Turbine Bypass Control						-5								
045 Main Turbine Generator							1					A1.05 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with operating the MT/G system controls including: Expected response of primary plant parameters (temperature and pressure) following a T/G trip	3.8	
076 Service Water				1	-							K4.02 Knowledge of SWS design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Automatic start features associated with SWS pump controls	2.9	
078 Instrument Air										1		A4.01 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: Pressure gauges	3.1	
103 Containment				1	1							* K4.06 Knowledge of containment system design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Containment isolation system	3.1	
K/A Category Totals	s: 1	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	Group Point Total =	8	

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'No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5

	<u></u>	Generic Knowledges and Abilities		
Category	KA #	K/A Topic	lmp.	Points
	2.1.2	Knowledge of operator responsibilities during all modes of plant operation.	4.0	1
Conduct of	2.1.22	Ability to determine Mode of Operation.	2.8	1
Operations	2.1.24	Ability to obtain and interpret station electrical and mechanical drawings.	2.8	1
	Total Points			3
	2.2.2	Ability to manipulate the console controls as required to operate the facility between shutdown and designated power levels.	3.5	1
	2.2.12	Knowledge of surveillance procedures.	3.4	1
Equipment Control	2.2.30	Knowledge of RO duties in the control room during fuel handling such as alarms from fuel handling area, communication with fuel storage facility, systems operated from the control room in support of fueling operations, and supporting instrumentation.	3.5	1
	Total Points			3
Dediction	2.3.9	Knowledge of the process for performing a containment purge.	2.5	1
Radiation Control	2.3.11	Ability to control radiation releases.	3.2	1
Control	Total Points			2
	2.4.1	Knowledge of EOP entry conditions and immediate action steps.	4.6	1
	2.4.2	Knowledge of system set points, interlocks and automatic actions associated with EOP entry conditions.	4.1	1
Emergency	2.4.32	Knowledge of operator response to loss of all annunciators.	3.5	1
Procedures / Plan	2.4.35	Knowledge of local auxiliary operator tasks during emergency operations including system geography and system implications.	3.5	1
	2.4.45	Ability to prioritize and interpret the significance of each annunciator or alarm.	3.6	1
	Total Points			5
TIER 3 Category To	itala:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40
HER'S Category to				13

PWR SRO Examination Outline Worksheet Revision 1

				K/	A Ca	itego	ry Po	oints					
Tier	Group	K1	K2	К3	К4	K5	К6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	Poin [:] Tota
Tier 1	1	3	3	6				3	6			3	24
Plant	2	2	2	3				4	3			2	16
Evolutions	3	1	1	0				0	1			0	3
	Tier Totals	6	6	9				7	10			5	43
Tier 2	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	19
Plant	2	1	1	2	3	1	0	1	4	2	1	1	17
Systems	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	4
:	Tier Totals	4	2	4	4	2	2	2	8	4	4	4	40
Tie	r 3	Cat1	Cat2	Cat3	Cat4								
Gen	eric	4	4	3	6								17

		1									
K/A/G/ Totals	10	ġ .	12	Λ	2	2	0	10	Λ	1	0
K/A/G/ Totals	10	0	15	-7	2	2	3	10	4	••	3
						·····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	К1	K2	КЗ	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Point
000001 Continuous Rod Withdrawal / I			1				AK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Continuous Rod Withdrawal: Tech- Spec limits on rod operability	4.3	
000003 Dropped Control Rod / I					1		AA2.03 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the Dropped Control Rod: Dropped rod, using in-core/ex-core instrumentation, in- core or loop temperature measurements	3.8	
000005 Inoperable/Stuck Control Rod / I			1. 1. j		1		AA2.03 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the Inoperable/Stuck Control Rod: Required actions if more than one rod is stuck or inoperable	4.4	
······································							EK2.02 Knowledge of the interrelations between the and the following Large Break LOCA: Pumps	2.7	
000011 Large Break LOCA / III	1	1					EK1.01 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the Large Break LOCA: Natural Circulation and cooling, including reflux boiling	4.4	
000015/17 RCP Malfunctions / IV			1				AK3.03 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Reactor Coolant Pump Malfunctions (Loss of RC Flow): Sequence of events for manually tripping reactor and RCP as a result of an RCP malfunction	4.0	

