CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

°F degrees Fahrenheit

µgm/m³ micrograms per cubic meter

/Q relative air concentration

AADT annual average daily traffic

A/B auxiliary building

ac acre

AC alternating current

ac-ft acre-feet

ACFT acre-feet

ACRS advisory committee on reactor safeguards

ACSR aluminum-clad steel reinforced

ADFGR Alaska Department of Fish and Game Restoration

AEA Atomic Energy Act

AEC U.S. Atomic Energy Commission

AHD American Heritage Dictionary

agl above ground level

ALA American Lifelines Alliance

ALARA as low as reasonably achievable

AMUD Acton Municipal Utility District

ANL Argonne National Laboratory

ANSI American National Standards Institute

AOO anticipated operational occurrences

APE areas of potential effect

APWR Advanced Pressurized Water Reactor

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ARLIS Alaska Resources Library and Information Services

ARRS airborne radioactivity removal system

AS ancillary services

ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers

AVT all volatile treatment

AWG American wire gauge

BAT best available technology

bbl barrel

BC Business Commercial

BDTF Blowdown Treatment Facility

BEA U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

BEG U.S. Bureau of Economic Geology

bgs below ground surface

BLS U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

BMP best management practice

BOD Biologic Oxygen Demand

BOP Federal Bureau of Prisons

BRA Brazos River Authority

bre below reference elevation

BRM Brazos River Mile

BSII Big Stone II

BTI Breakthrough Technologies Institute

BTS U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics

BTU British thermal units

BUL Balancing Up Load

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

BW Business Week

BWR boiling water reactor

CAA Clean Air Act

CBA cost-benefit analysis

CBD Central Business District

CCI Chambers County Incinerator

CCTV closed-circuit television

CCW component cooling water

CCWS component cooling water system

CDC Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

CDF Core Damage Frequency

CDR Capacity, Demand, and Reserves

CEC California Energy Commission

CEDE committed effective dose equivalent

CEED Center for Energy and Economic Development

CEQ Council on Environmental Quality

CESQG conditionally exempt small quantity generator

CFC chlorofluorocarbon

CFE Comisin Federal de Electricidad

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

cfs cubic feet per second

CFS chemical treatment system

CG cloud-to-ground

CGT Cogeneration Technologies

CHL Central Hockey League

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

CO carbon monoxide

CO₂ carbon dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

COL combined construction and operating license

COLA combined construction and operating license application

CORMIX Cornell Mixing Zone Expert System

CPI Consumer Price Index

CPP continuing planning process

CPS condensate polishing system

CPNPP Comanche Peak Nuclear Power Plant

CPSES Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station

CRDM control rod drive mechanism cooling system

CRP Clean Rivers Program

CS containment spray

Cs-134 cesium-134

Cs-137 cesium 137

CST Central Standard Time

CST condensate storage tank

CT completion times

CT cooling tower

cu ft cubic feet

C/V containment vessel

CVCS chemical and volume control system

CVDT containment vessel reactor coolant drain tank

CWA Clean Water Act

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

CWS circulating water system

DAW dry active waste

dBA decibels

DBA design basis accident

DBH diameter at breast height

DC direct current

DCD Design Control Document

DDT dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane

DF decontamination factor

DFPS Department of Family and Protective Services

DFW Dallas/Fort Worth

DO dissolved oxygen

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

DOL Department of Labor

DOT U.S. Department of Transportation

DPS Department of Public Safety

D/Q deposition

DSHS Department of State Health Services

DSM Demand Side Management

DSN discharge serial numbers

DSWD Demand Side Working Group

DVSP Dinosaur Valley State Park

DWS demineralized water system

DWST demineralized water storage tank

E Federally Endangered

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

EA Environmental Assessment

EAB exclusion area boundary

E. coli Escherichia coli

EDC Economic Development Corp.

EDE effective dose equivalent

EEI Edison Electric Institute

EERE Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

EFH Energy Future Holdings Corporation

EFW energy from waste

EIA Energy Information Administration

EIS Environmental Impact Statement

EJ environmental justice

ELCC Effective Load-Carrying Capacity

EMFs electromagnetic fields

EO Executive Order

EOF emergency operation facility

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EPRI Electric Power Research Institute

EPZ emergency planning zone

ER Environmental Report

ERA Environmental Resource Associates

ERCOT Electric Reliability Council of Texas

ESA Endangered Species Act

ESP Early Site Permit

ESRP Environmental Standard Review Plan

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ESW essential service cooling water

ESWS essential service water system

F&N Freese & Nicholas, Inc.

FAA U.S. Federal Aviation Administration

FAC flow-accelerated corrosion

FBC fluidized bed combustion

FCT Fuel Cell Today

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

FFCA Federal Facilities Compliance Act

FLMNH Florida Museum of Natural History

FM farm-to-market

FP fire protection

FPL Florida Power and Light

FPS fire protection system

FPSC Florida Public Service Commission

FR Federal Register

FSAR Final Safety Analysis Report

FSL Forecast Systems Laboratory

ft feet

FWAT flow weighted average temperature

FWCOC Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce

FWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

gal gallon

GAM General Area Monitoring

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

GAO U.S. General Accountability Office

GDEM Governor's Division of Emergency Management

GEA Geothermal Energy Association

GEIS Generic Environmental Impact Statement

GEOL overall geological

GFD ground flash density

GIS gas-insulated switchgear

GIS Geographic Information System

GMT Greenwich Mean Time

gpd gallons per day

gph gallons per hour

gpm gallons per minute

gps gallons per second

GRCVB Glen Rose, Texas Convention and Visitors Bureau

GST gas surge tank

GTC Gasification Technologies Conference

GTG gas turbine generators

GWMS gaseous waste management system

H-3 radioactive tritium

HC Heavy Commercial

HCI Hydrochloric Acid

HCP Ham Creek Park

HEM hexane extractable material

HEPA high efficiency particulate air

HIC high integrity container

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

HL high-level

HNO₃ Nitric Acid

hr hour(s)

