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360 Sydney Baiman 201 W Lake St Apt 1311 Oak Park IL 60302 Dec 16 99

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NRC Chairman Richard Mesorve All Rulemaking and Audigations State U.S N.Rc Washington DC 20555

Dear Chairman Richard Meserve

I am writing to call on Nuclear Regulatory Commission to iso late radioactive wastes and materials and anything They contaminate, no matter what lard. The radioactive legacy of atomic energy and weapons production should be isolated trum. The public and the environment

The NAC should also extend the comment periodom releasing radioactue waste into consinere to at least September 2000. This issue is too important to act hadily apoin and it should be fally debated by the public.

In conclusion, phase give the public at least 8 more months to comment. And please pruhibit The release of radioactive materials into coremere, landfills and manerature

Please Endamatigroup letter that was sent to Vice President Albert Gare Jr. If qui have any questions about MB enclosed letter of 187 organizations that against the recycling of radicactive waster. Place contact Wenonah Hauter Director of Public citizens Critical Mass Energy Project 202-454-550

Sincerely Sydney Barmon

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Multigroup letter:

Nuclear Information and Resource Service Public Citizen

August 11, 1999

Vice President Albert Gore, Jr. The White House Office of the Vice President 1600 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20500

Dear Vice President Gore:

We, the undersigned 187 national, international, state and local organizations are **opposed** to the recycling of radioactive waste from atomic weapons and power into consumer products, the marketplace and the environment.

We are writing to call your attention to the findings in a recent Federal Court case, that the Department of Energy's project to recycle over 100,000 tons of radioactively contaminated metal from a nuclear weapons plant in Oak Ridge, Tennessee, poses a "great" and unexamined potential for environmental harm.

The Oak Ridge project -- which you endorsed as an initiative that "solves an environmental problem" -- involves recycling and selling radioactively contaminated metals for use in commercial products, such as cookware, baby carriages, and children's toys. It also establishes a precedent for the Department of Energy (DOE) and the commercial nuclear industry to release more than 1.5 million tons of radioactively contaminated metal from federal and commercial facilities throughout the country.

Our organizations oppose such releases of radioactively contaminated materials.

We request that you:

- (1) advise Secretary Richardson to discontinue the radioactive recycling project
- (2) require DOE to provide information on companies and scrap metal dealers that have received, are and will be receiving radioactively contaminated metals and the products for which the metal is being used; and
- (3) direct the Council on Environmental Quality to investigate the circumstances under which DOE proceeded with the project in the absence of meaningful public participation.

The Oak Ridge Radioactive Metals Recycling Project

Just prior to the 1996 election, on October 30, 1996, DOE announced that it was planning to award a contract to British Nuclear Fuels Limited, Inc. ("BNFL") to recycle and sell for commercial uses radioactively contaminated metals removed from three nuclear materials processing plants at the Department's Oak Ridge Reservation.

In 1997, prior to the award of the quarter-billion-dollar cleanup contract to BNFL, Robert Wages, then President of the Oil, Chemical & Atomic Workers International Union ("OCAW") wrote to you opposing the proposed project, arguing that it would "undermine the clearly stated environmental values of this Administration." Mr. Wages sought a meeting with you because he had serious concerns about the Administration's decision to allow radioactively contaminated materials into the marketplace —particularly the potential impacts on workers. You denied Mr. Wages' request for a meeting.

At the same time, environmental and labor groups raised similar concerns in a letter to the Secretary of Energy, Federico Pena, and requested a meeting to discuss the Oak Ridge recycling project. Secretary Pena also rejected the proposed meeting; although in an effort to mollify their concerns, his office assured the groups that "the Secretary feels strongly that Department of Energy has a responsibility to the residents in all communities in which DOE operates."

Despite these efforts and others, DOE failed to provide any opportunity for meaningful public review. As a result, OCAW, the Natural Resources Defense Council, the Nuclear Information and Resource Service, and two Tennessee groups, Coalition for a Healthy Environment and Oak Ridge Environmental Peace Alliance, determined that no other recourse remained but to file suit seeking an order requiring DOE to prepare an environmental impact statement for the Oak Ridge Project. On June 29, 1999, however, U.S. District Court Judge Gladys Kessler found that she was barred from addressing the plaintiffs' National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) claims by a provision of the Superfund law, 42 U.S.C. ° 9613(h) ("Section 113(h)"), which denies federal courts jurisdiction to hear any challenges to Superfund cleanups until they are completed.

The Federal Court's Findings of Significant Environmental Impacts and Serious Procedural Irregularities.

Judge Kessler found that DOE's recycling of radioactive metals for products used in American homes and businesses poses "great" potential for environmental harm, "especially given the unprecedented amount of hazardous materials [DOE and BNFL] seek to recycle." Judge Kessler concluded that there was "ample evidence that the proposed recycling significantly affects the quality of the human environment," and that "[i]n the absence of Section 113(h), an [environmental impact statement] would clearly have been mandated under NEPA."