E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Point
							EK1.2 Knowledge of the operational		
							implications of the following concepts as		
							they apply to the (Natural Circulation		
							Cooldown): Normal, abnormal and		
							emergency operating procedures		
E09 Natural Circ. / IV	1					1	associated with (Natural Circulation		1
							Cooldown).	4.0	
		ł					G2.1.23 Ability to perform specific system		
		[and integrated plant procedures during all		
							modes of plant operation.	4.0	
							* AK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the		
000024 Emergency Boration / I			1				following responses as they apply to the		
							Emergency Boration: Actions contained in		
							EOP for emergency boration	4.4	
							AA2.01 Ability to determine and		
000026 Loss of Component Cooling Water / VIII			1. 2. 1		1		interpret the following as they apply to		
coole Loss of Component Cooling Water / Vill							the Loss of Component Cooling Water:		
							Location of a leak in the CCWS	3.5	
· · · ·									
000029 Anticipated Transient w/o Scram / I			1				* EK3.01 Knowledge of the reasons for the		
							following responses as they apply to the		
							ATWS: Verifying a reactor trip; methods	4.5	
						-	EQE EK2 1 Knowledge of the interrelations		
		:					E05-EK2.1 Knowledge of the interrelations		
000040 (E05) Steam Line Rupture - Excessive Heat Transfer / IV		1					between the (Excessive Heat Transfer) and		
000040 (E03) Steam Line Rupture - Excessive Heat Transler / IV			ļ				the following: Components, and functions of		
							control and safety systems, including		
							instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure		
							modes, and automatic and manual features.	4.0	
12 2010		1					AA2.02 Ability to determine and		
		· ·					interpret the following as they apply to		
000051 Loss of Condenser Vacuum / IV		'		1	1		the Loss of Condenser Vacuum:		
							Conditions requiring reactor and/or		
						_	turbine trip	4.1	
		,							

Emergency	anu A	nioua	ial Pla	ntevo	olution	IS - 11	er1/Group1 - Continued		
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Poir
							EK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Station Blackout: Actions contained in EOP		
000055 Station Blackout / VI			1		1		for loss of offsite and onsite power	4.6	
							EA2.06 Ability to determine or interpret the following as they apply to a Station Blackout: Faults and lockouts that must be		
							cleared prior to re-energizing buses	4.1	
000057 Loss of Vital AC Elec. Inst. Bus / VI				1			**AA1.01 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Loss of Vital AC Instrument Bus: Manual inverter swapping	3.7	
000059 Accidental Liquid Radwaste Rel. / IX									
000062 Loss of Nuclear Service Water / IV			1				AK3.03 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Loss of Nuclear Service Water: Guidance actions contained in EOP for the Loss of Nuclear Service Water	4.2	
							G2.4.27 Knowledge of fire in the plant	4.2	
000067 Plant Fire On-site / IX						1	procedures.	3.5	
000068 (A06) Control Room Evac. / VIII					1		AA2.07 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the control Room Evacuation: PZR level	4.3	
000069 Loss of CTMT Integrity / V						1	G2.2.26 Knowledge of refueling		
							administrative requirements.	3.7	
000074 Inad. Core Cooling / IV				1			EA1.12 Ability to operate and monitor the following as they apply to an Inadequate Core Cooling: RCS temperature and		
							pressure indicators	4.4	
		: İ					EK2.2 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (Inadequate Subcooling Margin) and the following: Facility's heat		
E03 Inadequate Subcooling Margin / IV		1 '					removal systems, including primary coolant, emergency coolant, the decay heat removal		
							systems, and relations between the proper operation of these systems to the operation of the facility.	4.3	

							utline		
Emergency a	and A	bnorm	al Pla	nt Evo	olution	is - Tie	er1/Group1 - Continued		
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Points
000076 High Reactor Coolant Activity / IX				1			AA1.04 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to High Reactor Coolant Activity: Failed fuel monitoring equipment	3.4	
A02&A03 Loss of NNI-X/Y / VII	1		ж				A02 AK1.3 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the (Loss of NNI-X): Annunciators and conditions indicating signals, and remedial actions associated with the (Loss of NNI-X).	3.8	
K/A Category Totals:	3	3	6	3	6	3	Group Point Total = 2	24	

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subject.