HRCQ highway route-controlled quantity

H₂SO₄ Sulfuric Acid

HT holdup tank

HTC Historic Texas Cemetery

HUC hydrologic unit code

HUD U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

HVAC heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning

I Industrial

I-131 iodine-131

IAEA International Atomic Energy Agency

I&C instrumentation and control

IEC Iowa Energy Center

IGCC Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle

IH Interim Holding

in inch

INEEL Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory

IOUs investor-owned electric utilities

IPE individual plant examination

ISD Independent School District

ISFSI independent spent fuel storage installation

ISO independent system operator

ISO rating International Standards Organization rating

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ISU Idaho State University

JAMA Journal of the American Medical Association

K-40 potassium-40

KC Keystone Center

JRB Joint Reserve Base

km kilometer

kVA kilovolt-ampere

kWh kilowatt hour

L LARGE

LaaR Load Acting as a Resource

LANL Los Alamos National Laboratory

lb pounds

LC Light Commercial

LG Lake Granbury

LL low-level

LLD lower limits of detection

LLMW low-level mixed waste

LNG liquid natural gas

LOCA loss of coolant accident

LPSD low-power and shutdown

LPZ low population zone

LQG large-quantity hazardous waste generators

LRS load research sampling

LTSA long term system assessment

Luminant Generation Company LLC

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

LVW low volume waste

LWA Limited Work Authorization

LWMS liquid waste management system

LWPS liquid waste processing system

LWR light water reactor

M MODERATE

ma milliamperes

MACCS2 Melcor Accident Consequence Code System

MCES Main Condenser Evacuation System

Mcf thousand cubic feet

MCPE Market Clearing Price for Energy

MCR main control room

MD-1 Duplex

MDA minimum detected activity

MDCT mechanical draft cooling tower

MEIs maximally exposed individuals

MF Multi-Family

mG milliGauss

mg/l milligrams per liter

mg/m³ milligrams per cubic meter

MH Manufactured Housing

MHI Mitsubishi Heavy Industries

mi mile

mi² square miles

MIT Massachusetts Institute of Technology

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

MMbbl million barrels

MMBtu million Btu

MNES Mitsubishi Nuclear Energy Systems Inc.

MOU municipally-owned utility

MOV motor operated valve

MOX mixed oxide fuel

mph miles per hour

MSDS Materials Safety Data Sheets

msl mean sea level

MSR maximum steaming rate

MSW municipal solid waste

MT Main Transformer

MTU metric tons of uranium

MW megawatts

MW monitoring wells

MWd megawatt-days

MWd/MTU megawatt–days per metric ton uranium

MWe megawatts electrical

MWh megawatt hour

MWS makeup water system

MWt megawatts thermal

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NAPA Natural Areas Preserve Association

NAP National Academies Press

NAR National Association of Realtors

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

NARM accelerator-produced radioactive material

NAS Naval Air Station

NASS National Agricultural Statistics Service

NCA Noise Control Act

NCDC National Climatic Data Center

NCDENR North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural

Resources

NCES National Center for Educational Statistics

NCI National Cancer Institute

NCTCOG North Central Texas Council of Governments

ND no discharge

NDCT natural draft cooling towers

NEI Nuclear Energy Institute

NELAC National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act

NERC North American Electric Reliability Corporation/Council

NESC National Electrical Safety Code

NESDIS National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service

NESW non-essential service water cooling system

NESWS non-essential service water system

NETL National Energy Technology Laboratory

NHPA National Historic Preservation Act

NHS National Hurricane Center

NINI National Institute of Nuclear Investigations

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

NIST U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology

NJCEP NJ Clean Energy Program

NLDN National Lightning Detection Network

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NOAEC no observable adverse effects concentration

NOI Notice of Intent

NOIE non-opt-in entities

NO_x oxides of nitrogen

NP Nacogdoches Power

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NPS nonpoint source

NR not required

NRC U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

NREL U.S. National Renewable Energy Laboratory

NRHP National Register of Historic Places

NRRI National Regulatory Research Institute

NSPS New Source Performance Standards

NSSS nuclear steam supply system

NTAD National Transportation Atlas Database

NVLAP National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

NWI National Wetlands Inventory

NWS National Weather Service

NWSRS National Wild and Scenic Rivers System

O₂ Oxygen

 O_3 Ozone

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ODCM Off-site Dose Calculation Manual

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

O&M operations and maintenance

ORNL Oak Ridge National Laboratory

ORP oxidation-reduction potential

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Act

OW observation well

P&A plugging and abandonment

PAM primary amoebic meningoencephalitis

PD Planned Development

PDL Proposed for Delisting

PE probability of exceedances

percent g percent of gravity

PET Potential Evapotranspiration

PFBC pressurized fluidized bed combustion

PFD Process Flow Diagram

PGA peak ground acceleration

PGC power generation company

PH Patio Home

P&ID piping and instrumentation diagram

PM particulate matter

PM₁₀ particulate matter less than 10 microns diameter

PM_{2.5} particulate matter less than 2.5 microns diameter

PMF probable maximum flood

PMH probable maximum hurricane

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

PMP probable maximum precipitation

PMWP probable maximum winter precipitation

PMWS probable maximum windstorm

PPE plant parameter envelope

ppm parts per million

PPS preferred power supply

PRA probabilistic risk assessment

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration (permit)