Judge Kessler found that DOE failed to provide an opportunity for public notice and comment required under federal Superfund actions, and was "quite troubl[ed]" that DOE

"provided no adequate explanation" for this omission. Judge Kessler went on to criticize DOE for limiting "public scrutiny or input on a matter of such grave importance" and found DOE's actions "startling and worrisome." These concerns were heightened because the absence of "public scrutiny is compounded by the fact that the recycling process which BNFL intends to use is entirely experimental at this stage."

Two years following the award of the contract -- after millions of taxpayer dollars have been expended -- Judge Kessler found that "Plaintiffs allege, and [DOE and BNFL] have not disputed, that there is no data regarding the process' efficacy or track record with respect to safety." Judge Kessler's concerns about safety were elevated again because "no national standard exists governing the unrestricted release of volumetrically contaminated metal," which includes contaminated nickel at Oak Ridge. According to the Judge, "[t]he result is no oversight by any federal regulatory agencies."

In addition to the problems identified by Judge Kessler, we note that the record in the case reveals many other troubling aspects of the Oak Ridge project, including (1) the highly questionable process by which the contract was awarded to BNFL; (2) DOE findings that the BNFL team has operated in violation of basic environmental and worker safety protocols -- indeed, several accidents this spring caused BNFL to halt the project to address worker safety deficiencies; and (3) the secrecy under which BNFL sought authorization from Tennessee to proceed with the unrestricted release of volumetrically contaminated nickel.

In sum, Judge Kessler's June 29 decision confirms the Oak Ridge recycling project is proceeding in blatant and knowing disregard of basic principles of public participation, and your own commitment to protecting the environment and human health.

It is imperative that we meet with you as soon as feasible to discuss the actions necessary to assure that the many health and safety issues associated with the Oak Ridge project are addressed publicly and that the public is given an opportunity to comment formally on the project. Please contact Wenonah Hauter Director of Public Citizen's Critical Mass Energy Project at 202-454-5150 to schedule a meeting.

Thank you for your consideration of this critical issue. Sincerely,

- 1. Abalone Alliance
- 2. Abolition 2000
- 3. Action for a Clean Environment
- 4. Air, Water, Earth Organization
- 5. Alliance for Nuclear Accountability
- 6. Alliance for Public Health and Safety
- 7. Alliance for Survival
- 8. Alliance to Close Indian Point
- 9. American Environmental Health Studies
- 10. Anti Atom International (AAI)

- 11. Arizona Toxics Information
- 12. At Home in the World
- 13. Audubon Council of Texas
- 14. Australian Peace Committee
- 15. Bastrop County Environmental Network
- 16. Bay Area Nuclear Waste Coalition
- 17. Bay Area Wash Campaign
- 18. Bison Land Resource Center
- 19. Burgerinitiative Umweltschutz (BIU), Czech Republic
- 20. California Communities Against Toxics
- 21. Californians for Alternatives to Toxics
- 22. Californians for Radioactive Safeguards
- 23. Campaign for Food Safety
- 24. Campaign for International Cooperation & Disarmament
- 25. Carolina Peace Resource Center
- 26. Center for Community Action and Environmental Justice
- 27. Center for Energy Research
- 28. Center for Environmental Health
- 29. Center for Safe Energy of the Earth Island Island Institute
- 30. Central Pennsylvania Citizens for Survival
- 31. Central Valley Institute
- 32. Centrum ENERGIE, Czech Republic
- 33. Chenango North Energy Awareness Group
- 34. Chicago Media Watch
- 35. Chico Peace and Justice Center
- 36. Childhood Cancer Research Institute
- 37. Citizen Action-Illinois
- 38. Citizens Action Coalition of Indiana
- 39. Citizen's Awareness Network
- 40. Citizen's Environmental Coalition
- 41. Citizens for a Better Environment
- 42. Citizens for Alternatives to Radioactive Dumping
- 43. Citizens Protecting Ohio
- 44. Citizens' Action for Safe Energy
- 45. City of Davis, CA
- 46. Clean Water, Boston
- 47. Coalition for a Healthy Environment
- 48. Coalition for Peace and Justice
- 49. Coalition on West Valley Nuclear Wastes
- 50. Columbia River United
- 51. Columbus Campaign for Arms Control
- 52. Committee to Bridge the Gap
- 53. Communities Helping to Oppose Radioactive Dumping
- 54. Concerned Citizens for Nuclear Safety
- 55. Connecticut Citizen Action Group
- 56. Connecticut Opposed to Waste