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* Selected more appropriate and higher importance factor KA ** Question written/selected by Melissa Gallian due to my classroom involvement with this

E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Poin
000007 (E02&E10) Reactor Trip - Stabilization - Recovery / I	1						E02-EK1.3 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the (Vital System Status Verification): Annunciators and conditions indicating signals, and remedial actions associated with the (Vital System Status Verification).	3.8	
A01 Plant Runback / I					1		AA2.2 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the (Plant Runback): Adherence to appropriate procedures and operation within the limitations of the facility's license and amendments.	3.8	
A04 Turbine Trip / IV									
000008 Pressurizer Vapor Space Accident / III									
000009 Small Break LOCA / III						1	G2.4.47 Ability to diagnose and recognize trends in an accurate and timely manner utilizing the appropriate control room reference material.	3.7	
E08 LOCA Cooldown - Depress. / IV 000022 Loss of Reactor Coolant Makeup / II		1			1		 EK2.1 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (LOCA Cooldown) and the following: Components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features. AA2.01 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the Loss of Reactor Coolant Pump Makeup: Whether charging line leak 	3.9	
		1	1	1	1	1	exists	3.8]

E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Poi
000025 Loss of RHR System / IV		1				1	AK2.01 Knowledge of the interrelations between the Loss of residual Heat Removal System and the following: RHR heat exchangers	2.9	
							G2.1.20 Ability to execute procedure steps.	4.2	
000027 Pressurizer Pressure Control System Malfunction / III			1				AK3.02 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Pressurizer Pressure Control Malfunctions: Verification of alternate transmitter and/or plant computer prior to shifting flow chart transmitters	3.0	
000032 Loss of Source Range NI / VII			4 1 2 1		1		AA2.04 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the Loss of Source Range Nuclear Instrumentation: Satisfactory source range/intermediate range overlap	3.5	
000033 Loss of Intermediate Range NI / VII									
000037 Steam Generator Tube Leak / III					<u> </u>				
000038 Steam Generator Tube Rupture / III			1				* EK3.06 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the SGTR: Actions contained in EOP for RCS water inventory balance, S/G tube rupture, and plant shutdown procedures	4.5	
000054 Loss of Main Feedwater / IV			1				AK3.03 Knowledge of the reasons for the following responses as they apply to the Loss of Main Feedwater (MFW): Manual control of AFW/EFW flow control valves	4.1	
							EK1.3 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the (Inadequate Heat Transfer): Annunciators and conditions		
E04 Inadequate Heat Transfer - Loss of Secondary Heat Sink / IV		-					indicating signals, and remedial actions associated with the (Inadequate Heat Transfer).	4.0	

	I	PWR	SRO	Exam	ninatio	on O	utline	-	
Emergency	and A	bnorm	nal Pla	nt Evo	olution	s - Ti	er1/Group2 - Continued		
E/APE # / Name / Safety Function	K1	K2	K3	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	Imp.	Points
000058 Loss of DC Power / VI				1			**AA1.03 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Loss of DC Power: Vital and battery bus components	3.3	
000060 Accidental Gaseous Radwaste Rel. / IX				1			AA1.02 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Accidental Gaseous Radwaste: Ventilation system	3.1	
000061 ARM System Alarms / VII			1. j.	1			*** AA1.01 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Area Radiation Monitoring (ARM) System Alarms: Automatic actuation	3.6	
000065 Loss of Instrument Air / VIII				1			AA1.02 Ability to operate and/or monitor the following as they apply to the Loss of Instrument Air: Components served by instrument air to minimize drain on system	2.8	
K/A Category Totals:	2	2	3	4	3	2	Group Point Total =	16	

* No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5 ** Question written/selected by Melissa Gallian due to my classroom involvement with the subject. *** Only one random generated KA available and is of low, if any, value