PSWS potable and sanitary water system

PUC Public Utility Commission

PUCT Public Utility Commission of Texas

PURA Public Utilities Regulatory Act

PWR pressurized water reactors

QA quality assurance

QC quality control

QSE qualified scheduling entities

R10 Single-Family Residential

R12 Single-Family Residential

R7 Single-Family Residential

R8.4 Single-Family Residential

RAT Reserve Auxiliary Transformer

RB reactor building

R/B reactor building

RCDS reactor coolant drain system

RCDT reactor coolant drain tank

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RCS reactor coolant system

RDA Radiosonde Database Access

REC renewable energy credit

REIRS Radiation Exposure Information and Reporting System

RELFRC release fractions

rem roentgen equivalent man

REMP radiological environmental monitoring program

REP retail electric providers

REPP Renewable Energy Policy Project

RFI Request for Information

RG Regulatory Guide

RHR residual heat removal

RIMS II regional input-output modeling system

RMR Reliability Must-Run

Rn₂₂₂ Radon-222

RO reverse osmosis

ROI region of interest

ROW right of way

RPG regional planning group

RRY reactor reference year

RTHL Recorded Texas Historic Landmarks

RTO regional transmission organization

Ru-103 ruthenium-103

RW test well

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

RWSAT refueling waste storage auxiliary tank

RWST refueling water storage tank

RY reactor-year

S SMALL

SACTI Seasonal/Annual Cooling Tower Impact Prediction Code

SAL State Archaeological Landmark

SAMA severe accident mitigation alternative

SAMDA severe accident mitigation design alternative

SB Senate Bill

SCR Squaw Creek Reservoir

SCDC Somervell County Development Commission

scf standard cubic feet

SCWD Somervell County Water District

SDS sanitary drainage system

SECO State Energy Conservation Office

SER Safety Evaluation Report

SERC SERC Reliability Corporation

SERI System Energy Resources, Inc.

SFPC spent fuel pool cooling and cleanup system

SG steam generator

SGBD steam generator blow-down

SGBDS steam generator blow-down system

SGs steam generators

SGTR steam generator tube rupture

SH State Highway

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

SHPO State Historic Preservation Office

SIP State Implementation Plan

SMP State Marketing Profiles

SMU Southern Methodist University

SOP Standard Operations Permit

SO₂ sulfur dioxide

 SO_x sulfur

SPCCP Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Plan

SPP Southwest Power Pool

SQG small-quantity generators

sq mi square miles

SRCC Southern Regional Climate Center

SRP Standard Review Plan

SRST spent resin storage tank

SSAR Site Safety Analysis Report

SSC structures, systems, and components

SSI Safe Shutdown Impoundment

SSURGO Soil Survey Geographic

SWATS Surface Water and Treatment System

SWMS solid waste management system

SWPC spent fuel pool cooling and cleanup system

SWP3 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

SWS service water system

SWWTS sanitary wastewater treatment system

T Federally Threatened

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

t ton **TAC** technical advisory committee **TAC** Texas Administrative Code TB turbine building Tc₉₉ Technetium-99 **TCEQ** Texas Commission on Environmental Quality **TCPS** Texas Center for Policy Studies **TCR** transmission congestion rights TCS turbine component cooling water system **TCWC** Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collection T&D transmission and distribution utility TDCJ Texas Department of Criminal Justice TDOH Texas Department of Health TDOT Texas Department of Transportation **TDPS** Texas Department of Public Safety **TDS** total dissolved solids **TDSHS** Texas Department of State Health Services **TDSP** transmission and distribution service provider **TDWR** Texas Department of Water Resources TEDE total effective dose equivalent **TGLO** Texas General Land Office **TGPC** Texas Groundwater Protection Committee TH Townhome

Texas Historical Commission

tribal historic preservation officers

THC

THPOs

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

TIS Texas Interconnected System

TLD Thermoluminescence Dosemeter

TMDLs total maximum daily loads

TMM Texas Memorial Museum

TOs Transmission Owners

TPDES Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

TPWD Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

tpy tons per year

TRAGIS Transportation Routing Analysis Geographic Information System

TRB Transportation Research Board

TRC total recordable cases

TRE Trinity Railway Express

TSC technical support center

TSD thunderstorm days per year

TSD treatment, storage, and disposal

TSDC Texas State Data Center

TSHA Texas State Historical Association

TSP transmission service provider

TSWQS Texas Surface Water Quality Standards

TSS total suspended sediment

TTS The Transit System (Glen Rose)

TUGC Texas Utilities Generating Company

TUSI Texas Utilities Services Inc.

TWC Texas Workforce Commission

TWDB Texas Water Development Board

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

TWR Texas Weather Records

TWRI Texas Water Resources Institute

TxDOT Texas Department of Transportation

TXU Texas Utilities Corporation

TXU DevCo TXU Generation Development Company LLC

UC University of Chicago

UFC uranium fuel cycle

UHS Ultimate Heat Sink

UIC Uranium Information Center

UO₂ uranium dioxide

USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

US-APWR (MHI) United States-advanced pressurized water reactor

USC U.S. Census

USCA United States Court of Appeals

USDA U.S. Department of Agriculture

USDOT U.S. Department of Transportation

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS U.S. Geological Survey

USHCN United States Historical Climatology Network

USHR U.S. House of Representatives

USNPS U.S. National Park Service

UTC Universal Time Coordinated

UV ultra-violet

VCIS Ventilation Climate Information System

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

VCT volume control tank

VERA Virtus Energy Research Associates

VFD Volunteer Fire Department

VOC volatile organic compound

VRB variable

WB Weather Bureau

WBR Wheeler Branch Reservoir

WDA work development area

WDFW Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

weight percent wt. percent

WHT waste holdup tank

WMT waste monitor tank

WNA World Nuclear Association

WPP Watershed Protection Plan

WQMP Water Quality Management Plan

WRE Water Resource Engineers, Inc.

WWS wastewater system

WWTP wastewater treatment plant

yr year

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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this project is to develop, construct and operate two units, each with a net electrical output of approximately 1600 MWe as merchant plants using the US-APWR technology to generate electricity specifically for sale in the ERCOT Wholesale Market. This project is the result of a detailed evaluation of the potential environmental conditions as discussed in Chapters 1-7 and the assessment of other alternatives to this project (Chapter 9 and 10) for meeting the 2017 to 2027 market requirements projected by ERCOT and discussed in Chapter 8.