- 57. Conservation Council of North Carolina
- 58. Cumbrians Opposed to a Radioactive Environment
- 59. Dawn Watch
- 60. Desert Citizens Against Pollution
- 61. Don't Waste Michigan
- 62. Don't Waste Arizona
- 63. Don't Waste Massachusetts
- 64. Don't Waste Oregon
- 65. Earth Action International
- 66. Earth Challenge
- 67. Earth Concerns of Oklahoma
- 68. Earth Cycles
- 69. Earth Day Coalition
- 70. Environmental Advocates
- 71. Environmental Coalition on Nuclear Power
- 72. Environmental Health Watch
- 73. Environmental Information Network
- 74. Environmental Research Foundation
- 75. Environmentalists, Inc
- 76. For a Clean Towarda Site (FACTS)
- 77. Friends of the Earth, U.K.
- 78. Friends of the Earth, U.S.
- 79. Friends of the Red Road
- 80. Fund for New Priorities in America
- 81. Gemeinsam gegen Atomgefahren, Austria
- 82. Global Resource Center for the Environment
- 83. Grandmothers and Others Alliance for the Future
- 84. Grandmothers for Peace International
- 85. Grandparents of East Harris County
- 86. Green Party of Santa Clara County
- 87. Green Party, D.C.
- 88. Greenpeace
- 89. Hanford Watch
- 90. Hawaii Green Party
- 91. Healing Global Wounds
- 92. Heart of America
- 93. Heartland Operation to Protect the Environment
- 94. Indian Point Project
- 95. International Institute of Concern for Public Health
- 96. Iowa City Green Party
- 97. IPPNW-Hamburg, Germany
- 98. Irradiation Free Food Hawaii
- 99. Lake Superior Greens
- 100. Liberation Collective
- 101.Long Island Alliance for Peaceful Alternatives
- 102. Maryland PIRG

- 103. Maryland Safe Energy Coalition
- 104. Massachusetts Citizens for Safe Energy
- 105. Mississippi Environmental Justice Project
- 106. Mothers and Others for a Livable Planet
- 107. National Environmental Coalition of Native Americans (NECONA)
- 108. Natural Resources Defense Council
- 109. Nevada Desert Experience
- 110. Nevada Nuclear Waste Task Force
- 111. New Jersey Environmental Lobby
- 112. New Mexico PIRG
- 113. New York State Labor & Environment Network
- 114 North American Water Office
- 115. North Carolina Waste Awareness & Reduction Network
- 116. Northcoast Environmental Center
- 117. Northwest Environmental Advocates
- 118. Nuclear Age Peace Foundation
- 119. Nuclear Energy Information Service
- 120. Nuclear Free New York
- 121. Nuclear Guardianship Project
- 122. Nuclear Information and Resource Service
- 123. Nukewatch
- 124. Oak Ridge Environmental Peace Alliance
- 125. Ohio Citizens for Responsible Energy
- 126. Ohio Network for the Chemically Injured
- 127. Ohio Peace and Justice Center
- 123. Oklahoma Institute for a Viable Future
- 129. Ooe Ueberparteiliche Plattform gegen Atomgefahr, Austria
- 130. Oregon Peace Works
- 131. Our Earth, University of Oklahoma
- 132. Ovster Creek Nuclear Watch
- 133. Paper, Allied-Industrial, Chemical and Energy Workers Union, Local 288 (Oak Ridge)
- 134. Parents Against Irradiation
- 135.Pax Christi USA
- 136.Pax Christi, New Mexico
- 137. Peace and Justice Task Force
- 138. Pennsylvania Environmental Network
- 139. Physicians for Life
- 140. Physicians for Social Responsibility
- 141. Physicians for Social Responsibility, LA
- 142. Prairie Island Coalition
- 143. Portsmouth-Piketon Residents for Environmental Safety and Security
- 144. Protect All Children's Environment
- 145. Public Citizen's Critical Mass Energy Project
- 146. Public Employees for Environmental Responsibility
- 147. Radioactive Waste Management Associates

- 148. Redwood Alliance
- 149. Reseau Sortir du Nucleaire
- 150. Safe Energy Communication Council
- 151. Save Our Cumberland Mountains
- 152. Save Ward Valley
- 153. Southern Coalition Opposing Plutonium Energy (SCOPE)
- 154. Senior Citizens Alliance of Tarrant County
- 155. Serious Texans Against Nuclear Dumping
- 156. Sierra Blanca Legal Defense Fund
- 157. Sierra Club, U.S.
- 158. Silicon Valley Toxics Coalition
- 159. Standing for Truth About Irradiation
- 160. Stichting Visie
- 161. Student Activist Union, Vassar College
- 162.SUN DAY Campaign
- 163. Sustainable Energy and Economic Development Coalition
- 164. Tarrant Coalition for Environmental Awareness
- 165. The Cancer Prevention Coalition
- 166. The Nuclear Democracy Network
- 167. The Southwind Group
- 168. The ZHABA Collective (ASEED-Europe)
- 169. Three Mile Island Alert
- 170. Toxics Action Center
- 171. Tri Valley Communities Against a Radioactive Environment
- 172. Union of Australian Women
- 173. United States Public Interest Research Group
- 174. Valley Watch, Inc.
- 175. Vermont PIRG
- 176. Virginia Consumer Action
- 177. Voices of Central Pennsylvania
- 178. War Resistors League, San Luis Obispo
- 179. Washington PIRG
- 180. Waste Action Project
- 181. We the People Inc, of TN
- 182. Women's Environment and Development Organization
- 183. Western Nebraska Resources Council
- 184. Wisconsin PIRG
- 185. Women Legislators Lobby
- 186. Women's Action for New Directions
- 187.Yggdrasil Institute