		Emer	jency	and A	bnorn	nal Pla	int Evo	olutio	ons - Tier1/Group3		
E/APE # /	Name / Safety Fur	nction	K1	К2	КЗ	A1	A2	G	K/A Topic(s)	lmp.	Points
000028 Pressurizer Leve	el Malfunction / Il										
000036 (A08) Fuel Hanc	ling Accident / VIII		1						36-AK1.03 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to Fuel Handling Incidents: Indications of approaching criticality	4.3	
000056 Loss of Off-site	Power / VI										
E13&E14 EOP Rules ar	d Enclosures						1		E14-EA2.1 Ability to determine and interpret the following as they apply to the (EOP Enclosures): Facility conditions and selection of appropriate procedures during abnormal and emergency operations.	4.0	
A05 Emergency Diesel /	Actuation / VI	· .		1					AK2.1 Knowledge of the interrelations between the (Emergency Diesel Actuation) and the following: Components, and functions of control and safety systems, including instrumentation, signals, interlocks, failure modes, and automatic and manual features.	3.8	
A07 Flooding / VIII											
	K/A Cate	egory Totals:	1	1	0	0	1	0	Group Point Total =	3	
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				Ρ	lant	t Sy	ster	ns -	Tie	r2/C	irou	յք1		
System # / Name	К1	К2	К3	К4	К5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	lmp.	Point
01 Control Rod Drive									1			A3.05 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the CRDS, including: Individual vs. group rod position	3.5	
												K6.14 Knowledge of the effect of a loss or malfunction on the following will have on the RCPs: Starting requirements	2.9	
03 Reactor Coolant Pump						1		1				A2.01 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the RCPs; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Problems with RCP seals	3.9	
04 Chemical and Volume Control	1											K1.15 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the CVCS and the following systems: ECCS	4.0	
13 Engineered Safety Features Actuation		1								1		K2.01 Knowledge of bus power supplies to the following: ESFAS/safeguards equipment A4.01 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: ESFAS initiated equipment which fails to actuate	3.8 4.8	
14 Rod Position Indication							1					A1.04 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with operating the RPIS controls, including: Axial and radial power distribution	3.8	
15 Nuclear Instrumentation					1					1	1	A4.02 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: NIS indicators G2.1.12 Ability to apply technical specifications for a system.	3.9 4.0	
17 In-core Temperature Monitor				1								K4.01 Knowledge of the ITM system design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Input to subcooling monitors	3.7	

System # / Name	K1	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	К/А Торіс	Imp.	Points
022 Containment Cooling								1				A2.02 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the CCS system, and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Loss of service water	3.2	
026 Containment Spray	1											K1.02 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the CSS and the following systems: Cooling water	4.1	
056 Condensate	1						-					* K1.03 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the Condensate System and the following systems: MFW	2.6	
D59 Main Feedwater											1	G2.4.49 Ability to perform without reference to procedures those actions that require immediate operation of system components and controls.	4.0	
061 Auxiliary/Emergency Feedwater					1							K5.01 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the AFW/EFW: Relationship between AFW/EFW flow and RCS heat transfer	3.9	
063 DC Electrical Distribution			1		!							K3.02 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the DC electrical system will have on the following: Components using DC control power	3.7	
068 Liquid Radwaste	 		 			1						* K6.10 Knowledge of the effect of a loss or malfunction on the following will have on the Liquid Radwaste system: Radiation Monitors A3.03 Ability to monitor automatic operation of	2.9	
071 Waste Gas Disposal					1				1			As.03 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the Waste Gas disposal system including: Radiation monitoring system alarms and actuating signals	3.8	

			F	PWI	RS	RO	Ex	am	ina	tior	n O	utline		
-			Pla	nt S	yste	ems	- Ti	er2	/Gro	oup1	- C	Continued		
System # / Name	K1	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
072 Area Radiation Monitoring						_3		1				A2.02 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the ARM system, and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Detector failure	2.9	
K/A Category Totals:	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	2		19	

* No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5

System # / Name	К1	K2	кз	K4	К5	К6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
												K5.08 Knowledge of the operational implications of the following concepts as they apply to the RCS: Why PZR level should be kept within the programmed band.	3.9	
002 Reactor Coolant					1			1				A2.03 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the RCS: and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Loss of coolant inventory	4.4	
006 Emergency Core Cooling										1		A4.07 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: ECCS pumps and valves	4.4	
010 Pressurizer Pressure Control		1										K2.01 Knowledge of bus power supplies to the following: PZR heaters	3.4	
011 Pressurizer Level Control													•	
012 Reactor Protection									1			A3.01 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the RPS, including: Individual channel	3.9	
016 Non-nuclear Instrumentation			1		:							K3.03 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the NNIS will have on the following: SDS (Steam dump system)	3.1	
027 Containment Iodine Removal							 							
028 Hydrogen Recombiner and Purge Control					<u> </u>									[
029 Containment Purge				<u> </u>			L							
033 Spent Fuel Pool Cooling					1		1					A1.01 Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters (to prevent exceeding design limits) associated with the Spent Fuel Pool Cooling System operating the controls including: Spent fuel water level	3.3	