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires any federal agency taking a "major federal action" to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the action. The proposed action is the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) issuance of a combined construction and operating license (COL) to Luminant Generation Company LLC (Luminant) for the Comanche Peak Nuclear Power Plant (CPNPP) Units 3 and 4, located in Somervell and Hood counties. Texas. This action includes the proposed construction and operation of CPNPP Units 3 and 4, with the associated support facilities, including new water pipelines connecting with Lake Granbury and new electrical distribution infrastructure in preparation for the future connection to the electric delivery system. This action includes activities related to removal of existing buildings and some buried material from the site, including repair and remediation activities. In accordance with the provisions of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 52, Subpart C. "Combined Licenses" (10 CFR 52), the Applicant is submitting to the NRC an application for a combined construction and operating license (COLA) for CPNPP Units 3 and 4. The regulations in 10 CFR 50.30(f) and 10 CFR 52.79(a)(2) require a complete Environmental Report (ER) to support the NRC in preparing an EIS as required by 10 CFR 51.45. This ER is submitted to aid the NRC in fulfilling their obligations under NEPA.

The general format and content is based on the guidance presented in NUREG-1555, "Environmental Standard Review Plan," dated October 1999, and draft section revisions issued in July 2007. This ER is organized into the following chapters:

- Chapter 1 Introduction
- Chapter 2 Environmental Description
- Chapter 3 Plant Description
- Chapter 4 Environmental Impacts of Construction
- Chapter 5 Environmental Impacts of Station Operation
- Chapter 6 Environmental Measures and Monitoring Programs
- Chapter 7 Environmental Impacts of Postulated Accidents Involving Radioactive Materials

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- Chapter 8 Need for Power
- Chapter 9 Alternatives to the Proposed Action
- Chapter 10 Environmental Impact of Proposed Action

These chapters describe the proposed project (Chapter 1), describe the existing environment at the CPNPP site and in the vicinity (Chapter 2), describe the proposed two-unit Mitsubishi Heavy Industries (MHI) U.S. Advanced Pressurized Water Reactors (US-APWR) (Chapter 3), summarize potential environmental impacts of construction and operation of the proposed facility (Chapter 4 and Chapter 5), and describe the methods of monitoring the effects of this action and consider appropriate mitigation measures and possible accident conditions involving radioactive materials (Chapter 6 and Chapter 7). The ER includes discussions of the need for power and alternatives to the proposed action, including the no action alternatives, energy alternatives, alternative sites, and alternative plant and transmission system (Chapter 8 and Chapter 9), unavoidable adverse impacts, commitment of resources, relationships with the environment, and an evaluation of the costs and benefits associated with construction and operation of the two proposed US-APWR units (Chapter 10).

1.0-2 Revision 3

1.1 THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The proposed project is the construction and operation of two nuclear-powered electrical generation units, Comanche Peak Nuclear Power Plant (CPNPP) Units 3 and 4. The proposed project is to be constructed within the site boundaries of the current CPNPP Units 1 and 2. The proposed project utilizes the U.S. Advanced Pressurized Water Reactor (US-APWR) design. The proposed project, in addition to constructing and operating the nuclear units, includes construction of all the necessary support facilities, cooling water intake and discharge structures, cooling towers and water pipelines, and the necessary transmission infrastructure to connect to the local power grid. Environmental justice is addressed in the body of this report and public involvement provides opportunity for all concerned citizens to discuss their interest and receive information about the project prior to a U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) decision.

The Environmental Report (ER) supports the combined construction and operating license application (COLA). The data and analyses provided in this report provide valuable information to support the proposed project during the NRC detailed review and issuance of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Facts, tables, and figures are supplied as needed to support the ER and can be found within the following sections of this report. Constraints on the proposed project are reduced by a thorough and detailed ER. A description of the existing environment on the CPNPP site, in the surrounding area, a detailed description of the proposed action to construct and operate the power plants, associated on-site support facilities, the cooling water pipelines, and the transmission system is provided. In addition, an assessment of the environmental impacts that occur as a result of the proposed project construction and operation activities is provided as well as an evaluation of impacts from postulated accidents involving radioactive materials. Environmental measurements and monitoring programs, issues such as the need for power from the proposed plant, alternatives to the proposed action, irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources, the relationship between short-term uses and long-term productivity of the human environment, and a benefit-cost evaluation are addressed.

The CPNPP Units 3 and 4 site selection is the result of an in-depth review of alternative sites. Criteria such as seismic characteristics, land ownership, demographics, emergency planning, exclusion area, transmission access, and water availability are used in the site-selection analysis. The current CPNPP site meets the desired characteristics necessary to support the construction and operation of CPNPP Units 3 and 4. The ER summarizes the process that produced the selection of the current CPNPP site for the proposed project.

1.1.1 THE APPLICANT AND OWNER

The Applicant and Owner is Luminant Generation Company LLC (Luminant) (NRC 2007). Luminant is the owner and operator of CPNPP Units 1 and 2 and is responsible for the construction and operation of CPNPP Units 3 and 4. Luminant, working with the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) and the Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUC), identified a growing need for additional electrical generation capacity in the 2009 – 2016 timeframe (ERCOT 2007). The Applicant is submitting the COLA to preserve the option of nuclear generation to meet this need. The need for this new power is further discussed in Chapter 8.

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1.1.2 SITE LOCATION

As described in Section 2.1, the CPNPP site is a 7950-acre (ac) site located in rural portions of Hood and Somervell counties of north central Texas. Figures 1.1-1, 1.1-2, and 1.1-3 provide a visual indication of the current region, vicinity, and site. The CPNPP Units 3 and 4 are located along the southern banks of Squaw Creek Reservoir (SCR). The site is 5.2 miles (mi) north of Glen Rose and 9.6 mi south of Granbury. Granbury is the largest city within a 10-mi radius of the site. The nearest population centers to the site are Glen Rose and Granbury. The four largest population centers (as defined by 10 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 100.3) in the region are Fort Worth, Haltom City, Burleson, and Cleburne.

Section 2.1 lists the coordinates of the center of the new reactors as:

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE NAD83 (degrees/minutes/seconds)

	Latitude	Longitude
UNIT 3:	32° 18' 08.9" N	97° 47' 30.1" W
UNIT 4:	32° 18' 07.5" N	97° 47' 41.8" W

UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR ZONE 14 NAD83 (Meters)

	Northing	Easting
UNIT 3:	3574606	613759
UNIT 4:	3574559	613453

The center point of the CPNPP Units 3 and 4 site is located at 3574584N and 613606E.

The CPNPP site boundary (Figure 1.1-3) encompasses the operating nuclear CPNPP Units 1 and 2, the proposed location for CPNPP Units 3 and 4, the support structures and facilities, and the entire SCR. As noted in Section 2.1, the aquatic environs are dominated by SCR, which has an approximate pool elevation of 775 feet (ft) above mean sea level (msl). The plant grade (Subsection 2.3.1.2.6) elevation for the new units is 822 ft above msl.

The proposed units, constructed within the CPNPP site boundary (Figure 1.1-3), utilize areas of previous construction activity (such as laydown yards and parking) along with previously undisturbed areas of land.

CPNPP Units 1 and 2 began commercial operations in 1990 and 1993, respectively. Construction activities for CPNPP Units 1 and 2 resulted in extensive alteration of the site involving vegetation clearing; establishment of on-site roads; establishment of a railroad spur to the site; extensive excavation and grading with heavy equipment; construction of SCR and the Safe Shutdown Impoundment (SSI); and building of on-site warehouses, shops, and support facilities. The CPNPP Units 3 and 4 construction proposed activities are similar in nature but effort is being made to utilize any existing facilities possible, thereby minimizing the impact on the environment. Chapter 2 discusses the site in greater detail.

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1.1.3 REACTOR INFORMATION

The project proposes two US-APWR reactor units. Each reactor has a designed reactor power of 4451 megawatts thermal (MWt) and a net electrical output of approximately 1600 megawatts electrical (MWe). The reactor plant design and description is discussed in greater detail in Chapter 3.

1.1.4 COOLING SYSTEM INFORMATION

The SCR is located entirely within the property boundary of the site. This reservoir is a key component of the cooling systems at CPNPP Units 1 and 2. Makeup water from Lake Granbury is pumped to SCR to maintain the reservoir inventory and aid in temperature control for the operation of CPNPP Units 1 and 2. Water from the reservoir is used for removing waste heat by once through condenser units and there are no cooling towers used for CPNPP Units 1 and 2.

Waste heat for CPNPP Units 3 and 4 is dissipated by a secondary side cooling water system consisting of a closed loop system with mechanical draft (wet) cooling towers. Makeup water for the cooling towers is withdrawn from Lake Granbury and transported by pipelines to the cooling towers. Cooling tower blowdown is then transported by return pipelines back to Lake Granbury to ensure the water quality of SCR, allow the continued operation to ensure there is no adverse effect on CPNPP Units 1 and 2, and to minimize the impact on Lake Granbury water inventory and water quality. A Blowdown Treatment Facility (BDTF), including evaporation ponds and treatment facilities, will be constructed along the blowdown return pipeline on the site property.

The intake structures for the CPNPP Units 3 and 4 supply pipelines located on Lake Granbury are shoreline structures with fine mesh passive screen strainers. The cooling tower blowdown is returned to Lake Granbury and the discharge structures on the outlet of the return pipelines are multi-port diffusers. The pipeline corridors used for all the makeup and cooling water pipelines do not require an increase in the width of the corridors to accommodate all the pipelines. A new intake structure on Lake Granbury requires additional right-of-way for construction. The infrastructure, facilities, and other support facilities associated with the cooling system is shown in Figures 1.1.4 and 2.1-1 and is described in more detail in Chapter 3.

The enhanced design of the US-APWR does not require the building of another SSI. The SSI is the ultimate heat sink (UHS) needed to provide a safety-related emergency cooling water source for CPNPP Units 1 and 2. The enhanced design of the US-APWR provides UHS water stored within the safety-related design parameters of the plant. No additional water bodies are required to be created for the purpose of supplying emergency cooling water.

1.1.5 TRANSMISSION SYSTEM INFORMATION

There are two types of transmission lines, 345-kilovolt (kV) and 138-kV, that currently enter and exit the CPNPP site. To transfer the power generated by CPNPP Units 3 and 4 to the electrical distribution system, two new 345-kV transmission corridors and additional lines may be required. The primary choices and major additions to the system are outlined below (Oncor 2008):

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- A new double-circuit 345 kV line (one circuit in place) to Whitney using 2-1590 kcmil aluminum-clad steel reinforced (ACSR) conductor with a rating of 1631 MVA (approximately 45 mi). New corridor may be required.
- A new 345 kV circuit to Johnson Switch on existing structures using 2-1590 kcmil ACSR conductor with a rating of 1631 MVA (22.4 mi).
- A new 345 kV circuit from Johnson Switch to Everman on existing structures using 2-1590 kcmil ACSR conductor with a rating of 1631 MVA (22.4 mi).
- A new double-circuit 345 kV circuit (one circuit in place) to DeCordova using 2-1926.9 kcmil ACSS/TW conductor at 100° C to obtain a rating of 1969 MVA (approximately 17 mi). New corridor may be required.
- A new 345 kV line to Parker Switch on existing structures using 2-1590 kcmil ACSR conductor with a rating of 1631 MVA (41.6 mi).

Figure 1.1-5 contains information on the CPNPP Units 3 and 4 transmission corridors. The transmission system design and description is discussed in greater detail in Section 3.7.

1.1.6 CONSTRUCTION OVERVIEW

The completion of the proposed project results in two nuclear units supplying needed baseload electricity for the regional power grid. The overall duration of site preparation, construction, fuel load, and startup of the two US-APWR units at the CPNPP site is presented in Table 1.1-1 (CPSES 2007). Environmental impacts related to the construction of CPNPP Units 3 and 4 are presented in Chapter 4.