System # / Name	K1	K2				 				K/A Topic	Imp.	Point
										K1.02 Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between the Fuel Handling System and the following systems: RHRS	3.2	
034 Fuel Handling Equipment	1						1			A2.01 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the Fuel Handling System; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Dropped fuel element	4.4	
35 Steam Generator								1		A3.01 Ability to monitor automatic operation of the S/G including: S/G water level control	3.9	
039 Main and Reheat Steam				1						K4.05 Knowledge of MRSS design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Automatic isolation of steam line	3.7	
055 Condenser Air Removal			1							* K3.01 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the CARS will have on the following: Main Condenser	2.7	
			-		-					* K4.01 Knowledge of the AC distribution system design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Bus lockouts	3.2	
162 AC Electrical Distribution				1	-		1			* A2.15 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the AC distribution system; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Consequence of paralleling out- of-phase/mismatch in volts	3.2	
64 Emergency Diesel Generator									1	G2.1.8 Ability to coordinate personnel activities outside the control room.	3.6	
73 Process Radiation Monitoring					·							

			F	W	R S	RO	Ex	am	iina	tio	10	utline		
			Plai	nt S	yste	ems	- Ti	ier2	/Gro	oup2	2 - 0	Continued		
System # / Name	K1	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
075 Circulating Water								1				** A2.03 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the circulating water system; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Safety features and relationship between condenser vacuum, turbine trip and steam dumps	2.7	
079 Station Air							Γ							
086 Fire Protection										1				
103 Containment				1								** K4.06 Knowledge of containment system design feature(s) and/or interlock(s) which provide for the following: Containment isolation system	3.7	
·					· .		 		ļ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
K/A Category Totals	: 1	1	2	3	1	0	1	4	2	1	1	Group Point Total =	17	

* Question written/selected by Melissa Gallian due to my classroom involvement with the subject. ** No random generated KA rated greater than 2.5

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System # / Name	К1	К2	КЗ	K4	К5	K6	A1	A2	A3	A4	G	K/A Topic	Imp.	Points
005 Residual Heat Removal								1				A2.02 Ability to (a) predict the impacts of the following malfunctions or operations on the RHRS; and (b) based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of those malfunctions or operations: Pressure transient protection during cold shutdown	3.7	
007 Pressurizer Relief/Quench Tank											1	G2.4.46 Ability to verify that alarms are consistent with the plant conditions.	3.6	
008 Component Cooling Water			1			j						K3.01 Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the CCWS will have on the following: Loads cooled by CCWS	3.5	
041 Steam Dump/Turbine Bypass Control														
045 Main Turbine Generator					<u> </u>									
076 Service Water										1		A4.01 Ability to manually operate and/or monitor in the control room: Pressure gauges	3.1	
<u>; </u>					•									
K/A Category Totals	: 0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	Group Point Total =	4	
	-1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		i	1	<u>I</u>	1	l	I				
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Category	KA #	К/А Торіс	imp.	Point								
	2.1.1	Knowledge of conduct of operations requirements.	3.8	1								
	2.1.2	Knowledge of operator responsibilities during all modes of plant operation.	4.0	1								
Conduct of	2.1.4	Knowledge of shift staffing requirements. 3.4 Knowledge of less than one hour technical specification action statements for systems. 3.8										
Operations	2.1.11											
	Total Points	·····		4								
	2.2.2	Ability to manipulate the console controls as required to operate the facility between shutdown and designated power levels.	3.5	1								
Equipment	2.2.12	Knowledge of surveillance procedures.	3.4	1								
Control	2.2.22	Knowledge of limiting conditions for operations and safety limits. 4.1										
	2.2.29	Knowledge of SRO fuel handling responsibilities.	3.8	1								
	Total Points			4								
Radiation Control	2.3.4	Knowledge of radiation exposure limits and contamination control, including permissible levels in excess of those authorized.	3.1	1								
	2.3.6	Knowledge of the requirements for reviewing and approving release permits. 3.1										
	2.3.11	Ability to control radiation releases.	3.2	1								
	Total Points			3								
	2.4.1	Knowledge of EOP entry conditions and immediate action steps.	4.6	1								
	2.4.2	Knowledge of system set points, interlocks and automatic actions associated with EOP entry conditions.	4.1	1								
Emergency	2.4.32	Knowledge of operator response to loss of all annunciators.	3.5	1								
Procedures /	2.4.35	Knowledge of local auxiliary operator tasks during emergency operationsincluding system geography and system implications.3.5										
Plan	2.4.44	Knowledge of emergency plan protective action recommendations.	4.0	1								
	2.4.45	45 Ability to prioritize and interpret the significance of each annunciator or alarm. 3.6										
	Total Points	4		6								
TIER 3 Category T	otals:		······································	17								
				<u> </u>								