1.1.7 REFERENCES

(CPSES 2007) Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station. Part of a Presentation to the NRC. "Integrated Licensing, Construction, and Fabrication Schedule" received from Don Woodlan. May 28, 2007.

(ERCOT 2007) Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT). Meeting Texas' Future Energy Demands. Sam Jones- President and CEO. February 13, 2007. (June 5, 2007).

(Oncor 2008) Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC, Final Steady-State Analysis Report, Luminant Generation Company LLC GIR 15INR0002, January 14, 2008.

(NRC 2007) Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Official Correspondence. Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units 1 and 2 - Order approving the indirect Transfer of Facility Operating Licenses, and conforming license amendments (TAC NOS. MD5289 and MD5290). September 10, 2007.

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TABLE 1.1-1 DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION AND STARTUP OF CPNPP UNITS 3 AND 4

Activi	ty	Duration
Unit 3	3	
Rece	pt of COL and Notice to Proceed for Project	
	Site preparations	36 months
	Site construction, from first concrete to fuel load	48 months
	Fuel load to startup to Commercial operation	8 months
Unit 4	1	
	Site preparations	18 months
	Site construction, from first concrete to fuel load	46 months
	Fuel load, startup to Commercial operation	8 months

Note: Licensing process and project schedule timeline changes have affects on various chapters in the COL application. However, these potential changes have been reviewed and the resulting impact would not change the overall assessment of potential impact

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1.2 STATUS OF REVIEWS, APPROVALS, AND CONSULTATIONS

Construction and operation of the proposed project requires Luminant Generation Company LLC (Luminant) to comply with environmental regulations, obtain associated permits and agreements, and perform consultations with governmental agencies. A search conducted for applicable regulations, permits, and consultations required by federal, state, regional, and local authorities, along with affected American Indian tribal agencies, produced the results that are presented in Table 1.2-1.

New permits for CPNPP Units 3 and 4 have not been applied for at this time; therefore, the column presented in Table 1.2-1 entitled "License/Permit No." has been either left blank or given a need date; or the column contains information about CPNPP Units 1 and 2 that requires modification or renewal as part of the proposed project. Many permits require long lead times or expire prior to project completion. Therefore, some permits are not available at the time of submittal.

1.2.1 AGENCIES AND AUTHORITIES INVOLVED

Agencies and authorities listed in Table 1.2-1 are presented below along with the abbreviations used in the table. These agencies include:

- American Indian Tribes (Tribes)
- Brazos River Authority (BRA)
- Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)
- U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC)
- State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) (SHPO 2007)
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)
- Texas Department of Health (TDOH)
- Texas Department of Transportation (TDOT)
- Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD)
- Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUC)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) (FWS 2006)

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- Hood County, Texas (various departments)
- Somervell County, Texas (various departments)

1.2.2 REFERENCES

(FWS 2006) Response letter from the U.S. Department of the Interior Fish and Wildlife Service to ENERCON recommending that potential impact to three species be considered during project planning. December 4, 2006.

(SHPO 2007) State Historic Preservation Officer reply to ENERCON letter initiating National Historic Preservation Act Section 106 consultation, February 21, 2007.

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TABLE 1.2-1 (Sheet 1 of 7) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AUTHORIZATIONS

Activity Comment	Applicant is required to submit an application to the NRC for a combined construction and operating license (COL).	Applicant is required to submit a complete ER, 10 CFR 52.80 (b), 72 FR 57447, Oct 9, 2007, 10 CFR 52.79, 10 CFR 51.45, 10 CFR 51.50.	Consultation concerning potential impacts to federally threatened and endangered species must be obtained and interference with any listed species must be resolved prior to disturbance.	Permit for structures over 200 ft in height (containment buildings, permanent facilities, cooling towers, etc.). Thirty days prior to construction of the obstruction.	Permit for structures over 200 ft in height (construction cranes, towers, etc.). Thirty days prior to construction of the obstruction.	Solid Waste Reg. # 33306 Transport, treatment, storage, and disposal of solid waste. Notice requires modification	
License/Permit No.						Solid Waste Reg. # 333	EPA ID # TXD02332078
Requirements	Applicant submits Construction and Operating License Application (COLA) to NRC	Applicant submits an Environmental Report (ER)	Consultation with Fish and Wildlife, Federal and State (FWS 2006)	Notice of construction for permanent structures	Notice of construction for temporary structures	Notice of Registration for solid waste management	
Authority	10 CFR 52	10 CFR 52.79		14 CFR 77.13	14 CFR 77.13	30 TAC 335	Applies only to Units 1 and 2
Agency	NRC	NRC	USFWS TPWD	FAA TDOT	FAA TDOT	TCEQ	EPA

TABLE 1.2-1 (Sheet 2 of 7) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AUTHORIZATIONS

Agency	Authority Clean Water Act 404 Permit	Authority Requirements Clean Water Act Construction in a wetland or shoreline	License/Permit No.	Activity Comment Submit 24 months prior to dredging/filling activities in wetland if required. Depends on the
				401 permit process.
	Clean Water Act	Clean Water Act Construction in a wetland or		Submit 24 months prior to dredging/filling
	Section 401	מוסיתות		activities iii wettalid ii lequiled.
	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3)	Construction activities	General Permit No. TXR 150000	Stormwater to surface water discharge associated with land disturbance and industrial activity during construction activities. Submit plan modification with Notice of Intent (NOI) for
	Texas Water Code Chapter 26			a disturbance of 5 acres of more.
	Notice of Intent (NOI)	Pertains to General Permit relating to stormwater	General Permit No. TXR 150000	Submit NOI 3 months prior to disturbance of land.
	Texas Water Code Chapter 26 (SWP3)	discriarges norn construction activities		

Activity Comment	Submit plan modification concurrent with submittal of Stormwater Operations NOI.		Submit NOI 3 months prior to operations.		Certification and licensing of municipal and domestic wastewater facilities. Submit 18 months prior to new construction or modification.	
License/Permit No.	Part III of General Permit Subr No. TXR 050000 subn		General Permit Subr No. TXR 050000		TPDES # Certification a WQ0001854000 domestic was 18 months pl Must be renewed but may modification. require modification	
Requirements	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) for Operations of facility		Pertains to General Permit relating to stormwater	activities	Modification or additions to wastewater facilities	
Authority	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3)	Texas Water Code Chapter 26	Notice of Intent (NOI)	Texas Water Code Chapter 26	Texas Water Code Chapter 5 and 26 TPDES Industrial Wastewater Permit (Major Source Modification) Clean Water Act	100000
Agency	тсеа		TCEQ		TCEQ	

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TABLE 1.2-1 (Sheet 4 of 7) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AUTHORIZATIONS

Agency	Authority 30 TAC 285	Requirements Submit on-site sewage	License/Permit No.	Activity Comment Six months prior to construction.
TCEQ				
PUC		Certificate of Convenience and Need Application		Certification that present and future public convenience and necessity require or will require the operation of such equipment or facility and that it will be constructed and operated in compatibility with the environment.
SHPO TRIBES	13 TAC 26 Archeological sites	Permission required prior to clearing of any lands (SHPO 2007)		Identification and evaluation of historic properties and any cultural sites of significance to Native American tribes (site, transmission corridors, pipeline corridors).
SHPO	Section 106 National Historic Preservation Act 36CFR800	Permission required prior to clearing of any lands (SHPO 2007)		Review and analysis of cultural and historical resources, including completion of NHPA Section 106 consultation. SHPO concurrence supports no new study needed at CPNPP site.
BRA		Use of surface water approved by local water authority		New surface water rights secured from Lake Granbury for transfer to CPNPP site and return to Lake Granbury.
TPWD	31TAC69	Scientific Collection Permit	Each Vendor maintains a permit for collection	Sampling contractors need to have permit in hand for species collection.

TABLE 1.2-1 (Sheet 5 of 7) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AUTHORIZATIONS

Activity Comment	Plan to close landfill is needed 3 months prior to its being disturbed.	Report upon completion of excavation as to the results versus the plan.	Concrete batch plant air permit required 6 months prior to construction for operation of an on-site concrete plant.	Diesel engines air permit for discharge to environment. Emergency diesels, fire pump diesels, auxiliary boilers, gas turbines, etc.	Twelve months prior to initial firing of diesels.	After burn pit is constructed, the permit is required 3 months prior to any burn activities.	Revise existing plan 6 months prior to construction if changes are indicated.	A revision to the plan may be required if contractors store more than 1320 gallons of petroleum products.
License/Permit No.				TCEQ Air Permit No. 19225 (not Title V permit)	[Requires modification]			
Requirements	Landfill #6 Closure Plan	Landfill #6 Closure Certification Report	Concrete batch plant air permit	Title V Operating Permit for diesel units		Air permit for burning debris in pit	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Plan (SPCCP)	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Plan (SPCCP) – Revision
Authority	30TAC335	30TAC335	30TAC116	30TAC122		7TAC111	40 CFR 110/112	40 CFR 110/112
Agency	тсеа	TCEQ	TCEQ	TCEQ		TCEQ	EPA	EPA

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TABLE 1.2-1 (Sheet 6 of 7) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AUTHORIZATIONS

Agency	Authority	Requirements	License/Permit No.	Activity Comment
TDOT		Road construction, road		Affected areas involving old or new roads —
County Agencies - Hood and Somervell		traffic flow		
TCEQ	30 TAC 106	Rock crusher operations		For rock debris going to be crushed, obtain a permit 6 months prior to operation.
NRC		Appendix B - Facilities Operating License Environmental Protection Plan, non-radiological		Changes required in the Environmental Protection Plan, non-radiological, to be modified pending final design reviews, approvals, and prior to operation of the facility.
TCEQ	30 TAC 321.255 30 TAC 210.23 30 TAC 309	Evaporation pond liner and size requirements		Certify evaporation pond meets requirements prior to use.
TCEQ		Hazardous materials storage (SARA Title III)		
TCEQ		Toxic chemical release inventory reporting form		
	Disposal Facility	Radwaste disposal registration		
PUC of Texas		PUC approval of decommissioning plan	ng plan	

TABLE 1.2-1 (Sheet 7 of 7) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AUTHORIZATIONS

Activity Comment	
License/Permit No.	
Requirements	State construction air permit
Authority	30 TAC 116
Agency	TCEQ

1.3 METHODOLOGY

For the combined construction and operating license applications (COLAs) that do not refer to an early site permit (ESP), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) regulations at 10 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 52.80, Contents of applications; additional technical information, subparagraph (b), states the application must contain an environmental report (ER), in accordance with 10 CFR 51.50(c), if a Limited Work Authorization (LWA) is not requested in conjunction with the COLA. A request for an LWA is not being submitted in conjunction with this COLA. Regulatory Guide (RG) 4.2, Preparation of Environmental Reports for Nuclear Power Stations, provides guidance to applicants preparing ERs for nuclear power stations. NUREG-1555, Environmental Standard Review Plan, provides guidance for the NRC's environmental reviews of applications related to nuclear power plants. As discussed in RG 1.206, Combined License Applications for Nuclear Power Plants (LWR Edition), Section C.II.2. Environmental Report, NUREG-1555 has been updated to recognize the alternative licensing structure under 10 CFR 52. Because RG 4.2 is an earlier NRC document and NUREG-1555 reflects the Part 52 regulatory structure, Luminant Generation Company LLC (Luminant) chose to rely on NUREG-1555 for guidance in establishing the format and content of the Comanche Peak Nuclear Power Plant (CPNPP) Units 3 and 4 ER.

Luminant is providing additional information beyond what is called for by NUREG-1555, as deemed appropriate, when applying lessons learned from ESP and other COLA application reviews. In Table 1.3-1, verification of conformance with the regulatory information requirements of 10 CFR 51.45 and 10 CFR 51.50 is provided, including an identification of each requirement and indication of where in the ER Luminant has responded to the requirement. Table 1.3-2 provides a summary of additional sections added beyond the provisions of NUREG-1555 and the basic content of each section.

Luminant reviewed the conclusions provided in NUREG-1437, Generic Environmental Impact Statement for License Renewal of Nuclear Plants, for input in assessing the impacts of the new Mitsubishi Heavy Industries (MHI) U.S. Advanced Pressurized Water Reactors (US-APWR) units on the CPNPP site. Based on this review, Luminant concluded that if characteristics of the proposed US-APWR reactors are similar to those of the existing pressurized water reactor fleet, the NUREG-1437 environmental issues, significance determination criteria, and significance conclusions could provide insights in the combined construction and operating license (COL) environmental review. The applicable sections identify where NUREG-1437 has been used in assessing environmental impacts for CPNPP Units 3 and 4. Where appropriate, these sections supplement the information provided in NUREG-1437 to account for more recent studies and site-specific information.

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TABLE 1.3-1 (Sheet 1 of 3) ER RESPONSES TO COMBINED OPERATING LICENSE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Regulatory Requirement	
(10 CFR)	ER Section Containing the Response
51.45 (a), Signed original	Transmittal letter
51.45 (b), Description of proposed action	Section 1.1 The Proposed Project, Chapter 3 Plant Description
51.45 (b), Statement of purpose of proposed action	Section 1.1 The Proposed Project
51.45 (b), Description of environment affected by proposed action	Chapter 2 Environmental Description
51.45 (b)(1), Environmental impact of proposed action	Chapter 4 Environmental Impacts of Construction, Chapter 5 Environmental Impacts of Station Operation, Chapter 7 Environmental Impacts of Postulated Accidents Involving Radioactive Materials, and Chapter 10 Environmental Consequences of the Proposed Action
51.45 (b)(2), Unavoidable adverse impacts	Section 10.1 Unavoidable Adverse Environmental Impacts
51.45 (b)(3), Alternatives to proposed action	Chapter 9 Alternatives to the Proposed Action
51.45 (b)(4), Relationship between short-term use and long-term productivity	Section 10.3 Relationship Between Short-Term Uses and Long-Term Productivity of the Human Environment
51.45 (b)(5), Irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources	Section 10.2 Irreversible and Irretrievable Commitments of Resources

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TABLE 1.3-1 (Sheet 2 of 3) ER RESPONSES TO COMBINED OPERATING LICENSE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Regulatory Requirement (10 CFR)	ER Section Containing the Response
51.45 (c), Comparison of environmental effects of proposed action and alternatives	Chapter 4 Environmental Impacts of Construction, Chapter 5 Environmental Impacts of Station Operation, Chapter 7 Environmental Impacts of Postulated Accidents Involving Radioactive Materials, Chapter 9 Alternatives to the Proposed Action, and Chapter 10 Environmental Consequences of the Proposed Action
51.45 (c), Alternatives for reducing or avoiding adverse environmental impacts	Section 4.6 Measures and Controls to Limit Adverse Impacts During Construction and Section 5.10 Measures and Controls to Limit Adverse Impacts During Operation
51.45 (c), Economic, technical, and other benefits and costs of proposed action and alternatives	Section 10.4 Benefit-Cost Balance
51.45 (d), Federal permits and other entitlements and status of compliance	Section 1.2 Status of Reviews, Approvals, and Consultations
51.45 (d), Compliance with Federal and other environmental quality standards and requirements	Section 1.2 Status of Reviews, Approvals, and Consultations
51.45 (d), Compliance for alternatives	Section 9.2 Energy Alternatives and Section 9.3 Alternative Sites
51.45 (e), Adverse information	Section 10.1 Unavoidable Adverse Environmental Impacts
51.50 and 51.51(a), Uranium fuel cycle	Section 5.7 Uranium Fuel Cycle Impacts
51.50 and 51.52, Fuel and waste transportation	Section 3.8 Transportation of Radioactive Materials, Section 5.12 Impacts of Transportation of Radioactive Materials, and Section 7.4 Transportation Accidents

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TABLE 1.3-1 (Sheet 3 of 3) ER RESPONSES TO COMBINED OPERATING LICENSE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Regulatory Requirement (10 CFR)	ER Section Containing the Response
51.50, Reporting and record keeping procedures	Chapter 6 Environmental Measures and Monitoring Programs
51.50, Conditions and monitoring	Chapter 6 Environmental Measures and Monitoring Programs

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TABLE 1.3-2 ADDITIONAL SECTIONS IN THE CPNPP UNITS 3 AND 4 ER

Section / Title	Description
1.3 - Methodology	CPNPP ER responsiveness to 10 CFR 51 Subparts 45, 50, 51 (a), and 52 and an explanation of additional sections
2.9 - Existing Plant Parameters and Site Characteristics	CPNPP Units 1 and 2 site and plant parameters relevant to cumulative impacts of CPNPP Units 1 – 4
3.9 - Construction Activities	Constructing activities conceptual discussion
3.10 - Workforce Characterization	CPNPP Units 3 and 4 construction and operation workforce characterization
4.7 - Cumulative Impacts Related to Construction Activities	Cumulative impacts of CPNPP Units 3 and 4 construction activities
4.8 - Nonradiological Health Impacts During Construction	Non-radiological health impacts of CPNPP Units 3 and 4 construction
5.11 - Cumulative Impacts Related to Station Operations	Cumulative impacts of operating CPNPP Units 3 and 4
5.12 - Impacts of Transportation Of Radioactive Materials	Transportation modes and radioactivity impacts
5.13 - Nonradiological Health Impacts During Operations	Non-radiological health impacts of CPNPP Units 3 and 4 operation
10.5 - Cumulative Impacts	Cumulative impacts of CPNPP Units 1 – 4

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